

# Python Programming

## Day 1 & Day 2 — Assignment

Total Marks: 100 | Submission: Next Class

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ ID: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

### Part A: Python Basics (Day 1) [40 Marks]

#### Question 1: Variables and Data Types [8 Marks]

(a) Declare the following variables and print their data types using `type()`: [4 marks]

- Your name (string)
- Your age (integer)
- Your GPA (float)
- Are you a student? (boolean)

(b) Perform the following type conversions and print the results: [4 marks]

- Convert the string "123" to an integer
- Convert the integer 456 to a string
- Convert the float 3.99 to an integer - explain what happens to the decimal part
- Convert the integers 1 and 0 to boolean values

#### Question 2: Operators [6 Marks]

Using the numbers 17 and 5, write a program that calculates and prints the following:

- Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, and Division
- Floor division (`//`) and Modulus (`%`)
- 17 raised to the power of 5 (`**`)
- Comparison results for: `17 > 5`, `17 == 5`, and `17 != 5`

#### Question 3: String Manipulation [8 Marks]

(a) Given `name = "python programming"`, perform the following: [4 marks]

- Print the string in all uppercase
- Print the string in title case (first letter of each word capitalized)
- Replace "programming" with "language" and print the result
- Print the total number of characters in the string

(b) Using an f-string, produce the following output: [4 marks]

```
"My name is [name], I am [age] years old, and my GPA is [gpa]"
```

#### Question 4: Input and Conditional Statements [10 Marks]

(a) Take the user's age as input and print an appropriate message: [5 marks]

- Age > 18 → print 'You are an adult'
- Age 13–17 → print 'You are a teenager'
- Age < 13 → print 'You are a child'

(b) Using a ternary operator, check in a single line whether a number is even or odd and print the result. [5 marks]

### Question 5: Loops [8 Marks]

(a) Using a for loop and range(), print only the odd numbers from 1 to 10. [2 marks]

(b) Write a while loop program that keeps taking numbers from the user until the user enters 0, then prints the sum of all entered numbers. [3 marks]

(c) Using nested loops, print the following pattern: [3 marks]

```
*
* *
* * *
* * * *
* * * * *
```

## Part B: Data Structures & Functions (Day 2) [45 Marks]

### Question 6: Lists [8 Marks]

(a) Given fruits = ["apple", "banana", "mango", "orange", "grape"], do the following: [4 marks]

- Print the third element of the list
- Print the last two elements using slicing
- Add "kiwi" to the end of the list
- Remove "banana" from the list
- Sort the list alphabetically and print it

(b) Take 5 numbers from the user, store them in a list, and print the maximum and minimum values. [4 marks]

### Question 7: Dictionaries [8 Marks]

(a) Create a student dictionary containing: name, age, marks (a nested dict of subjects), and is\_passed. [4 marks]

- Print all keys of the dictionary
- Print the marks for any one subject from the nested marks dictionary
- Add a new subject with a mark to the marks dictionary
- Print all student information in a readable format

(b) From the list of dictionaries below, print the names of students who scored more than 50: [4 marks]

```
students = [{"name": "Rahim", "marks": 75},
            {"name": "Karim", "marks": 45},
            {"name": "Sima", "marks": 82},
            {"name": "Riya", "marks": 38}]
```

### Question 8: List Comprehensions [7 Marks]

- (a) Using a single list comprehension, create a list of squares of all even numbers from 1 to 20. [3 marks]
- (b) Given words = ["hello", "world", "python", "is", "fun"], use a list comprehension to create a new list containing only the words longer than 4 characters, converted to uppercase. [4 marks]

### Question 9: Functions [12 Marks]

- (a) Write a function calculate\_grade(marks) that takes a marks value and returns a grade: [4 marks]
- 80 and above → A+
  - 70 – 79 → A
  - 60 – 69 → B
  - 50 – 59 → C
  - Below 50 → F
- (b) Write a function using \*args that accepts any number of integers and returns their average. [4 marks]
- (c) Using lambda functions: [4 marks]
- Write a lambda that returns the cube of a number
  - Use map() with a lambda to get the square of each element in [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
  - Use filter() with a lambda to extract only even numbers from [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]

### Question 10: Recursion [10 Marks]

- (a) Write a recursive function to calculate the factorial of a number. Print the factorial of 5 and 7. [5 marks]
- (b) Write a recursive function to generate Fibonacci numbers. Print the first 10 Fibonacci numbers. [5 marks]

## Part C: Practical Problem [15 Marks]

### Question 11: Student Result System [15 Marks]

Build a complete Student Result System with the following features:

1. A function add\_student(name, marks\_dict) that adds a student's information to a global list. The marks\_dict should contain subject names as keys and marks as values.

2. A function `calculate_average(marks_dict)` that computes and returns the average marks across all subjects.
3. A function `display_result(student)` that neatly prints the student's name, marks for each subject, their average, and their grade (use the grade function from Q9).
4. Add at least 3 students with data and display all their results.
5. Bonus (2 extra marks): Using a list comprehension, print the names of all students who passed (average  $\geq 50$ ).

## Submission Rules

- Submit either separate .py files per question, or one .py file with clearly labeled sections
- Add comments to your code explaining what each section does
- Include screenshots or copy-paste your terminal output along with your code
- Plagiarism will result in zero marks for all parties involved
- Deadline: Before the next class

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**Marks Summary: Part A = 40 | Part B = 45 | Part C = 15 | Total = 100**

**Good luck! Happy Coding!**