

Automated Backup Script

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1 Introduction

This document presents a PowerShell script that automates the backup of specific files or directories.

2 PowerShell Script

```
1  # Define the source directory or file to be backed up
2  $sourcePath = "C:\Path\to\source"
3
4  # Define the destination directory where the backup will be stored
5  $destinationPath = "C:\Path\to\destination"
6
7  # Create a timestamp for the backup file name
8  $timestamp = Get-Date -Format "yyyyMMdd_HH:mm:ss"
9
10 # Create a backup file name using the timestamp
11 $backupFileName = "backup_$timestamp.zip"
12
13 # Create a full path for the backup file
14 $backupFilePath = Join-Path -Path $destinationPath -ChildPath $backupFileName
15
16 # Compress and archive the source directory or file
17 Compress-Archive -Path $sourcePath -DestinationPath $backupFilePath
18
19 # Output the backup file path
20 Write-Host "Backup created: $backupFilePath"
```

3 Explanation

The provided PowerShell script automates the backup process as follows:

1. The source directory or file to be backed up is specified using the `$sourcePath` variable.
2. The destination directory where the backup will be stored is specified using the `$destinationPath` variable.
3. A timestamp is generated using the `Get-Date` cmdlet with the desired format.
4. A backup file name is created by combining the prefix "backup_" with the timestamp.
5. The full path for the backup file is constructed using the `Join-Path` cmdlet, which joins the destination path and backup file name.
6. The `Compress-Archive` cmdlet is used to compress and archive the source directory or file into a zip file at the specified backup file path.
7. The backup file path is displayed using the `Write-Host` cmdlet.

This script can be scheduled to run automatically or triggered manually to perform the backup of specific files or directories.