ΛΥΣΗ:

α) 
$$\vec{u} = 3\vec{\alpha} - 5\vec{\beta} = 3(1, -3) - 5(-2, -1) = (3, -9) - (-10, -5) = (13, -4)$$
 και

$$\vec{v} = 5\vec{\alpha} - 9\vec{\beta} = 5(1, -3) - 9(-2, -1) = (5, -15) - (-18, -9) = (23, -6)$$
.

$$\beta) \ \overrightarrow{w} = 2\overrightarrow{u} - \overrightarrow{v} = 2(3\overrightarrow{\alpha} - 5\overrightarrow{\beta}) - (5\overrightarrow{\alpha} - 9\overrightarrow{\beta}) = 6\overrightarrow{\alpha} - 10\overrightarrow{\beta} - 5\overrightarrow{\alpha} + 9\overrightarrow{\beta} = \overrightarrow{\alpha} - \overrightarrow{\beta}.$$

γ) 
$$\overrightarrow{K\Lambda} = \overrightarrow{w} - \overrightarrow{\beta} = \overrightarrow{\alpha} - \overrightarrow{\beta} - \overrightarrow{\beta} = \overrightarrow{\alpha} - 2\overrightarrow{\beta} \quad \text{και}$$
$$\overrightarrow{\Lambda M} = \overrightarrow{u} - \overrightarrow{w} = 3\overrightarrow{\alpha} - 5\overrightarrow{\beta} - \overrightarrow{\alpha} + \overrightarrow{\beta} = 2\overrightarrow{\alpha} - 4\overrightarrow{\beta} = 2(\overrightarrow{\alpha} - 2\overrightarrow{\beta}) = 2 \cdot \overrightarrow{K\Lambda}$$

Άρα τα διανύσματα  $\overrightarrow{K\Lambda}$  και  $\overrightarrow{\Lambda M}$  είναι παράλληλα, οπότε τα σημεία Κ, Λ, Μ είναι συνευθειακά.