

Daily Training Diary – Day 6

Date: 30/06/25



Session Summary:

On Day 6 of our cybersecurity training, we were introduced to the **concept of virtualization** and how it is applied using tools like **VirtualBox**. The session helped us understand how virtual environments are created, managed, and utilized in cybersecurity labs and real-world scenarios.



Key Learnings:

1. What is Virtualization?

Virtualization is the process of creating a **virtual version of physical hardware**, allowing multiple operating systems to run on a single physical machine. This is achieved using a **hypervisor** like VirtualBox or VMware.

2. Benefits of Virtualization:

- Cost-efficient and resource-saving.
- Safe environment for testing software or malware without affecting the host system.
- Easy to create isolated environments (called VMs - Virtual Machines).
- Helps in learning ethical hacking, server management, and network testing.

3. Types of Virtualization Discussed:

- **Hardware Virtualization**
- **Desktop Virtualization**
- **Server Virtualization**
- **Network Virtualization**

4. VirtualBox Introduction:

- We learned how to **install and configure Oracle VirtualBox**, a free and open-source virtualization tool.
- Explored how to **create a new virtual machine**.
- Understood how to **allocate RAM, disk space, and choose an ISO image** to boot from.

- Configured **network settings** such as NAT and Bridged Adapter to simulate network behavior.

5. Hands-on Task:

- Created a virtual machine using **Kali Linux ISO**.
- Practiced installing the OS inside VirtualBox.
- Explored some basic terminal commands within the virtual environment.

Practical Skills Gained:

- Installed VirtualBox and configured a VM.
- Learned how to run multiple operating systems on a single device.
- Set up networking in virtual environments.
- Understood how virtualization supports secure cybersecurity practice.

Conclusion:

The session was very informative and practical. Virtualization is a powerful concept in cybersecurity that allows us to simulate environments, test tools, and analyze threats without risking our physical systems. It also prepares us to use tools like **Kali Linux**, **Metasploit**, and other cybersecurity frameworks in a safe sandbox environment.