



Recursion - 1

Batch: Crux

- 1. Multiple two numbers m & n using only addition & subtraction. Use Recursion.
- 2. Count number of zeros in an integer. Use Recursion.
- 3. Given k find the geometric Sum i.e. $1 + 1/2 + 1/4 + 1/8 + ... + 1/(2^k)$
- 4. Use recursion to check if a given String is palindrome or not.
- 5. Given a string, compute recursively (no loops) a new string where all appearances of "pi" have been replaced by "3.14".

```
changePi("xpix") \rightarrow "x3.14x" changePi("pipi") \rightarrow "3.143.14" changePi("pip") \rightarrow "3.14p"
```

6. Given a string, compute recursively a new string where all the 'x' chars have been removed.

```
noX("xaxb") \rightarrow "ab"

noX("abc") \rightarrow "abc"

noX("xx") \rightarrow ""
```

- 7. Write a recursive function to convert a String into the number it represents. e.g. for input "1231" you should return integer 1231.
- 8. Write a function that returns the sum of the digits of an integer.
- 9. Given two Strings check if one is reverse of the other.
- 10. Given a string, compute recursively a new string where identical chars that are adjacent in the original string are separated from each other by a "*".

```
pairStar("hello") \rightarrow "hel*lo"
pairStar("xxyy") \rightarrow "x*xy*y"
pairStar("aaaa") \rightarrow "a*a*a*a"
```

- 11. Find a recursive solution to the towers of hanoi puzzle. You don't have to write code for this. Read about towers of hanoi on wikipedia.
- 12. Return all permutations of a string.