

### Purpose of Application

- The Backpack Anti-Theft Device is meant to watch your belongings while they are left unattended
- Allows a bag or backpack to be left alone so that you don't need to always lug
  it around when stepping away for a minute
- Utilizes an accelerometer to detect if your whole backpack is stolen
- Utilizes a light sensor to detect if your backpack is opened

Once enabled, if the backpack moves or is stolen, a loud alarm will go off until

turned off



### **Architectural Overview**

### PushButton:

- Used to enable or disable device
- If activated LED is green
- Sensors are active



### Light Sensor:

- Uses voltage divider and changes resistance
- Detects if light surpasses threshold



### Accelerometer:

- Uses I2C protocol
- Detects change in Z-axis acceleration above threshold



### Alarm:

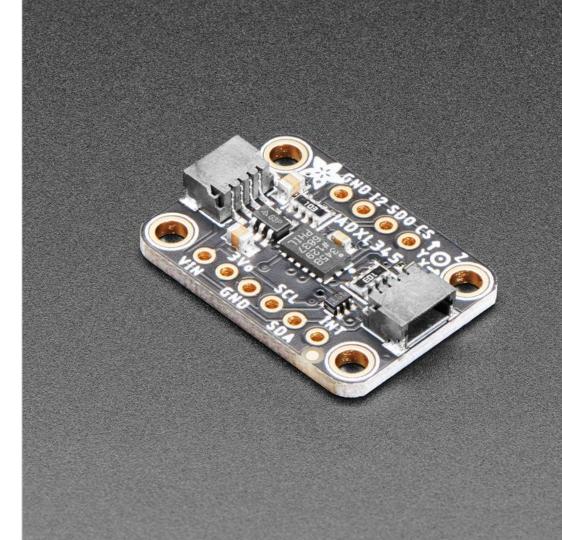
- Uses output compare to activate alarm
- Turns on 8 seconds after light or movement detected

### Neopixel LED:

- Toggled by button press
- Blink Red = Device OFF
- Blink Green = Device ON

## Architectural Overview - LIS3DH Accelerometer

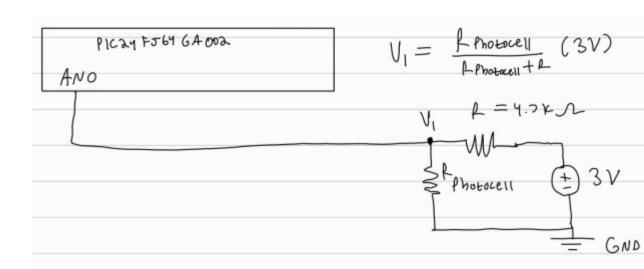
- Communicates via I2C at a baud rate of 100kHz.
- Can obtain acceleration in the x, y, and z-axis.
- movementDetected()
   function returns 1 if
   acceleration in the x, y, or
   z axis is above a certain
   threshold.
- Electric tape placed on ON light of accelerometer as to not interfere with light sensor



# Architectural Overview Photocell Light Sensor

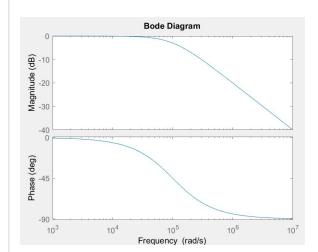
- The amount of light exposure determines its resistance.
- Resistance is from 3k to 11k ohms
- Put in series with 4.7k
   ohm resistor
- Uses Analog to Digital conversion to read voltage across divider

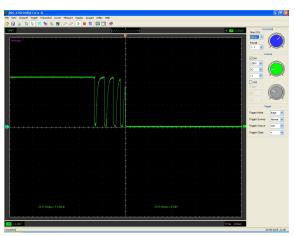


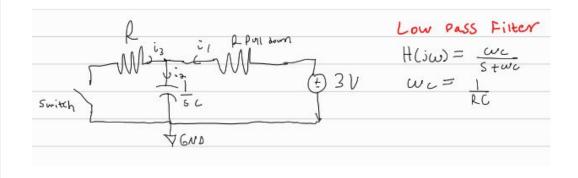


# Architectural Overview PushButton

- Pin RP15 is connected to a button and a pull down resistor connected to 3V.
- When the button is pressed, the switch is closed, short circuiting the pull down resistor. Change Notification interrupt is used with pin RP15 to capture button presses
- RC Circuit used to filter bouncing. A 100Ω resistor and a 0.1µF capacitor were used, corresponding to a corner frequency of 10kHz, debouncing by filtering out changes in voltage that are <0.01ms long</li>







### Architectural Overview - Alarm

- Uses a piezoelectric buzzer, which generates a high pitched tone at 3V
- Output compare used to have the alarm buzz at a given input frequency



### **Individual Contributions**

### Sharmarke:

 Developed Accelerometer, PushButton, Neopixel and Alarm libraries, worked on the logic on the main code.

### Ryan:

 Developed light sensor library, main code logic, slides, and contributed to making button asynchronous, made frequency selector for alarm

### Description of Libraries and Public Functions

- Button:
  - Include "PushButton.h"
  - Call function "initPushButton" to initialize and "isButtonPressed" to detect press
- Light Sensor:
  - Include "LightSensor.h"
  - Call function "initLightSensor" to initialize AD conversion and "lightDetected" to check if light is ed in the backpack
- Alarm:
  - Include "Alarm.h"
  - Call function "initAlarm" to initialize, "turnOffAlarm" to turn off, and "turnOnAlarm" to turn on
- Accelerometer:
  - Include "Accelerometer.h"
  - Call function "initAccelerometer" to initialize, and "movementDetected" to detect motion
- LED:
  - Include "Neopixel.h"
  - Call function "initNeopixel" to initialize, "blinkRed" to blink red (for indicating that the device is turned off, and "blinkGreen" to indicate that the device was turned on.

### **Shortfalls**

- Must be present in environment of constant acceleration (or none)
  - This is so it can detect changes in acceleration
  - Would likely not work on train, airplane, bus, ect.
- Can be set off by tremors in X, Y, or Z axis
  - Potential solution would be converting the acceleration into a change in position for each axis
  - Alarm would set off at certain height
- Not easily concealable
  - If criminal opens pack they would easily spot it
  - If development continued it would be made more inconspicuous
  - In future would use PCB board to avoid wires being seen
- Alarm must be outside backpack
  - If left inside sound is muffled
  - If put on outside it is more conspicuous to people stealing it
  - In future would use louder alarm that is concealed

### Conclusion

- Purpose: Backpack Anti-Theft device will monitor the status of your backpack while it is left alone, keeping thieves from stealing your backpack!
- Allows the user to not have to carry their backpack with them at all times



### References

#### Sources:

[1] "MEMS digital output motion sensor: ultra-low-power high-performance 3-axis 'nano' accelerometer," Sep. 2015. Available: https://www.st.com/resource/en/datasheet/lis3dh.pdf

### **Image Sources:**

[2] Photocell CdS 3-11K Ohm at 10lux 200K at 0lux 100mW 150V. Available: <a href="https://www.jameco.com/z/CDS001-8001-Jameco-ValuePro-Photocell-CdS-3-11K-Ohm-at-10lux-200K-at-0lux-100mW-150V\_202403.html">https://www.jameco.com/z/CDS001-8001-Jameco-ValuePro-Photocell-CdS-3-11K-Ohm-at-10lux-200K-at-0lux-100mW-150V\_202403.html</a>

[3] ADXL345 - Triple-Axis Accelerometer (+-2g/4g/8g/16g) w/ I2C/SPI - STEMMA QT / Qwiic. Available: <a href="https://www.adafruit.com/product/1231">https://www.adafruit.com/product/1231</a>

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