WEEK1 - Data Structures and Alogorithms HandsOn

Execrcise2: Objective: To implement linear and binary search for product search optimization in an e-commerce system and analyze their performance.

STEPS:

Understanding Asymptotic Notation

Big O Notation Overview:

- Big O (O): Worst-case runtime.
- Big Ω (Omega): Best-case runtime.
- Big Θ (Theta): Average-case runtime.

Why it matters in search:

Algorithm Best Case Average Case Worst Case

```
Linear Search O(1) O(n) O(n) Binary Search O(1) O(\log n) O(\log n)
```

Product.java:

Linear Search Implementation:

LinearSearch.java:

```
Product.java
                                 © LinearSearch.java ×
                                                      © BinarySearch.java
       public class LinearSearch { no usages
 2 @ ~
           public static Product searchById(Product[] products, int targetId) {
               for (Product p : products) {
                   if (p.productId == targetId) {
 4
                       return p;
 5
                   }
 6
               }
               return null;
9
       }
10
11
```

BinarySearch Implementation:

BinarySearch.java:

```
import java.util.Arrays;
2
      import java.util.Comparator;
3
      public class BinarySearch { no usages
5@~
           public static Product searchById(Product[] products, int targetId) { no usages
               // Ensure the array is sorted by productId
6
               Arrays.sort(products, Comparator.comparingInt( Product p -> p.productId));
8
9
               int low = 0, high = products.length - 1;
               while (\underline{low} \leftarrow \underline{high}) {
                    int mid = (low + high) / 2;
                    if (products[mid].productId == targetId) {
                        return products[mid];
                    } else if (products[mid].productId < targetId) {</pre>
                        low = mid + 1;
                    } else {
                        high = mid - 1;
8
                    }
               return null;
2
      }
```

Main.java:

```
C LinearSearch.java
                                                      © BinarySearch.java
       public class Main {
2 >
           public static void main(String[] args) {
 3
               Product[] products = {
                       new Product( productId: 101, productName: "Laptop", category: "Electronics"),
                       new Product( productld: 202, productName: "Shoes", category: "Footwear"),
                       new Product( productld: 150, productName: "Book", category: "Stationery")
               };
8
               // Linear Search
               Product found1 = LinearSearch.searchById(products, targetId: 202);
               System.out.println("Linear Search Found: " + (found1 != null ? found1.productName : "Not Found"));
               // Binary Search
               Product found2 = BinarySearch.searchById(products, targetId: 150);
14
15
               System.out.println("Binary Search Found: " + (found2 != null ? found2.productName : "Not Found"));
16
17
18
```

Output:

```
Run Main ×

"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-23\bin\java.exe" "-javaagent:C:\ProgLinear Search Found: Shoes
Binary Search Found: Book

Process finished with exit code 0
```