

Exercise 1: Control Structures

Scenario 1: The bank wants to apply a discount to loan interest rates for customers above 60 years old.

- **Question:** Write a PL/SQL block that loops through all customers, checks their age, and if they are above 60, apply a 1% discount to their current loan interest rates.

CODE :

BEGIN

FOR rec IN (SELECT * FROM customers) LOOP

IF rec.age > 60 THEN

UPDATE customers

SET interest_rate = interest_rate - 1

WHERE customer_id = rec.customer_id;

END IF;

END LOOP;

COMMIT;

END;

```

1 BEGIN
2   FOR rec IN (SELECT * FROM customers) LOOP
3     IF rec.age >= 60 THEN
4       UPDATE customers
5       SET interest_rate = interest_rate + 1
6       WHERE customer_id = rec.customer_id;
7     END IF;
8   END LOOP;
9
10  COMMIT;
11 END;
12
13 SELECT * FROM customers;
14

```

OUTPUT :

	CUSTOMER_ID	NAME	AGE	INTEREST_RATE	
1	6	Navya	30	8	
2	3	Sneha	70	7	

Scenario 2: A customer can be promoted to VIP status based on their balance.

- **Question:** Write a PL/SQL block that iterates through all customers and sets a flag `isVIP` to `TRUE` for those with a balance over \$10,000.

CODE:

```

BEGIN

FOR rec IN (SELECT * FROM customer_accounts) LOOP

  IF rec.balance > 10000 THEN

    UPDATE customer_accounts

    SET is_vip = 'TRUE'

    WHERE customer_id = rec.customer_id;


```

```
END IF;

END LOOP;
```

```
COMMIT;

END;

/
```



```
SELECT * FROM customer_accounts;
```

```
BEGIN
FOR rec IN (SELECT * FROM customer_accounts) LOOP
    IF rec.balance > 10000 THEN
        UPDATE customer_accounts
        SET is_vip = 'TRUE'
        WHERE customer_id = rec.customer_id;
    END IF;
END LOOP;

COMMIT;
END;

/
SELECT * FROM customer_accounts;
```

OUTPUT :

Query result Script output DBMS output Explain Plan SQL history					
  Download ▾ Execution time: 0.003 seconds					
	CUSTOMER_ID	NAME	BALANCE	IS_VIP	
1	101	Sharmila	12000	TRUE	
2	102	Ravi	8000	FALSE	
3	103	Anu	15000	TRUE	

Scenario 3: The bank wants to send reminders to customers whose loans are due within the next 30 days.

- **Question:** Write a PL/SQL block that fetches all loans due in the next 30 days and prints a reminder message for each customer.

CODE :

BEGIN

FOR rec IN (SELECT * FROM loans WHERE due_date <= SYSDATE + 30) LOOP

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Reminder: Loan ID ' || rec.loan_id ||

' for ' || rec.customer_name ||

' is due on ' || TO_CHAR(rec.due_date, 'DD-MON-YYYY'));

END LOOP;

END;

```
BEGIN
  FOR rec IN (SELECT * FROM loans WHERE due_date <= SYSDATE + 30) LOOP
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Reminder: Loan ID ' || rec.loan_id ||
      ' for ' || rec.customer_name ||
      ' is due on ' || TO_CHAR(rec.due_date, 'DD-MON-YYYY'));
  END LOOP;
END;
```

OUTPUT :

Query result Script output **DBMS output** Explain Plan SQL history

Reminder: Loan ID 201 for Sharmila is due on 09-JUL-2025
Reminder: Loan ID 203 for Anu is due on 29-JUN-2025