



3 Product Overview

3.1 MPU-60X0 Overview

MotionInterface™ is becoming a “must-have” function being adopted by smartphone and tablet manufacturers due to the enormous value it adds to the end user experience. In smartphones, it finds use in applications such as gesture commands for applications and phone control, enhanced gaming, augmented reality, panoramic photo capture and viewing, and pedestrian and vehicle navigation. With its ability to precisely and accurately track user motions, MotionTracking technology can convert handsets and tablets into powerful 3D intelligent devices that can be used in applications ranging from health and fitness monitoring to location-based services. Key requirements for MotionInterface enabled devices are small package size, low power consumption, high accuracy and repeatability, high shock tolerance, and application specific performance programmability – all at a low consumer price point.

The MPU-60X0 is the world's first integrated 6-axis MotionTracking device that combines a 3-axis gyroscope, 3-axis accelerometer, and a Digital Motion Processor™ (DMP) all in a small 4x4x0.9mm package. With its dedicated I²C sensor bus, it directly accepts inputs from an external 3-axis compass to provide a complete 9-axis MotionFusion™ output. The MPU-60X0 MotionTracking device, with its 6-axis integration, on-board MotionFusion™, and run-time calibration firmware, enables manufacturers to eliminate the costly and complex selection, qualification, and system level integration of discrete devices, guaranteeing optimal motion performance for consumers. The MPU-60X0 is also designed to interface with multiple non-inertial digital sensors, such as pressure sensors, on its auxiliary I²C port. The MPU-60X0 is footprint compatible with the MPU-30X0 family.

The MPU-60X0 features three 16-bit analog-to-digital converters (ADCs) for digitizing the gyroscope outputs and three 16-bit ADCs for digitizing the accelerometer outputs. For precision tracking of both fast and slow motions, the parts feature a user-programmable gyroscope full-scale range of ± 250 , ± 500 , ± 1000 , and $\pm 2000^\circ/\text{sec}$ (dps) and a user-programmable accelerometer full-scale range of $\pm 2g$, $\pm 4g$, $\pm 8g$, and $\pm 16g$.

An on-chip 1024 Byte FIFO buffer helps lower system power consumption by allowing the system processor to read the sensor data in bursts and then enter a low-power mode as the MPU collects more data. With all the necessary on-chip processing and sensor components required to support many motion-based use cases, the MPU-60X0 uniquely enables low-power MotionInterface applications in portable applications with reduced processing requirements for the system processor. By providing an integrated MotionFusion output, the DMP in the MPU-60X0 offloads the intensive MotionProcessing computation requirements from the system processor, minimizing the need for frequent polling of the motion sensor output.

Communication with all registers of the device is performed using either I²C at 400kHz or SPI at 1MHz (MPU-6000 only). For applications requiring faster communications, the sensor and interrupt registers may be read using SPI at 20MHz (MPU-6000 only). Additional features include an embedded temperature sensor and an on-chip oscillator with $\pm 1\%$ variation over the operating temperature range.

By leveraging its patented and volume-proven Nasiri-Fabrication platform, which integrates MEMS wafers with companion CMOS electronics through wafer-level bonding, InvenSense has driven the MPU-60X0 package size down to a revolutionary footprint of 4x4x0.9mm (QFN), while providing the highest performance, lowest noise, and the lowest cost semiconductor packaging required for handheld consumer electronic devices. The part features a robust 10,000g shock tolerance, and has programmable low-pass filters for the gyroscopes, accelerometers, and the on-chip temperature sensor.

For power supply flexibility, the MPU-60X0 operates from VDD power supply voltage range of 2.375V-3.46V. Additionally, the MPU-6050 provides a VLOGIC reference pin (in addition to its analog supply pin: VDD), which sets the logic levels of its I²C interface. The VLOGIC voltage may be $1.8V \pm 5\%$ or VDD.

The MPU-6000 and MPU-6050 are identical, except that the MPU-6050 supports the I²C serial interface only, and has a separate VLOGIC reference pin. The MPU-6000 supports both I²C and SPI interfaces and has a single supply pin, VDD, which is both the device's logic reference supply and the analog supply for the part. The table below outlines these differences:



MPU-6000/MPU-6050 Product Specification

Document Number: PS-MPU-6000A-00
Revision: 3.4
Release Date: 08/19/2013

Primary Differences between MPU-6000 and MPU-6050

Part / Item	MPU-6000	MPU-6050
VDD	2.375V-3.46V	2.375V-3.46V
VLOGIC	n/a	1.71V to VDD
Serial Interfaces Supported	I ² C, SPI	I ² C
Pin 8	/CS	VLOGIC
Pin 9	AD0/SDO	AD0
Pin 23	SCL/SCLK	SCL
Pin 24	SDA/SDI	SDA

5 Features

5.1 Gyroscope Features

The triple-axis MEMS gyroscope in the MPU-60X0 includes a wide range of features:

- Digital-output X-, Y-, and Z-Axis angular rate sensors (gyroscopes) with a user-programmable full-scale range of ± 250 , ± 500 , ± 1000 , and $\pm 2000^\circ/\text{sec}$
- External sync signal connected to the FSYNC pin supports image, video and GPS synchronization
- Integrated 16-bit ADCs enable simultaneous sampling of gyros
- Enhanced bias and sensitivity temperature stability reduces the need for user calibration
- Improved low-frequency noise performance
- Digitally-programmable low-pass filter
- Gyroscope operating current: 3.6mA
- Standby current: 5 μ A
- Factory calibrated sensitivity scale factor
- User self-test

5.2 Accelerometer Features

The triple-axis MEMS accelerometer in MPU-60X0 includes a wide range of features:

- Digital-output triple-axis accelerometer with a programmable full scale range of $\pm 2g$, $\pm 4g$, $\pm 8g$ and $\pm 16g$
- Integrated 16-bit ADCs enable simultaneous sampling of accelerometers while requiring no external multiplexer
- Accelerometer normal operating current: 500 μ A
- Low power accelerometer mode current: 10 μ A at 1.25Hz, 20 μ A at 5Hz, 60 μ A at 20Hz, 110 μ A at 40Hz
- Orientation detection and signaling
- Tap detection
- User-programmable interrupts
- High-G interrupt
- User self-test

5.3 Additional Features

The MPU-60X0 includes the following additional features:

- 9-Axis MotionFusion by the on-chip Digital Motion Processor (DMP)
- Auxiliary master I²C bus for reading data from external sensors (e.g., magnetometer)
- 3.9mA operating current when all 6 motion sensing axes and the DMP are enabled
- VDD supply voltage range of 2.375V-3.46V
- Flexible VLOGIC reference voltage supports multiple I²C interface voltages (MPU-6050 only)
- Smallest and thinnest QFN package for portable devices: 4x4x0.9mm
- Minimal cross-axis sensitivity between the accelerometer and gyroscope axes
- 1024 byte FIFO buffer reduces power consumption by allowing host processor to read the data in bursts and then go into a low-power mode as the MPU collects more data
- Digital-output temperature sensor
- User-programmable digital filters for gyroscope, accelerometer, and temp sensor
- 10,000 g shock tolerant
- 400kHz Fast Mode I²C for communicating with all registers
- 1MHz SPI serial interface for communicating with all registers (MPU-6000 only)
- 20MHz SPI serial interface for reading sensor and interrupt registers (MPU-6000 only)



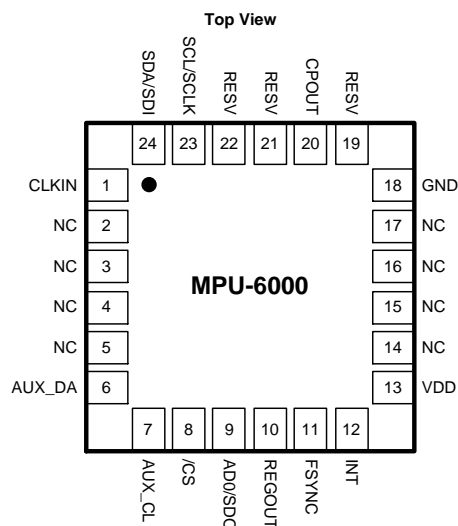
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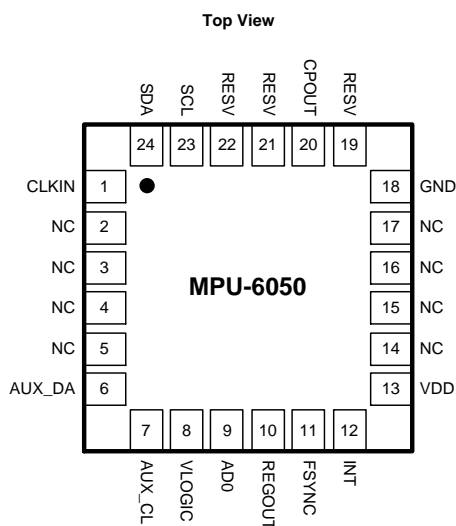
7 Applications Information

7.1 Pin Out and Signal Description

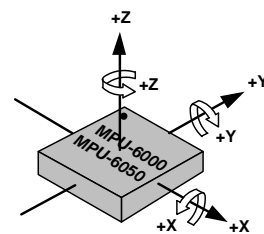
Pin Number	MPU-6000	MPU-6050	Pin Name	Pin Description
1	Y	Y	CLKIN	Optional external reference clock input. Connect to GND if unused.
6	Y	Y	AUX_DA	I ² C master serial data, for connecting to external sensors
7	Y	Y	AUX_CL	I ² C Master serial clock, for connecting to external sensors
8	Y		/CS	SPI chip select (0=SPI mode)
8		Y	VLOGIC	Digital I/O supply voltage
9	Y		AD0 / SDO	I ² C Slave Address LSB (AD0); SPI serial data output (SDO)
9		Y	AD0	I ² C Slave Address LSB (AD0)
10	Y	Y	REGOUT	Regulator filter capacitor connection
11	Y	Y	FSYNC	Frame synchronization digital input. Connect to GND if unused.
12	Y	Y	INT	Interrupt digital output (totem pole or open-drain)
13	Y	Y	VDD	Power supply voltage and Digital I/O supply voltage
18	Y	Y	GND	Power supply ground
19, 21	Y	Y	RESV	Reserved. Do not connect.
20	Y	Y	CPOUT	Charge pump capacitor connection
22	Y	Y	RESV	Reserved. Do not connect.
23	Y		SCL / SCLK	I ² C serial clock (SCL); SPI serial clock (SCLK)
23		Y	SCL	I ² C serial clock (SCL)
24	Y		SDA / SDI	I ² C serial data (SDA); SPI serial data input (SDI)
24		Y	SDA	I ² C serial data (SDA)
2, 3, 4, 5, 14, 15, 16, 17	Y	Y	NC	Not internally connected. May be used for PCB trace routing.



QFN Package
24-pin, 4mm x 4mm x 0.9mm

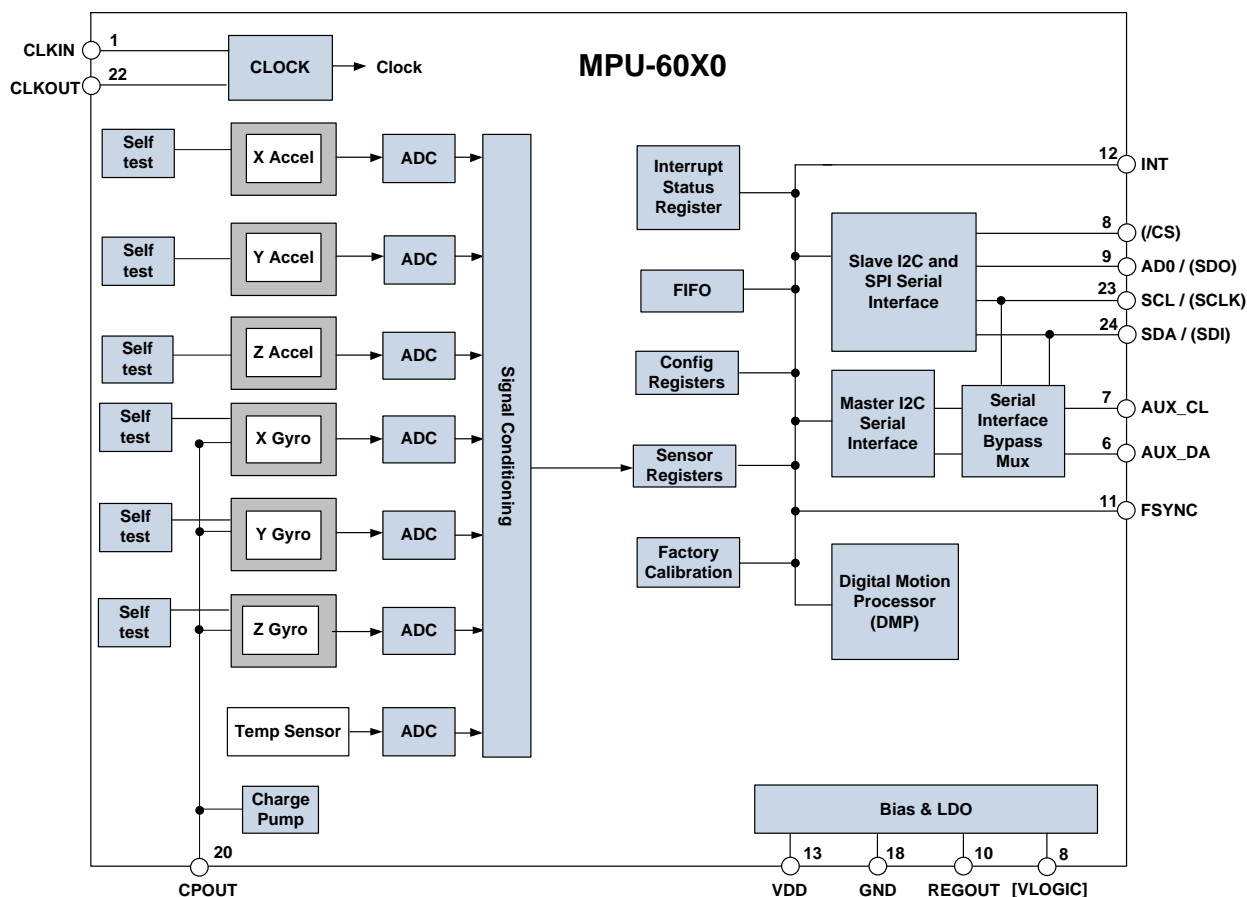


QFN Package
24-pin, 4mm x 4mm x 0.9mm



Orientation of Axes of Sensitivity and
Polarity of Rotation

7.5 Block Diagram



Note: Pin names in round brackets () apply only to MPU-6000
Pin names in square brackets [] apply only to MPU-6050

7.6 Overview

The MPU-60X0 is comprised of the following key blocks and functions:

- Three-axis MEMS rate gyroscope sensor with 16-bit ADCs and signal conditioning
- Three-axis MEMS accelerometer sensor with 16-bit ADCs and signal conditioning
- Digital Motion Processor (DMP) engine
- Primary I²C and SPI (MPU-6000 only) serial communications interfaces
- Auxiliary I²C serial interface for 3rd party magnetometer & other sensors
- Clocking
- Sensor Data Registers
- FIFO
- Interrupts
- Digital-Output Temperature Sensor
- Gyroscope & Accelerometer Self-test
- Bias and LDO
- Charge Pump