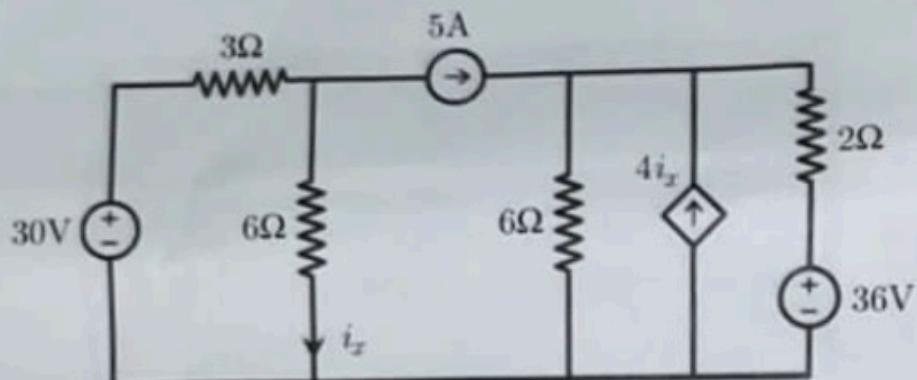


**Final Assessment Test (FAT) – January/February 2023**

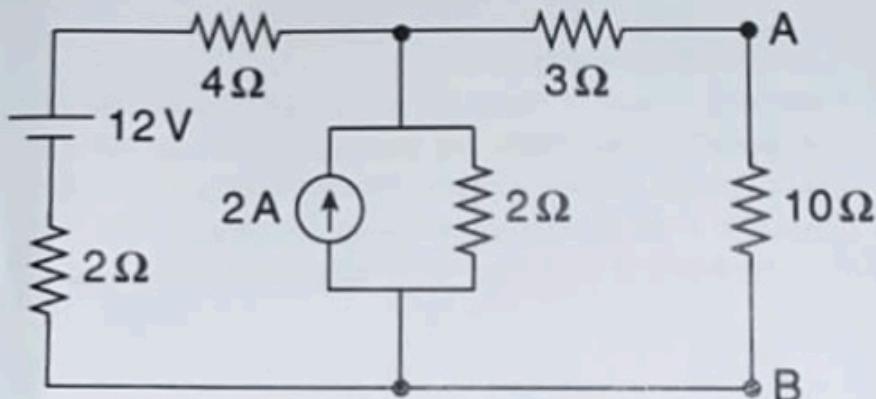
Programme	B.Tech.	Semester	Fall Semester 2022-23
Course Title	<b>BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING</b>	Course Code	<b>BEEE102L</b>
Faculty Name	<b>Prof. MOHAMMED ANEESH Y</b>	Slot	<b>E1+TE1</b>
Time	<b>3 Hours</b>	Class Nbr	<b>CH2022231700047</b>

**Part - A (10 X 10 Marks)**
**Answer All questions**

1. Find current,  $i_x$  and the power supplied by the current dependent current source for the circuit shown in Figure. [10]

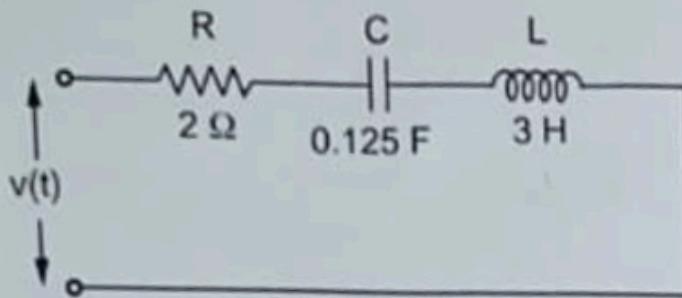


2. Calculate the current flowing through the load resistor ( $R_L$ ),  $10\ \Omega$  connected across AB in the circuit given below using Thevenin's theorem. Find the value of  $R_L$  for maximum power transfer and also the maximum power which can be supplied at AB. [10]

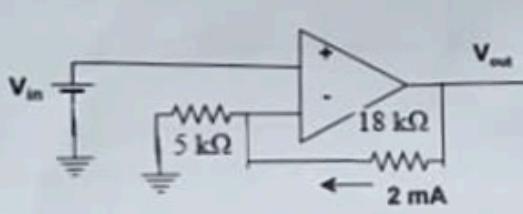


3. A series RLC circuit is connected across a voltage source,  $v(t) = 12\sin(2t+30^\circ)$  as shown in Figure.  
 a) Find impedance, power factor, power supplied by the source and the voltage across the capacitor. [10]

b) Write the time domain equations for current and voltage across the inductor.



4. A three phase star connected supply with abc phase sequence having phase voltage,  $V_{an} = 230\angle 0^\circ$  V (rms) is supplying a balanced delta connected load. The load draws 5 kW power per phase at 0.8 power factor lagging. Find the line currents and the currents in each phase of the load. What is the load impedance per phase? [10]
5. a) Implement the following Boolean function with 8 X 1 multiplexer. Use x, y, z as select inputs for the multiplexer. [10]
- $$f(x, y, z, w) = \sum m(0, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11)$$
- b) Obtain the minimal SOP expression for 'f' using K-Map and implement the same using logic gates.
6. The induced emf in a DC machine while running at 750 rpm is 220 V. Calculate [10]
- a) the speed at which the induced emf is 250 V by assuming constant flux.
- b) the percentage increase in field flux for an induced emf of 250 V and speed of 700 rpm.
7. a) Determine the input and output voltage for the circuit given below. [10]



$$\text{H} = \frac{B}{M} \text{ Mo}$$

b) Explain the operation of a variable reluctance stepper motor.

8. A magnetic circuit made of mild steel is shown in Figure. The central limb is wound with 500 turns and has a cross sectional area of  $800 \text{ mm}^2$ . Each of the outer limbs has a cross sectional area of  $500 \text{ mm}^2$ . The air gap has a length of 1 mm. Calculate the current required to set up a flux of 1.3 mWb in the central limb assuming no magnetic leakage and fringing. Mild steel required 3800 AT/m to produce flux density of 1.625 T and 850 AT/m to produce flux density of 1.3 T. [10]

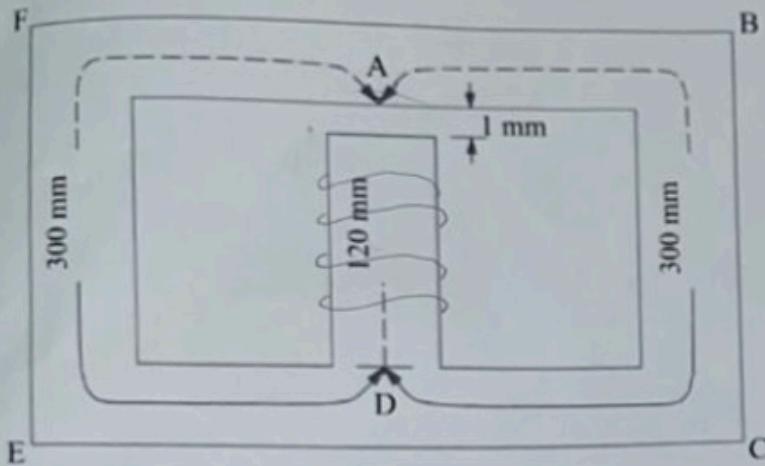
$$@ 1.625 \text{ T}$$

$$0.37 \text{ A} \cdot \text{T} = j \times 500$$

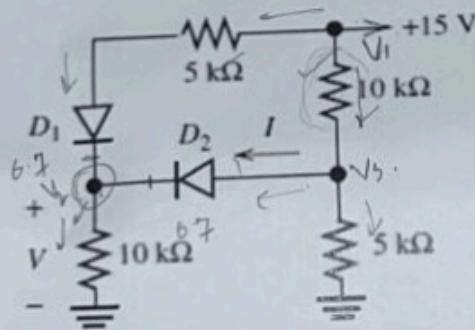
$$3800 \text{ AT} \rightarrow 1 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{0.37}{500} = A$$

$$3800 \text{ A} \cdot \text{T} \rightarrow 120 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m} \rightarrow$$



9. a) Convert  $10101.011_2$  to i) decimal ii) octal and iii) hexadecimal format. [10]  
 b) Perform these operations by using 8-bit signed 2's-complement arithmetic and check for overflow in each case:  
 (i)  $15_{10} - 63_{10}$  (ii)  $-17_{10} - 15_{10}$   
 10. a) Find the values of  $I$  and  $V$  for the circuit of Figure, assuming that the diodes are ideal. [10]



- b) What is a Zener diode? For what is it typically used? Draw the volt ampere characteristic of an ideal 5.8-V Zener diode.

