

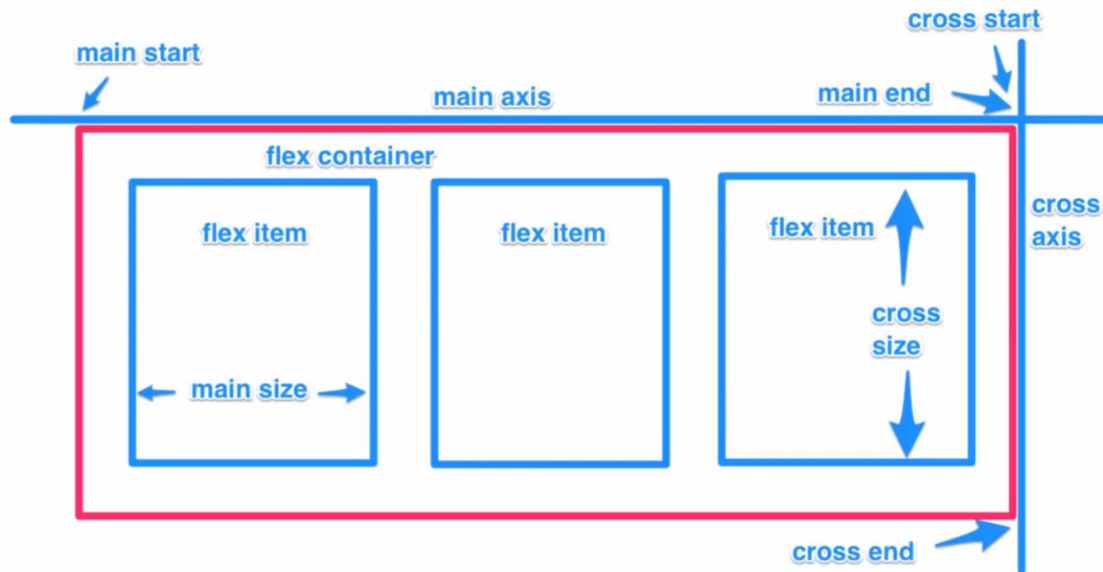
# Layout: Flex and Grids

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# How to effectively layout with modern CSS

- Last few years, flex (or flexbox) and grid have been released and are effective ways of laying out a website
- Previously developers needed to use float, calculate margins/width/height/etc
- Flex and grid allow for easy responsive sites
- They can be nested with each other and within themselves

# Flex



# Flex Attributes and Values

## Container Properties

- display: flex/inline-flex
- flex-direction: row/column;
- flex-wrap: wrap, wrap-reverse
- flex-basis: {number} (basically width of items)
- justify-content: flex-start, flex-end, center, space-between, space-around
- align-self: flex-start, flex-end, center
- align-items: flex-start, flex-end, center
- align-content: flex-start, flex-end, center

## Item Properties

- flex-grow: <number>
- flex-shrink: <number>
- flex: <number> <number> <number>
- order: <number>

# Flex Demo

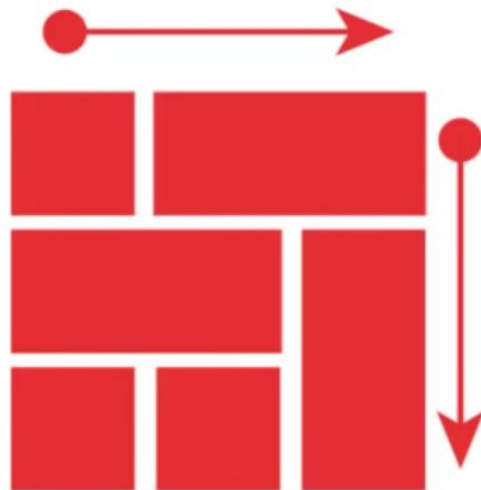
[Demo Link](#)

# Grid



Flexbox

ONE DIMENSION



CSS Grids

TWO DIMENSIONS

# Grid Attributes and Values

## Container Properties

- display: grid
- grid-template-columns: {list of ints}
- grid-template-rows: {list of ints}
- grid-column-gap: {number}
- grid-row-gap: {number}
- grid-gap: {number}
- grid-template-areas: list of strings
- grid-auto-rows: number
- grid-auto-columns: number

## Item Properties

- grid-column: number range
- grid-row: number range
- grid-area: string

Can also do align/justify similar to flex

# Grid Demo

[Demo Link](#)