

TPMS

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Under the guidance of
Prof. Jayedeva

System

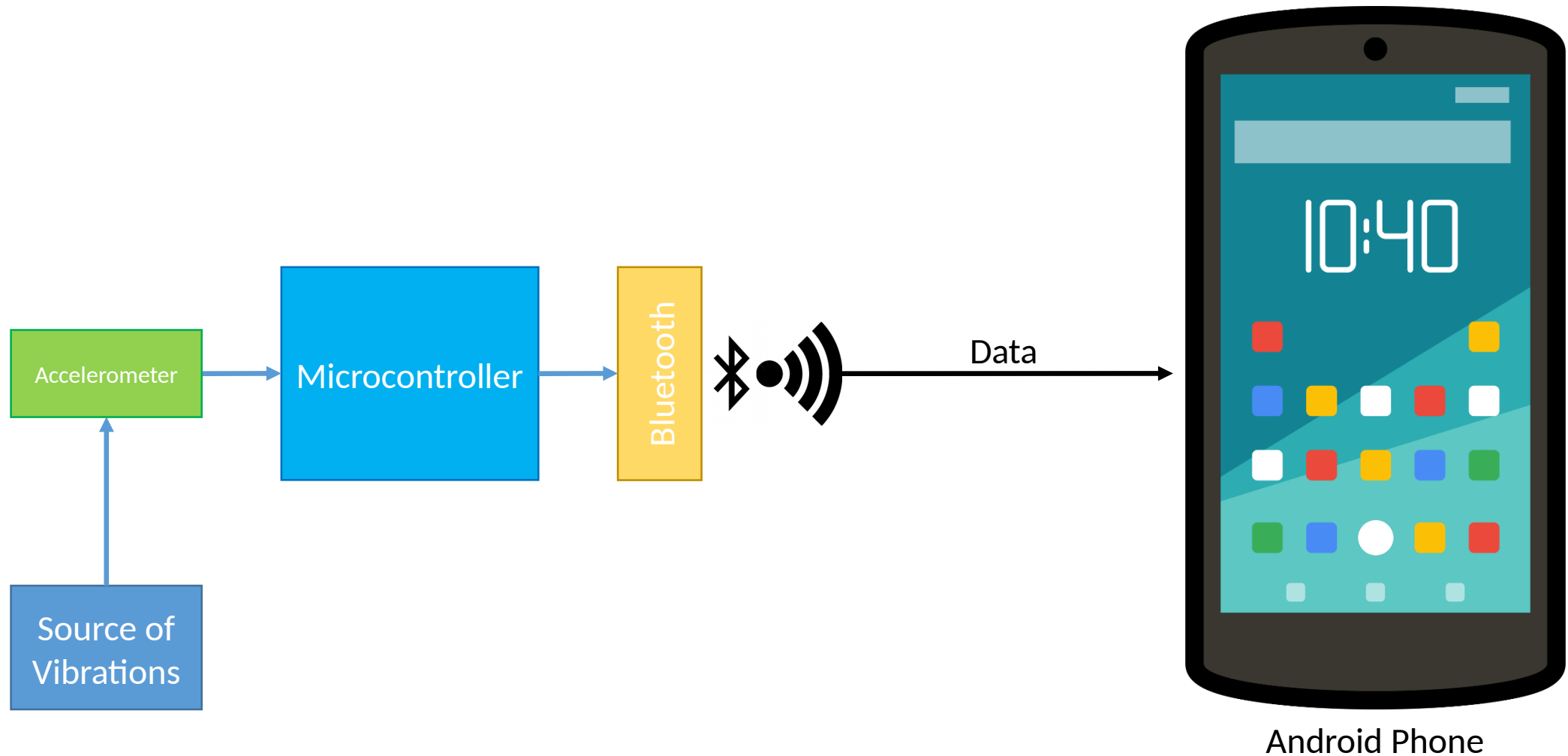
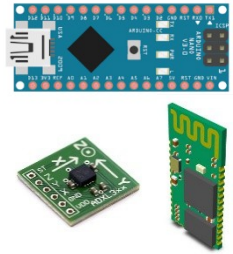


Fig. 1 System Block Diagram

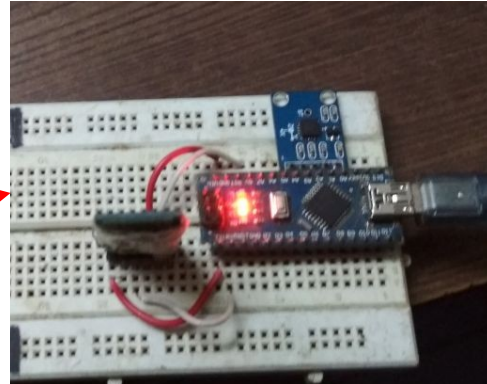
System realizations



Components

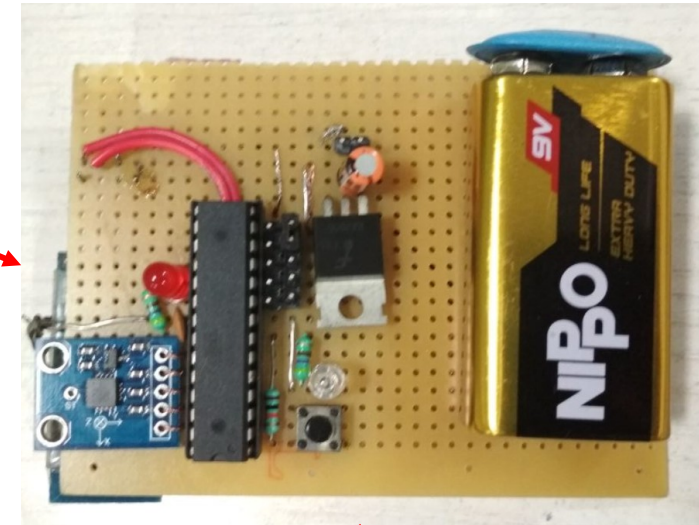
- Arduino
- Bluetooth
- Accelerometer

Breadboard assembly

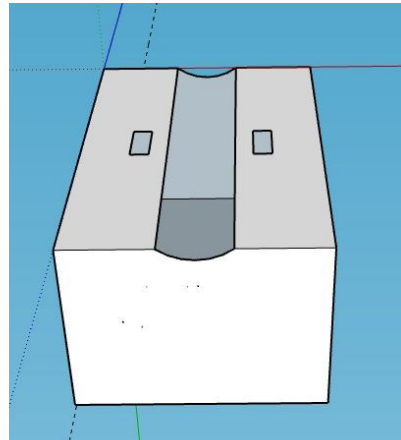


α -model

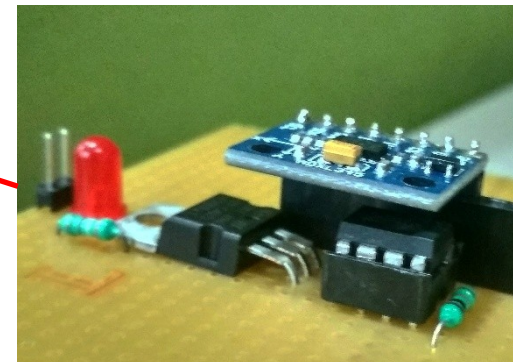
Zero-PCB V1



β -model



Housing for V2



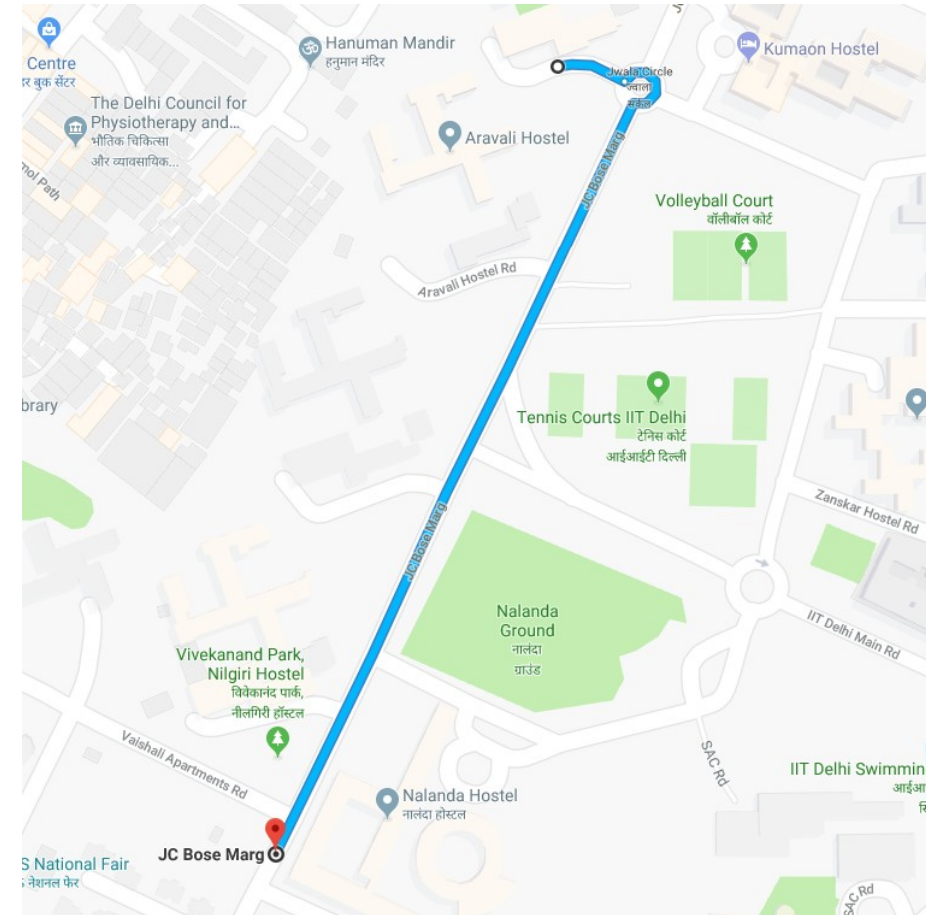
Zero-PCB V2
Reduced size

New Components in V2

- ADXL345 ,Digital accelerometer 16 bit output
- ATtiny85, 8 Pin PDIP Package, Small form factor than ATmega8A
- Low power consumption, Minimum voltage requirement 1.8V @1MHz

Data Collection

- Data collection location : Jwalamukhi Circle to Nilgiri Hostel
- Distance between PT1 to PT2 : 500m
- No of samples collected : 20

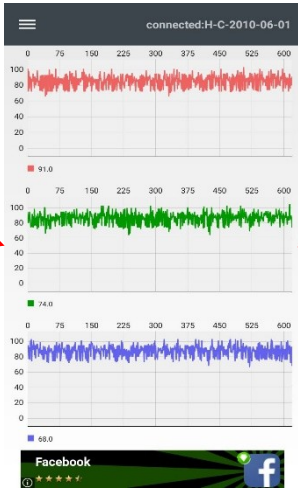


Data Collection

Data Logging



Data on
Android app



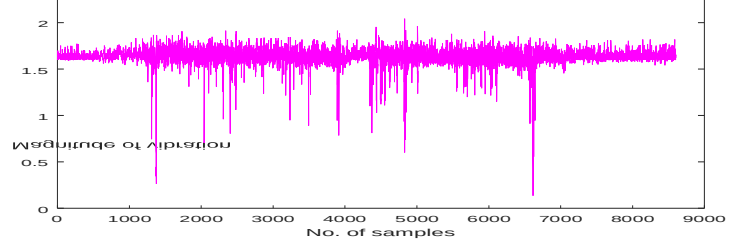
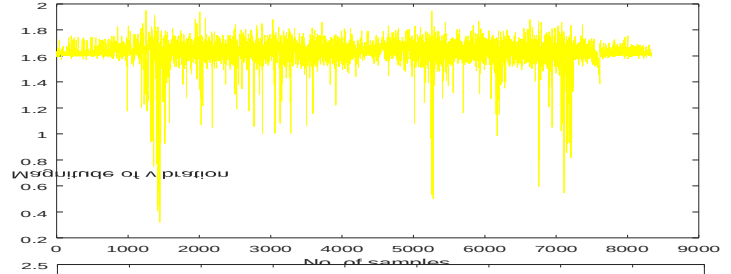
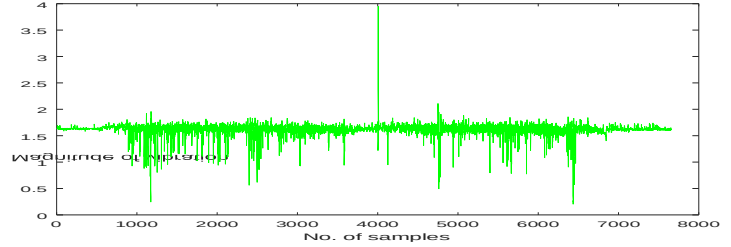
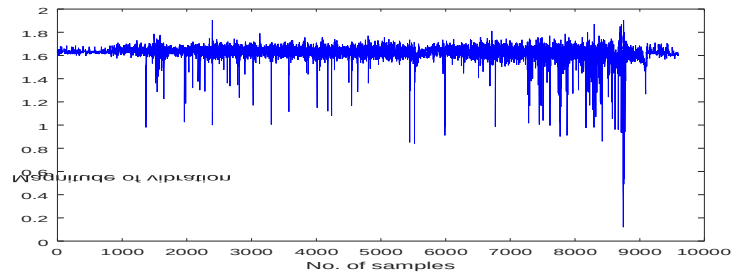
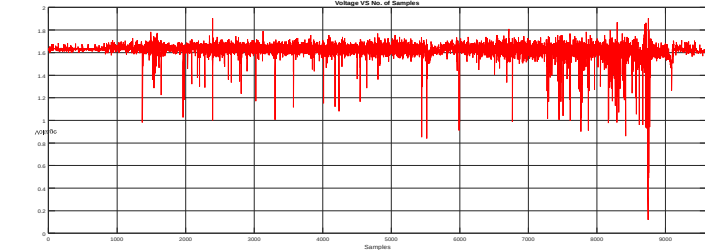
Trial 1

Trial 2

Trial 3

Trial 4

Trial 5



Increasing tyre pressure

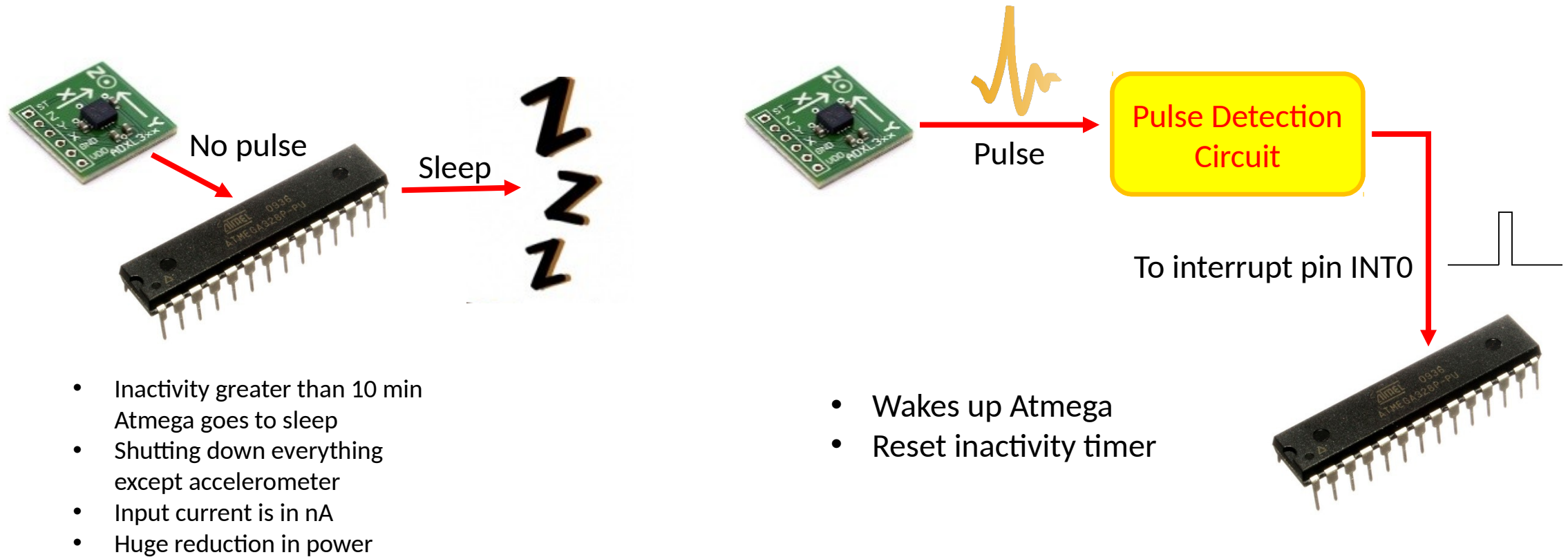


System mounting

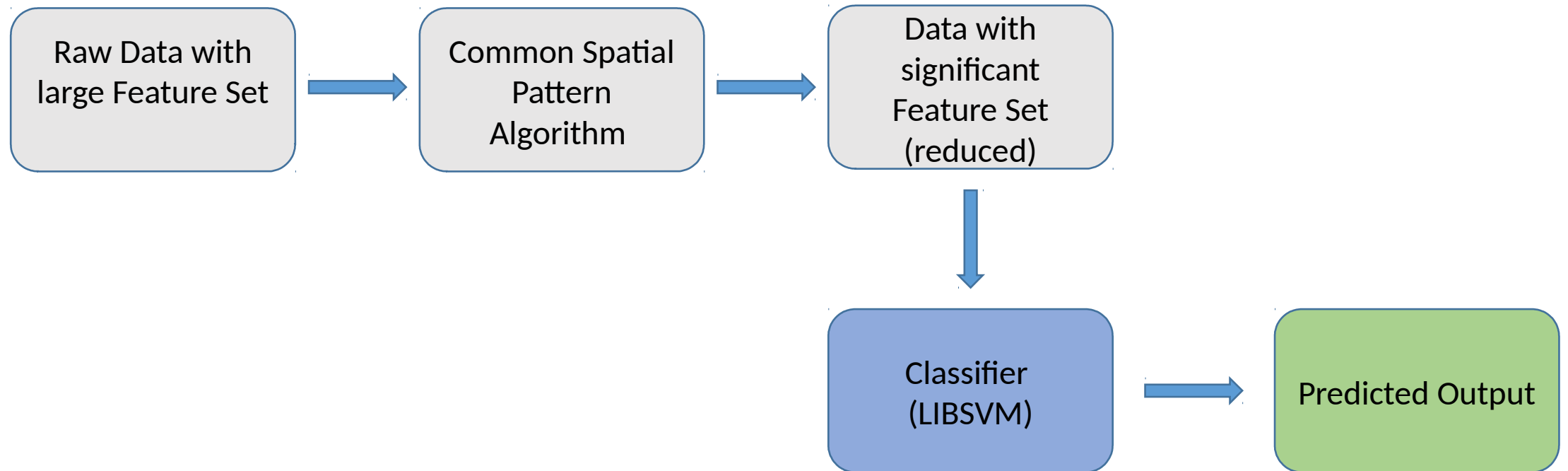
Pressure Measurement
Before trial



Firmware Update: Power saving mode



2-Class Common Spatial Pattern (CSP)



2-Class Common Spatial Pattern (CSP)

- The CSP algorithm solves the optimization problem for 2-Class dataset

$$\vec{w}^* = \operatorname{argmax}_{\vec{w} \in \mathbb{R}^N} \left\{ \frac{\vec{w}^T R_{\vec{x}|c_1} \vec{w}}{\vec{w}^T R_{\vec{x}|c_2} \vec{w}} \right\}$$

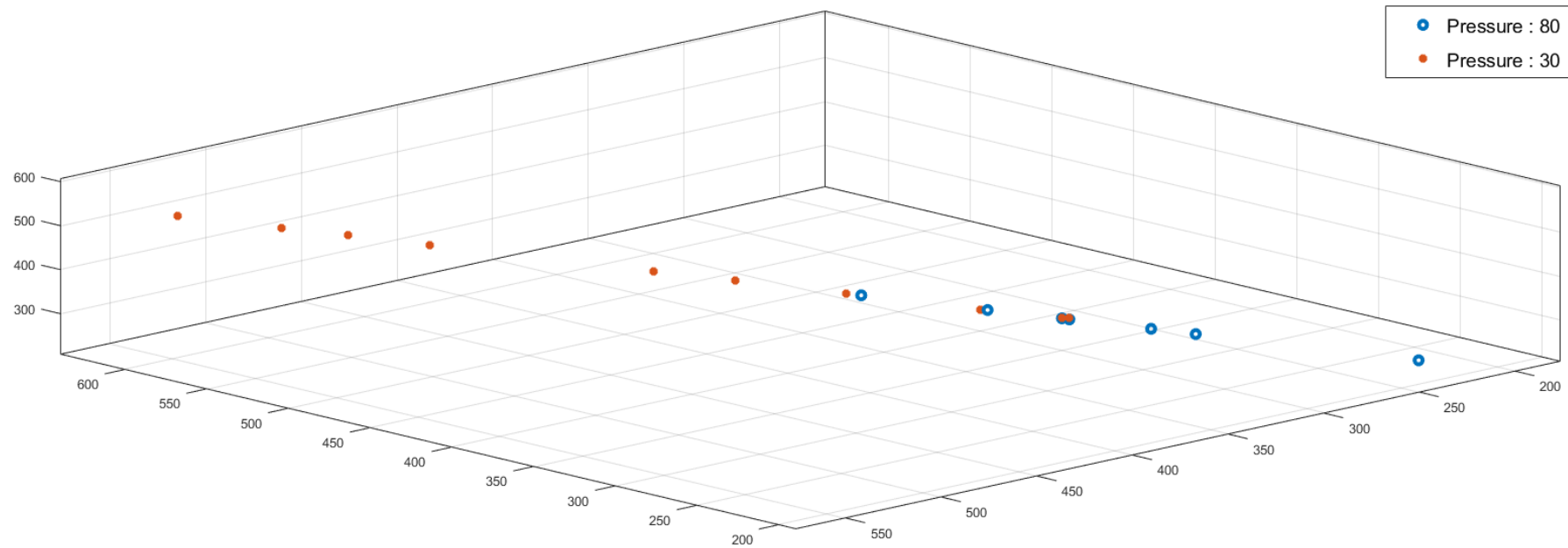
- solutions to above problem are given by eigenvectors of the generalized eigenvalue problem

$$R_{\vec{x}|c_1} \vec{w} = \lambda R_{\vec{x}|c_2} \vec{w}.$$

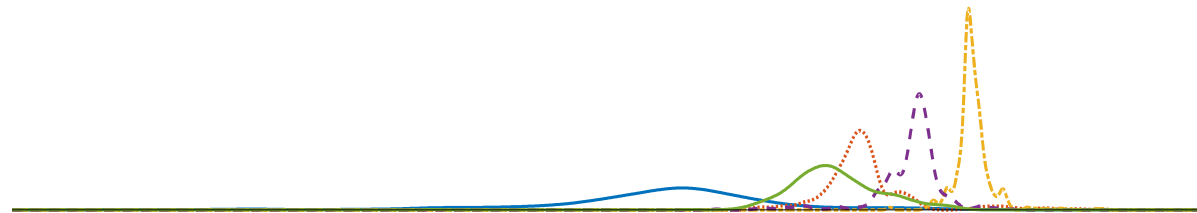
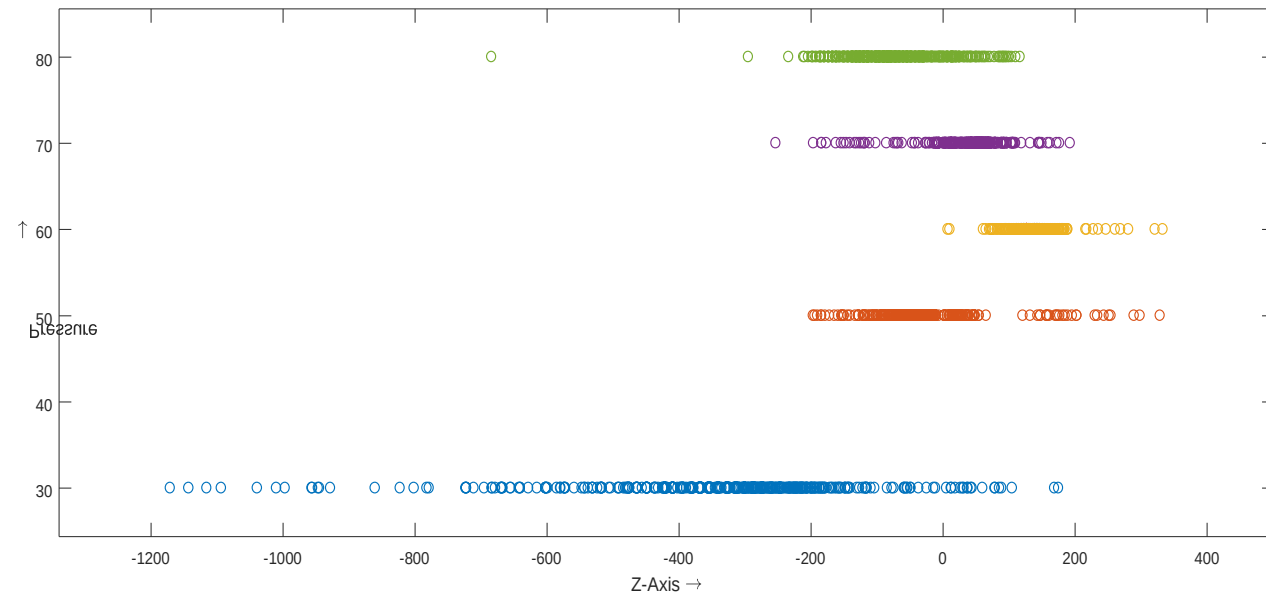
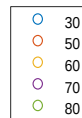
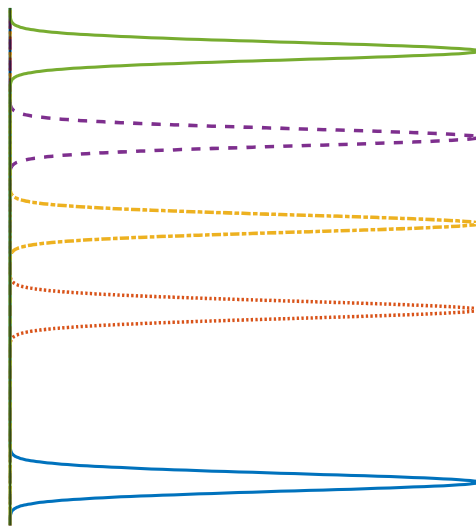
- The eigenvectors correspond to the desired spatial filters. For a given eigenvector \vec{w}^* , the corresponding eigenvalue determines the value of the cost function

$$\lambda^* = \frac{\vec{w}^{*T} R_{\vec{x}|c_1} \vec{w}^*}{\vec{w}^{*T} R_{\vec{x}|c_2} \vec{w}^*}.$$

Data Analysis(1)



Data Analysis(2)



Classification(1)

- C-SVM has been used for classification.
- Kernel used: rbf
- Library used: sklearn
- 5-fold cross validation to train the model
- Number of samples used : 2500
- Accuracy = 90.758 ± 0.91 %

Classification(2)

- Linear Regression has been used.
- Library used: sklearn
- Number of samples used: 2500
- Root mean square error: 11.69
- R2 Score: 0.47

Classification(3)

- Non linear regression has been used.
- Kernel Used: rbf
- Library used: sklearn
- Number of samples used: 2500
- Root mean square error: 6.93
- R2 Score: 0.84



THANK
You