* Reactjs dom can be rendered as:

ReactDOM.render(

<Hello/>,

document.getElementById('react-container')

)

* Class can be created by extending React.Component and overwrite render method or by creating const as:

const Banner = () => (

<div id="fancy">

<h1 className="heading">Welcome to Reactjs</h1>

<p>Have fun!!</p>

</div>

)

* In class, element attributes can be accessed as ‘this.props.<attname>’. For non string attribute, we should use {<number>/<boolean>} while passing. On the stateless const, we need to pass props or individual attribute like ‘{attname}’ in ‘(props) => <function>‘
* The class can have state which can be updated by setState() method and we have to bind methods with it context. So constructor looks like:

constructor(props){

super(props)

this.state = {

checked : true

}

this.handleCheck = this.handleCheck.bind(this)

}

* create-react-app is the module to create react app faster.
* To export any class in react js:

export default <class-name>

* ‘ref’ can be used for mapping field values with ui element:

<textarea ref={input => this.<fieldname> = input}/>

Field value can be fetched as this.<fieldname>.value

* Tag value can be read as this.props.children inside react class
* To pass data on click method:

onClick={this.<method-name>.bind(<params>)}

* In Component lifecycle ‘componentWillMount’, ‘componentDidMount’ and ‘componentDidUpdate’ are called before UI is rendered