

Scan Report

August 7, 2025

Summary

This document reports on the results of an automatic security scan. All dates are displayed using the timezone “Coordinated Universal Time”, which is abbreviated “UTC”. The task was “Full vulnerability scan - router”. The scan started at Thu Aug 7 09:48:39 2025 UTC and ended at Thu Aug 7 15:04:19 2025 UTC. The report first summarises the results found. Then, for each host, the report describes every issue found. Please consider the advice given in each description, in order to rectify the issue.

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1 Result Overview

Host	High	Medium	Low	Log	False Positive
192.168.31.1	0	2	0	0	0
Total: 1	0	2	0	0	0

Vendor security updates are not trusted.

Overrides are off. Even when a result has an override, this report uses the actual threat of the result.

Information on overrides is included in the report.

Notes are included in the report.

This report might not show details of all issues that were found.

Issues with the threat level “Log” are not shown.

Issues with the threat level “Debug” are not shown.

Issues with the threat level “False Positive” are not shown.

Only results with a minimum QoD of 70 are shown.

This report contains all 2 results selected by the filtering described above. Before filtering there were 34 results.

2 Results per Host

2.1 192.168.31.1

Host scan start Thu Aug 7 09:49:26 2025 UTC

Host scan end Thu Aug 7 15:04:12 2025 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
443/tcp	Medium

2.1.1 Medium 443/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 5.8)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Renegotiation MITM Vulnerability (CVE-2009-3555)

Summary

The remote SSL/TLS service is prone to a man-in-the-middle (MITM) vulnerability.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 70%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Protocol Version | Successful re-done SSL/TLS handshakes (Renegotiation) over an
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↔ existing / already established SSL/TLS connection	

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TLSv1.2	2
Impact A remote, unauthenticated attacker may be able to inject an arbitrary amount of chosen plaintext into the beginning of the application protocol stream. This could allow and attacker to issue HTTP requests, or take action impersonating the user, among other consequences.	
Solution: Solution type: VendorFix Users should contact their vendors for specific patch information. General solution options are: - remove/disable renegotiation capabilities altogether from/in the affected SSL/TLS service - enable Safe/Secure renegotiation (RFC5746) for the affected SSL/TLS service	
Affected Software/OS The TLS protocol, and the SSL protocol 3.0 and possibly earlier, as used in Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) 7.0, mod_ssl in the Apache HTTP Server 2.2.14 and earlier, OpenSSL before 0.9.8l, GnuTLS 2.8.5 and earlier, Mozilla Network Security Services (NSS) 3.12.4 and earlier, multiple Cisco products, and other products.	
Vulnerability Insight The flaw exists because the remote SSL/TLS service does not properly associate renegotiation handshakes with an existing connection, which allows MITM attackers to insert data into HTTPS sessions, and possibly other types of sessions protected by TLS or SSL, by sending an unauthenticated request that is processed retroactively by a server in a post-renegotiation context, related to a 'plaintext injection' attack, aka the 'Project Mogul' issue.	
Vulnerability Detection Method Checks if the remote service allows to re-do the same SSL/TLS handshake (Renegotiation) over an existing / already established SSL/TLS connection. Details: SSL/TLS: Renegotiation MITM Vulnerability (CVE-2009-3555) OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117758 Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z	
References cve: CVE-2009-3555 url: https://blog.g-sec.lu/2009/11/tls-sslv3-renegotiation-vulnerability.html url: https://www.g-sec.lu/practicaltls.pdf url: https://www.kb.cert.org/vuls/id/120541 url: https://orchilles.com/ssl-renegotiation-dos/ url: https://lwn.net/Articles/362234/ url: https://kb.fortinet.com/kb/documentLink.do?externalID=FD36385 url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc5746	
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url: <https://mailarchive.ietf.org/arch/msg/tls/Y103HUcq9T94rMLCGPTTozURtSI/>
cert-bund: CB-K17/1878
cert-bund: CB-K17/1642
cert-bund: CB-K15/0637
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2010-0273
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2010-0201
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2010-0050
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2009-1805

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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2009-1757
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2009-1653
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2009-1646
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2009-1643
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2009-1630
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2009-1623
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2009-1603
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2009-1602
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2009-1584
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2009-1578

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Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Renegotiation DoS Vulnerability (CVE-2011-1473, CVE-2011-5094)

Summary

The remote SSL/TLS service is prone to a denial of service (DoS) vulnerability.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 70%**Vulnerability Detection Result**

The following indicates that the remote SSL/TLS service is affected:

Protocol Version | Successful re-done SSL/TLS handshakes (Renegotiation) over an
 ↳ existing / already established SSL/TLS connection

 ↳-----
 TLSv1.2 | 10

Impact

The flaw might make it easier for remote attackers to cause a DoS (CPU consumption) by performing many renegotiations within a single connection.

Solution:**Solution type:** VendorFix

Users should contact their vendors for specific patch information.

A general solution is to remove/disable renegotiation capabilities altogether from/in the affected SSL/TLS service.

Affected Software/OS

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Every SSL/TLS service which does not properly restrict client-initiated renegotiation.
Vulnerability Insight <p>The flaw exists because the remote SSL/TLS service does not properly restrict client-initiated renegotiation within the SSL and TLS protocols.</p> <p>Note: The referenced CVEs are affecting OpenSSL and Mozilla Network Security Services (NSS) but both are in a DISPUTED state with the following rationale:</p> <p>> It can also be argued that it is the responsibility of server deployments, not a security library, to prevent or limit renegotiation when it is inappropriate within a specific environment.</p> <p>Both CVEs are still kept in this VT as a reference to the origin of this flaw.</p>
Vulnerability Detection Method <p>Checks if the remote service allows to re-do the same SSL/TLS handshake (Renegotiation) over an existing / already established SSL/TLS connection.</p> <p>Details: SSL/TLS: Renegotiation DoS Vulnerability (CVE-2011-1473, CVE-2011-5094)</p> <p>OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117761</p> <p>Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z</p>
References <p>cve: CVE-2011-1473</p> <p>cve: CVE-2011-5094</p> <p>url: https://web.archive.org/web/20211201133213/https://orchilles.com/ssl-renegotiation-dos/</p> <p>url: https://mailarchive.ietf.org/arch/msg/tls/wdg46VE_jkYBbgJ5yE4P9nQ-8IU/</p> <p>url: https://vincent.bernat.ch/en/blog/2011-ssl-dos-mitigation</p> <p>url: https://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2011/07/08/2</p> <p>cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-1591</p> <p>cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-0796</p> <p>cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-1435</p> <p>cert-bund: CB-K17/0980</p> <p>cert-bund: CB-K17/0979</p> <p>cert-bund: CB-K14/0772</p> <p>cert-bund: CB-K13/0915</p> <p>cert-bund: CB-K13/0462</p> <p>dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-0933</p> <p>dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1013</p> <p>dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1012</p> <p>dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-0809</p> <p>dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2013-1928</p> <p>dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1112</p>

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