Problems set - 1

(1) Consider the statements;

R: Mark is rich

H: Mark is happy

write the following statements in the symbolic form:

- (a) Mark is poor but happy.
- (b) Mark is rich or unhappy.
- (c) Mark is neither rich nor happy.
- (d) Mark is poor or he is both rich and unhappy.
- (2) Construct the truth tables for the following formulas:
 - (a) $\neg (\neg P \lor \neg Q)$
 - (b) $\neg(\neg P \land \neg Q)$
 - (c) $P \wedge (P \vee Q)$
 - (d) $P \wedge (Q \wedge P)$
 - (e) $(\neg P \land (\neg Q \land R)) \lor (Q \land R) \lor (P \land R)$
 - (f) $(P \wedge Q) \vee (\neg P \wedge Q) \vee (P \wedge \neg Q) \vee (\neg P \wedge \neg Q)$
 - (g) $P \vee (Q \wedge R)$
 - (h) $(P \land (Q \land R)) \lor \neg ((P \lor Q) \land (R \lor S))$
 - (i) $(\neg (P \land Q) \lor \neg R) \lor (((\neg P \land Q) \lor \neg R) \land S)$
 - (j) $(Q \land (P \rightarrow Q)) \rightarrow P$
 - (k) $\neg (P \lor (Q \land R)) \leftrightarrow ((P \lor Q) \land (P \lor R))$
 - (1) $(\neg (P \land Q) \lor \neg R) \lor ((Q \leftrightarrow \neg P) \to (R \lor \neg S))$
 - (m) $(P \leftrightarrow R) \land (\neg Q \to S)$
 - (n) $(P \lor (Q \to (R \land \neg P))) \leftrightarrow (Q \lor \neg S)$
- (3) Show that the truth values of the following formulas are independent of their components:
 - (a) $(P \land (P \rightarrow Q)) \rightarrow Q$
 - (b) $(P \to Q) \leftrightarrow (\neg P \lor Q)$
 - (c) $((P \to Q) \land (Q \to R)) \to (P \to R)$
 - (d) $(P \leftrightarrow Q) \leftrightarrow ((P \land Q) \lor (\neg P \land \neg Q))$
- (4) From the formulas given below select those which are well-formed formula and also indicate which ones are tautologies or contradictions.
 - (a) $(P \to (P \lor Q))$
 - (b) $((P \to (\neg P)) \to \neg P)$
 - (c) $((\neg Q \land P) \land Q)$
 - (d) $((P \rightarrow (Q \rightarrow R)) \rightarrow ((P \rightarrow Q) \rightarrow (P \rightarrow R))$
 - (e) $((\neg P \to Q) \to (Q \to P))$
 - (f) $((P \land Q) \leftrightarrow P)$
- (5) Produce the substitution instances of the following formulas for the given substitutions.
 - (a) $(((P \to Q) \to P) \to P)$; substitute $(P \to Q)$ for P and $((P \land Q) \to R)$ for Q.
 - (b) $((P \to Q) \to (Q \to P))$; substitute Q for P and $(P \land \neg P)$ for Q.
- (6) Determine the formulas which are substitution instances of other formulas in the list and give the substitutions.
 - (a) $(P \to (Q \to P))$
 - (b) $((((P \rightarrow Q) \land (R \rightarrow S)) \land (P \lor R)) \rightarrow (Q \lor S))$
 - (c) $(Q \rightarrow ((P \rightarrow P) \rightarrow Q))$
 - (d) $(P \rightarrow ((P \rightarrow (Q \rightarrow P)) \rightarrow P))$
 - (e) $((((R \to S) \land (Q \to P)) \land (R \lor Q)) \to (S \lor P))$