## Department of Mathematical Science

## Indian Institute of Technology (BHU), Vranasi-221005

## Mathematical Method: MA-203

## **Tutorial Sheet-1**

**Note:** Based on Laplace transform.

- 1. Evaluate the Laplace transform of each function directly from the defining integral.
  - (i)  $f(t) = \cos^2 kt$
  - (ii)  $f(t) = e^{at} \cosh(kt)$
  - (iii)  $f(t) = t \sin(kt)$
- 2. If  $L[f(t)] = \frac{e^{-1/s}}{s}$ , then show that  $L[e^{-t}f(4t)] = \frac{e^{-4/(s+1)}}{s+1}$ .
- 3. Evaluate  $\int_0^\infty t^3 e^{-t} \sin t \ dt$ .
- 4. Find the Laplace transform of f(t), where

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \cos t, & 0 < t < \pi \\ \cos 2t, & \pi < t < 2\pi \\ \cos 3t, & t > 2\pi \end{cases}$$

expressing it in terms of unit step function.

5. Find Laplace transform of a periodic function f(t) of period 2c given by

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t, & 0 < t < c \\ 2c - t, & c < t < 2c. \end{cases}$$

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