## Introduction

The project is about building a library for matrix. The language we have chose to implement this project is C++. We use vector of vectors to implement the matrix. The interface of the project is made using classes in C++.

## **Concepts Used:**

Operator overloading
Generic programming
Friend functions
Templates
Class

# **Implementation Details:**

Since C++ by default doesn't support matrix operations by default we tried to implement the library for the same. C++ by default doesn't support +,-,\* operations for matrix. So we use the concept of operator overloading to overload the needed operators.

Also some of the operators cannot be overloaded since the definitions are not defined in the libraries we use friend function to implement some of those.

Using member function of the matrix class we have developed determinant inverse functions for each matrix.

### Functionalities implemented:

- Addition of matrices Overloaded + operator
- Subtraction of matrices Overloaded operator
- Multiplication of matrices Overloaded \* operator
- Scalar Multiplication Overloading \* ( Both friend and member function )
- Copy Assignment operator
- Equality of Matrices Overloaded == operator
- Indexing []
- AppendRow It takes in the matrix and appends the row with default value or the value mentioned.
- AppendCol It takes in the matrix and appends the column with default value or the value mentioned.
- Rows Returns the number of rows of the matrix
- Cols Returns the number of columns of the matrix
- Cout Overloaded << operator to print the matrix</li>
- Det returns the determinant of the matrix
- Inverse Finds inverse of a square matrix
- Solving linear equation

#### **Interface:**

```
template < class T>
class matrix
  private:
      template <typename TE> friend matrix<TE> operator*(int i,const
matrix<TE>& rhs);
      template <typename TE> friend matrix<TE> operator*(const
matrix<TE>& a, const matrix<TE>& b);
      template <typename TE> friend ostream& operator << (ostream
&os, const matrix\langle TE \rangle \& x);
      vector<vector<T>>> mat:
     int N,M;
  public:
      matrix<T>(): N(0), M(0) {}
      matrix<T>(int N,int M,T init=0);
      matrix<T>(const std::vector<std::vector<T>> &m);
      //float det();
      unsigned Rows() const;
      unsigned Cols() const;
      matrix<T>& AppendRow(T init=0);
      matrix<T>& AppendCol(T init=0);
      bool operator == (const matrix < T > & rhs);
      matrix<T> operator*(int i);
      matrix<T>& operator=(const matrix<T>& rhs);
      matrix<T> operator+(const matrix<T>& rhs);
```

```
matrix<T> operator-(const matrix<T>& rhs);
std::vector<T>& operator[](unsigned i) { return mat[i]; }
std::vector<T> operator[](unsigned i) const { return mat[i]; }
matrix<T> Coff(unsigned i, unsigned j) const;
static T Det(const matrix<T>& x);
T Det() const;
matrix<T> Inv() const;
matrix<T> LinSolve(const matrix &A, const matrix &b);
};
```

## **Conclusion:**

Matrix library with operations like +,-,\*,inverse, determinent and some more functionalities are achieved.

Whenever we use the matrix this library can be used for basic operations of matrices in C++.

# **Improvements possible:**

More general algorithm for inverse and determinent that works for matrix of all dimensions can be developed.

Support for more operators like \*=, += can be implemented. Iterators for the matrix could be developed.

## Results

```
[1 2 3 ]
[4 5 6 ]
4, [7 8 9 ]

[3 6 9 ]
[12 15 18 ]
[21 24 27 ]

After appending row
[3 6 9 ]
[12 15 18 ]
[21 24 27 ]
[2 2 2 ]

After appending column
[3 6 9 4 ]
[12 15 18 4 ]
[21 24 27 4 ]
[2 2 2 4 ]

Rows :4 Cols :4
15inverse of the matrix:-[-0.00319541 0.0500252 -0.0276813 ]
[0.0444892 -0.0351704 0.0146611 ]
[-0.0203844 -0.00151766 0.0789248 ]
```