

Algorithm for Circular Queue.

// Circular queue implementation in C.

// define SIZE S

int front = -1, rear = -1;

// check if the queue is full.

int isFull() {

if ((front == rear + 1) || (front == 0 && rear == SIZE - 1))
return 1;
return 0;

}

// check if the queue is empty

int isEmpty() {

if (front == -1) return 1;
return 0;

}

// Adding an element.

void enqueue(int element) {

printf("\n Queue is full! \n");
else {

if (front == -1) front = 0;

rear = (rear + 1) % SIZE;

items[rear] = element;

printf("\n Inserted → %d", element);

}

}

// Removing an element

```
int DeQueue () {
```

```
    int element;
```

```
    if (isEmpty ()) {
```

```
        printf ("Queue is empty! ");
```

```
        return (-1);
```

```
    } else {
```

```
        element = items[front];
```

```
        if (front == rear) {
```

```
            front = -1;
```

```
            rear = -1;
```

```
        }
```

```
    } else {
```

```
        front = (front + 1) % SIZE;
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf ("Deleted element -> %d\n", element);
```

```
    return (element);
```

```
 }
```

```
}
```

// Display the queue

```
void display () {
```

```
    int i;
```

```
    if (isEmpty ())
```

```
        printf ("Empty Queue");
```

```
    else {
```

```
        printf ("Front -> %d", front);
```

```
        printf ("Items -> ");
```

```
        for (i = front; i != rear; i = (i + 1) % SIZE) {
```

```
            printf ("%d", items[i]);
```

```
        } printf ("%d", items[i]);
```

```
        printf ("Rear -> %d", rear);
```