In-Memory File System Documentation

Introduction

This C++ program implements a basic in-memory file system that allows users to perform file and directory operations through a command-line interface. The file system supports commands such as creating directories, navigating the directory structure, listing contents, creating and modifying files, moving, copying, and deleting files and directories.

`FileSystem` Class ### Private Members

- `string currentDir`: Represents the current working directory in the file system.
- `map<string, string> files`: A map to store file contents, where the key is the file path, and the value is the file content.

Public Member Functions

- 1. **`FileSystem()`**
 - Constructor: Initializes the file system with the root directory (`/`).
- 2. **`mkdir(const string& dirName)`**
 - Creates a new directory.
- 3. **`cd(const string& path)`**
 - Changes the current directory.
 - Supports relative paths like `..`, absolute paths like `/`, and navigating to a specified path.
- 4. **`ls()`**
 - Lists the contents of the current directory.
 - Differentiates between directories and files in the output.
- 5. **`touch(const string& fileName)`**
 - Creates a new empty file.
- 6. **`echo(const string& content, const string& fileName)`**
 - Writes text to a file.
- 7. **`cat(const string& fileName)`**
 - Displays the contents of a file.
- 8. **`mv(const string& source, const string& destination)`**
 - Moves a file or directory to another location.
- 9. **`cp(const string& source, const string& destination)`**
 - Copies a file or directory to another location.
- 10. **`rm(const string& fileName)`**
 - Removes a file or directory.

`main` Function

- The `main` function serves as the entry point of the program.
- Creates an instance of the `FileSystem` class.
- Accepts user input in an infinite loop, processing and executing commands until the user enters "exit."

Usage

- **Commands:**
 - `mkdir`: Create a new directory.
- `cd`: Change the current directory.
- `ls`: List directory contents.
- `touch`: Create a new empty file.
- `echo`: Write text to a file.
- `cat`: Display the contents of a file.
- `mv`: Move a file or directory.
- `cp`: Copy a file or directory.
- `rm`: Remove a file or directory.
- `exit`: Terminate the program.

- **Syntax:**

- Commands are entered with appropriate parameters (e.g., `mkdir dirname`, `cd path`, `ls`, etc.).
- Ensure proper quoting for filenames and text containing spaces or special characters.

Error Handling

- The program provides feedback for invalid commands or files not found during execution.
- Users are informed when attempting to move or copy nonexistent files or directories.

Notes

- The program supports an interactive mode where users can input commands directly.
- It is essential to handle user input carefully, especially when dealing with filenames and spaces.
- The program supports basic file operations and provides a foundation for more advanced functionalities if needed.