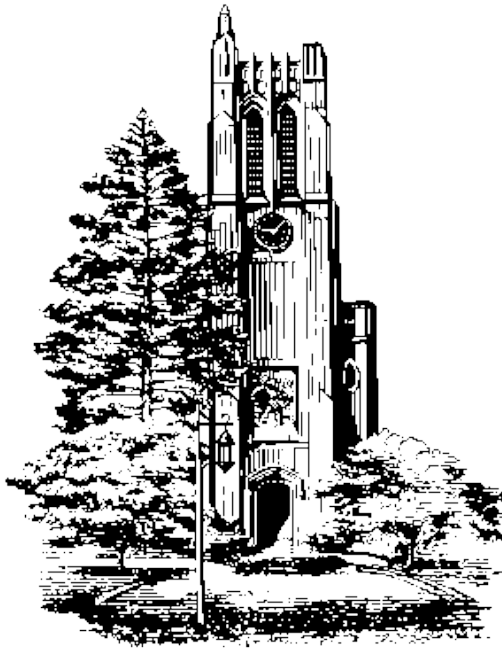


# Lecture 01

Thursday September 1<sup>st</sup>, 2016



# Notables

- Homework #1 will be posted on September 8<sup>th</sup>
  - Due Thursday Read: Top 10 Simple Things Every Computer User Should Know How to Do
  - <http://lifehacker.com/5941496/top-10-simple-things-every-computer-user-should-know-how-to-do>
- Activate your Piazza account once notified
- Forthcoming topics:
  - Math review
  - System review

# Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs)

- Major sites:
  - ❑ Coursera: <https://www.coursera.org/>
  - ❑ Udacity: <https://www.udacity.com>
  - ❑ edX; <https://www.edx.org/>
- Other site:
  - ❑ Khan Academy: <https://www.khanacademy.org/>
  - ❑ ...
- Sign up to Udacity and listen to the **first lecture** of the course **Web Development**.

## Refreshing your math

- What is a set?
- What is a function?
- Compute the following:

$$\log_{10} 8 + \log_2 25 =$$

- Expand the following

$$\sum_{n=0}^5 \sin 2\pi nt =$$

# What is a *Set* ?

- Definition: A *set* is an *unordered* collection of objects, called the *elements* or *members* of the set. A set is called to *contain* its elements.
  - Example: {car, 201, pen, ipod, 6.9, river, {10101, key}}
- Note that the definition of a set does *not* require any relationship among the members of a set.
- In a set, repeated elements are ignored.
- The order of the elements in a set is irrelevant; it does not make sense to ask for the k-th element of a set.
- To indicate the fact that:
  - *x* is an element of the set *S*, we write:  $x \in S$
  - *x* is *not* an element of the set *S*, we write:  $x \notin S$

# Some Important Sets

- The set of Natural Numbers

$$\mathbf{N} = \{0, 1, 2, \dots\}$$

- The set of Integers

$$\mathbf{Z} = \{\dots, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, \dots\}$$

- The set of Positive Integers

$$\mathbf{Z}^+ = \{1, 2, \dots\}$$

- The set of Rational Numbers

$$\mathbf{Q} = \{p/q \mid p \text{ and } q \text{ are integers, and } q \text{ is not zero}\}$$

- $\mathbf{R}$  = The set of real number

- The empty set

$$\{\}, \emptyset$$

# Subsets of a set

- What is a subset of set?
  - $X$  is a subset of a set  $Y$  if whatever is in  $X$  is also in  $Y$ .
  - Example: The subsets of  $\{1,2,5\}$  are  
 $\{\}, \{1\}, \{2\}, \{5\}, \{1,2\}, \{1,5\}, \{2,5\}, \{1,2,5\}$
- How many subsets does a set of  $n$  elements have?
  - Note that the answer does not depend on the *nature* of the elements in the set, rather on the size of the set
  - $2^n$