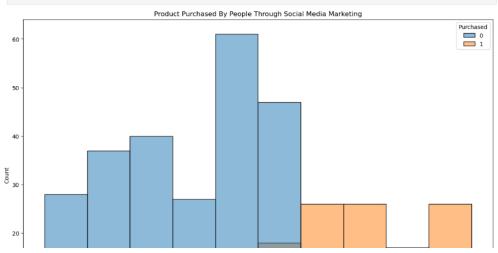
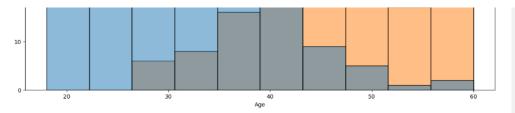


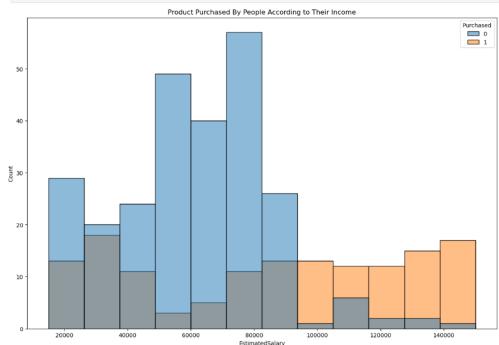
```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        RangeIndex: 400 entries, 0 to 399
        Data columns (total 3 columns)
         # Column
                               Non-Null Count Dtype
         0 Age
                                400 non-null
                                                 int64
             EstimatedSalary 400 non-null
                                                 int64
         2 Purchased
                               400 non-null
        dtypes: int64(3)
        memory usage: 9.5 KB
 In [9]: data.describe()
           # print(data.describe())
 Out[9]:
                        Age EstimatedSalary Purchased
          count 400.000000
                                  400.000000 400.000000
          mean 37.655000
                              69742.500000
                                                0.357500
             std 10.482877
                                34096.960282
                                                0.479864
            min 18.000000
                              15000.000000 0.000000
           25% 29.750000
                                43000.000000
                                                0.000000
           50% 37.000000
                                70000.000000
                                                0.000000
           75% 46,000000
                                88000.000000
                                                1.000000
                              150000.000000 1.000000
           max 60.000000
          Now let's take a look at some of the insights from the data to see if we need to make any changes to the dataset
In [12]: data.isnull()
           # print(data.isnull())
Out[12]:
                Age EstimatedSalary Purchased
             0 False
                                 False
                                            False
             1 False
                                            False
             2 False
                                 False
                                            False
            3 False
                                False
                                            False
             4 False
                                 False
                                            False
          395 False
                                 False
                                            False
          396 False
                                 False
                                            False
          397 False
                                 False
                                            False
          398 False
                                False
                                            False
          399 False
                                 False
                                            False
          400 rows × 3 columns
In [16]:
           data.isnull().sum()
           # print(data.isnull().sum())
Out[16]:
          Age
          EstimatedSalary
Purchased
          dtype: int64
          As we can see our dataset is okay! Now let's explore some of the important patterns in the dataset. The first thing I want to explore is the
          ages of the people who responded to the social media ads and bought the produc
In [20]:
           plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))
plt.title("Product Purchased By People Through Social Media Marketing")
sns.histplot(x="Age", hue="Purchased", data=data)
           plt.show()
                                                 Product Purchased By People Through Social Media Marketing
                                                                                                                                    Purchased
```





The visualization above shows that people over 45 among the target audience are more interested in purchasing the product. Now let's take a look at the income group of people who responded to social media ads and purchased the product

```
In [21]:
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))
plt.title("Product Purchased By People According to Their Income")
sns.histplot(x="EstimatedSalary", hue="Purchased", data=data)
plt.show()
```



The visualization above shows that people with a monthly income of over 90,000 among the target audience are more interested in purchasing the product

Feature Selection

Now let's train a model to classify social media ads. First I'll set the "Purchased" column in the dataset as the target variable and the other two columns as the features we need to train a mode

```
In [25]: x = np.array(data[["Age", "EstimatedSalary"]])
y = np.array(data[["Purchased"]])
```

Spliting The Data

```
In [26]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    xtrain, xtest, ytrain, ytest = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.10, random_state=42)

In [33]: xtrain.shape, xtest.shape

Out[33]: ((360, 2), (40, 2))

In [34]: ytrain.shape, ytest.shape

Out[34]: ((360, 1), (40, 1))
```

Choosing The Model

```
In [28]:
    from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
    model = DecisionTreeClassifier()
    #fit the model
    model.fit(xtrain,ytrain)
    predictions = model.predict(xtest)
```

At last, let's have a look at the classification report of the model

In [36]: from sklearn.metrics import classification_report $\verb|print(classification_report(ytest, predictions))| \\$

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.92	0.85	0.88	27
1	0.73	0.85	0.79	13
accuracy			0.85	40
macro avg	0.83	0.85	0.84	40
weighted avg	0.86	0.85	0.85	40

Summary

So this is how you can analyze and classify social media ads about the marketing campaign of a product. Classifying social media ads means analyzing your social media ads for finding the most profitable customers for your product who are more likely to buy the product. I hope you liked this article on classifying Social Media Ads with Machine Learning using Python. Feel free to ask your valuable questions in the comments section below.

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