

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

“JnanaSangama”, Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



LAB REPORT on

Artificial Intelligence

Submitted by

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in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of
BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING
in
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

(Autonomous Institution under VTU)

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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled “**Artificial Intelligence**” carried out by **Shashank M Patil (1BM21CS200)**, who is bonafide student of **B.M.S. College of Engineering**. It is in partial fulfillment for the award of **Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering** of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the academic semester June-2023 to Sep-2023. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of a **Artificial Intelligence (22CS5PCAIN)** work prescribed for the said degree.

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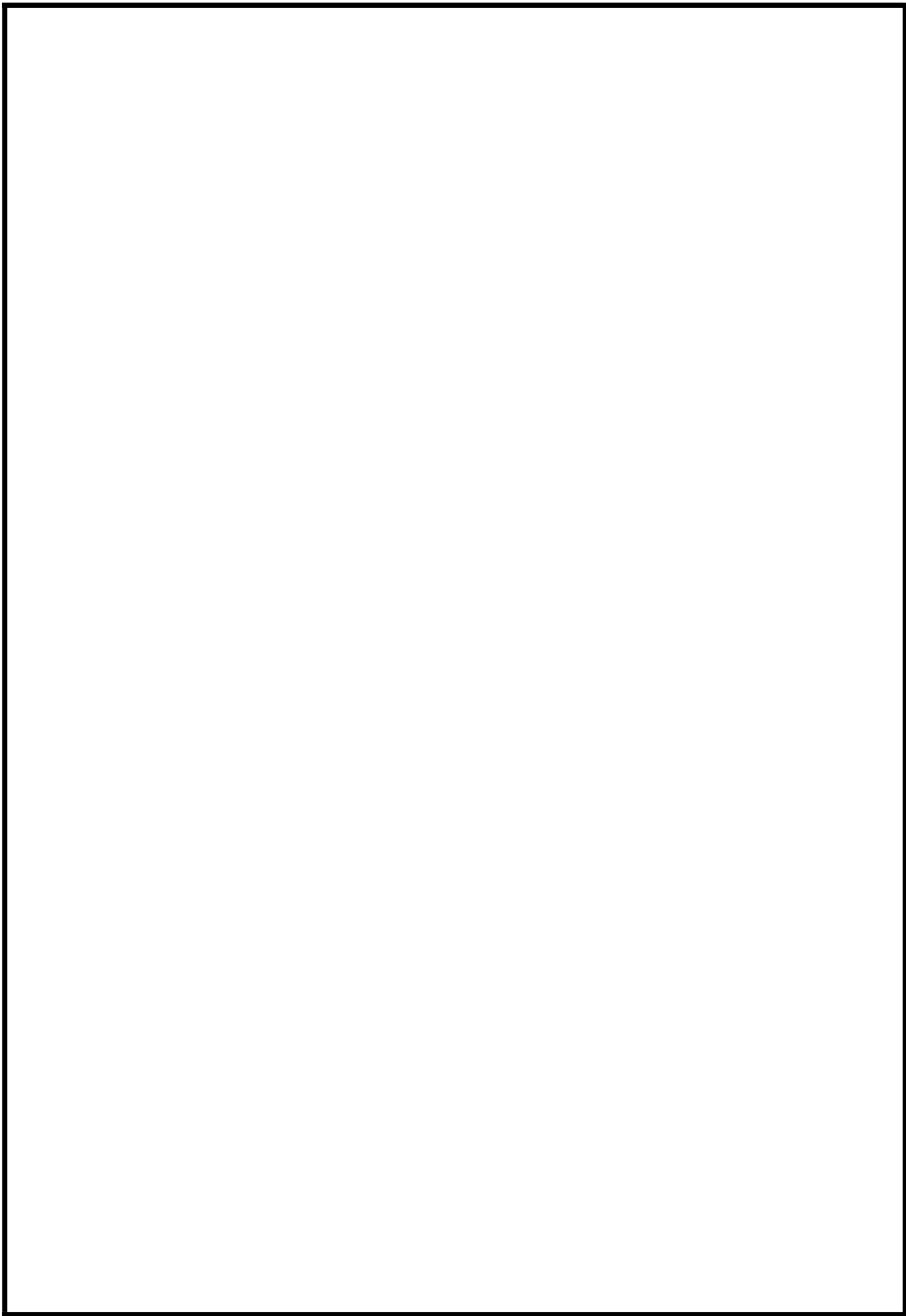
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Course Outcome

CO1	Apply knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different applications.
CO2	Analyse Searching and Inferencing Techniques.
CO3	Design a reasoning system for a given requirement.
CO4	Conduct practical experiments for demonstrating agents, searching and inferencing.



1. Implement Tic-Tac-Toe Game.

```

experiment 1: Implement Tic-Tac-Toe game.

code:
import random
board = [' ' for _ in range(9)]
def insertLetter(letter, pos):
    global board
    board[pos] = letter
def spaceIsFree(pos):
    return board[pos] == ' '
def printBoard(board):
    print(' ' + board[0] + ' | ' + board[1] + ' | ' +
          board[2] + ' | ')
    print('-----')
    print(' ' + board[3] + ' | ' + board[4] + ' | ' +
          board[5] + ' | ')
    print('-----')
    print(' ' + board[6] + ' | ' + board[7] + ' | ' +
          board[8] + ' | ')
def isWinner(bo, res):
    return (
        (bo[0] == res and bo[1] == res and bo[2] == res) or
        (bo[3] == res and bo[4] == res and bo[5] == res) or
        (bo[6] == res and bo[7] == res and bo[8] == res) or
        (bo[0] == res and bo[3] == res and bo[6] == res) or
        (bo[1] == res and bo[4] == res and bo[7] == res) or
        (bo[2] == res and bo[5] == res and bo[8] == res) or
        (bo[0] == res and bo[4] == res and bo[8] == res) or
        (bo[2] == res and bo[3] == res and bo[8] == res)
    )

def playGame():
    global board
    turn = True
    while True:
        move = input('Please select a position X(1-9): ')
        try:
            move = int(move)
            if 1 <= move <= 9:
                if spaceIsFree(move):
                    turn = False
                    insertLetter('X', move)
                else:
                    print('Sorry, this space is occupied!')
            else:
                print('Please type a number within the range!')
        except ValueError:
            print('Please type a number!')

    def computerMove():
        global board
        possibleMoves = [x for x, letter in enumerate(board) if letter == ' ' and x != 0]
        for i in [0, 1, 2]:
            for j in possibleMoves:
                boardCopy = board[:]
                boardCopy[j] = 'O'
                if isWinner(boardCopy, 'O'):
                    return j
    cornerSpots = [0, 2, 6, 8]
    for i in possibleMoves:
        if i in cornerSpots:
            board[i] = 'O'
            return i
    # If no corner spots are available, choose a random spot
    return random.choice(possibleMoves)

def main():
    printBoard(board)
    while True:
        print('X's won this time! Good Job!')
        break
    if isBoardFull(board):
        print('Tie Game!')
    while True:
        answer = input('Do you want to play again? (Yes/No) ')
        if answer.lower() == 'y' or answer.lower() == 'yes':
            board = [' ' for _ in range(9)]
            print(' ' + board[0] + ' | ' + board[1] + ' | ' + board[2] + ' | ')
            print('-----')
            print(' ' + board[3] + ' | ' + board[4] + ' | ' + board[5] + ' | ')
            print('-----')
            print(' ' + board[6] + ' | ' + board[7] + ' | ' + board[8] + ' | ')
            main()
        else:
            break

    main()

    Output: (User winning)
    Welcome to Tic Tac Toe!
    | |
    | |
    | |
    -----
    Please select a position to place on 'X' (1-9): 1
    X | |
    | |
    | |
    -----
    Computer placed on 'O' in position 7
    X | |
    | |
    O | |
    -----
    Please select a position to place on 'X' (1-9): 3
    X | |
    | |
    O | |
    -----
    X's won this time! Good Job!

    Computer winning
    Welcome to Tic Tac Toe
    | |
    | |
    | |
    -----
    Please select a position to place on 'X' (1-9): 2
    X | |
    | |
    | |
    -----
    Computer placed on 'O' in position 1:
    X | |
    | |
    | |
    -----
    O | |
    -----
    X's won this time! Good Job!

```

```

import math
import copy

X = "X"
O = "O"
EMPTY = None

def initial_state():
    return [[EMPTY, EMPTY, EMPTY],
            [EMPTY, EMPTY, EMPTY],
            [EMPTY, EMPTY, EMPTY]]

def player(board):
    countO = 0
    countX = 0
    for y in [0, 1, 2]:
        for x in board[y]:
            if x == "O":
                countO = countO + 1
            elif x == "X":
                countX = countX + 1
    if countO >= countX:
        return X
    elif countX > countO:
        return O

def actions(board):
    freeboxes = set()
    for i in [0, 1, 2]:

```

```

    for j in [0, 1, 2]:
        if board[i][j] == EMPTY:
            freeboxes.add((i, j))
    return freeboxes

```

```

def result(board, action):
    i = action[0]
    j = action[1]
    if type(action) == list:
        action = (i, j)
    if action in actions(board):
        if player(board) == X:
            board[i][j] = X
        elif player(board) == O:
            board[i][j] = O
    return board

```

```

def winner(board):
    if (board[0][0] == board[0][1] == board[0][2] == X or board[1][0] == board[1][1] == board[1][2] == X or board[2][0] == board[2][1] == board[2][2] == X):
        return X
    if (board[0][0] == board[0][1] == board[0][2] == O or board[1][0] == board[1][1] == board[1][2] == O or board[2][0] == board[2][1] == board[2][2] == O):
        return O
    for i in [0, 1, 2]:
        s2 = []
        for j in [0, 1, 2]:
            s2.append(board[j][i])
        if (s2[0] == s2[1] == s2[2]):

```



```

        return s2[0]
    strikeD = []
    for i in [0, 1, 2]:
        strikeD.append(board[i][i])
    if (strikeD[0] == strikeD[1] == strikeD[2]):
        return strikeD[0]
    if (board[0][2] == board[1][1] == board[2][0]):
        return board[0][2]
    return None

def terminal(board):
    Full = True
    for i in [0, 1, 2]:
        for j in board[i]:
            if j is None:
                Full = False
    if Full:
        return True
    if (winner(board) is not None):
        return True
    return False

def utility(board):
    if (winner(board) == X):
        return 1
    elif winner(board) == O:
        return -1
    else:

```

```
return 0
```

```
def minimax_helper(board):  
    isMaxTurn = True if player(board) == X else False  
    if terminal(board):  
        return utility(board)  
  
    scores = []  
    for move in actions(board):  
        result(board, move)  
        scores.append(minimax_helper(board))  
        board[move[0]][move[1]] = EMPTY  
    return max(scores) if isMaxTurn else min(scores)
```

```
def minimax(board):  
    isMaxTurn = True if player(board) == X else False  
    bestMove = None  
    if isMaxTurn:  
        bestScore = -math.inf  
        for move in actions(board):  
            result(board, move)  
            score = minimax_helper(board)  
            board[move[0]][move[1]] = EMPTY  
            if (score > bestScore):  
                bestScore = score  
                bestMove = move  
        return bestMove  
    else:
```

```

    bestScore = +math.inf
    for move in actions(board):
        result(board, move)
        score = minimax_helper(board)
        board[move[0]][move[1]] = EMPTY
        if (score < bestScore):
            bestScore = score
            bestMove = move
    return bestMove

def print_board(board):
    for row in board:
        print(row)

# Example usage:
game_board = initial_state()
print("Initial Board:")
print_board(game_board)

while not terminal(game_board):
    if player(game_board) == X:
        user_input = input("\nEnter your move (row, column): ")
        row, col = map(int, user_input.split(','))
        result(game_board, (row, col))
    else:
        print("\nAI is making a move...")
        move = minimax(copy.deepcopy(game_board))
        result(game_board, move)

```

```

print("\nCurrent Board:")

print_board(game_board)

# Determine the winner

if winner(game_board) is not None:

    print(f"\nThe winner is: {winner(game_board)}")

else:

    print("\nIt's a tie!")

```

OUTPUT:

```

Initial Board:
[None, None, None]
[None, None, None]
[None, None, None]

```

Enter your move (row, column): 1,2

```

Current Board:
[None, None, None]
[None, None, 'X']
[None, None, None]

```

AI is making a move...

```

Current Board:
[None, None, None]
[None, 'O', 'X']
[None, None, None]

```

Enter your move (row, column): 0,0

```

Current Board:
['X', None, None]
[None, 'O', 'X']
[None, None, None]

```

AI is making a move...

```

Current Board:
['X', 'O', None]
[None, 'O', 'X']
[None, None, None]

```

Enter your move (row, column): 2,1

```

Current Board:
['X', 'O', None]
[None, 'O', 'X']
[None, 'X', None]

```

AI is making a move...

```

Current Board:
['X', 'O', None]
[None, 'O', 'X']
['O', 'X', None]

```

Enter your move (row, column): 1,0

```

Current Board:
['X', 'O', None]
['X', 'O', 'X']
['O', 'X', None]

```

AI is making a move...

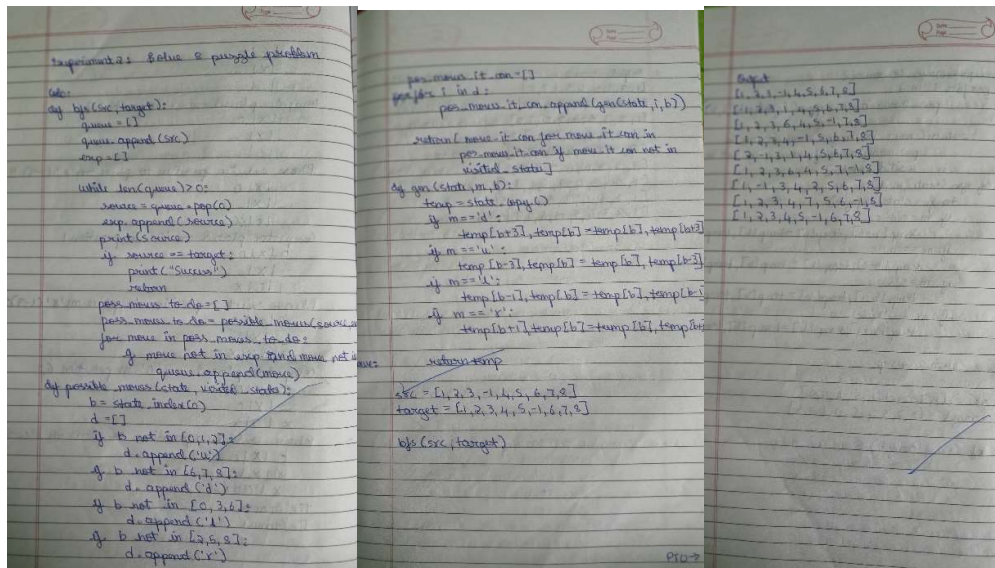
```

Current Board:
['X', 'O', 'O']
['X', 'O', 'X']
['O', 'X', None]

```

The winner is: O

2. Solve 8 puzzle problems.



```
def bfs(src,target):
```

```
    queue = []
```

```
    queue.append(src)
```

```
    exp = []
```

```
    while len(queue) > 0:
```

```
        source = queue.pop(0)
```

```
        exp.append(source)
```

```
        print(source)
```

```
        if source==target:
```

```
            print("Success")
```

```
            return
```

```
        poss_moves_to_do = []
```

```
        poss_moves_to_do = possible_moves(source,exp)
```

```

    for move in poss_moves_to_do:

        if move not in exp and move not in queue:
            queue.append(move)
def possible_moves(state,visited_states):
    #index of empty spot
    b = state.index(0)

    #directions array
    d = []
    #Add all the possible directions

    if b not in [0,1,2]:
        d.append('u')
    if b not in [6,7,8]:
        d.append('d')
    if b not in [0,3,6]:
        d.append('l')
    if b not in [2,5,8]:
        d.append('r')

    # If direction is possible then add state to move
    pos_moves_it_can = []

    # for all possible directions find the state if that move is played
    ### Jump to gen function to generate all possible moves in the given directions

    for i in d:
        pos_moves_it_can.append(gen(state,i,b))

```

```
    return [move_it_can for move_it_can in pos_moves_it_can if move_it_can not in
visited_states]
```

```
def gen(state, m, b):
```

```
    temp = state.copy()
```

```
    if m=='d':
```

```
        temp[b+3],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b+3]
```

```
    if m=='u':
```

```
        temp[b-3],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b-3]
```

```
    if m=='l':
```

```
        temp[b-1],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b-1]
```

```
    if m=='r':
```

```
        temp[b+1],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b+1]
```

```
    # return new state with tested move to later check if "src == target"
```

```
    return temp
```

```
print("Example 1")
```

```
src= [2,0,3,1,8,4,7,6,5]
```

```
target=[1,2,3,8,0,4,7,6,5]
```

```
print("Source: " , src)
```

```
print("Goal State: " , target)
```

```
bfs(src, target)
```

```
print("\nExample 2")
```

```
src = [1,2,3,0,4,5,6,7,8]
```

```
target = [1,2,3,4,5,0,6,7,8]
print("Source: " , src)
print("Goal State: " , target)
bfs(src, target)
```

OUTPUT:

```
Example 1
Source: [2, 0, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 8, 0, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 0, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 0, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[0, 2, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 3, 0, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, 7, 0, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 0, 1, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 4, 0, 7, 6, 5]
[1, 2, 3, 0, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 3, 4, 1, 8, 0, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, 0, 7, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, 7, 5, 0]
[0, 8, 3, 2, 1, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 7, 1, 4, 0, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 0, 1, 4, 3, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 4, 5, 7, 6, 0]
[1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 4, 0, 6, 5]
[1, 2, 3, 8, 0, 4, 7, 6, 5]
Success

Example 2
Source: [1, 2, 3, 0, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 0, 6, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 0, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[0, 2, 3, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, 0, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 0, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[2, 0, 3, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, 7, 0, 8]
[1, 0, 3, 4, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 5, 6, 0, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 0, 6, 7, 8]
Success
```


3. Implement Iterative deepening search algorithm.

Experiment 3: Implement vacuum cleaner agent

Code:

```

def vacuum_world():
    goal_state = {'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
    cost = 0
    location_input = input("Enter location of Vacuum")
    status_input = input("Enter status of " +
        location_input)
    status_input_complement = input("Enter
        status of other room")
    print("Initial location condition " + str(goal_state))

    if location_input == 'A':
        print("Vacuum is placed in location A")
        if status_input == '1':
            print("Location A is Dirty.")
            goal_state['A'] = '0'
            cost += 1
            print("Cost for cleaning A " + str(cost))
            print("Location A has been cleaned")
            if status_input_complement == '1':
                print("Location B is Dirty.")
                print("Moving right to the
                    location B.")
                cost += 1
                print("Cost for moving Right " + str(cost))
                goal_state['B'] = '0'
                cost += 1
                print("Cost for Suck " + str(cost))
                print("Location B has been cleaned.")
            else:
                print("No action " + str(cost))
                print(cost)
                print("Location B is already clean")
        else:
            print("Vacuum is placed in location B")
            if status_input == '1':
                print("Location B is Dirty.")
                goal_state['B'] = '0'
                cost += 1
                print("Cost for cleaning " + str(cost))
                print("Location B has been cleaned.")
            else:
                print("No action " + str(cost))
                print(cost)
                print("Location B is already clean")

    if status_input_complement == '1':
        print("Location A is Dirty.")
        print("Moving left to the location A.")
        cost += 1
        print("Cost for moving left " + str(cost))
        goal_state['A'] = '0'
        cost += 1
        print("Cost for Suck " + str(cost))
        print("Location A has been cleaned.")
    else:
        print(cost)
        print("Location B is already clean")

    if status_input_complement == '1':
        print("Location A is Dirty.")
        print("Moving left to location A.")
        cost += 1
        print("Cost for moving left " + str(cost))
        goal_state['A'] = '0'
        cost += 1
        print("Cost for suck " + str(cost))
        print("Location A has been cleaned.")
    else:
        print("No action " + str(cost))
        print("Location A is already clean")

    print("Goal state: ")
    print(goal_state)
    print("Performance: " + str(cost))
    vacuum_world()

```

Output:

```

Enter location of Vacuum = A
Enter status of A = 1
Enter status of other room = 0
Initial location condition = {'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
Vacuum is placed in location A
Location A is Dirty
Cost for cleaning A = 1
Location A has been cleaned
Location B is already clean
No action
Cost = 0
Goal state:
{'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
Performance Measurement: 0

```

6/12/23

```

def iterative_deepening_search(src, target):
    depth_limit = 0
    while True:
        result = depth_limited_search(src, target, depth_limit, [])
        if result is not None:
            print("Success")
            return
        depth_limit += 1
        if depth_limit > 30: # Set a reasonable depth limit to avoid an infinite loop
            print("Solution not found within depth limit.")
            return

def depth_limited_search(src, target, depth_limit, visited_states):
    if src == target:
        print_state(src)
        return src

    if depth_limit == 0:
        return None

    visited_states.append(src)
    poss_moves_to_do = possible_moves(src, visited_states)

    for move in poss_moves_to_do:
        if move not in visited_states:
            print_state(move)
            result = depth_limited_search(move, target, depth_limit - 1, visited_states)
            if result is not None:
                return result

```

```

    return None

def possible_moves(state, visited_states):
    b = state.index(0)
    d = []

    if b not in [0, 1, 2]:
        d.append('u')
    if b not in [6, 7, 8]:
        d.append('d')
    if b not in [0, 3, 6]:
        d.append('l')
    if b not in [2, 5, 8]:
        d.append('r')

    pos_moves_it_can = []

    for i in d:
        pos_moves_it_can.append(gen(state, i, b))

    return [move_it_can for move_it_can in pos_moves_it_can if move_it_can not in
visited_states]

def gen(state, m, b):
    temp = state.copy()

    if m == 'd':
        temp[b + 3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b + 3]
    elif m == 'u':
        temp[b - 3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b - 3]
    elif m == 'l':

```

```

        temp[b - 1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b - 1]

    elif m == 'r':

        temp[b + 1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b + 1]

    return temp

def print_state(state):

    print(f"{state[0]} {state[1]} {state[2]}\n{state[3]} {state[4]} {state[5]}\n{state[6]} {state[7]} {state[8]}\n")

print("Example 1")

src = [1,2,3,0,4,5,6,7,8]

target = [1,2,3,4,5,0,6,7,8]

print("Source: " , src)

print("Goal State: " , target)

iterative_deepening_search(src, target)

```

OUTPUT:

```

Example 1
Source: [1, 2, 3, 0, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 0, 6, 7, 8]
0 2 3      1 0 3
1 4 5      4 2 5
6 7 8      6 7 8

1 2 3      1 2 3
6 4 5      4 7 5
0 7 8      6 0 8

0 2 3      1 2 3
1 4 5      4 5 0
6 7 8      6 7 8

2 0 3      1 2 3
1 4 5      4 5 0
6 7 8      6 7 8

1 2 3      1 2 3
6 4 5      4 5 0
0 7 8      6 7 8

1 2 3      4 5 0
6 4 5      6 7 8
7 0 8

1 2 3      Success
4 0 5
6 7 8

```

4. Implement A* search algorithm.

```

Experiment 4: Implement A* search algorithm and demonstrate how it finds the shortest path between two points using the algorithm.

class PuzgNode:
    def __init__(self, state, parent=None, action=None):
        self.state = state
        self.parent = parent
        self.action = action

    def __eq__(self, other):
        return self.state == other.state

    def __hash__(self):
        return hash(self.state)

def get_block_position(state):
    for i in range(4):
        for j in range(4):
            if state[i][j] == 0:
                return i, j

def actions(state):
    i, j = get_block_position(state)
    possible_actions = []
    if i > 0:
        possible_actions.append("up")
    if i < 3:
        possible_actions.append("down")
    if j > 0:
        possible_actions.append("left")
    if j < 4:
        possible_actions.append("right")

    return possible_actions

def apply_action(state, action):
    i, j = get_block_position(state)

    if action == "up":
        state[i][j], state[i-1][j] = state[i-1][j], state[i][j]
    elif action == "down":
        state[i][j], state[i+1][j] = state[i+1][j], state[i][j]
    elif action == "left":
        state[i][j], state[i][j-1] = state[i][j-1], state[i][j]
    elif action == "right":
        state[i][j], state[i][j+1] = state[i][j+1], state[i][j]

    return state

def goal_test(state):
    goal_state = [[1, 3, 2], [2, 0, 4], [3, 1, 5]]
    return state == goal_state

def depth_limited_search(node, depth_limit):
    if depth_limit == 0:
        return None
    if goal_test(state):
        return node

    for action in actions(state):
        child_state = apply_action(state, action)
        child_node = PuzgNode(child_state, node, action)
        parent = node, action

    return possible_actions

def print_solution(solution, node):
    solution_path = []
    while solution_node is not None:
        solution_path.append(solution_node.state)
        solution_node = solution_node.parent

    for state in reversed(solution_path):
        print(state)

def print_state(state):
    for row in state:
        print(row)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    initial_state = [[0, 3, 2], [1, 0, 4], [3, 1, 5]]
    solution_node = None
    print("Initial state:")
    print(initial_state)
    print("Initial node:")
    print(PuzgNode(initial_state))

```

Output

```

[[0, 3, 2],
 [1, 0, 4],
 [3, 1, 5]]

[[1, 3, 2],
 [2, 0, 4],
 [3, 1, 5]]

[[1, 3, 2],
 [2, 0, 4],
 [3, 1, 5]]

[[1, 3, 2],
 [2, 0, 4],
 [3, 1, 5]]

```

```

def print_grid(src):
    state = src.copy()
    state[state.index(-1)] = ''
    print(
        f"""
        {state[0]} {state[1]} {state[2]}
        {state[3]} {state[4]} {state[5]}
    """
    )

```

```

{state[6]} {state[7]} {state[8]}
    """
)

def h(state, target):
    #Manhattan distance
    dist = 0
    for i in state:
        d1, d2 = state.index(i), target.index(i)
        x1, y1 = d1 % 3, d1 // 3
        x2, y2 = d2 % 3, d2 // 3
        dist += abs(x1-x2) + abs(y1-y2)
    return dist

def astar(src, target):
    states = [src]
    g = 0
    visited_states = set()
    while len(states):
        moves = []
        for state in states:
            visited_states.add(tuple(state))
            print_grid(state)
            if state == target:
                print("Success")
                return
            moves += [move for move in possible_moves(state, visited_states) if move not in moves]
        costs = [g + h(move, target) for move in moves]
        states = [moves[i] for i in range(len(moves)) if costs[i] == min(costs)]
        g += 1

```

```

print("Fail")

def possible_moves(state, visited_states):
    b = state.index(-1)
    d = []
    if 9 > b - 3 >= 0:
        d += 'u'
    if 9 > b + 3 >= 0:
        d += 'd'
    if b not in [2,5,8]:
        d += 'r'
    if b not in [0,3,6]:
        d += 'l'
    pos_moves = []
    for move in d:
        pos_moves.append(gen(state,move,b))
    return [move for move in pos_moves if tuple(move) not in visited_states]

def gen(state, direction, b):
    temp = state.copy()
    if direction == 'u':
        temp[b-3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b-3]
    if direction == 'd':
        temp[b+3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b+3]
    if direction == 'r':
        temp[b+1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b+1]
    if direction == 'l':
        temp[b-1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b-1]
    return temp

```

```
#Test 1

print("Example 1")

src = [1,2,3,-1,4,5,6,7,8]
target = [1,2,3,4,5,-1,6,7,8]

print("Source: " , src)
print("Goal State: " , target)

astar(src, target)
```

```
# Test 2

print("Example 2")

src = [1,2,3,-1,4,5,6,7,8]
target=[1,2,3,6,4,5,-1,7,8]

print("Source: " , src)
print("Goal State: " , target)

astar(src, target)
```

```
# Test 3

print("Example 3")

src = [1,2,3,7,4,5,6,-1,8]
target=[1,2,3,6,4,5,-1,7,8]

print("Source: " , src)
print("Goal State: " , target)

astar(src, target)
```


OUTPUT:

Example 1

Source: [1, 2, 3, -1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]

Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, -1, 6, 7, 8]

```
1 2 3
  4 5
6 7 8
```

```
1 2 3
4   5
6 7 8
```

```
1 2 3
4 5
6 7 8
```

Success

Example 2

Source: [1, 2, 3, -1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]

Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, -1, 7, 8]

```
1 2 3
  4 5
6 7 8
```

```
1 2 3
6 4 5
  7 8
```

Success

Example 3

Source: [1, 2, 3, 7, 4, 5, 6, -1, 8]

Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, -1, 7, 8]

```
1 2 3
7 4 5
6   8
```

```
1 2 3
7 4 5
  6 8
```

```
1 2 3
  4 5
7 6 8
```

```
  2 3
1 4 5
7 6 8
```

```
1 2 3
4   5
7 6 8
```

```
1 2 3
4 6 5
7   8
```

```
1 2 3
  6 5
4 7 8
```

```
1 2 3
  6 5
4 7 8
```

```
1 2 3
6 7 5
4   8
```

```
1 2 3
6 7 5
  4 8
```

```
1 2 3
  7 5
6 4 8
```

```
  2 3
1 7 5
6 4 8
```

```
1 2 3
7   5
6 4 8
```

```
7 1 3
4 6 5
  2 8
```

```
7 1 3
4 6 5
2   8
```

```
7 1 3
4   5
2 6 8
```

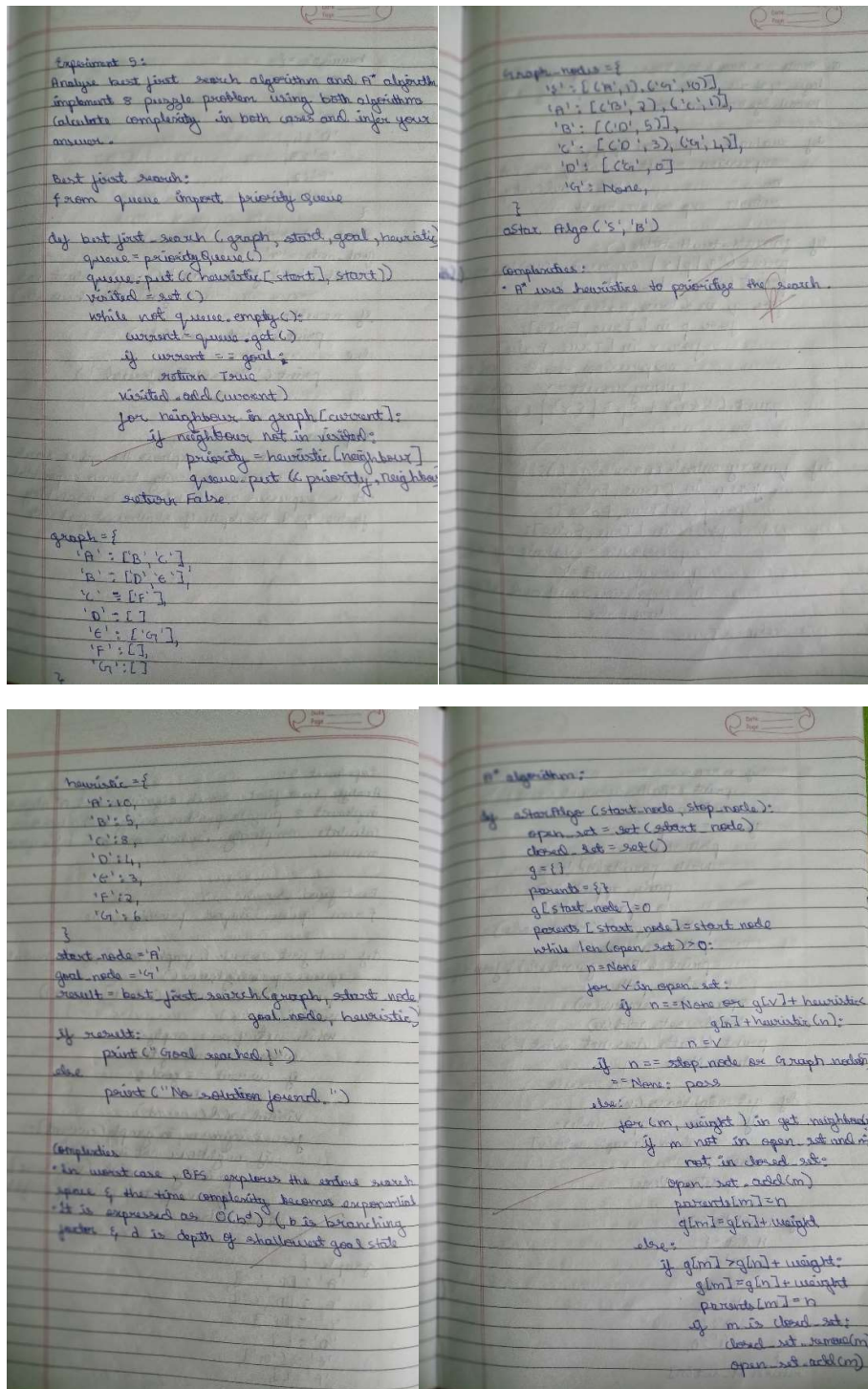
```
7 1 3
4 6 5
2 8
```

```
7 1 3
  4 5
2 6 8
```

```
7 1 3
2 4 5
  6 8
```

Fail

5. Implement vacuum cleaner agent.



def clean(floor, row, col):

i, j, m, n = row, col, len(floor), len(floor[0])

goRight = goDown = True

cleaned = [not any(f) for f in floor]

```

while not all(cleaned):
    while any(floor[i]):
        print_floor(floor, i, j)
        if floor[i][j]:
            floor[i][j] = 0
            print_floor(floor, i, j)
        if not any(floor[i]):
            cleaned[i] = True
            break
        if j == n - 1:
            j -= 1
            goRight = False
        elif j == 0:
            j += 1
            goRight = True
        else:
            j += 1 if goRight else -1
    if all(cleaned):
        break
    if i == m - 1:
        i -= 1
        goDown = False
    elif i == 0:
        i += 1
        goDown = True
    else:
        i += 1 if goDown else -1
    if cleaned[i]:
        print_floor(floor, i, j)

```

```

def print_floor(floor, row, col): # row, col represent the current vacuum cleaner position
    for r in range(len(floor)):
        for c in range(len(floor[r])):
            if r == row and c == col:
                print(f">{floor[r][c]}< ", end = "")
            else:
                print(f" {floor[r][c]} ", end = "")
        print(end = '\n')
    print(end = '\n')

# Test 1
floor = [[1, 0, 0, 0],
          [0, 1, 0, 1],
          [1, 0, 1, 1]]

print("Room Condition: ")
for row in floor:
    print(row)
print("\n")
clean(floor, 1, 2)

```

OUTPUT:

Room Condition:

[1, 0, 0, 0]

[0, 1, 0, 1]

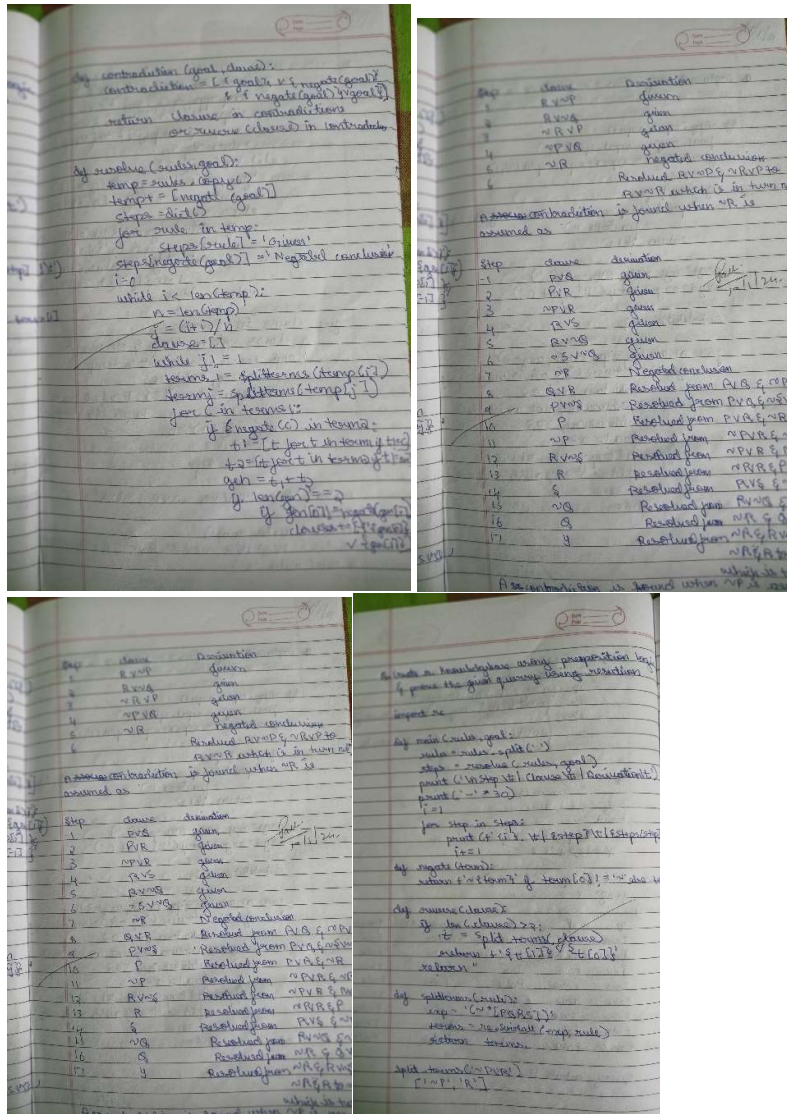
[1, 0, 1, 1]

1	0	0	0
0	1	>0<	1
1	0	1	1
1	0	0	0
0	1	0	>1<
1	0	1	1
1	0	0	0
0	1	0	>0<
1	0	1	1
1	0	0	0
0	1	>0<	0
1	0	1	1
1	0	0	0
0	>1<	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	0	0	0
0	>0<	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
1	>0<	1	1

1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
>1<	0	1	1
1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
>0<	0	1	1
1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
0	>0<	1	1
1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
0	0	>1<	1
1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
0	0	>0<	1
1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	>1<
1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	>0<
1	0	0	0
0	0	0	>0<
0	0	0	0
1	0	0	>0<
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0

1	0	>0<	0
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
1	>0<	0	0
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
>1<	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
>0<	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0

6. Create a knowledge base using propositional logic and show that the given query entails the knowledge base or not.



```
def evaluate_expression(p, q, r):
```

```
    expression_result = (p or q) and (not r or p)
```

```
    return expression_result
```

```
def generate_truth_table():
```

```
    print(" p | q | r | Expression (KB) | Query (p^r)")
```

```
    print("----|----|----|-----|-----")
```

```
    for p in [True, False]:
```

```

for q in [True, False]:
    for r in [True, False]:
        expression_result = evaluate_expression(p, q, r)
        query_result = p and r

        print(f" {p} | {q} | {r} | {expression_result}          | {query_result}")

def query_entails_knowledge():
    for p in [True, False]:
        for q in [True, False]:
            for r in [True, False]:
                expression_result = evaluate_expression(p, q, r)
                query_result = p and r

                if expression_result and not query_result:
                    return False

    return True

def main():
    generate_truth_table()

    if query_entails_knowledge():
        print("\nQuery entails the knowledge.")
    else:
        print("\nQuery does not entail the knowledge.")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```


OUTPUT:

KB: (p or q) and (not r or p)

p	q	r	Expression (KB)	Query (p^r)
True	True	True	True	True
True	True	False	True	False
True	False	True	True	True
True	False	False	True	False
False	True	True	False	False
False	True	False	True	False
False	False	True	False	False
False	False	False	False	False

Query does not entail the knowledge.

7. Create a knowledge base using propositional logic and prove the given query using resolution

Q. Implement unification in first order logic

```
def unify(expr1, expr2):  
    func1, args1 = expr1.split('(')  
    func2, args2 = expr2.split('(')  
    if func1 != func2:  
        print("Expressions cannot be unified. Different functions")  
        return None  
    args1 = args1.strip(')').split(',')  
    args2 = args2.strip(')').split(',')  
    substitution = {}  
    for a1, a2 in zip(args1, args2):  
        if a1.islower() & a2.islower():  
            substitution[a1] = a2  
        elif a1.islower() & not a2.islower():  
            substitution[a1] = a2  
        elif not a1 == a2:  
            print("Expressions cannot be unified. Incompatible arguments")  
            return None  
    return substitution
```

```
def apply_substitution(expr, substitution):  
    for key, value in substitution.items():  
        expr = expr.replace(key, value)  
    return expr  
  
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    expr1 = input("Enter the first expression")  
    expr2 = input("Enter the second expression")  
    substitution = unify(expr1, expr2)  
    if substitution:  
        print("The substitution are:")  
        for key, value in substitution.items():  
            print(f"{key} : {value}")  
        expr1_result = apply_substitution(expr1, substitution)  
        expr2_result = apply_substitution(expr2, substitution)  
        print(f"Unified expression 1: {expr1_result}")  
        print(f"Unified expression 2: {expr2_result}")  
    else:  
        print("The substitution are:  
X/Z  
Unified expression 1: Knows(John, Z)  
Unified expression 2: Knows(John, Z)
```

```

import re

def main(rules, goal):
    rules = rules.split(' ')
    steps = resolve(rules, goal)
    print("\nStep\t|Clause\t|Derivation\t")
    print('-' * 30)
    i = 1
    for step in steps:
        print(f' {i}.\t| {step}\t| {steps[step]}\t')
        i += 1

def negate(term):
    return f'~{term}' if term[0] != '~' else term[1]

def reverse(clause):
    if len(clause) > 2:
        t = split_terms(clause)
        return f'{t[1]}\v{t[0]}'
    return ""

def split_terms(rule):
    exp = '(~*[PQRS])'
    terms = re.findall(exp, rule)
    return terms

split_terms('~PvR')

def contradiction(goal, clause):
    contradictions = [ f'{goal}\v{negate(goal)}', f'{negate(goal)}\v{goal}' ]
    return clause in contradictions or reverse(clause) in contradictions

def resolve(rules, goal):
    temp = rules.copy()

```

```

temp += [negate(goal)]
steps = dict()
for rule in temp:
    steps[rule] = 'Given.'
steps[negate(goal)] = 'Negated conclusion.'
i = 0
while i < len(temp):
    n = len(temp)
    j = (i + 1) % n
    clauses = []
    while j != i:
        terms1 = split_terms(temp[i])
        terms2 = split_terms(temp[j])
        for c in terms1:
            if negate(c) in terms2:
                t1 = [t for t in terms1 if t != c]
                t2 = [t for t in terms2 if t != negate(c)]
                gen = t1 + t2
                if len(gen) == 2:
                    if gen[0] != negate(gen[1]):
                        clauses += [f'{gen[0]} v {gen[1]}']
                    else:
                        if contradiction(goal, f'{gen[0]} v {gen[1]}'):
                            temp.append(f'{gen[0]} v {gen[1]}')
                            steps[""] = f'Resolved {temp[i]} and {temp[j]} to {temp[-1]}, which is in
turn null. \
\nA contradiction is found when {negate(goal)} is assumed as true.
Hence, {goal} is true."
                            return steps
                        elif len(gen) == 1:
                            clauses += [f'{gen[0]}']

```

```

else:
    if contradiction(goal,f {terms1[0]}v {terms2[0]}'):
        temp.append(f {terms1[0]}v {terms2[0]}')
        steps[""] = f'Resolved {temp[i]} and {temp[j]} to {temp[-1]}, which is in
turn null. \
        \nA contradiction is found when {negate(goal)} is assumed as true. Hence,
{goal} is true.'
        return steps
    for clause in clauses:
        if clause not in temp and clause != reverse(clause) and reverse(clause) not in temp:
            temp.append(clause)
            steps[clause] = f'Resolved from {temp[i]} and {temp[j]}.'
        j = (j + 1) % n
        i += 1
    return steps

rules = 'Rv~P Rv~Q ~RvP ~RvQ' # (P^Q)<=>R : (Rv~P)v(Rv~Q)^(~RvP)^(~RvQ)
goal = 'R'
print('Rules: ',rules)
print("Goal: ",goal)
main(rules, goal)

rules = 'PvQ ~PvR ~QvR' # P=vQ, P=>Q : ~PvQ, Q=>R, ~QvR
goal = 'R'
print('Rules: ',rules)
print("Goal: ",goal)
main(rules, goal)

rules = 'PvQ PvR ~PvR RvS Rv~Q ~Sv~Q' # (P=>Q)=>Q, (P=>P)=>R, (R=>S)=>~(S=>Q)
goal = 'R'
print('Rules: ',rules)
print("Goal: ",goal)

```

main(rules, goal)

OUTPUT:

Example 1

Rules: $R \vee \sim P$ $R \vee \sim Q$ $\sim R \vee P$ $\sim R \vee Q$

Goal: R

Step	Clause	Derivation

1.	$R \vee \sim P$	Given.
2.	$R \vee \sim Q$	Given.
3.	$\sim R \vee P$	Given.
4.	$\sim R \vee Q$	Given.
5.	$\sim R$	Negated conclusion.
6.		Resolved $R \vee \sim P$ and $\sim R$ to $\sim P$, which is in turn null.
A contradiction is found when $\sim R$ is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.		

Example 2

Rules: $P \vee Q$ $\sim P \vee R$ $\sim Q \vee R$

Goal: R

Step	Clause	Derivation

1.	$P \vee Q$	Given.
2.	$\sim P \vee R$	Given.
3.	$\sim Q \vee R$	Given.
4.	$\sim R$	Negated conclusion.
5.	$Q \vee R$	Resolved from $P \vee Q$ and $\sim P$.
6.	$P \vee R$	Resolved from $P \vee Q$ and $\sim Q$.
7.	$\sim P$	Resolved from $\sim P \vee R$ and $\sim R$.
8.	$\sim Q$	Resolved from $\sim Q \vee R$ and $\sim R$.
9.	Q	Resolved from $\sim R$ and $Q \vee R$.
10.	P	Resolved from $\sim R$ and $P \vee R$.
11.	R	Resolved from Q and $\sim Q$.
12.		Resolved R and $\sim R$ to $R \vee \sim R$, which is in turn null.
A contradiction is found when $\sim R$ is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.		

Example 3

Rules: $P \vee Q$ $P \vee R$ $\sim P \vee R$ $R \vee S$ $R \vee \sim Q$ $\sim S \vee \sim Q$

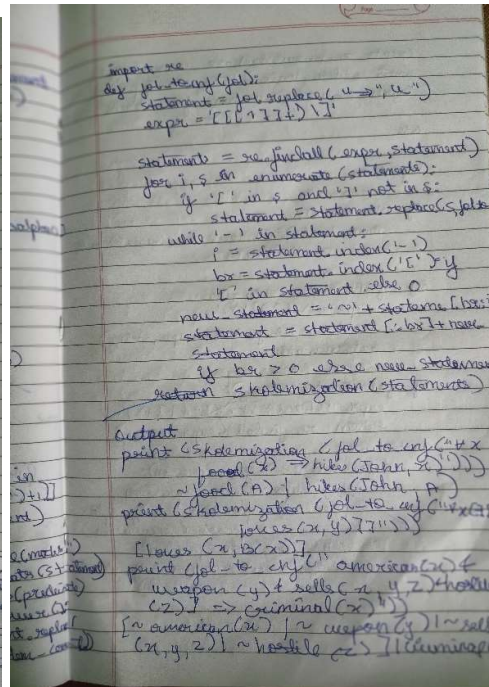
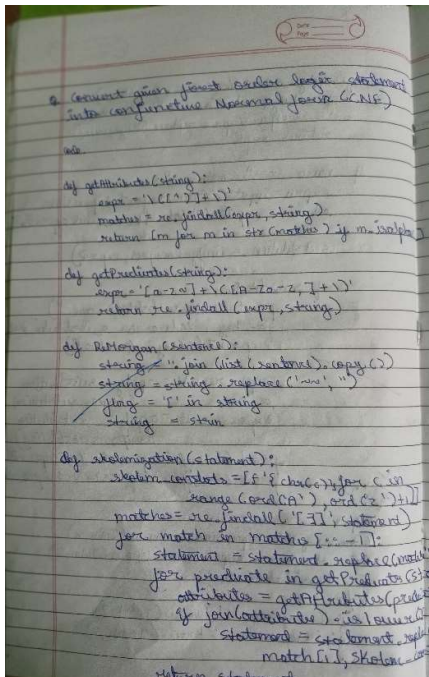
Goal: R

Step	Clause	Derivation

1.	$P \vee Q$	Given.
2.	$P \vee R$	Given.
3.	$\sim P \vee R$	Given.
4.	$R \vee S$	Given.
5.	$R \vee \sim Q$	Given.
6.	$\sim S \vee \sim Q$	Given.
7.	$\sim R$	Negated conclusion.
8.	$Q \vee R$	Resolved from $P \vee Q$ and $\sim P \vee R$.
9.	$P \vee \sim S$	Resolved from $P \vee Q$ and $\sim S \vee \sim Q$.
10.	P	Resolved from $P \vee R$ and $\sim R$.
11.	$\sim P$	Resolved from $\sim P \vee R$ and $\sim R$.
12.	$R \vee \sim S$	Resolved from $\sim P \vee R$ and $P \vee \sim S$.
13.	R	Resolved from $\sim P \vee R$ and P .
14.	S	Resolved from $R \vee S$ and $\sim R$.
15.	$\sim Q$	Resolved from $R \vee \sim Q$ and $\sim R$.
16.	Q	Resolved from $\sim R$ and $Q \vee R$.
17.	$\sim S$	Resolved from $\sim R$ and $R \vee \sim S$.
18.		Resolved $\sim R$ and R to $\sim R \vee R$, which is in turn null.

A contradiction is found when $\sim R$ is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.

8. Implement unification in first order logic



```
import re
```

```
def getAttributes(expression):
```

```
expression = expression.split("(")[1:]
```

```
expression = "(" + join(expression)
```

```
expression = expression[:-1]
```

```
expression = re.split("(?<!\.),(?!\\.)", expression)
```

return expression

```
def getInitialPredicate(expression):
```

```
return expression.split("(")[0]
```

```
def isConstant(char):
```

```
return char.isupper() and len(char) == 1
```

```
def isVariable(char):
```

```
return char.islower() and len(char) == 1
```

```

def replaceAttributes(exp, old, new):
    attributes = getAttributes(exp)
    for index, val in enumerate(attributes):
        if val == old:
            attributes[index] = new
    predicate = getInitialPredicate(exp)
    return predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes) + ")"

def apply(exp, substitutions):
    for substitution in substitutions:
        new, old = substitution
        exp = replaceAttributes(exp, old, new)
    return exp

def checkOccurs(var, exp):
    if exp.find(var) == -1:
        return False
    return True

def getFirstPart(expression):
    attributes = getAttributes(expression)
    return attributes[0]

def getRemainingPart(expression):
    predicate = getInitialPredicate(expression)
    attributes = getAttributes(expression)
    newExpression = predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes[1:]) + ")"

```



```

    return newExpression

def unify(exp1, exp2):
    if exp1 == exp2:
        return []

    if isConstant(exp1) and isConstant(exp2):
        if exp1 != exp2:
            return False

    if isConstant(exp1):
        return [(exp1, exp2)]

    if isConstant(exp2):
        return [(exp2, exp1)]

    if isVariable(exp1):
        if checkOccurs(exp1, exp2):
            return False
        else:
            return [(exp2, exp1)]

    if isVariable(exp2):
        if checkOccurs(exp2, exp1):
            return False
        else:
            return [(exp1, exp2)]

    if getInitialPredicate(exp1) != getInitialPredicate(exp2):
        print("Predicates do not match. Cannot be unified")

```

```

    return False

attributeCount1 = len(getAttributes(exp1))
attributeCount2 = len(getAttributes(exp2))
if attributeCount1 != attributeCount2:
    return False

head1 = getFirstPart(exp1)
head2 = getFirstPart(exp2)
initialSubstitution = unify(head1, head2)
if not initialSubstitution:
    return False
if attributeCount1 == 1:
    return initialSubstitution

tail1 = getRemainingPart(exp1)
tail2 = getRemainingPart(exp2)

if initialSubstitution != []:
    tail1 = apply(tail1, initialSubstitution)
    tail2 = apply(tail2, initialSubstitution)

remainingSubstitution = unify(tail1, tail2)
if not remainingSubstitution:
    return False

initialSubstitution.extend(remainingSubstitution)
return initialSubstitution

print("\nExample 1")

```

```

exp1 = "knows(f(x),y)"
exp2 = "knows(J,John)"
print("Expression 1: ",exp1)
print("Expression 2: ",exp2)

substitutions = unify(exp1, exp2)
print("Substitutions:")
print(substitutions)

print("\nExample 2")
exp1 = "knows(John,x)"
exp2 = "knows(y,mother(y))"
print("Expression 1: ",exp1)
print("Expression 2: ",exp2)

substitutions = unify(exp1, exp2)
print("Substitutions:")
print(substitutions)

print("\nExample 3")
exp1 = "Student(x)"
exp2 = "Teacher(Rose)"
print("Expression 1: ",exp1)
print("Expression 2: ",exp2)

substitutions = unify(exp1, exp2)
print("Substitutions:")
print(substitutions)

```

OUTPUT:

Example 1

Expression 1: knows(f(x),y)

Expression 2: knows(J,John)

Substitutions:

[('J', 'f(x)'), ('John', 'y')]

Example 2

Expression 1: knows(John,x)

Expression 2: knows(y,mother(y))

Substitutions:

[('John', 'y'), ('mother(y)', 'x')]

Example 3

Expression 1: Student(x)

Expression 2: Teacher(Rose)

Predicates do not match. Cannot be unified

Substitutions:

False


```

def getPredicates(string):
    expr = '[a-z~]+\([A-Za-z,]+\)'
    return re.findall(expr, string)

def Skolemization(statement):
    SKOLEM_CONSTANTS = [f'{chr(c)}' for c in range(ord('A'), ord('Z')+1)]
    matches = re.findall('[\exists].', statement)
    for match in matches[::-1]:
        statement = statement.replace(match, "")
        for predicate in getPredicates(statement):
            attributes = getAttributes(predicate)
            if ".join(attributes).islower()":
                statement = statement.replace(match[1], SKOLEM_CONSTANTS.pop(0))
    return statement

import re

def fol_to_cnf(fol):
    statement = fol.replace("=>", "-")
    expr = '\([^\)]+\)'
    statements = re.findall(expr, statement)
    for i, s in enumerate(statements):
        if '[' in s and ']' not in s:
            statements[i] += ']'
    for s in statements:
        statement = statement.replace(s, fol_to_cnf(s))
    while '-' in statement:
        i = statement.index('-')
        br = statement.index('[') if '[' in statement else 0
        new_statement = '~' + statement[br:i] + '|' + statement[i+1:]
        statement = statement[:br] + new_statement if br > 0 else new_statement

```

```

return Skolemization(statement)

print(fol_to_cnf("bird(x)=>~fly(x)")
print(fol_to_cnf("∃x[bird(x)=>~fly(x)]"))

print(Skolemization(fol_to_cnf("animal(y)<=>loves(x,y)")))
print(Skolemization(fol_to_cnf("∀x[∀y[animal(y)=>loves(x,y)]]=>[∃z[loves(z,x)]]")))
print(fol_to_cnf("[american(x)&weapon(y)&sells(x,y,z)&hostile(z)]=>criminal(x)"))

```

OUTPUT:

```

Example 1
FOL: bird(x)=>~fly(x)
CNF: ~bird(x)|~fly(x)

Example 2
FOL: ∃x[bird(x)=>~fly(x)]
CNF: [~bird(A)|~fly(A)]

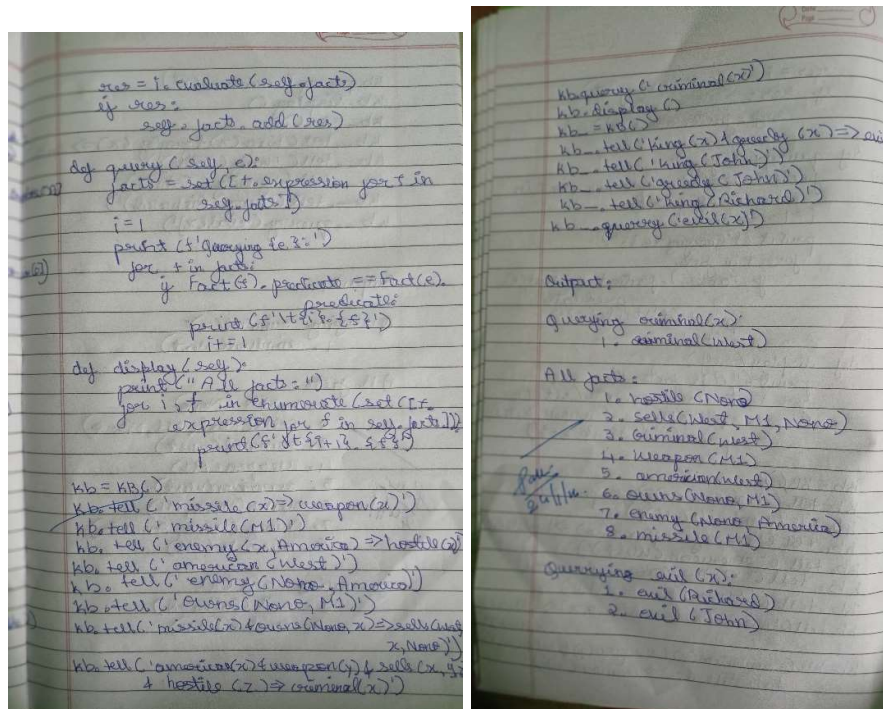
Example 3
FOL: animal(y)<=>loves(x,y)
CNF: ~animal(y)<|loves(x,y)

Example 4
FOL: ∀x[∀y[animal(y)=>loves(x,y)]]=>[∃z[loves(z,x)]]
CNF: ∀x~[∀y[~animal(y)|loves(x,y)]]|[[loves(A,x)]]

Example 5
FOL: [american(x)&weapon(y)&sells(x,y,z)&hostile(z)]=>criminal(x)
CNF: ~[american(x)&weapon(y)&sells(x,y,z)&hostile(z)]|criminal(x)

```

10. Create a knowledge base consisting of first order logic statements and prove the given query using forward reasoning.



```
import re
```

```
def isVariable(x):
```

```
    return len(x) == 1 and x.islower() and x.isalpha()
```

```
def getAttributes(string):
```

```
    expr = '\([^)]+\)'
```

```
    matches = re.findall(expr, string)
```

```
    return matches
```

```
def getPredicates(string):
```

```
    expr = '([a-z~+])\([^&]+\)'
```

```
    return re.findall(expr, string)
```

```
class Fact:
```

```
    def __init__(self, expression):
```



```

self.expression = expression
predicate, params = self.splitExpression(expression)
self.predicate = predicate
self.params = params
self.result = any(self.getConstants())

def splitExpression(self, expression):
    predicate = getPredicates(expression)[0]
    params = getAttributes(expression)[0].strip('(').split(',')
    return [predicate, params]

def getResult(self):
    return self.result

def getConstants(self):
    return [None if isVariable(c) else c for c in self.params]

def getVariables(self):
    return [v if isVariable(v) else None for v in self.params]

def substitute(self, constants):
    c = constants.copy()
    f = f"{self.predicate}({'.'.join([constants.pop(0) if isVariable(p) else p for p in self.params])})"
    return Fact(f)

class Implication:
    def __init__(self, expression):
        self.expression = expression
        l = expression.split('=>')
        self.lhs = [Fact(f) for f in l[0].split('&')]

```

```

self.rhs = Fact(l[1])

def evaluate(self, facts):
    constants = {}
    new_lhs = []
    for fact in facts:
        for val in self.lhs:
            if val.predicate == fact.predicate:
                for i, v in enumerate(val.getVariables()):
                    if v:
                        constants[v] = fact.getConstants()[i]
                new_lhs.append(fact)
    predicate, attributes = getPredicates(self.rhs.expression)[0],
str(getAttributes(self.rhs.expression)[0])
    for key in constants:
        if constants[key]:
            attributes = attributes.replace(key, constants[key])
    expr = f' {predicate} {attributes}'
    return Fact(expr) if len(new_lhs) and all([f.getResult() for f in new_lhs]) else None

class KB:
    def __init__(self):
        self.facts = set()
        self.implications = set()

    def tell(self, e):
        if '=>' in e:
            self.implications.add(Implication(e))
        else:
            self.facts.add(Fact(e))
        for i in self.implications:

```

```

        res = i.evaluate(self.facts)

        if res:
            self.facts.add(res)

def query(self, e):
    facts = set([f.expression for f in self.facts])
    i = 1
    print(f'Querying {e}:')
    for f in facts:
        if Fact(f).predicate == Fact(e).predicate:
            print(f'\t{i}. {f}')
            i += 1

def display(self):
    print("All facts: ")
    for i, f in enumerate(set([f.expression for f in self.facts])):
        print(f'\t{i+1}. {f}')

kb = KB()
kb.tell('missile(x)=>weapon(x)')
kb.tell('missile(M1)')
kb.tell('enemy(x,America)=>hostile(x)')
kb.tell('american(West)')
kb.tell('enemy(Nono,America)')
kb.tell('owns(Nono,M1)')
kb.tell('missile(x)&owns(Nono,x)=>sells(West,x,Nono)')
kb.tell('american(x)&weapon(y)&sells(x,y,z)&hostile(z)=>criminal(x)')
kb.query('criminal(x)')
kb.display()

```

```
kb_ = KB()
kb_.tell('king(x)&greedy(x)=>evil(x)')
kb_.tell('king(John)')
kb_.tell('greedy(John)')
kb_.tell('king(Richard)')
kb_.query('evil(x)')
```

OUTPUT:

```
Example 1
Querying criminal(x):
  1. criminal(West)
All facts:
  1. american(West)
  2. enemy(Nono,America)
  3. hostile(Nono)
  4. sells(West,M1,Nono)
  5. owns(Nono,M1)
  6. missile(M1)
  7. weapon(M1)
  8. criminal(West)
```

```
Example 2
Querying evil(x):
  1. evil(John)
```