Assignment-1 CS303

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September 5, 2022

1 Problem 1

First we login as the root user. Then create a new username and passowrd. We can assign previlages to the new user and login as that user.

```
create user 'Shashank'@'localhost' identified by 'MyPassword@123';
grant all privileges on lab3.* to 'Shashank'@'localhost';
/* Logout and login as user Shashank */
create database lab3;
use lab3;
```

```
mysql> create user 'Shashank'@'localhost' identified by 'MyPassword@123';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> grant all privilages on lab3.* to 'Shashank'@'localhost'
ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds
at line 1
mysql> grant all privileges on lab3.* to 'Shashank'@'localhost';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> \q
Bye
shashankp@ubuntu:~/Desktop$ mysql -u Shashank -p
ERROR 1045 (28000): Access denied for user 'Shashank'@'localhost' (using password: YES)
shashankp@ubuntu:~/Desktop$ mysql -u Shashank -p'MyPassword@123' mysql: [Warning] Using a password on the command line interface can be insecure.
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySOL connection id is 10
Server version: 8.0.30-Oubuntu0.20.04.2 (Ubuntu)
Copyright (c) 2000, 2022, Oracle and/or its affiliates.
Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its
affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
```

Figure 1: Creation of User and adding previleges

Based on the given information, we can come up with the following schema for the tables.

Table	Primary Key	Foreign Key
part	part_no	_
supplier	supplier_no	_
shipment	shipment_no	part_no ref. part supplier_no ref. supplier

Table 1: Keys in the given Schema

```
create table part(
1
         part_no int,
2
         part_name varchar(50) not null,
3
         color varchar(10),
weight numeric(10, 5) check(weight>0),
4
5
         primary key (part_no)
6
7
    );
    create table supplier (
8
         supplier_no int,
9
         sup_name varchar(80) not null,
10
         city varchar (25),
11
         bank varchar (25),
12
         primary key (supplier_no)
13
14
    );
     create table shipment (
15
         shipment_no int,
16
17
         part_no int,
         supplier_no int,
18
         date DATE,
19
20
         quantity int check(quantity>=0),
         price numeric(15, 5) check(price>=0),
21
22
         primary key (shipment_no),
         foreign key (part_no) references part(part_no),
23
         foreign key (supplier_no) references supplier(supplier_no)
24
25
```

```
mysql> source commands.sql;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> show tables;

| Tables_in_lab3 |
| part |
| shipment |
| supplier |
| tows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Figure 2: Adding relevant tables

I have added one tuple to each table keeping in mind refrencial constraints.

```
insert into part values(15, 'Rubber', 'red', '100');
insert into supplier values(10, 'John', 'Paris', 'Citi-Bank');
insert into shipment values(20, 15, 10, '2022-09-03', 50, 10);
```

Figure 3: Adding one tuple per table

Inserted multiple data points into each table. Referencial and Integrety constraints were taken care of before inserting.

```
insert into part values
1
              (30, 'Clip', 'yellow', '20'), (45, 'Holder', 'red', '120'), (60, 'Bolt', 'gray', '70');
2
3
4
5
      insert into supplier values
6
               (25, 'Jane', 'Boston', 'American Bank'),
(40, 'Jack', 'New York', 'Western Union');
7
8
9
      insert into shipment values
10
11
               (101\,,\ 15\,,\ 10\,,\ '2022{-}12{-}03\,'\,,\ 18\,,\ 12\,.3)\;,
               (102, 15, 25, '2020-03-04', 45, 15.6),
(103, 15, 25, '2022-01-06', 150, 2.56),
(104, 15, 40, '2020-05-12', 60, 24),
12
13
14
               (105, 30, 10, 2021-05-25, 100, 65),
15
               (106, 30, 40, '2022-04-16'
                                                    , 120, 12.35),
16
               (107, 30, 25, (108, 30, 10,
                                                      50, 1.22),
80, 90),
                                   ,2022-03-11,
17
                                  ,2021-02-28,
18
                                  ,2020-11-27,
               (109, 45, 10,
                                                       95, 45.12),
19
                                   ,2022-10-14,
                                                    , 11, 120),
               (110, 45, 10,
20
                                                    , 154, 0.5),
               (111, 45, 25,
                                   ,2021\!-\!09\!-\!07\,,
21
               (112, 45, 25,
(113, 60, 25,
                                   ,2022-09-01,
                                                      20, 1.3),
22
                                   ,2020-05-05,
23
                                                       8, 65),
                                  '2021-06-04', 1, 1200),
               (114, 60, 40,
^{24}
               (115, 60, 40, '2021-08-21', 60, 100),
25
               (116, 60, 25, 2022-12-18, 90, 0.30);
26
```

```
mysql> select * from part;
 part_no | part_name | color
      15 | Rubber
                   | red
                            100.00000
      30 | Clip
                  | yellow | 20.00000 |
      45 | Holder
                   | red
                            120.00000
                 gray
      60 | Bolt
                            70.00000
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from supplier
 supplier_no | sup_name | city | bank
         10 | John
                      | Paris | Citi-Bank
                      Boston
         25 | Jane
                                | American Bank |
         40 | Jack
                     | New York | Western Union |
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from shipment;
 10 | 2022-09-03 | 50 |
10 | 2022-12-03 | 18 |
                  15
         20
                                                           10.00000
                  15 |
                              10 | 2022-12-03 |
         101
                                                           12.30000
                  15 |
                              25 | 2020-03-04 |
                                                    45 I
                                                           15.60000
         102 l
                                                  150
                              25 | 2022-01-06 |
         103
                  15 |
                                                           2.56000
        104
                  15 |
                               40 | 2020-05-12 |
                                                    60
                                                           24.00000
        105 |
                  30
                              10 | 2021-05-25 |
                                                   100
                                                           65.00000
        106 |
                  30 |
                               40 | 2022-04-16 |
                                                   120
                                                           12.35000
                               25 | 2022-03-11 |
         107
                  30
                                                    50 I
                                                            1.22000
                               10 | 2021-02-28 |
         108
                  30 I
                                                    80
                                                          90.00000
                                                    95 |
        109
                  45
                              10 | 2020-11-27 |
                                                          45.12000
                  45 |
                              10 | 2022-10-14 |
                                                    11
                                                          120.00000
         110 |
                                                   154
        111
                  45 |
                               25 |
                                    2021-09-07
                                                            0.50000
                                                   20
        112
                  45 I
                              25 | 2022-09-01 |
                                                           1.30000
         113
                  60
                              25 | 2020-05-05 |
                                                    8 I
                                                           65.00000
                              40 | 2021-06-04 |
                                                     1 | 1200.00000
         114
                  60
         115
                  60 I
                               40
                                    2021-08-21
                                                     60 I
                                                          100.00000
                               25 | 2022-12-18 |
                                                     90
                                                            0.30000
        116
                  60
17 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Figure 4: Adding multiple rows to each table

5.1 Part (i)

Firstly we find the natural join of all 3 tables. From this we can select names and IDs of suppliers who have sold parts with colour red.

```
select distinct supplier.supplier.sup_name
from (shipment natural join part) natural join supplier
where part.color='red';
```

Figure 5: Suppliers who have supplied red parts

5.2 Part (ii)

We can group the shipment table by *supplier_id*. We can use the aggregate *sum* function to get the total cost. Then to get the names of the suppliers, we perform a natural join with **supplier** table.

```
mysql> source commands.sql;
| supplier_no | sup_name | total_cost | bank |
| 10 | John | 20027.80000 | Citi-Bank |
| 25 | Jane | 1797.00000 | American Bank |
| 40 | Jack | 10122.00000 | Western Union |
| 3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Figure 6: Total cost of each supplier

5.3 Part (iii)

We can group the shipment table by *supplier_id*. We can use the aggregate *sum* function to get the total cost. Then to get the the names of the suppliers, we perform a natural join with **supplier** table.

```
with total_parts(value) as (select count(distinct part_no) from part),
sup_total(supplier_no, value) as (select supplier_no, count(distinct part_no) from
shipment group by supplier_no)
select supplier.supplier.sup_name
from total_parts, (supplier natural join sup_total)
where total_parts.value=sup_total.value
```

Figure 7: Supplier who supplied all parts