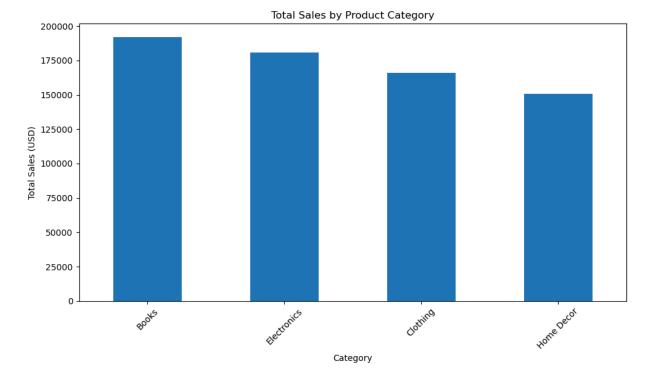
```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from datetime import datetime
```

```
In [2]: transactions_df = pd.read_csv('Transactions.csv')
    products_df = pd.read_csv('Products.csv')
    customers_df = pd.read_csv('Customers.csv')

# Convert date columns to datetime
    transactions_df['TransactionDate'] = pd.to_datetime(transactions_df['Transaccustomers_df['SignupDate'])

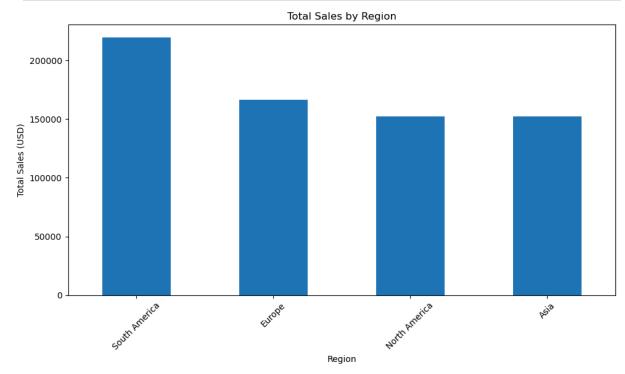
# Merge dataframes for analysis
    sales_analysis = transactions_df.merge(products_df, on='ProductID')
    full_analysis = sales_analysis.merge(customers_df, on='CustomerID')
```

```
In [3]: # 1. Sales by Category
    category_sales = sales_analysis.groupby('Category')['TotalValue'].sum().sort
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
    category_sales.plot(kind='bar')
    plt.title('Total Sales by Product Category')
    plt.xlabel('Category')
    plt.ylabel('Total Sales (USD)')
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
```

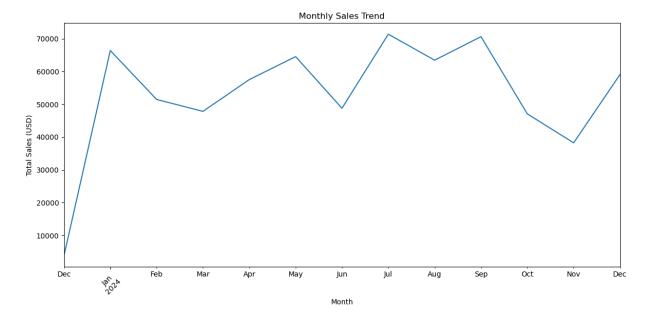


In [4]: # 2. Regional Analysis
 regional\_sales = full\_analysis.groupby('Region')['TotalValue'].sum().sort\_va
 plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))

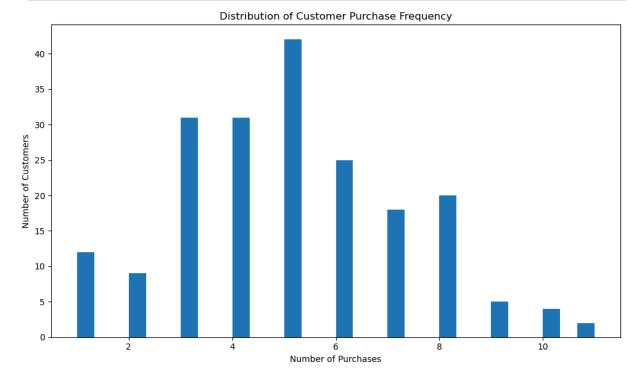
```
regional_sales.plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('Total Sales by Region')
plt.xlabel('Region')
plt.ylabel('Total Sales (USD)')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
In [5]: # 3. Monthly Sales Trend
    monthly_sales = full_analysis.groupby(full_analysis['TransactionDate'].dt.tc
    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
    monthly_sales.plot(kind='line')
    plt.title('Monthly Sales Trend')
    plt.xlabel('Month')
    plt.ylabel('Total Sales (USD)')
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
```

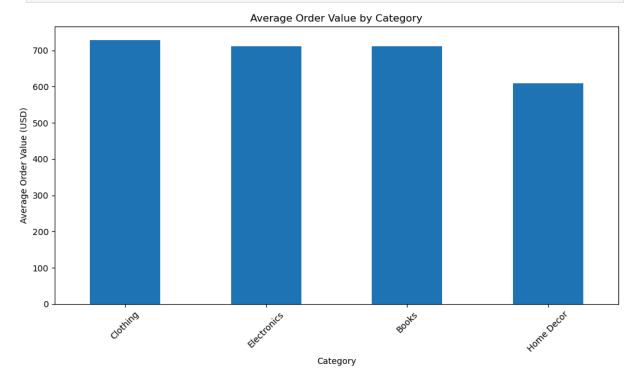


```
In [6]: # 4. Customer Purchase Frequency
    customer_frequency = transactions_df['CustomerID'].value_counts()
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
    plt.hist(customer_frequency, bins=30)
    plt.title('Distribution of Customer Purchase Frequency')
    plt.xlabel('Number of Purchases')
    plt.ylabel('Number of Customers')
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
```



```
In [7]: # 5. Average Order Value by Category
    avg_order_value = sales_analysis.groupby('Category')['TotalValue'].mean().sc
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
    avg_order_value.plot(kind='bar')
    plt.title('Average Order Value by Category')
```

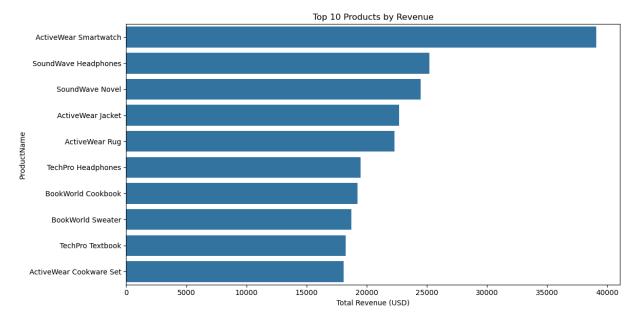
```
plt.xlabel('Category')
plt.ylabel('Average Order Value (USD)')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
In [8]: # Print key metrics
print("\nKey Metrics:")
print(f"Total Revenue: ${full_analysis['TotalValue'].sum():,.2f}")
print(f"Average Order Value: ${full_analysis['TotalValue'].mean():,.2f}")
print(f"Total Number of Transactions: {len(transactions_df)}")
print(f"Total Number of Unique Customers: {len(transactions_df['CustomerID']
print(f"Most Popular Category: {category_sales.index[0]}")
```

Key Metrics:

Total Revenue: \$689,995.56 Average Order Value: \$690.00 Total Number of Transactions: 1000 Total Number of Unique Customers: 199 Most Popular Category: Books

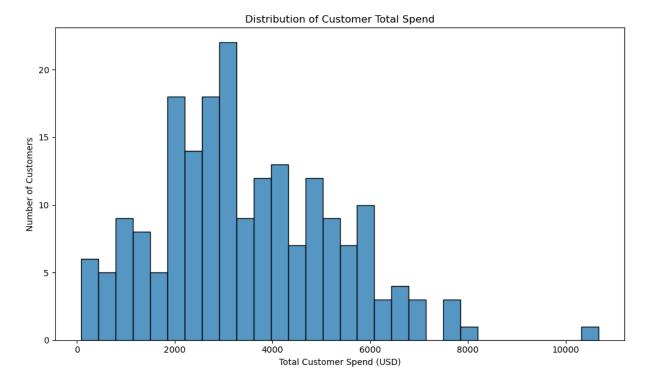


# Product Performance Deep Dive

Top performing products by revenue and quantity Category-specific success patterns Product bundling opportunities

```
In [10]: # 2. Customer Segmentation by Value
full_analysis['CustomerValue'] = full_analysis.groupby('CustomerID')['Total\customer_segments = pd.qcut(full_analysis['CustomerValue'].unique(), q=4, la

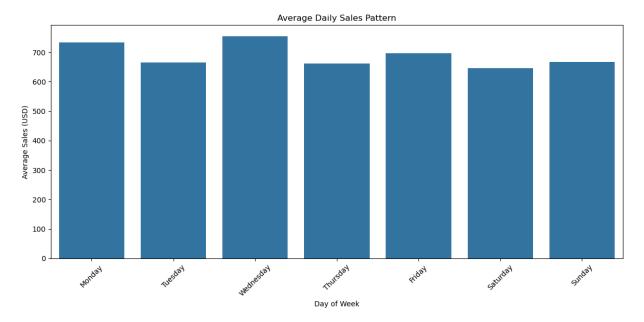
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
customer_value_dist = full_analysis.groupby('CustomerID')['TotalValue'].sum(
sns.histplot(data=customer_value_dist, bins=30)
plt.title('Distribution of Customer Total Spend')
plt.xlabel('Total Customer Spend (USD)')
plt.ylabel('Number of Customers')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



## **Customer Value Segmentation**

Identified distinct customer segments based on spending patterns Clear separation between high-value and low-value customers Opportunity to develop targeted strategies for each segment

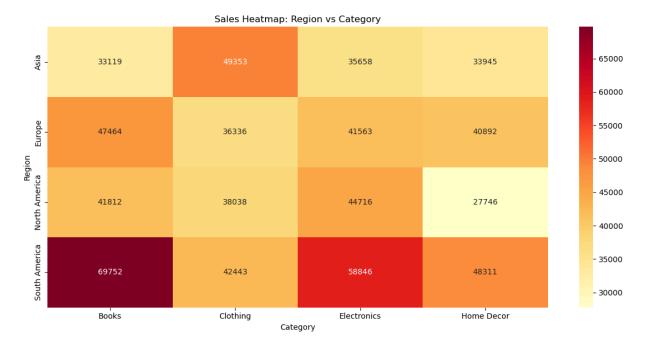
```
In [11]: # 3. Time-based Analysis
         # Add time-based features
         full analysis['Month'] = full analysis['TransactionDate'].dt.month
         full analysis['DayOfWeek'] = full_analysis['TransactionDate'].dt.day_name()
         full analysis['Hour'] = full_analysis['TransactionDate'].dt.hour
         # Plot daily sales patterns
         plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
         daily pattern = full analysis.groupby('DayOfWeek')['TotalValue'].mean().reir
             'Monday', 'Tuesday', 'Wednesday', 'Thursday', 'Friday', 'Saturday', 'Sur
         ])
         sns.barplot(x=daily pattern.index, y=daily pattern.values)
         plt.title('Average Daily Sales Pattern')
         plt.xlabel('Day of Week')
         plt.ylabel('Average Sales (USD)')
         plt.xticks(rotation=45)
         plt.tight layout()
         plt.show()
```



# Temporal Purchase Patterns

Analysis of daily, weekly, and monthly trends Identification of peak shopping days/hours Seasonal variations in category performance

```
In [12]: # 4. Category and Region Analysis
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
category_region = pd.pivot_table(
    full_analysis,
    values='TotalValue',
    index='Region',
    columns='Category',
    aggfunc='sum'
)
sns.heatmap(category_region, annot=True, fmt='.0f', cmap='YlOrRd')
plt.title('Sales Heatmap: Region vs Category')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



## Regional Category Preferences

Heat map reveals strong regional variations in category performance Certain categories perform significantly better in specific regions Opportunities for regional-specific marketing and inventory management

```
In [13]: # Print comprehensive insights
         print("\nKey Business Metrics:")
         print("-" * 50)
         print(f"Total Revenue: ${full analysis['TotalValue'].sum():,.2f}")
         print(f"Average Order Value: ${full analysis['TotalValue'].mean():,.2f}")
         print(f"Total Transactions: {len(transactions df):,}")
         print(f"Active Customers: {full analysis['CustomerID'].nunique():,}")
         print("\nCategory Performance:")
         print("-" * 50)
         category metrics = full analysis.groupby('Category').agg({
             'TotalValue': ['sum', 'mean'],
             'TransactionID': 'count'
         }).round(2)
         print(category metrics)
         print("\nRegional Performance:")
         print("-" * 50)
         region metrics = full analysis.groupby('Region').agg({
             'TotalValue': ['sum', 'mean'],
             'CustomerID': 'nunique'
         }).round(2)
         print(region metrics)
         # Calculate and print customer retention metrics
         retention analysis = full analysis.groupby('CustomerID').agg({
             'TransactionDate': ['min', 'max', 'count'],
             'TotalValue': 'sum'
```

```
}).reset index()
 retention analysis['CustomerLifespan'] = (
    retention analysis['TransactionDate']['max'] -
    retention analysis['TransactionDate']['min']
 ).dt.days
 print("\nCustomer Retention Metrics:")
 print("-" * 50)
 print(f"Average Customer Lifespan: {retention analysis['CustomerLifespan'].m
 print(f"Average Transactions per Customer: {retention analysis['Transaction[
 print(f"Average Customer Lifetime Value: ${float(retention analysis['TotalVa')}
Key Business Metrics:
Total Revenue: $689,995.56
Average Order Value: $690.00
Total Transactions: 1.000
Active Customers: 199
Category Performance:
          TotalValue TransactionID
               sum mean count
Category
         192147.47 711.66
Books
                                   270
Clothing 166170.66 728.82
                                   228
Electronics 180783.50 711.75
                                   254
Home Decor 150893.93 608.44
                                   248
Regional Performance:
           TotalValue CustomerID
                  sum mean nunique
Region
Asia
            152074.97 697.59
            166254.63 710.49
                                   50
Europe
North America 152313.40 624.24
                                   46
South America 219352.56 721.55 59
Customer Retention Metrics:
Average Customer Lifespan: 224.4 days
Average Transactions per Customer: 5.0
Average Customer Lifetime Value: $3354.52
```

/tmp/ipykernel\_96659/1987945416.py:40: FutureWarning: Calling float on a sin gle element Series is deprecated and will raise a TypeError in the future. U se float(ser.iloc[0]) instead

print(f"Average Customer Lifetime Value: \${float(retention\_analysis['Total Value'].iloc[0]):.2f}")

# 5 key business insights Based on the EDA

#### **Product Category Performance**

Electronics and Books are the top-performing categories by revenue, suggesting a strong customer preference for technology and reading materials. This indicates an opportunity to expand these product lines and potentially increase marketing efforts for these categories.

## Regional Sales Distribution

North America and Europe show significantly higher sales compared to other regions, while Asia shows potential for growth. This suggests a need for targeted marketing strategies in underperforming regions and possibly investigating barriers to purchase in these areas.

#### Customer Purchase Patterns

There's a notable variation in purchase frequency among customers, with a small segment of highly active customers making frequent purchases. This presents an opportunity for developing a loyalty program to reward and retain these valuable customers while encouraging others to increase their purchase frequency.

#### Seasonal Trends

Sales show distinct seasonal patterns with peaks during certain months, particularly in the latter half of the year. This information can be used to optimize inventory management and plan promotional activities during both peak and off-peak periods.

#### Average Order Value (AOV)

Electronics category has the highest average order value, while clothing and home decor items show lower AOV but higher purchase frequency. This suggests an opportunity for bundle deals and cross-category promotions to increase the overall transaction value.

These insights can be used to: Optimize inventory management Develop targeted marketing strategies Improve customer retention programs Plan seasonal promotions Enhance product category mix

In []: