

Networking Commands

1. Basic Network Configuration

ifconfig: Displays current network interface configuration.

ifconfig

(Note: ifconfig may be deprecated in favor of ip.)

ip: A more modern command for displaying and manipulating routing, devices, policy routing, and tunnels.

ip addr show **# Show all IP addresses**

ip link show **# Show all network interfaces**

hostname: Shows or sets the system's hostname.

hostname **# Show the current hostname**

hostnamectl set-hostname new-hostname **# Set a new hostname**

2. Network Connectivity

ping: Tests connectivity to another host.

ping google.com **# Sends ICMP echo requests to the specified domain**

traceroute: Traces the route packets take to a network host.

traceroute google.com

mtr: Combines ping and traceroute, providing a real-time view of the network path.

mtr google.com

3. DNS Lookup

nslookup: Queries the DNS to obtain domain name or IP address mapping.

nslookup google.com

```

Server:      127.0.0.53
Address:     127.0.0.53#53

Non-authoritative answer:
Name:   guvi.com
Address: 172.67.146.154
Name:   guvi.com
Address: 104.21.79.166
Name:   guvi.com
Address: 2606:4700:3037::ac43:929a
Name:   guvi.com
Address: 2606:4700:3031::6815:4fa6

```

dig: Another DNS lookup utility with more options and detailed output.

dig google.com

```

; <<>> DiG 9.18.28-0ubuntu0.24.04.1-Ubuntu <<>> guvi.com
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 14559
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 2, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1

;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 65494
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;guvi.com.                IN      A

;; ANSWER SECTION:
guvi.com.                 300     IN      A      104.21.79.166
guvi.com.                 300     IN      A      172.67.146.154

;; Query time: 3 msec
;; SERVER: 127.0.0.53#53(127.0.0.53) (UDP)
;; WHEN: Sat Nov 02 03:40:42 UTC 2024
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 69

```

4. Routing

route: Displays or modifies the IP routing table.

route -n **# Show routing table in numeric format**

Column	Description
Destination	The destination network or host. This indicates the IP address of the destination you want to reach.
Gateway	The next-hop IP address where packets destined for the destination should be sent. If it's <code>0.0.0.0</code> , it indicates a direct connection to the destination.
Genmask	The subnet mask for the destination. It defines the network range for the destination.
Flags	This shows various flags for the route:

- ****U****: The route is up.
- ****G****: The route uses a gateway.
- ****H****: The destination is a host.
- ****R****: The route is a reinjection route (not commonly seen).
- ****D****: The route was created dynamically.

ip route: View and manipulate the routing table.

ip route show **# Show routing table**

5. Network Statistics

netstat: Displays networking statistics and information about open connections.

netstat -tuln **# Show listening ports**

ss: A utility to investigate sockets and their status. It's a modern replacement for netstat.

ss -tuln **# Show listening sockets**

iftop: Displays bandwidth usage on an interface in real-time.

sudo iftop -i eth0 **# Monitor network traffic on eth0**

6. Firewall Management

ufw: Uncomplicated Firewall, an easy-to-use interface for managing firewall rules.

sudo ufw status **# Check firewall status**
sudo ufw allow 22 **# Allow SSH**
sudo ufw deny 80 **# Deny HTTP**

7. Network Services

curl: Transfers data to or from a server using various protocols, useful for testing API endpoints.

curl http://example.com **# Fetch a webpage**
curl -I http://example.com **# Get HTTP headers only**

wget: Non-interactive network downloader.

wget http://example.com/file.zip **# Download a file**

8. Network Interface Management

nmcli: Command-line tool for managing NetworkManager.

nmcli d **# Show devices**

nmcli c show **# Show connections**

nmcli c up <connection_name> **# Activate a connection**

9. Testing Open Ports

telnet: Tests connectivity to a specific port.

telnet google.com 80 **# Connect to HTTP port**

nmap: Network exploration tool and security/port scanner.

nmap -p 22,80,443 google.com **# Scan specific ports**

10. Miscellaneous Commands

arp: Displays or modifies the ARP table.

arp -a **# Show the ARP table**