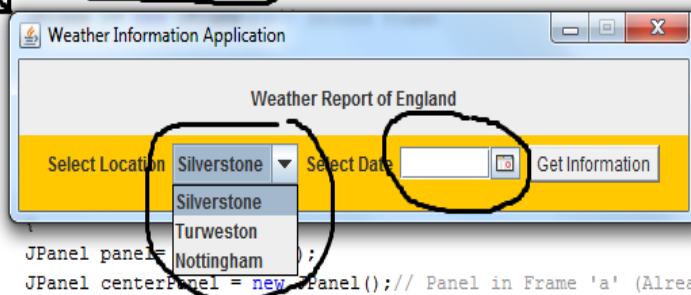


Demo:

1. When Program starts first frame appears with location and date selection

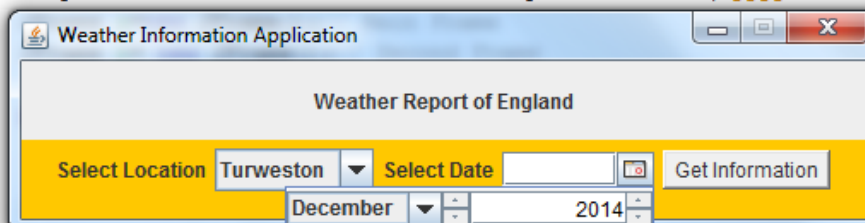
```
String[] locationStrings = { "Silverstone", "Turweston", "Nottingham" }; // String Array to Store Location
JComboBox jComboBox1= new JComboBox(locationStrings); // Bind Location Array String in Combox Box
// Get Data In correct Formate in JDateChooser
com.toedter.calendar.JDateChooser jDateChooser1 = new JDateChooser();
SimpleDateFormat dateFormat = new SimpleDateFormat("yyyy/MM/dd"); // Format of Date
JFrame a=new JFrame(); // Main Frame
```



Location string contains Location which binds in JComboBox . JDateChoose is library file that is third party tool used in selecting date (you can see it and date format)

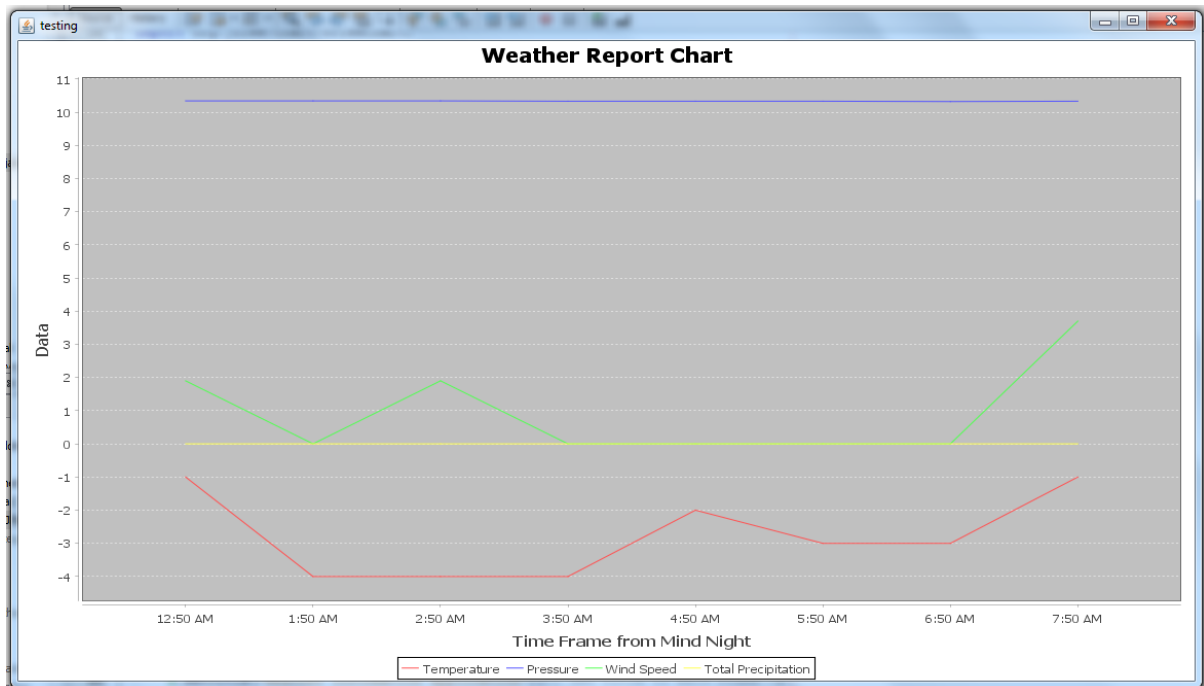
2. Date chooser is like this.

```
com.toedter.calendar.JDateChooser jDateChooser1 = new JDateChooser();
SimpleDateFormat dateFormat = new SimpleDateFormat("yyyy/MM/dd"); // Format of Date
```

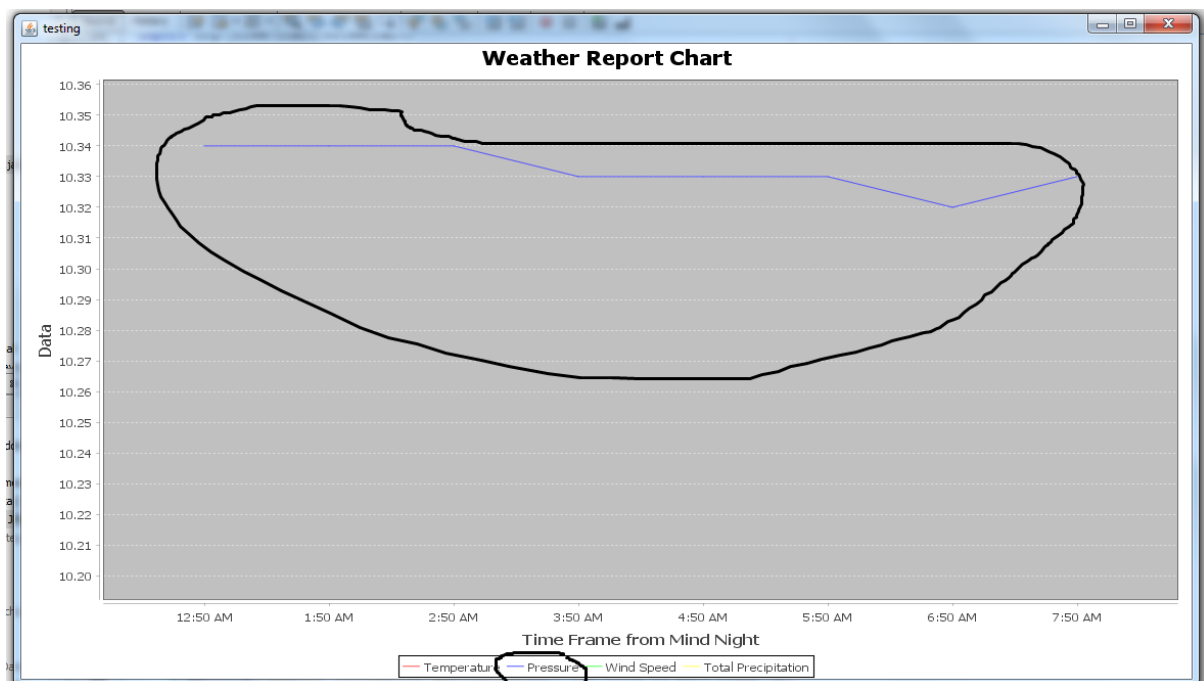


```
public void MainInter
{
JPanel panel= new J
JPanel centerPanel =
Button button1= new
jDateChooser1.setSi
JLabel label1= new
JLabel label2= new
JLabel label3= new JLabel("Select Date");
```

3. When click on Get Information button New frame appears that shows graph like this



4. If you want to see more specific data you will have to zoom in graph by holding left mouse click and drag down the mouse. In this graph you can see specific data about pressure for above graph. Since graph line is straight in above graph while in this graph not.



Code:

```
public class WeatherGUI extends JApplet {
    ArrayList md = new ArrayList(); // Array List to get all Data From requested URL
    ArrayList timed= new ArrayList();// to collect time record
    ArrayList tempd = new ArrayList();// Array list to get only temperature data
    ArrayList pressd = new ArrayList();// Array list to get only atmo. pressure data
    ArrayList windd = new ArrayList();// Array list to get only wind speed data
    ArrayList precid = new ArrayList();// Array list to get only precipitation data
    String[] locationStrings = { "Silverstone", "Turweston", "Nottingham" };// String Array to Store Location
    JComboBox jComboBox1= new JComboBox(locationStrings);// Bind Location Array String in Combox Box
    // Get Data In correct Formate in JDateChooser
    com.toedter.calendar.JDateChooser jDateChooser1 = new JDateChooser();
    SimpleDateFormat dateFormat = new SimpleDateFormat("yyyy/MM/dd");// Format of Date
    JFrame a=new JFrame();// Main Frame
    JFrame b= new JFrame();// Second Frame

    public static void main(String[] args) {...4 lines }
    public void MainInterface()
    {...39 lines }
    // Button click operation is handeled in this function
    private void button1ActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) throws IOException {...46 lines }
    public void DataParsing(String address)
    {...56 lines }
    private static String str_piece(String str, char separator, int index) {...18 lines }
    public void collect_saperate_data()
    {...18 lines }

    public void draw_chart()
    {...13 lines }
    private JPanel createChartPanel() {...28 lines }
    private CategoryDataset createDataset() {...18 lines }

    public void show_graph()
    {...1 lines }
}
```

A snap of WeatherGUI.Java File.

1. JFrame 'a' and JFrame 'b' is declared here which are main frame for this project.
2. A function called MainInterface() is used to call in main method while load program this contain frame a in which date chooser and select location operation is performed. When button click operation fired it validate data like date is in range and in correct format. You can see in following image. Applied on JFrame 'a'.

```

public static void main(String[] args) {
    WeatherGUI obj= new WeatherGUI();
    obj.MainINterface();
}
public void MainINterface()
{
    JPanel panel= new JPanel();
    JPanel centerPanel = new JPanel();// Panel in Frame 'a' (Already Declared)
    Button button1= new Button("Get Information");// Button on main Frame
    jDateChooser1.setSize(100,20);// applying size on data chooser
    JLabel label1= new JLabel("Weather Report of England");
    JLabel label2= new JLabel("Select Location");
    JLabel label3= new JLabel("Select Date");
    a.setTitle("Weather Information Application");// Set title to main Frame 'a'
    a.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);// on closing the window exit application
    centerPanel.setVisible(true);// making visibility true for centerPanel
    // adding various components in panel and centerPanel
    panel.add(label1);
    panel.setBorder(BorderFactory.createEmptyBorder(10, 10, 10, 10));
    centerPanel.add(label2);
    centerPanel.add(jComboBox1);
    centerPanel.setBackground(Color.orange);
    centerPanel.add(label3);
    centerPanel.add(jDateChooser1);
    centerPanel.add(button1);
    // adding components in main Frame 'a'
    a.add(panel, BorderLayout.NORTH);
    a.add(centerPanel, BorderLayout.CENTER);
    a.setSize(500, 120);
    a.setResizable(false);
    a.setLocationRelativeTo(null);
    a.setVisible(true);
    // Button Click Event handling

```

3. When button click event is fired then it will have to validate date and location it can be seen in the following image.

```
private void button1ActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) throws IOException {  
    //Remove all elements from array list so that previous added data can't affect this  
    md.clear();  
    // Declaring Date object  
    Date date;  
    // Assigning Date to given object from JDateChooser  
    date=jDateChooser1.getDate();  
    // Vailidation of date  
    if(date==null)  
    {  
        JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Please select Date!");  
        jDateChooser1.grabFocus();  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        // Now check wheather Date is of future  
        Calendar cal = Calendar.getInstance();  
        if(date.compareTo(cal.getTime())>0)  
        {  
            JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Wrong Date Selected");  
        }  
        // assigning corresponding area code to selected location  
        else  
        {  
            String LocationCode;  
            if(jComboBox1.getSelectedItem().toString().equals("Silverstone"))  
            {  
                LocationCode="EGBV";  
            }  
            else  
            {  
                if(jComboBox1.getSelectedItem().toString().equals("Turweston"))  
                {  
                    LocationCode="EGBT";  
                }  
                else  
                {  
                    LocationCode="EGBK";  
                }  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

4. If everything is okay then it is time to make URL string to get data from weather underground server and send it a method that get data and parse it according to respective category and add in ArrayList 'md'. But here we will have to take care of data validation and control like -9999.0, N/A,-9999 and Null. So here we are storing 0 of data is anything like them.


```

        if(Arrays.asList("N/A", "-9999.0", "-9999", "-", "Calm", "").contains(k))
        {
            // adding value to ArrayList 'md' declared on the top of program
            md.add("0");
        }
        else
        {
            // adding value to ArrayList 'md' declared on the top of program
            md.add(k);
        }
    }

    } while (line != null);
    //JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, md.toString());
}
catch (IOException ex)
{
    JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, ex.toString());
}

if(md.size() <= 36)
{
    JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "No data is available for this location and date");
}
else
{
    collect_saperate_data();
}
}

private static String str_piece(String str, char separator, int index) {
    String str_result = "";
    int count = 0;
    for(int i = 0; i < str.length(); i++) {

```

6. Now We have separate ArrayList for every time, temperature , pressure, wind speed and precipitate so we will have to get all data from 'md' ArrayList and will have to assign corresponding value in these array lists.

```

public void collect_saperate_data()
{
    tempd.clear();
    // get bigger loop counter to apply looping
    int counter=md.size()/12;
    int loopcounter=counter-2;
    //JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, counter);
    for(int i=1;i<=loopcounter;i++)
    {
        timed.add(md.get((12*(i+1))));
        tempd.add(md.get((13*(i+1)-i)));
        pressd.add(md.get((16*(i+1))-(4*i)));
        windd.add(md.get(((16*(i+1))-(4*i)+3)));
        precid.add(md.get(((16*(i+1))-(4*i)+5)));
    }
    // JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, windd.toArray());
    draw_chart();
    //show_graph();
}

```

7. Now this time to draw chart so draw_chart() is method for this work. This method wants JFreeChart a third party library from Oracle.

```
public void draw_chart()
{
    a.dispose();
    b.setTitle("testing");
    JPanel chartPanel = createChartPanel();
    add(chartPanel, BorderLayout.CENTER);

    b.setSize(640, 480);
    b.add(chartPanel);
    b.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
    b.setLocationRelativeTo(null);
    b.setVisible(true);
    //return b;
}

private JPanel createChartPanel() { ...28 lines }
private CategoryDataset createDataset() {
    // creates chart dataset...
    // returns the dataset
    DefaultCategoryDataset dataset = new DefaultCategoryDataset();
    String series1 = "Temperature";
    String series2 = "Pressure";
    String series3 = "Wind Speed";
    String series4 = "Total Precipitation";
    for (int i=1;i<timed.size();i=i+2)
    {
        dataset.addValue(Double.parseDouble(tempd.get(i).toString()), series1, timed.get(i).toString());
        dataset.addValue(Double.parseDouble(pressd.get(i).toString())/100, series2, timed.get(i).toString());
        dataset.addValue(Double.parseDouble(windd.get(i).toString()), series3, timed.get(i).toString());
        dataset.addValue(Double.parseDouble(precid.get(i).toString()), series4, timed.get(i).toString());
    }
}

return dataset;
```