BooleanFunction

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In [1]: import numpy as np
       from numpy.random import rand as U
In [2]: x_train = np.array([[0, 0, 0],
                         [0, 0, 1],
                         [0, 1, 0],
                         [0, 1, 1],
                         [1, 0, 0],
                         [1, 0, 1],
                         [1, 1, 0],
                         [1, 1, 1],])
       y_train = np.zeros((8,1))
In [3]: def activation(x):
          return 1/(1+np.exp(-x))
In [4]: def Delta(x, y, o):
          dW = x*y*(y - o)*(y - 1)
          return (np.sum(dW, axis = 0)).reshape((x.shape[1],1))
In [5]: def output(x, y, z):
          y = (activation(np.dot(np.array([[x, y, z]]), W) + b))
          y = y > 0.5
          return int(y)
  Please provide your 3 input binary function.
  3 inputs and for writing not of x write it as x' - use '.' for 'AND' and '+' for 'OR' operators. - write
the function as sum of products.
  ______
  Example: x'.y.z + y'.z + z'
In [34]: print("- Use x, y, z as 3 inputs and for writing not of x write it as x' \n- use '.':
        f = input("Function: ")
        bool_exp = ""
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# convert the inputed function into string mathematical expression
         # The expression gives > 0 for logic 1 and 0 for logic 0
         # eval is used to convert string into expression!
         for j in range(len(f)):
             if f[i] == "'":
                 bool_exp = bool_exp[:-1] + "(1 - " + str(bool_exp[-1]) + ")"
             elif f[j] == ".":
                 bool exp += "*"
             else:
                 bool_exp += f[j]
         print(bool_exp)
- Use x, y, z as 3 inputs and for writing not of x write it as x'
- use '.' for 'AND' and '+' for 'OR' operators.
- write the function as sum of products.
Example: x'.y.z + y'.z + z'
Function: x'.y.z + y'.z + z'
(1 - x)*y*z + (1 - y)*z + (1 - z)
In [35]: for i in range(8):
            x = x_train[i][0]
            y = x_train[i][1]
            z = x_train[i][2]
             y_train[i] = not (not (eval(bool_exp)))
In [36]: W = U(3,1) - 0.5
        b = U(1,1) - 0.5
         lr = 1
         print("======[ Start Learning ]======")
         for e in range(1000):
             y = (activation(np.dot(x_train, W) + b)).reshape(-1,1)
             if e\%100 == 0:
                 error = np.sum((y-y_train)*(y-y_train))/8
                 print('Epoch: ', e, 'Error: ', error)
             dW = Delta(x_train, y, y_train)
             db = Delta(np.ones((8,1)), y, y_train)
             W += lr*dW
             b += lr*db
======[ Start Learning ]======
Epoch: 0 Error: 0.31059674297434076
Epoch: 100 Error: 0.03384404280334815
Epoch: 200 Error: 0.017934785994353393
Epoch: 300 Error: 0.011773609054475206
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Epoch: 400 Error: 0.008608457608560851
Epoch: 500 Error: 0.00671946837740784
Epoch: 600 Error: 0.005478678987643778
Epoch: 700 Error: 0.0046075444707885495
Epoch: 800 Error: 0.003965331159764857
Epoch: 900 Error: 0.003473905495170054
In [37]: print('Veirfy f = ' + f + ' n')
        print('[x y z] [ f ]')
        for test in x_train:
             print(test, '[', output(test[0], test[1], test[2]), ']')
Veirfy f = x'.y.z + y'.z + z'
[x y z] [f]
[0 0 0] [1]
[0 0 1] [ 1 ]
[0 1 0] [ 1 ]
[0 1 1] [ 1 ]
[1 0 0] [ 1 ]
[1 0 1] [ 1 ]
[1 1 0] [ 1 ]
[1 1 1] [ 0 ]
In [38]: y_train
Out[38]: array([[1.],
                [1.],
                [1.],
                [1.],
                [1.],
                [1.],
                [1.],
                [0.]])
In []:
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