
This function is to generate the required positions of nodes to setup the model.

Output: data.mat = matlab workspace file which will contain the node positions x_{actual} - Actual position of nodes x_{observed} - Measured position of nodes i.e. a gaussian noise is added to actual positions h_{actual} , h_{observed} - Message (Distance) between two nodes, actual and with noise(measure) respectively E - Matrix giving information about which node can communicate with each other ie. distance between them is within 20m $E(i,j) = 0$ for no communication between i and j nodes, $E(i,j) = 1$ for communication between i and j nodes.

```
%-----  
  
clear;  
  
Xa =  
[16.666,50,83.333,33.333,66.666,16.666,50,83.333,33.33,66.66,16.666,50,83.33];  
Ya =  
[16.666,16.666,16.666,33.333,33.333,50,50,50,66.66,66.66,83.333,83.33,83.33];  
  
x_actual = zeros(113, 2);  
x_actual(1:100,:) = 100.*rand(100,2);  
x_actual(101:113,:) = [transpose(Xa), transpose(Ya)];  
  
x_observed = zeros(113, 2);  
x_observed(1:100,:) = x_actual(1:100,:) + 10.0.*randn(100, 2);  
x_observed(101:113,:) = x_actual(101:113,:) + 0.1.*randn(13, 2);  
  
h_actual = zeros(113,113);  
E = zeros(113,113);  
for i = 1:113  
    for j = 1:113  
        h_actual(i,j) = norm(x_actual(i,:) - x_actual(j,:));  
        if h_actual(i,j) <= 20.0  
            E(i,j) = 1;  
        end  
    end  
end  
  
h_observed = h_actual + 1.*randn(113, 113);  
  
save data.mat
```

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