# **Data Model Documentation**

# **Dimension Tables**

### 1. customer\_dim

Purpose: Customer master data dimension

Location: s3://analytics-development/test\_data/customer\_dim/

Format: Parquet with Snappy compression

Grain: One row per unique customer

Column Name	Data Type	Description	Source	Business Rules
customer_id	BIGINT	Unique customer identifier	stg_customers_raw.Customer _ID	Primary key, not null
first_name	VARCHAR	Customer first name	stg_customers_raw.First	Trimmed, not null
last_name	VARCHAR	Customer last name	stg_customers_raw.Last	Trimmed, not null
age	INTEGER	Customer age	stg_customers_raw.Age	Converted from string, nullable
country	VARCHAR	Customer country	stg_customers_raw.Country	Trimmed, not null

### **Data Quality Rules**

- customer\_id must be unique and not null
- Names must be trimmed and not empty
- Age must be valid integer
- Country must be valid and not empty

## 2. order\_dim

Purpose: Order details dimension

Location: s3://analytics-development/test\_data/order\_dim/

Format: Parquet with Snappy compression

**Grain**: One row per order item

Column Name	Data Type	Description	Source	Business Rules
order_id	BIGINT	Unique order identifier	stg_orders_raw.order_id	Primary key, not null
item	VARCHAR	Product/item name	stg_orders_raw.item	Trimmed, not null
amount	DECIMAL(18,2)	Item amount	stg_orders_raw.amount	Must be positive, not null
customer_id	BIGINT	Customer reference	stg_orders_raw.customer _id	Foreign key to customer_dim

#### **Data Quality Rules**

• order\_id must be unique and not null

• item must be trimmed and not empty

• amount must be positive decimal value

• customer\_id must reference valid customer

# 3. shipping\_dim

Purpose: Shipping and logistics dimension

Location: s3://analytics-development/test\_data/shipping\_dim/

Format: Parquet with Snappy compression

Grain: One row per shipping record

Column Name	Data Type	Description	Source	Business Rules
shipping_id	VARCHAR	Unique shipping identifier	stg_shipping_raw.Shipping_I D	Primary key, not null
shipping_statu s	VARCHAR	Delivery status	stg_shipping_raw.Status	Trimmed, not null
customer_id	BIGINT	Customer reference	stg_shipping_raw.Customer_ ID	Foreign key to customer_dim

#### **Data Quality Rules**

- shipping\_id must be unique and not null
- shipping\_status must be valid status value
- customer\_id must reference valid customer

# **Fact Tables**

# 1. order\_fact

Purpose: Order summary facts and metrics

Location: s3://analytics-development/test\_data/order\_fact/

Format: Parquet with Snappy compression

Grain: One row per order

Column Name	Data Type	Description	Source	Business Rules
order_id	BIGINT	Order identifier	order_dim.order_id	Primary key, not null
customer_id	BIGINT	Customer reference	order_dim.customer_i	Foreign key to customer_dim
items_count	INTEGER	Number of items in order	Calculated	Must be positive
order_total	DECIMAL(18,2)	Total order amount	Calculated	Sum of item amounts
is_customer_missin	BOOLEAN	Data quality	Calculated	True if customer_id is null

#### **Measures**

- items\_count: Count of items per order
- order\_total: Sum of all item amounts per order

#### **Data Quality Rules**

- order id must be unique and not null
- items\_count must be positive integer
- order\_total must be positive decimal
- Quality flag indicates data integrity issues

# Relationships

## **Primary Relationships**

- 1. customer\_id ← order\_dim.customer\_id (1:Many)
- 2. customer\_id ← shipping\_dim.customer\_id (1:Many)

- 3. order\_dim.order\_id → order\_fact.order\_id (1:1)
- 4. customer\_id ← order\_fact.customer\_id (1:Many)

### **Referential Integrity**

- All foreign key relationships are maintained
- Data quality flags identify orphaned records
- Consistent data types across related tables

# **Data Lineage**

### **Source to Target Mapping**

```
stg customers raw → customer dim
       Customer_ID → customer_id (BIGINT)
       First → first_name (VARCHAR, trimmed)
       Last → last name (VARCHAR, trimmed)
       Age → age (INTEGER, converted)
       Country → country (VARCHAR, trimmed)
stg orders raw \rightarrow order dim \rightarrow order fact
       order_id → order_id (BIGINT)
       item → item (VARCHAR, trimmed)
       amount → amount (DECIMAL, converted)
       customer_id → customer_id (BIGINT)
       Aggregated to order fact metrics
stg_shipping_raw → shipping_dim
       Shipping ID \rightarrow shipping id (VARCHAR)
       Status → shipping_status (VARCHAR, trimmed)
       Customer_ID → customer_id (BIGINT)
```

# **Business Rules**

### **Data Quality Standards**

- 1. Completeness: All required fields must be populated
- 2. Accuracy: Data must be valid and consistent
- 3. Consistency: Data types and formats must be standardized
- 4. **Timeliness**: Data should be refreshed regularly
- 5. **Integrity**: Referential relationships must be maintained

### **Naming Conventions**

- Table names: {entity}\_dim for dimensions, {entity}\_fact for facts
- Column names: snake\_case format
- Data types: Consistent across related tables
- Compression: Snappy for optimal performance

# **Usage Guidelines**

### **Analytics Queries**

- Use dimension tables for filtering and grouping
- Use fact tables for measures and aggregations
- Join dimensions to facts for comprehensive analysis
- Leverage data quality flags for data validation

### **Assumed Reporting Requirements**

- Daily revenue and orders (total, by customer, by item)
- Orders trend (day/week/month), AOV (average order value), items per order
- Customer 360 (lifetime value, first order date, last order date)
- Shipping performance (delivered / failed / in-transit counts, delivery time)
- Reconciliations: source totals → warehouse totals
- Ad-hoc drilldowns (by customer, item, country, date)