

Choose the correct option from the following:		[10 × 2 = 20 Marks]	
1.	If the vector $\vec{F} = (xyz)^b(x^a\hat{i} + y^a\hat{j} + z^a\hat{k})$ is an irrotational vector, then the values of a and b are respectively	a) 0 and -1	b) -1 and 0
		c) 2 and 3	d) None of these
2.	At the origin, the function $f(z) = \sqrt{ xy }$ is?	a) Analytic	b) not analytic
		c) Differentiable	d) none of these
3.	If $f(z) = \frac{\sin(z-1)}{(z-1)^4}$ then the residue at $z = 1$ is	a) 1	b) $\frac{1}{6}$
		c) $-\frac{1}{2}$	d) None of these.
4.	If $\phi = 2x^2 + 3y^2 + 4z^2$, then curl(grad ϕ) is given by	a) 1	b) 2
		c) 0	d) None of these
5.	The directional derivative of $\phi = x^2yz + 4xz^2$ at $(1, -2, -1)$ in the direction of $2\hat{i} - \hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$ is	a) $\frac{37}{\sqrt{3}}$	b) $\frac{61}{\sqrt{3}}$
		c) $\frac{55}{\sqrt{2}}$	d) None of these
6.	The value of the integral $\int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-y}}{y} dy dx$ is	a) 0	b) 1
		c) -1	d) $\frac{1}{2}$
7.	For which of the following values of a , the vectors $(1, 2, 1), (a, 3, 1), (2, a, 0)$ in R^3 are linearly dependent?	a) 2, -1	b) 2, 1
		c) -2, 1	d) -2, -1
8.	The principal value of $\text{Log}(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{3})$ is	a) $\frac{1}{2}\log 2 + \frac{1}{4}\pi i$	b) $\frac{4}{3}\pi i$
		c) $\frac{1}{2}\log 2 - \frac{1}{4}\pi i$	d) $\frac{1}{2}\log 2 + \frac{3}{4}\pi i$
9.	The poles of the function $f(z) = \tan\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)$ are	a) $z = 2n\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{2}$	b) $z = 2n\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$
		c) $z = \frac{1}{2n\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{2}}$	d) $z = 2n\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}$
10.	The value of $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{\cot \theta} d\theta$ is	a) $\frac{\pi\sqrt{2}}{2}$	b) $\frac{\pi}{2}$
		c) $\frac{\pi\sqrt{2}}{4}$	d) None of these

Choose the correct option from the following:		[10 × 3 = 30 Marks]	
11.	Using the transformation $x + y = u, y = uv$, the value of the integral $\int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty e^{-(x+y)} x^{p-1} y^{q-1} dx dy$ is equal to	a) pq	b) $\Gamma(p)\Gamma(q)$
		c) $\Gamma(p+1)\Gamma(q-1)$	d) None of these
12.	The value of the integral $\iiint (x+y+z) dx dy dz$ over the tetrahedron bounded by the planes $x=0, y=0, z=0$ and $x+y+z=1$ is	a) $\frac{1}{16}$	b) $\frac{1}{8}$
		c) $\frac{1}{9}$	d) None of these
13.	The eigen values for the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ are	a) 5, 1, 2	b) 5, 1, 1
		c) 5, 2, 1	d) 6, 1, 1
14.	The value of the line integral $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ where $\vec{F} = 2x\hat{i} + y^2\hat{j}$ and C is the path from the point $(1, -2)$ to the point $(2, -1)$	a) $\frac{3}{2}$	b) $\frac{16}{3}$
		c) $\frac{1}{2}$	d) None of these
15.	The rate of change of $f = x^2y + yz^2$ at $(1, -1, 2)$ in the direction of the normal to the surface $x^2 + y^2 = z + 4$	a) $\frac{20}{\sqrt{21}}$	b) $\frac{14}{\sqrt{19}}$
		c) $\frac{-13}{\sqrt{29}}$	d) None of these
16.	If $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$ then eigen values of $4A^{-1} + 3A + 2I$ are	a) 6, 15	b) 9, 12
		c) 9, 15	d) None of these
17.	The value of the integral $\int_{ z =1} \frac{dz}{z \sin z}$ is	a) $2\pi i$	b) $-2\pi i$
		c) 0	d) None of these
18.	The real part of the analytic function $w = u + iv$ is $x^3 - 3xy^2 + 3x^2 - 3y^2$ then the value of the imaginary part will be	a) $y^3 - 3xy^2 - 3y^2 + c$	b) $3x^2y + 6xy - y^3 + c$
		c) $y^3 - 3xy^2 + 3x^2 - x^2y^2 + c$	d) None of these.
19.	If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, then the value of $A^3 - 6A^2 + 8A - 12I$ in matrix form is	a) $A^2 - I$	b) $2A - I$
		c) $2A + I$	d) None of these.
20.	If the force field $\vec{F} = 3x^2y\hat{i} + (x^3 - 2yz^2)\hat{j} + (3z^2 - 2y^2z)\hat{k}$ is conservative, then the Scalar potential ϕ is equal to	a) $y^2z^2 + x^3y + c$	b) $z^3 - y^2z^2 + c$
		c) $x^3y + z^3 - y^2z^2 + c$	d) None of these