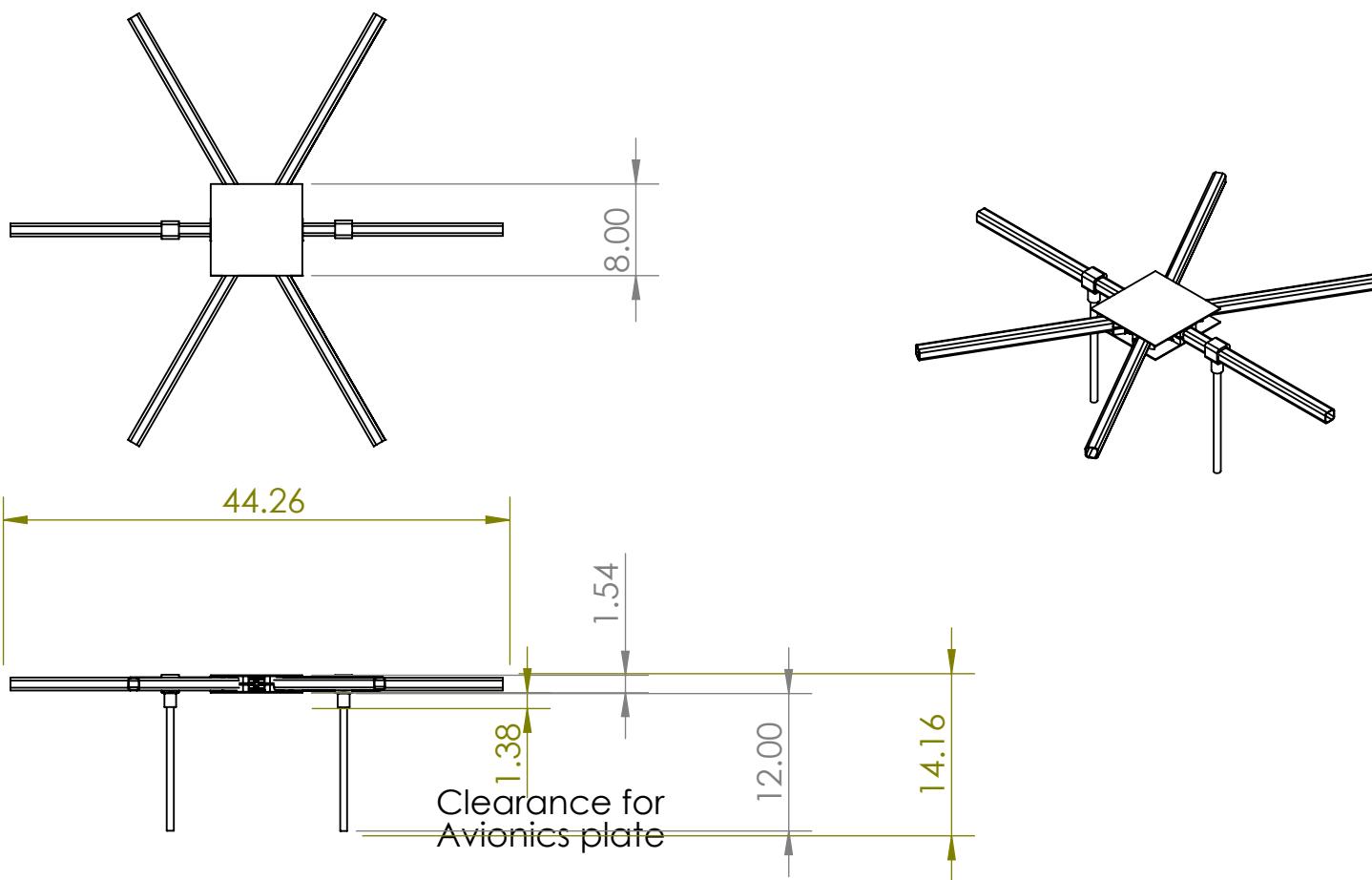


2

1

B

B



A

A

		UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:			NAME	DATE	TITLE:				
		DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES: FRACTIONAL \pm ANGULAR: MACH \pm BEND \pm TWO PLACE DECIMAL \pm THREE PLACE DECIMAL \pm		DRAWN	CHECKED	ENG APPR.					
		INTERPRET GEOMETRIC TOLERANCING PER: MATERIAL		Q.A.	COMMENTS:						
NEXT ASSY		USED ON		FINISH							
APPLICATION		DO NOT SCALE DRAWING									
PROPRIETARY AND CONFIDENTIAL THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DRAWING IS THE SOLE PROPERTY OF <INSERT COMPANY NAME HERE>. ANY REPRODUCTION IN PART OR AS A WHOLE WITHOUT THE WRITTEN PERMISSION OF <INSERT COMPANY NAME HERE> IS PROHIBITED.											

second drone assembly

SIZE	DWG. NO.	REV
SCALE: 1:16	WEIGHT:	SHEET 1 OF 1



Project 6: Airdrop Solutions

Sammi Chook, Erik Maldonado, Vladimir Perez, Shashwat Sparsh

Overview: The AUVSI SUAS competition involves developing a unmanned aerial vehicle (UAV) and a ground vehicle (UGV) capable of delivering a payload to a certain locations and navigate around imaginary obstacles autonomously.

Introduction: Airdrop Solutions' is centered around the design and implementation of subsystems relevant to the Airdrop task highlighted by the competition rulebook. The subsystems would be subject to the following circumstances:

- An autonomous UGV capable of navigating relatively flat terrain and dropping a package
- Safe and accurate landing of the UGV from an altitude of ~100 ft
- UAV can be in motion

Other constraints for the subsystems were determined by UAV Forge Senior Design Project team leadership:

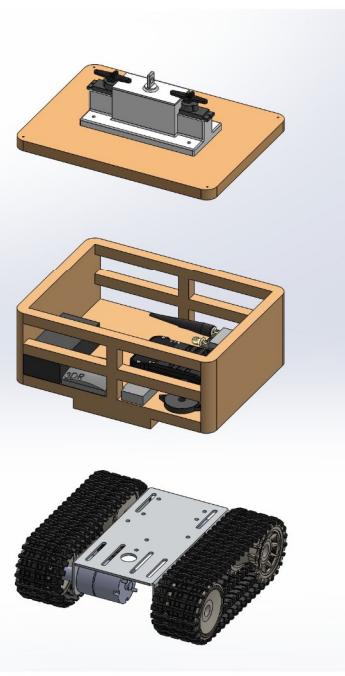
- Weight, size, and cost
- 4 wheel drive
- Guided descent drop mechanism:
 - Active Guidance: an active hybrid/closed loop control system to ensure accurate landing
 - Passive Guidance: an open loop control system based on analytical models

Objective: Design a system that will allow our UAV and UGV to execute the Air Drop task.

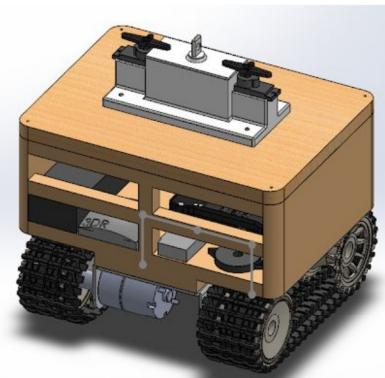
Challenge: When the UAV position is first passing the Air Drop location during the waypoint navigation task that will not require our UAV to (1) deviate from our flight path between waypoints and (2) navigate to the Air Drop location a second time.

Final Design Model

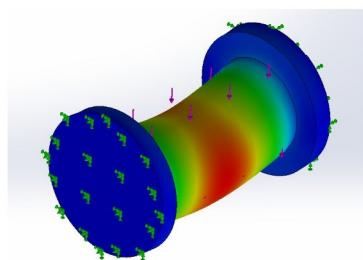
- Assembly of the UGV and Decoupler (Winch not included, attached to UAV)
- Specifications
 - Decoupling system will be screwed on top of the UAV
 - (Height, Width, Length):
 - 7.66 x 7.48 x 6.66 inches (with decoupler)
 - 5.13 x 7.48 x 6.66 inches (without decoupler)
 - Weight: ~2.5 lbs
- Cost:
 - Winch: ~\$45
 - Decoupler: ~\$35
 - Body + Chassis: ~\$62
 - Total: ~\$142



Figure(1): UGV + Decoupler Exploded View (Winch attached to UAV baseplate)



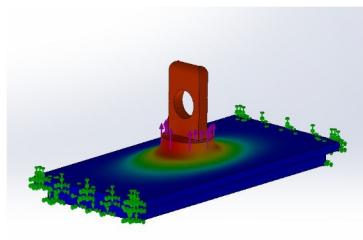
Figure(2): UGV + Decoupler



Figure(3): ABS Spool under 4 lbf load

Analysis:

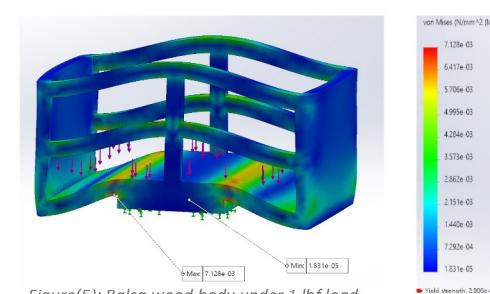
Max deflection at 2.645e-5 in. under uniform solid material conditions which may not apply to 3D printed parts



Figure(4): Polycarbonate plate under 4 lbf from payload

Analysis:

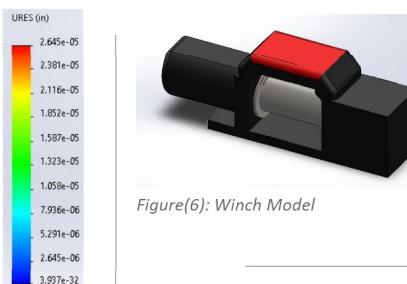
Concentrated 4 lbf at center. Based on results, max deflection of 0.154 mm and 3.37 MPa. Results well below expected 0.5mm deflection and 60 MPa yield strength.



Figure(5): Balsa wood body under 1 lbf load

Analysis:

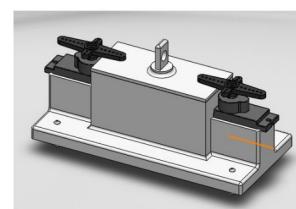
Maximum stress of 0.007128 MPa under the rated 20 MPa based on uniform construction and weight distribution.



Figure(6): Winch Model

Descent System: Winch

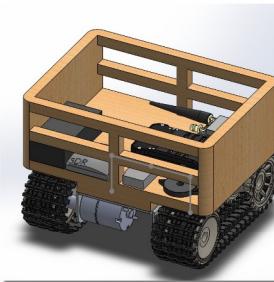
- Attached to the UAV with passive guidance system
- Manufacturable in house
- Parts:
 - Reedy Radon 2 3-Slot 3200Kv Brushed Motor, 19T
 - 3D printed spool: ABS/PLA enabling rapid prototyping
 - Fishing line: lightweight, strong



Figure(7): Plate Release Model

Decoupling System: Plate Release

- Cam Lock Inspiration from cabinetry construction.
- Provides a simple design for manufacturing, controlled release and lock of UGV, and better distribution of force from the payload.
- Parts
 - 3D Printed Body & Plate
 - Polycarbonate
 - Lightweight
 - Withstands loads
 - MG90S micro servo
 - 18-8 SS Button Head Screw, $\frac{1}{2}$ " long
 - Servo Horns (Aluminium 6061-T6): minimal deflection & lightweight



Figure(8): UGV Frame (without components)

UGV System: Chassis and Body

- Aluminum tank chassis with rubber treads for traction and landing recovery
- Balsa wood body frame to hold components and payload
- Parts:
 - One DC motor per tread
 - Function: Differential steering and propulsion
 - Two sprocket and idle wheels
 - Aluminum base plate attached to frame by industrial glue
 - Balsa Wood frame: lightweight and resists fracture under loads during drop based on simulations



MAE 189 Project 3: Fixed Wing Test Bed (FWTB)

Sammi Chook, Kevin Joe Kayale, Nick Norambuena, Shashwat Sparsh, Rick Meade, Jordan Louie
 Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering at University of California, Irvine
 Sponsored by Dr. David Copp and UAV Forge

OVERVIEW

FWTB is a project team contracted by UAV Forge to design a fixed wing Unmanned Air Vehicle (UAV) that can complete certain tasks listed under AUVSI SUAS competition rulebook.

Objective: The main goal is to design, build, and fly a fixed wing aircraft that can integrate and test hardware needed for an imaging system and drop system.

Challenge: Design a fixed wing aircraft capable of carrying a 4 pound payload while still having a 20 minute flight time

EXISTING SOLUTIONS



Figure 1. Reference model aircraft.

FWTB's project follows a fixed-wing cargo plane model made by one of the team members, Jordan Louie, as the basis for designing and constructing the current aircraft. The reference plane was not built to follow any specifications or applications related to FTWB's requirements and attributes and was mainly built as a hobby craft.

SOLUTION

Calculations were done to determine the theoretical specifications of the plane. It was determined that the airframe weight could be no more than $2\frac{1}{2}$ pounds. Due to this weight constraint, the team opted for a single wing, conventional tail, and carbon fiber spar fuselage.

HARDWARE FOR TESTING



Both the imaging and parachute systems will be able to be tested on the testbed aircraft.



Figure 2. Imaging System

Figure 3. Parachute System



Figure 4. Constructed model of the aircraft.

THE AIRCRAFT

Specifications:

Wingspan: 8 feet

Length: 6 feet

Weight: 6 pounds without payload

Payload Capacity: 4 pounds

Maximum Takeoff Weight: 10 pounds

Maximum Flight Time Without Payload: 40 minutes

Aspect Ratio: 9.6:1

Wing Loading Without Payload: 15 oz/ft²

Power:

Battery: 6 cell 6600 mAh

Motor: Turnigy 300 KV

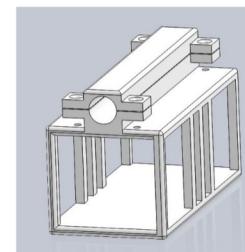
Electronic Speed Controller: Hobby King 80 Amp

Radio Receiver: Futaba R617FS

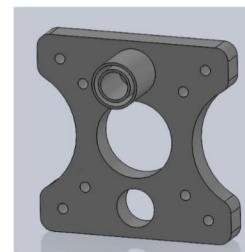
Radio Transmitter: Futaba T7C

IMPACT ON SOCIETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERN

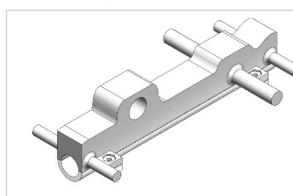
High endurance fixed wing aircraft capable of payload delivery and/or imaging will be instrumental in transporting vital goods to more remote areas for a low price. Fixed wing aircraft like the one featured above are relatively cheap to construct and operate.



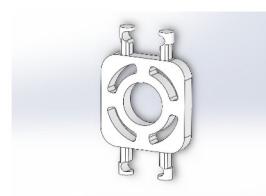
Battery Attachment



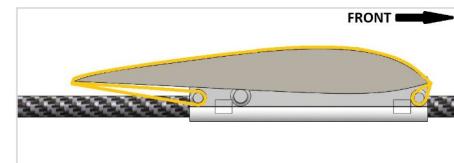
Motor Mount



Wing Attachment



Spar Holder



FRONT →

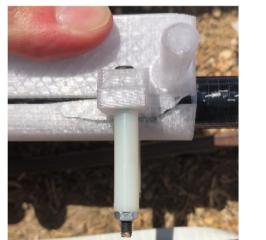
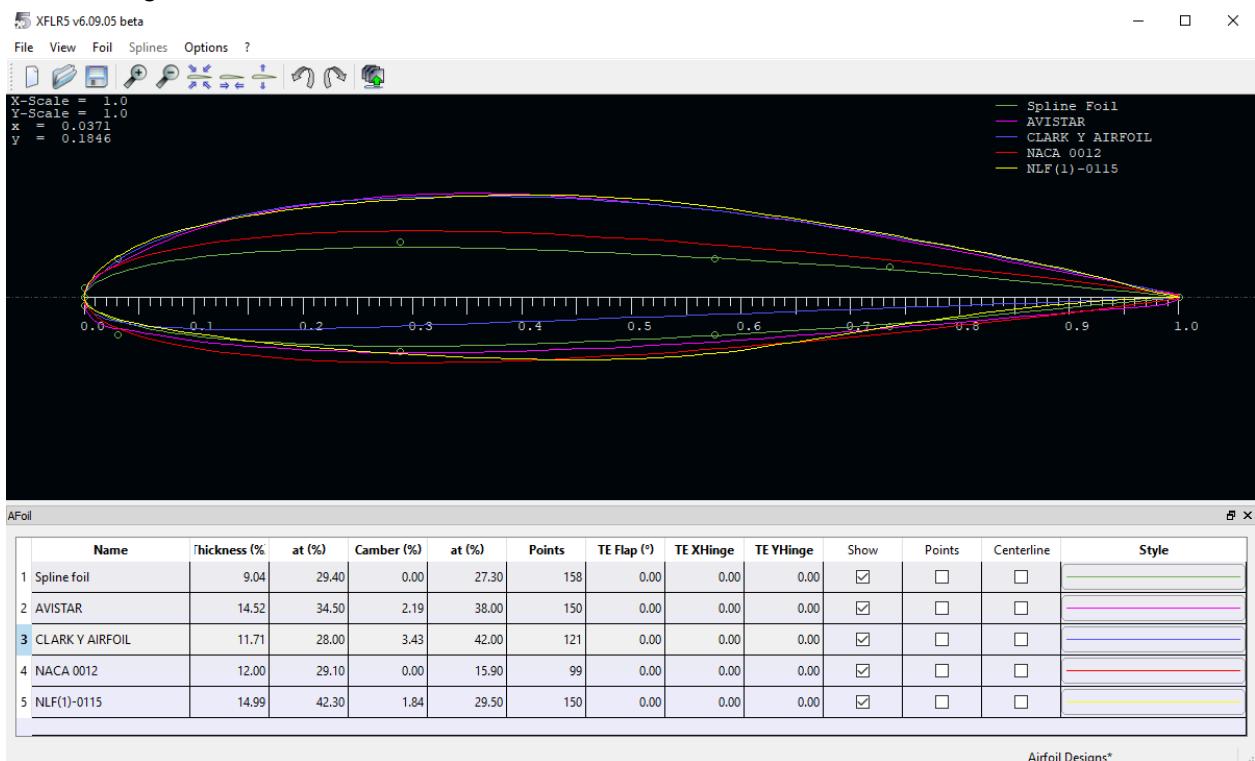


Figure 3. Wing attachment post-test flight showing a crack.

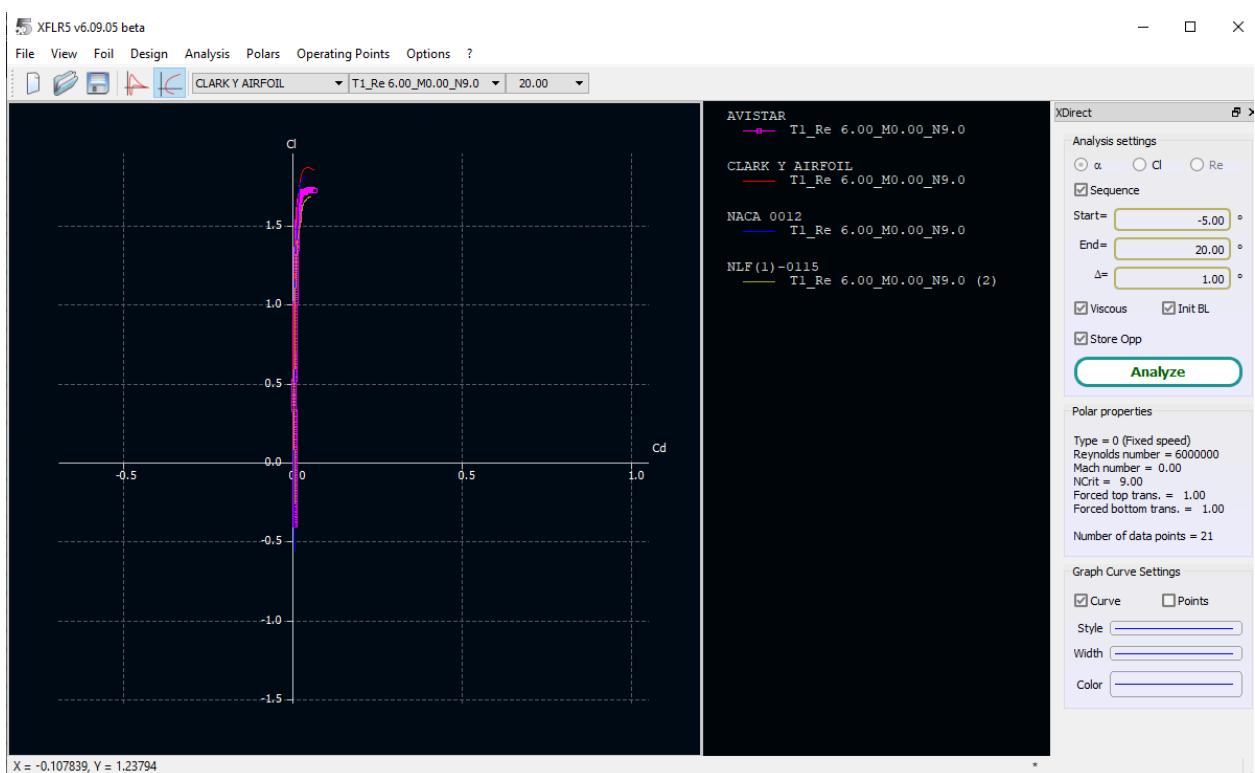
Future Work: The team was able to verify that the aircraft is indeed capable of flight, however the aircraft did suffer a crash. Despite crash damage, the wings, main spars, and all power components are still functional. The wing attachment mechanism needs to be redesigned to better secure the wing. Shown in Figure 3 is damage to the wing attachment mechanism sustained before the crash. This crack is presumed to be the main reason behind the crash.



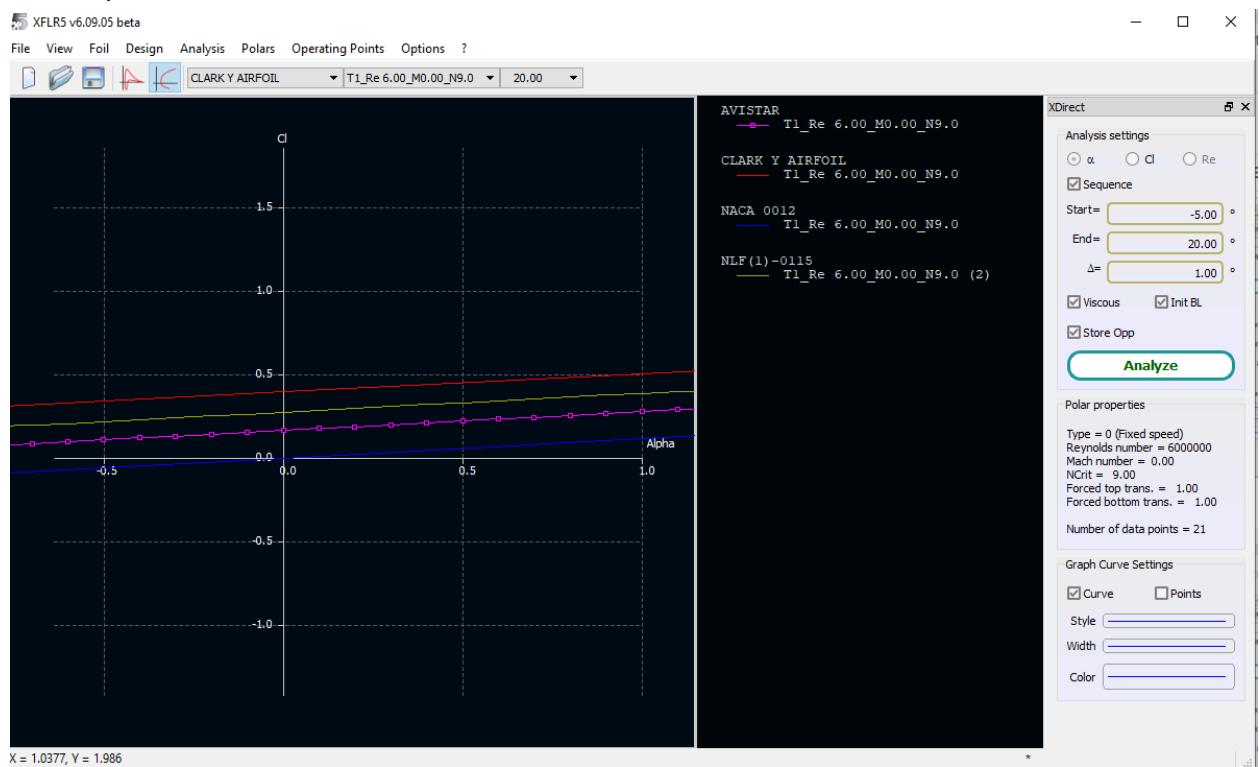
Airfoil Design



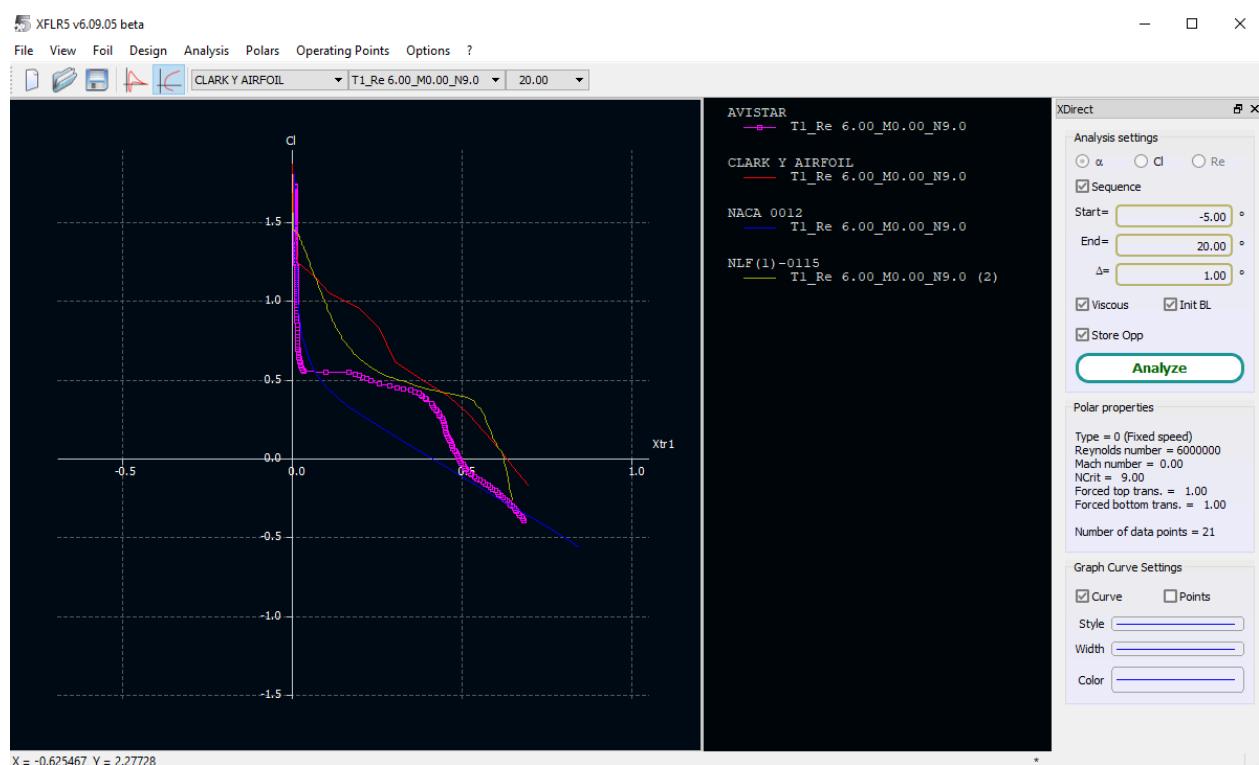
Cl vs Cd



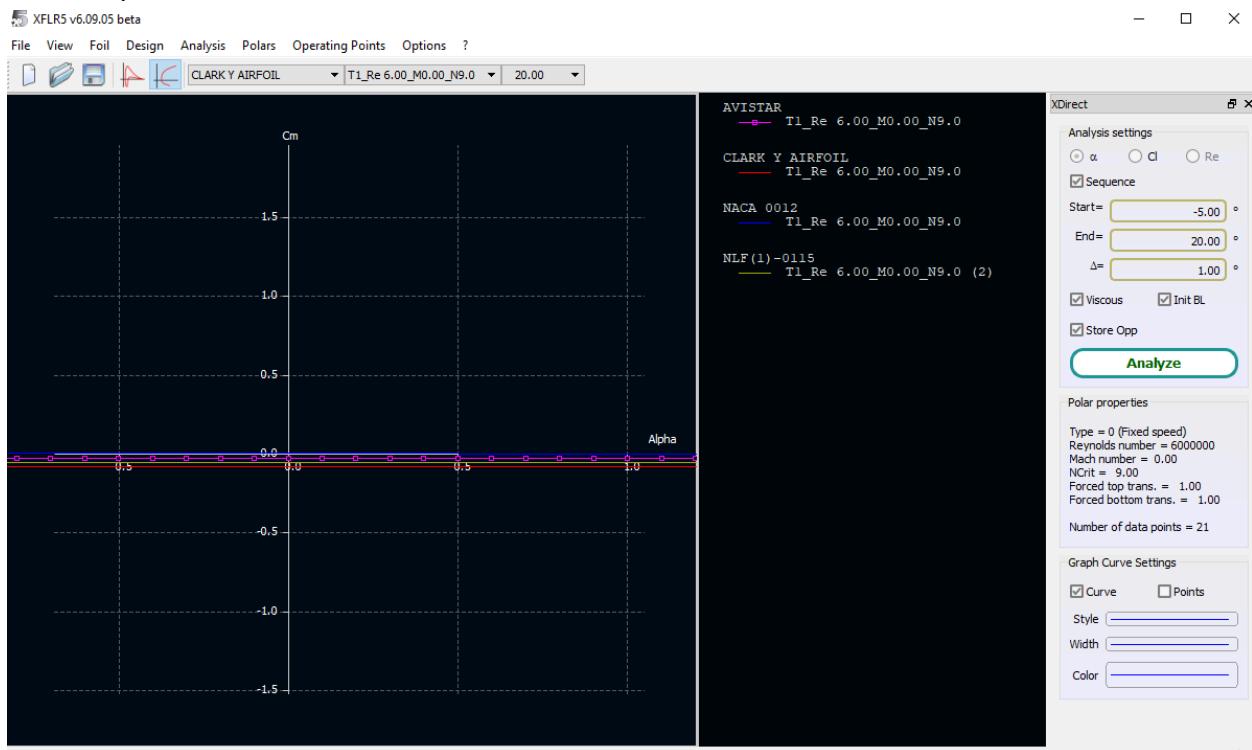
Cl vs Alpha



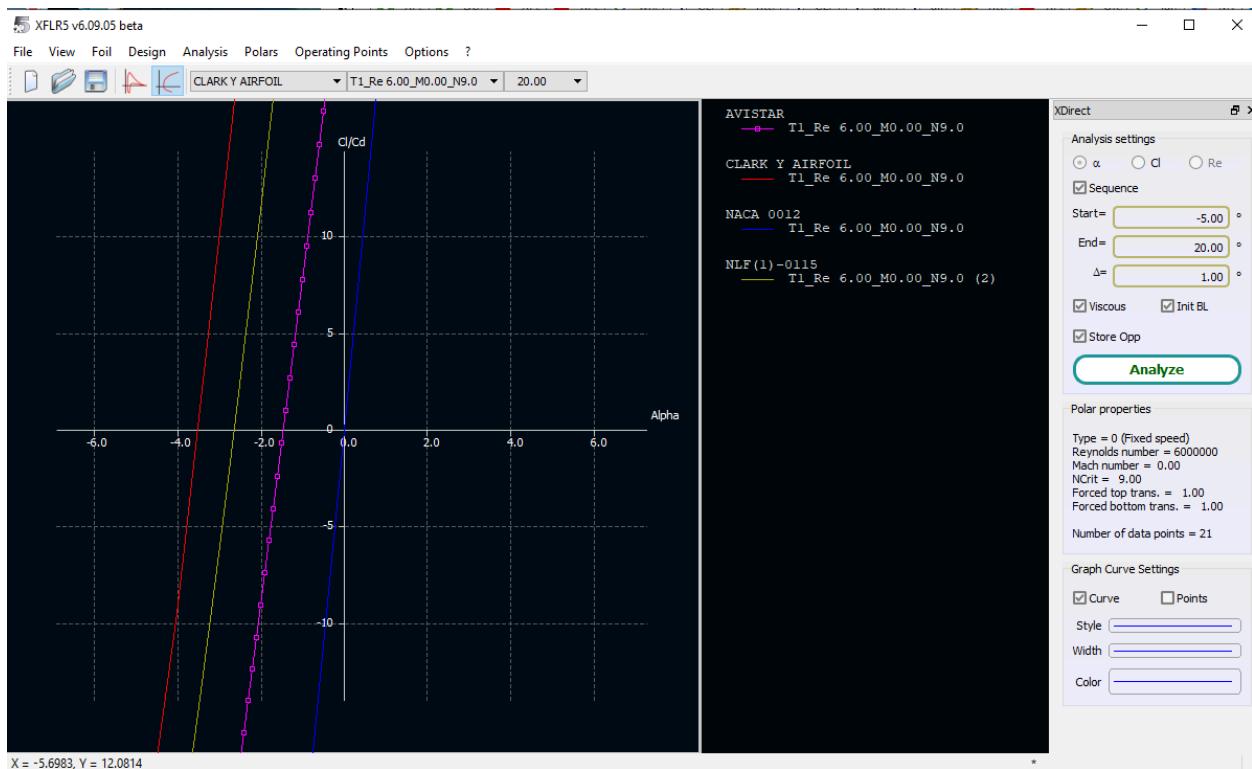
Cl vs Xtr.

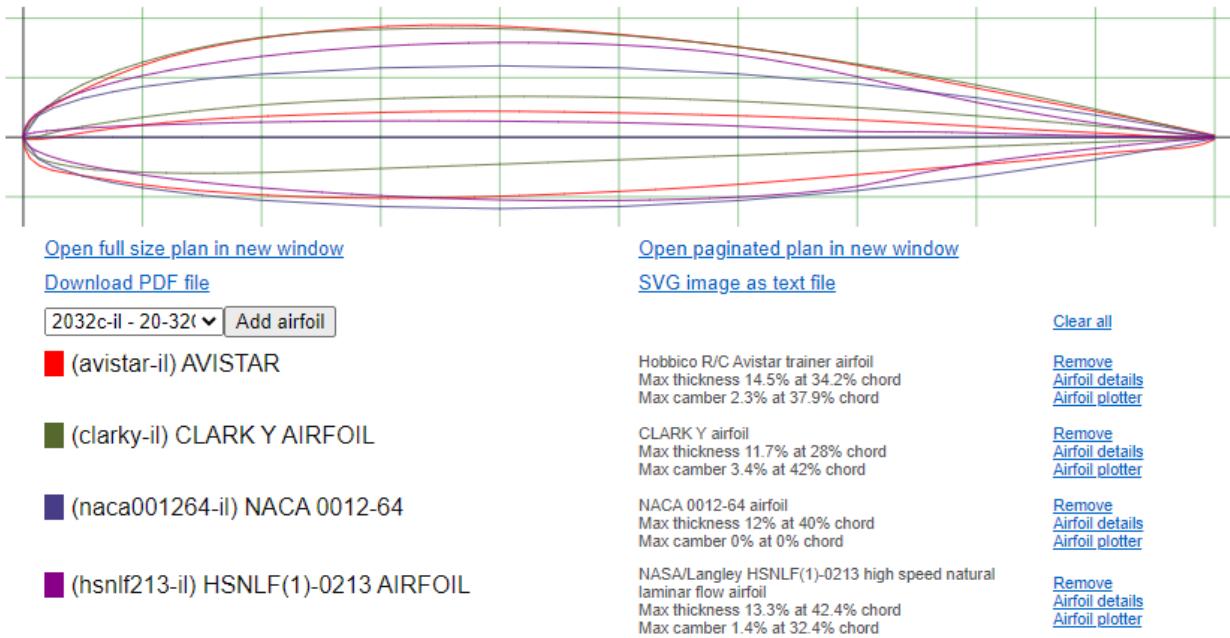


Cm vs Alpha



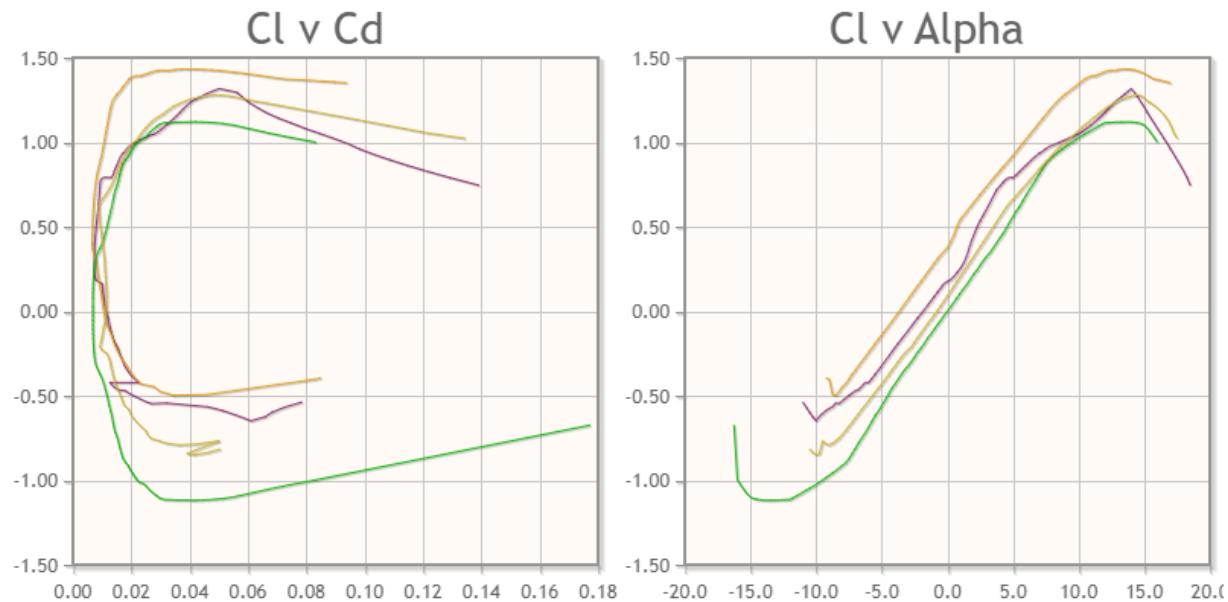
Glide ratio vs Alpha





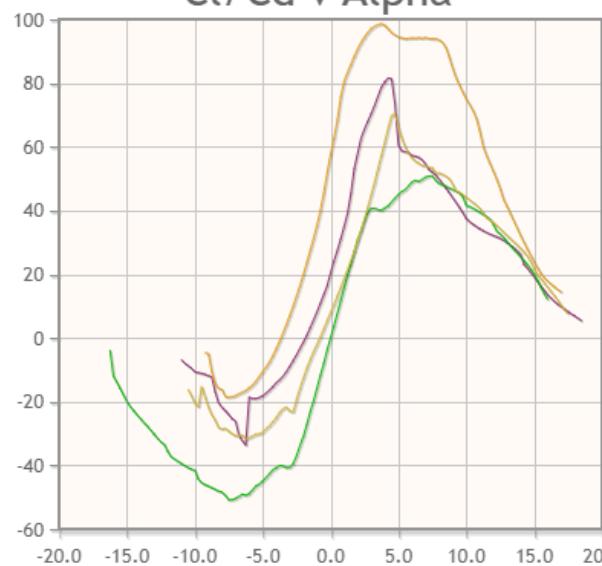
Graph Color Key

- = Avistar
- = Clark Y
- = Symmetric
- = Laminar

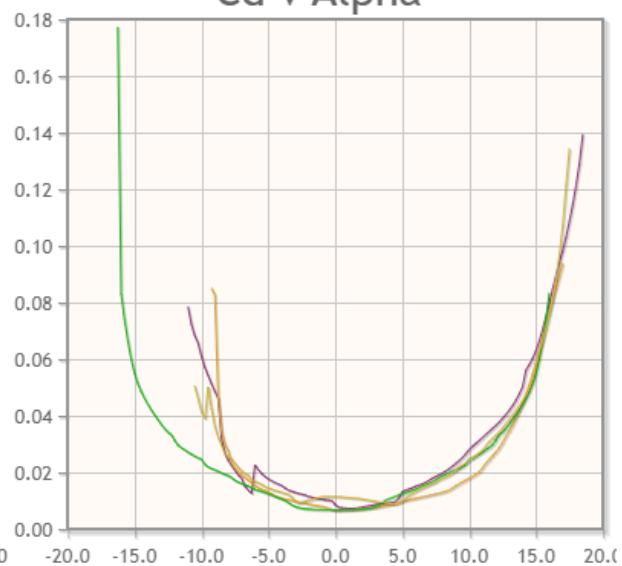


- Clark Y -> highest coefficient of lift for coefficient of drag, highest coefficient of lift for aoa

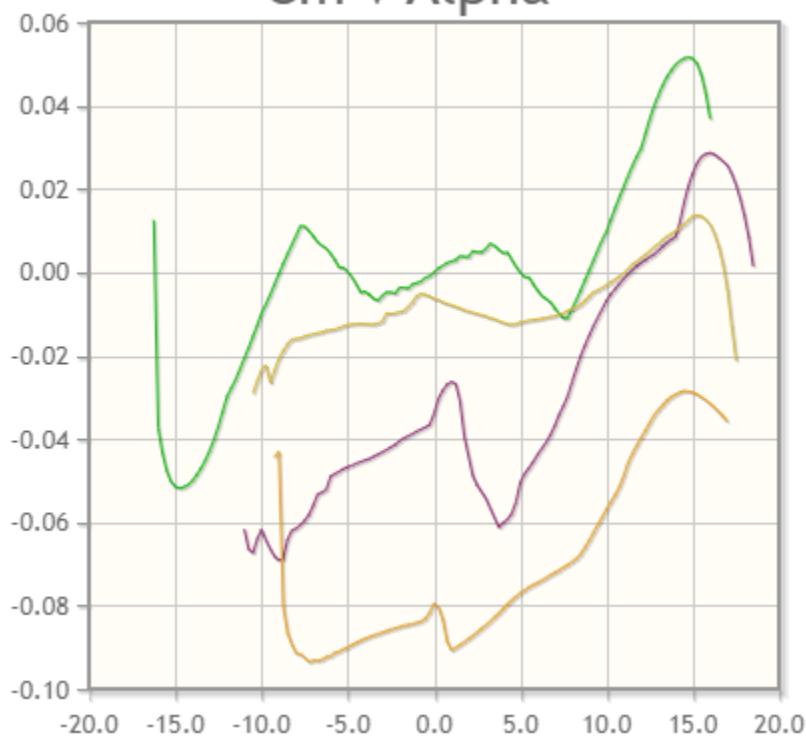
Cl/Cd v Alpha



Cd v Alpha



Cm v Alpha



eCalc - Propeller Calculator		
all data without guarantee - Accuracy: +/-15%		
Project Name: Fixed-Wing Test-Bed Config Alpha		
(c) by Solution for All - 7.25.000, 12.4.2021		

Airplane	Units	Values
# of Motors:		1
All-up Weight:	g	2722
	oz	96
Wing Area:	in ²	1152
Wing Load:	g/dm ²	37
	oz/ft ²	12.1
Cubic Wing Load:		4.2
est. Stall Speed:	km/h	29
	mph	18
est. Speed (level):	km/h	108
	mph	67
est. Speed (vertical):	km/h	76
	mph	47
est. rate of climb:	m/s	21.2
	ft/min	4165

Propeller	Units	APC Electric E (0°) 17" x 10.0"
# Blades:		2
Static Thrust:	g	7592
	oz	267.8
Revolutions*:	rpm	7578
Stall Thrust:	g	-
	oz	-
avail.Thrust @ Flight Sp	g@km/h	7592 @ 0
	oz@mph	267.8 @ 0
Pitch Speed:	km/h	116
	mph	72
specific Thrust:	g/W	4.48
	oz/W	0.16

Battery	Units	LiPo 8000mAh - 30/45C
Configuration:		8S1P
Load:	C	7.45
Voltage:	V	28.6
Rated Voltage:	V	29.6
Energy:	Wh	236.8
Total Capacity:	mAh	8000
max. discharge:		0.85
Used Capacity:	mAh	6800
min. Flight Time:	min	6.8
Mixed Flight Time:	min	23.2
Weight:	g	1608
	oz	56.7

Motor @ Maximum	Units	Turnigy G160-290 (290)
Gear Ratio:	: 1	1
Weight:	g	649
	oz	22.9
Current:	A	59.62
Voltage:	V	28.45
Revolutions*:	rpm	7578
electric Power:	W	1696.1
mech. Power:	W	1574.1
Efficiency:	%	92.8
est. Temperature:	°C	49
	°F	120

Total Drive	Units	Values
Drive Weight:	g	2626
	oz	92.6
Power-Weight:	W/kg	648
	W/lb	294
Thrust-Weight:	: 1	2.79
Current @ max:	A	59.62
P(in) @ max:	W	1764.7
P(out) @ max:	W	1574.1
Efficiency @ ma %		89.2

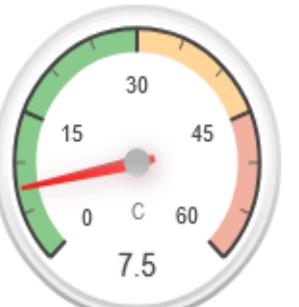
Controller	Type	max 100A
Current:	A cont.	100
	A max	100
Weight:	g	130
	oz	4.6
Battery extension Wire:	AWG10=5.27mm ²	
Length:	mm	0
	inch	0
Motor extension Wire:	AWG10=5.27mm ²	
Length:	mm	0
	inch	0

all data without guarantee - Accuracy: +/-10%

propCalc - Propeller Calculator

News | Toolbox | Easy View | Help | Submit Specs | Language: english

General	Model Weight: 2722 g incl. Drive 96 oz	# of Motors: 1 (on same Battery)	Wingspan: 2438.4 mm 96 inch	Wing Area: 74.32 dm ² 1152 in ²	Drag: simplified 0.03 Cd	Field Elevation: 500 m.ASL 1640 ft.ASL	Air Temperature: 25 °C 77 °F	Pressure (QNH): 1013 hPa 29.91 inHg
Battery Cell	Type (Cont. / max. C) - charge state: LiPo 8000mAh - 30/45C - normal	Configuration: 8 S 1 P	Cell Capacity: 8000 mAh 8000 mAh total	max. discharge: 85%	Resistance: 0.0021 Ohm	Voltage: 3.7 V	C-Rate: 30 C cont. 45 C max	Weight: 201 g 7.1 oz
Controller	Type - Timing: max 100A - normal	Current: 100 A cont. 100 A max	Resistance: 0.0025 Ohm	Weight: 130 g 4.6 oz	Battery extension Wire: AWG10=5.27mm ²	Length: 0 mm 0 inch	Motor extension Wire: AWG10=5.27mm ²	Length: 0 mm 0 inch
Motor	Manufacturer - Type (Kv) - Cooling: Turnigy - G160-290 (290) good	KV (w/o torque): 290 rpm/V	no-load Current: 1 A @ 10 V	Limit (up to 15s): 78 A	Resistance: 0.022 Ohm	Case Length: 66 mm 2.6 inch	# mag. Poles: 10	Weight: 649 g 22.9 oz
Propeller	Type - yoke twist: APC Electric E - 0°	Diameter: 17 inch 431.8 mm	Pitch: 10.0 inch 254 mm	# Blades: 2	PConst / TConst: 1.08 / 1.0	Gear Ratio: 1 : 1	Flight Speed: 0 km/h 0 mph	<input type="button" value="calculate"/>



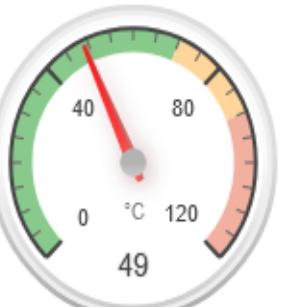
Load:



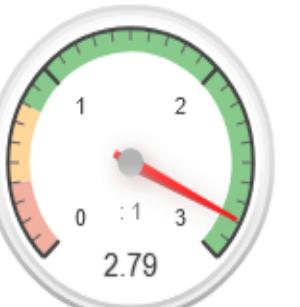
Mixed Flight Time:



Current:



est. Temperature:



Thrust-Weight:



Pitch Speed:

Result Link: <https://www.ecalc.ch/motorcalc.php?ecalc&lang=er>

Remarks:

Battery	Motor @ Optimum Efficiency	Motor @ Maximum	Propeller	Total Drive	Airplane
Load: 7.45 C	Current: 37.18 A	Current: 59.62 A	Static Thrust: 7592 g	Drive Weight: 2626 g	All-up Weight: 2722 g
Voltage: 28.60 V	Voltage: 28.88 V	Voltage: 28.45 V	267.8 oz	92.6 oz	96 oz
Rated Voltage: 29.60 V	Revolutions*: 7860 rpm	Revolutions*: 7578 rpm	7578 rpm	Power-Weight: 648 W/kg	Wing Load: 37 g/dm ²
Energy: 236.8 Wh	electric Power: 1074.0 W	electric Power: 1696.1 W	Stall Thrust: - g	294 W/lb	12.1 oz/ft ²
Total Capacity: 8000 mAh	mech. Power: 1005.2 W	mech. Power: 1574.1 W	- oz	Thrust-Weight: 2.79 : 1	Cubic Wing Load: 4.2
Used Capacity: 6800 mAh	Efficiency: 93.6 %	Efficiency: 92.8 %	avail.Thrust @ 0 km/h: 7592 g	Current @ max: 59.62 A	est. Stall Speed: 29 km/h
min. Flight Time: 6.8 min		est. Temperature: 49 °C	avail.Thrust @ 0 mph: 267.8 oz	P(in) @ max: 1764.7 W	18 mph
Mixed Flight Time: 23.2 min		120 °F	Pitch Speed: 116 km/h	P(out) @ max: 1574.1 W	est. Speed (level): 108 km/h

Weight:
1608 g
56.7 oz

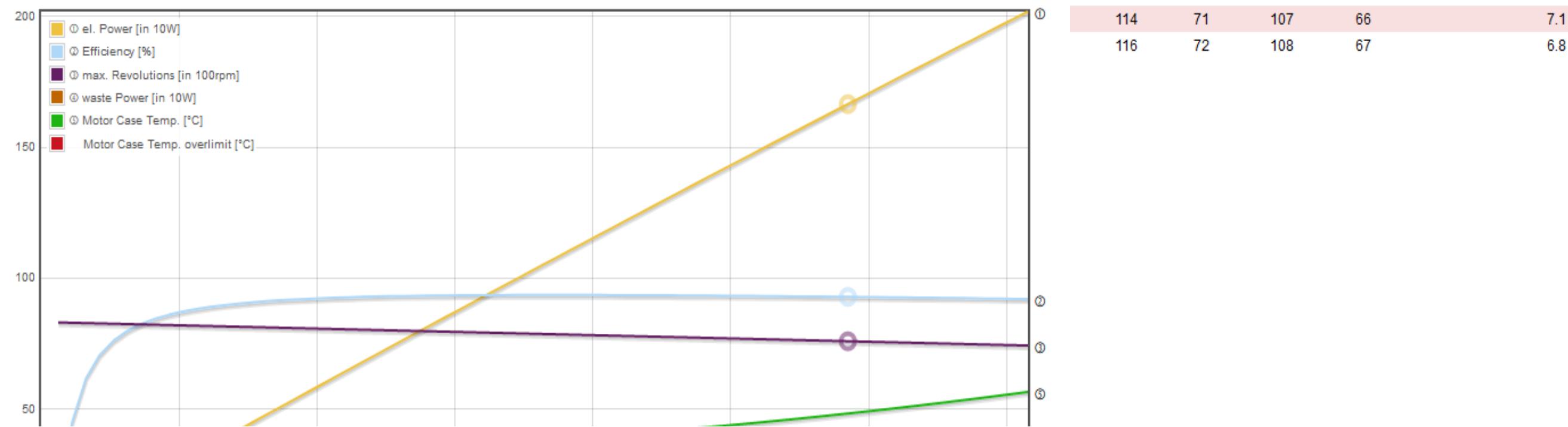
Wattmeter readings
Current: 59.62 A
Voltage: 28.6 V
Power: 1705.1 W

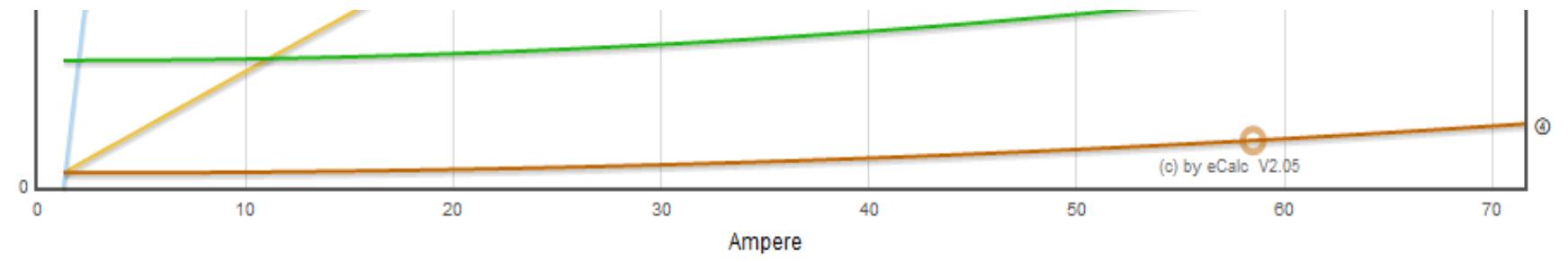
72 mph
Tip Speed: 617 km/h
383 mph
specific Thrust: 4.48 g/W
0.16 oz/W

Efficiency @ max: 89.2 %
Torque: 1.98 Nm
1.46 lbf.ft
est. Speed (vertical): 76 km/h
47 mph
est. rate of climb: 21.2 m/s
4165 ft/min

Motor Partial Load												
Propeller rpm	Throttle %	Current (DC) A	Voltage (DC) V	el. Power W	Efficiency %	Thrust g	Spec. Thrust g/W	Pitch Speed km/h	Speed (level) mph	km/h	mph	Motor Run Time (85%) min
1000	12	0.2	29.6	7.0	51.3	132	4.7	18.8	0.66	15	9	-
1500	18	0.6	29.6	17.6	69.2	297	10.5	16.9	0.60	23	14	-
2000	25	1.2	29.6	36.6	79.1	529	18.7	14.5	0.51	30	19	-
2500	31	2.3	29.6	66.7	84.7	826	29.1	12.4	0.44	38	24	-
3000	37	3.8	29.5	110.9	88.0	1190	42.0	10.7	0.38	46	28	43
3500	43	5.9	29.5	172.2	90.0	1619	57.1	9.4	0.33	53	33	50
4000	50	8.6	29.5	253.5	91.3	2115	74.6	8.3	0.29	61	38	57
4500	56	12.2	29.4	357.9	92.1	2677	94.4	7.5	0.26	69	43	64
5000	63	16.7	29.3	488.4	92.5	3305	116.6	6.8	0.24	76	47	71
5500	70	22.3	29.2	648.1	92.8	3999	141.1	6.2	0.22	84	52	79
6000	77	29.0	29.1	840.2	93.0	4759	167.9	5.7	0.20	91	57	86
6500	84	37.0	29.0	1067.8	93.0	5585	197.0	5.2	0.18	99	62	93

Motor Characteristic at Full Throttle





&weight=2722&wingspan=2438.4&calc=auw&motornumber=1&warea=74.32&elev



Current Research:

<https://youtu.be/Ap72AvPILys>

Flight Tests:

<https://youtu.be/ud40HQ99TWY>

<https://youtu.be/rfiTyWSTaKw>

Static Thrust Test (Pusher Test Bed):

<https://youtu.be/pcXGhXoKhb8>