Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2018/Jan.2019 Computer Organization

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

1 a. Define the functions of following processor registers: i) MAR ii) MDR iii) IP iv) IR.

(04 Marks)

. How to measure the performance of a computer? Explain.

(05 Marks)

c. Compute the content of 8 bit register namely R1 and R2 containing a value of -17₍₁₀₎ and +98₍₁₀₎ with initial carry bit as 1 after performing following shift or rotate operations by 2 times. i) SHR R1, 2 ii) SAR R1, 2 [Arithmetic shift]

iii) ROR R2, 2

iv) RCR R2, 2 [Rotate right with carry].

(07 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. What is the need of processor stack? Explain a commonly used layout for information in a subroutine stack frame. (06 Marks)
 - b. With relevant examples briefly explain about any 2 encoding types of machine instruction. (05 Marks)
 - c. With a memory layout starting at address 'i' represent how "ABCD" data is stored in big endian and little endian assignment scheme in a system of word length 16 bits. (05 Marks)

Module-2

- a. Explain how simultaneous interrupt requests from several I/O devices can be handled by processor through a single INTR line. (06 Marks)
 - b. What is bus arbitration? With neat diagram explain about distributed arbitration process.

(06 Marks)

c. With a neat diagram, explain about how data is read in asynchronous bus scheme. (04 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Explain with a neat block diagram, the hardware components needed for connecting a keyboard to a processor. (08 Marks)
 - b. With a neat sequence diagram explain the process of, how output operation is carried between processor and output device connected to host through USB hub. (08 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. With a neat diagram, explain the design of $2M \times 32$ memory module using $1M \times 8$ memory chips. (07 Marks)
 - b. Consider a cache consisting of 256 blocks of 16 words each, for a total of 4096 words and assume main memory is addressable by 16 bit address and it consists of 4K blocks. How many bits are there in each of Tag, block/set and word fields for different mapping techniques?

 (09 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Explain the process of address translation with a neat diagram. (06 Marks)
 - b. With a neat diagram discuss about organization of magnetic disk. (06 Marks)
 - c. Calculate the average access time experienced by processor if miss penalty is 17 clock cycles and Miss rate is 10% and cache access time is 1 clock cycle. (04 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Design and explain the working of 16 bit carry look ahead adder built from 8 bit carry look ahead adder. Compare its performance with 16 bit ripple carry adder built from 8 bit ripple carry adder.

 (10 Marks)
 - b. Calculate the product of $-2_{(10)}X + 14_{(10)}$ using bit pair recording multiplier method. Why bit pair method is better than Booth algorithm? (06 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Perform the non restoring division for the given binary numbers where dividend is $1011_{(2)}$ and divisor is $0101_{(2)}$ with all cycles. (08 Marks)
 - b. Represent 0.0625₍₁₀₎ in double precision format and calculate the decimal value of A floating point number represented in single precision format as 44900000H. (08 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Write and discuss about micro-routine for complete execution of instruction Add (R1), R2 in single bus organization. (08 Marks)
 - b. With a detailed block diagram explain about hardwired control unit. (08 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. With a block diagram explain briefly about an embedded processor. (06 Marks)
 - b. Explain briefly about different ways of implementing multiprocessor system with supportive diagrams. (06 Marks)
 - c. Write the control sequence for instruction Add R4, R5, R6 for 3 bus organization. (04 Marks)