## report 2 buffer overflow

Site: http://127.0.0.1

Generated on Thu, 22 Aug 2024 12:45:38

ZAP Version: 2.15.0

ZAP is supported by the Crash Override Open Source Fellowship

## **Summary of Alerts**

Risk Level	Number of Alerts
High	0
Medium	5
Low	4
Informational	3

## **Alerts**

Name	Risk Level	Number of Instances
Absence of Anti-CSRF Tokens	Medium	5
Application Error Disclosure	Medium	3
Content Security Policy (CSP) Header Not Set	Medium	3
HTTP to HTTPS Insecure Transition in Form Post	Medium	3
Missing Anti-clickjacking Header	Medium	3
Information Disclosure - Debug Error Messages	Low	1
Server Leaks Information via "X-Powered-By" HTTP Response Header Field(s)	Low	3
Server Leaks Version Information via "Server" HTTP Response Header Field	Low	3
X-Content-Type-Options Header Missing	Low	3
Information Disclosure - Suspicious Comments	Informational	6
Modern Web Application	Informational	3
<u>User Controllable HTML Element Attribute</u> ( <u>Potential XSS</u> )	Informational	1

## **Alert Detail**

Medium	Absence of Anti-CSRF Tokens
	No Anti-CSRF tokens were found in a HTML submission form.
	A cross-site request forgery is an attack that involves forcing a victim to send an HTTP request to a target destination without their knowledge or intent in order to perform an action as the victim. The underlying cause is application functionality using predictable URL /form actions in a repeatable way. The nature of the attack is that CSRF exploits the trust that a web site has for a user. By contrast, cross-site scripting (XSS) exploits the trust that a user has for a web site. Like XSS, CSRF attacks are not necessarily cross-site, but they

	can be. Cross-site request forgery is also known as CSRF, XSRF, one-click attack, session riding, confused deputy, and sea surf.
Description	CSRF attacks are effective in a number of situations, including:
	* The victim has an active session on the target site.
	* The victim is authenticated via HTTP auth on the target site.
	* The victim is on the same local network as the target site.
	CSRF has primarily been used to perform an action against a target site using the victim's privileges, but recent techniques have been discovered to disclose information by gaining access to the response. The risk of information disclosure is dramatically increased when the target site is vulnerable to XSS, because XSS can be used as a platform for CSRF, allowing the attack to operate within the bounds of the same-origin policy.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	<pre><form action="https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr" method="post" target="_blank"></form></pre>
Other Info	No known Anti-CSRF token [anticsrf, CSRFToken,RequestVerificationToken, csrfmiddlewaretoken, authenticity_token, OWASP_CSRFTOKEN, anoncsrf, csrf_token, _csrf, _csrfSecret,csrf_magic, CSRF, _token, _csrf_token] was found in the following HTML form: [Form 1: "cmd" "hosted_button_id" "submit"].
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	<pre><form action="index.php?page=repeater.php" enctype="application/x-www-form-urlencoded" id="idRepeaterForm" method="post" onsubmit="return onSubmitOfRepeaterForm(this);"></form></pre>
Other Info	No known Anti-CSRF token [anticsrf, CSRFToken,RequestVerificationToken, csrfmiddlewaretoken, authenticity_token, OWASP_CSRFTOKEN, anoncsrf, csrf_token, _csrf, _csrfSecret,csrf_magic, CSRF, _token, _csrf_token] was found in the following HTML form: [Form 2: "repeater-php-submit-button" "string_to_repeat" "times_to_repeat_string"].
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?popUpNotificationCode=AU1
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	<pre><form action="https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr" method="post" target="_blank"></form></pre>
Other Info	No known Anti-CSRF token [anticsrf, CSRFToken,RequestVerificationToken, csrfmiddlewaretoken, authenticity_token, OWASP_CSRFTOKEN, anoncsrf, csrf_token, _csrf, _csrfSecret,csrf_magic, CSRF, _token, _csrf_token] was found in the following HTML form: [Form 1: "cmd" "hosted_button_id" "submit" ].
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	<pre><form action="https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr" method="post" target="_blank"></form></pre>
Other Info	No known Anti-CSRF token [anticsrf, CSRFToken,RequestVerificationToken, csrfmiddlewaretoken, authenticity_token, OWASP_CSRFTOKEN, anoncsrf, csrf_token, _csrf, _csrfSecret,csrf_magic, CSRF, _token, _csrf_token] was found in the following HTML form: [Form 1: "cmd" "hosted_button_id" "submit" ].
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php
Method	POST
Attack	

Evidence	<pre><form action="index.php?page=repeater.php" enctype="application/x-www-form-urlencoded" id="idRepeaterForm" method="post" onsubmit="return onSubmitOfRepeaterForm(this);"></form></pre>
Other Info	No known Anti-CSRF token [anticsrf, CSRFToken,RequestVerificationToken, csrfmiddlewaretoken, authenticity_token, OWASP_CSRFTOKEN, anoncsrf, csrf_token, _csrf, _csrfSecret,csrf_magic, CSRF, _token, _csrf_token] was found in the following HTML form: [Form 2: "repeater-php-submit-button" "string_to_repeat" "times_to_repeat_string"].
Instances	5
Solution	Phase: Architecture and Design  Use a vetted library or framework that does not allow this weakness to occur or provides constructs that make this weakness easier to avoid.  For example, use anti-CSRF packages such as the OWASP CSRFGuard.  Phase: Implementation  Ensure that your application is free of cross-site scripting issues, because most CSRF defenses can be bypassed using attacker-controlled script.  Phase: Architecture and Design  Generate a unique nonce for each form, place the nonce into the form, and verify the nonce upon receipt of the form. Be sure that the nonce is not predictable (CWE-330).  Note that this can be bypassed using XSS.  Identify especially dangerous operations. When the user performs a dangerous operation, send a separate confirmation request to ensure that the user intended to perform that operation.  Note that this can be bypassed using XSS.  Use the ESAPI Session Management control.  This control includes a component for CSRF.  Do not use the GET method for any request that triggers a state change.  Phase: Implementation  Check the HTTP Referer header to see if the request originated from an expected page. This could break legitimate functionality, because users or proxies may have disabled sending the Referer for privacy reasons.
Reference	https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/cheatsheets/Cross- Site Request Forgery Prevention Cheat Sheet.html
TO O O O O	https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/352.html
CWE Id	<u>352</u>
WASC Id	9
Plugin Id	10202
Modium	Application Error Disclasure
Medium	Application Error Disclosure
Description	This page contains an error/warning message that may disclose sensitive information like the location of the file that produced the unhandled exception. This information can be used to launch further attacks against the web application. The alert could be a false positive if the error message is found inside a documentation page.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php
Method	GET
Attack	
	<b>Warning</b> : "continue" targeting switch is equivalent to "break". Did you mean to use
	to realising vo. Continuo targeting switch is equivalent to break. Did you mean to use

Evidence	"continue 2"? in <b>C:\xampp\htdocs\mutillidae\owasp-esapi-php\lib\apachelog4php\trunk\src\main\php\helpers\LoggerPatternParser.php</b> on line <b>161</b> 
Other Info	
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?popUpNotificationCode=AU1
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	 
Other Info	
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	<b>Warning</b> : "continue" targeting switch is equivalent to "break". Did you mean to use "continue 2"? in <b>C:\xampp\htdocs\mutillidae\owasp-esapi-php\lib\apachelog4php\trunk\src\main\php\helpers\LoggerPatternParser.php</b> on line <b>161</b> br />
Other Info	
Instances	3
Solution	Review the source code of this page. Implement custom error pages. Consider implementing a mechanism to provide a unique error reference/identifier to the client (browser) while logging the details on the server side and not exposing them to the user.
Reference	
CWE Id	200
WASC Id	13
Plugin Id	90022
Medium	Content Security Policy (CSP) Header Not Set
Description	Content Security Policy (CSP) is an added layer of security that helps to detect and mitigate certain types of attacks, including Cross Site Scripting (XSS) and data injection attacks. These attacks are used for everything from data theft to site defacement or distribution of malware. CSP provides a set of standard HTTP headers that allow website owners to declare approved sources of content that browsers should be allowed to load on that page — covered types are JavaScript, CSS, HTML frames, fonts, images and embeddable objects such as Java applets, ActiveX, audio and video files.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?popUpNotificationCode=AU1
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	

URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	
Instances	3
Solution	Ensure that your web server, application server, load balancer, etc. is configured to set the Content-Security-Policy header.
Reference	https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/Security/CSP /Introducing Content Security Policy https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/cheatsheets/Content Security Policy Cheat Sheet.html  https://www.w3.org/TR/CSP/ https://w3c.github.io/webappsec-csp/ https://web.dev/articles/csp
	https://caniuse.com/#feat=contentsecuritypolicy https://content-security-policy.com/
CWE Id	693
WASC Id	15
Plugin Id	<u>10038</u>
Medium	HTTP to HTTPS Insecure Transition in Form Post
Description	This check looks for insecure HTTP pages that host HTTPS forms. The issue is that an insecure HTTP page can easily be hijacked through MITM and the secure HTTPS form can be replaced or spoofed.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php
Method	GET
	321
Attack	
Attack Evidence	https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr
Evidence Other	https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr  The response to the following request over HTTP included an HTTPS form tag action attribute value: http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php The context was: <form action="https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr" method="post" target="_blank"> <input name="cmd" type="hidden" value="_s-xclick"/> <input name=" hosted_button_id" type="hidden" value="45R3YEXENU97S"/> <input alt="PayPal - The safer, easier way to pay online!" border="0" name="submit" src="https://www.paypalobjects.com/en_US/i/btn/btn_donate_LG.gif" type="image"/> <img alt="" border="0" cgi-bin="" https:="" method="post" src="https://www.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Evidence Other Info&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr  The response to the following request over HTTP included an HTTPS form tag action attribute value: http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php The context was: &lt;form action=" target="_blank" webscr"="" www.paypal.com=""/> <input name="cmd" type="hidden" value="_s-xclick"/> <input name=" hosted_button_id" type="hidden" value="45R3YEXENU97S"/> <input alt="PayPal - The safer, easier way to pay online!" border="0" name="submit" src="https://www.paypalobjects.com/en_US/i/btn/btn_donate_LG.gif" type="image"/> <img alt="" border="0" height="1" src="https://www.paypalobjects.com/en_US/i/scr/pixel.gif" width="1"/> </form>
Other Info	https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr  The response to the following request over HTTP included an HTTPS form tag action attribute value: http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php The context was: <form action="https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr" method="post" target="_blank"> <input name="cmd" type="hidden" value="_s-xclick"/> <input name=" hosted_button_id" type="hidden" value="45R3YEXENU97S"/> <input alt="PayPal - The safer, easier way to pay online!" border="0" name="submit" src="https://www.paypalobjects.com/en_US/i/btn/btn_donate_LG.gif" type="image"/> <img alt="" border="0" height="1" src="https://www.paypalobjects.com/en_US/i/scr/pixel.gif" width="1"/> </form> http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?popUpNotificationCode=AU1
Other Info  URL  Method	https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr  The response to the following request over HTTP included an HTTPS form tag action attribute value: http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php The context was: <form action="https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr" method="post" target="_blank"> <input name="cmd" type="hidden" value="_s-xclick"/> <input name=" hosted_button_id" type="hidden" value="45R3YEXENU97S"/> <input alt="PayPal - The safer, easier way to pay online!" border="0" name="submit" src="https://www.paypalobjects.com/en_US/i/btn/btn_donate_LG.gif" type="image"/> <img alt="" border="0" height="1" src="https://www.paypalobjects.com/en_US/i/scr/pixel.gif" width="1"/> </form> http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?popUpNotificationCode=AU1
Other Info  URL  Method  Attack	https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr  The response to the following request over HTTP included an HTTPS form tag action attribute value: http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php The context was: <form action="https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr" method="post" target="_blank"> <input name="cmd" type="hidden" value="_s-xclick"/> <input name=" hosted_button_id" type="hidden" value="45R3YEXENU97S"/> <input alt="PayPal-The safer, easier way to pay online!" border="0" name="submit" src="https://www.paypalobjects.com/en_US/i/btn/btn_donate_LG.gif" type="image"/> <img alt="" border="0" height="1" src="https://www.paypalobjects.com/en_US/i/scr/pixel.gif" width="1"/> </form> http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?popUpNotificationCode=AU1  GET
Other Info  URL  Method  Attack  Evidence	https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr  The response to the following request over HTTP included an HTTPS form tag action attribute value: http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php The context was: <form action="https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr" method="post" target="_blank"> <input name="cmd" type="hidden" value="_s-xclick"/> <input name=" hosted_button_id" type="hidden" value="45R3YEXENU97S"/> <input name=" hosted_button_id" type="hidden" value="45R3YEXENU97S"/> <input alt="PayPal-The safer, easier way to pay online!" border="0" name="submit" src="https://www.paypalobjects.com/en_US/i/btn/btn_donate_LG.gif" type="mage"/> <img alt="" border="0" height="1" src="https://www.paypalobjects.com/en_US/i/scr/pixel.gif" width="1"/> </form> http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?popUpNotificationCode=AU1  GET  https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr  The response to the following request over HTTP included an HTTPS form tag action attribute value: http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?popUpNotificationCode=AU1 The context was: <form action="https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr" method="post" target="_blank"> <input name="cmd" type="hidden" value="_s-xclick"/> <input name="hosted_button_id" type="hidden" value="45R3YEXENU97S"/> <input name="hosted_button_id" type="hidden" value="45R3YEXENU97S"/> <input name="hosted_button_id" type="hidden" value="45R3YEXENU97S"/> <input name="hosted_button_id" type="hidden" value="45R3YEXENU97S"/> <input alt="PayPal-The safer, easier way to pay online!" name="submit" type="hidden"/> <img alt="PayPal-The safer, easier way to pay online!" border="0" name="submit"/> <img alt="PayPal-The safer, easier way to pay online!" border="0" name="submit"/> <img alt="PayPal-The safer, easier way to pay online!" border="0" name="submit"/> <img alt="PayPal-The safer, easier way to pay online!" border="0" name="submit"/> <img alt="PayPal-The safer, easier way to pay online!" border="0" name="submit"/> <img alt="PayPal-The safer, easier wa&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Other Info  URL  Method  Attack  Evidence  Other Info&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr  The response to the following request over HTTP included an HTTPS form tag action attribute value: http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php The context was: &lt;form action=" border="0" cgi-bin="" https:="" method="post" name="submit" target="_blank" webscr"="" www.paypal.com=""/> <input name="cmd" type="hidden" value="_s-xclick"/> <input name=" hosted_button_id" type="hidden" value="45R3YEXENU97S"/> <input name=" hosted_button_id" type="hidden" value="45R3YEXENU97S"/> <input border="0" height="1" src="https://www.paypalobjects.com/en_US/i/scr/pixel.gif" type="limage" width="1"/> </form> http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?popUpNotificationCode=AU1  GET  https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr  The response to the following request over HTTP included an HTTPS form tag action attribute value: http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?popUpNotificationCode=AU1 The context was: <form action="https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr" method="post" target="_blank"> <input name="cmd" type="hidden" value="_s-xclick"/> <input name="hosted_button_id" type="hidden" value="45R3YEXENU97S"/> <input alt="PayPal-The safer, easier way to pay online!" border="0" name="submit" src="https://www.paypalobjects.com/en_US/i/btn/btn_donate_LG.gif" type="image"/> <img alt="" beight="1" border="0" src="https://www.paypalobjects.com/en_US/i/scr/pixel.gif" width="1"/> </form>

Attack	
Evidence	https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr
Other Info	The response to the following request over HTTP included an HTTPS form tag action attribute value: http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php The context was: <form action="https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr" method="post" target="_blank"> <input name="cmd" type="hidden" value="_s-xclick"/> <input name="hosted_button_id" type="hidden" value="45R3YEXENU97S"/> <input alt="PayPal - The safer, easier way to pay online!" border="0" name="submit" src="https://www.paypalobjects.com/en_US/i/btn/btn_donate_LG.gif" type="image"/> <img alt="" border="0" height="1" src="https://www.paypalobjects.com/en_US/i/scr/pixel.gif" width="1"/> </form>
Instances	3
Solution	Use HTTPS for landing pages that host secure forms.
Reference	
CWE Id	<u>319</u>
WASC Id	15
Plugin Id	10041
Medium	Missing Anti-clickjacking Header
	The response does not include either Content-Security-Policy with 'frame-ancestors'
Description	directive or X-Frame-Options to protect against 'ClickJacking' attacks.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?popUpNotificationCode=AU1
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	
Instances	3
Solution	Modern Web browsers support the Content-Security-Policy and X-Frame-Options HTTP headers. Ensure one of them is set on all web pages returned by your site/app.  If you expect the page to be framed only by pages on your server (e.g. it's part of a FRAMESET) then you'll want to use SAMEORIGIN, otherwise if you never expect the page to be framed, you should use DENY. Alternatively consider implementing Content Security Policy's "frame-ancestors" directive.
Reference	https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/Headers/X-Frame-Options
CWE Id	1021
WASC Id	15

Plugin Id	<u>10020</u>
Low	Information Disclosure - Debug Error Messages
Description	The response appeared to contain common error messages returned by platforms such as ASP.NET, and Web-servers such as IIS and Apache. You can configure the list of common debug messages.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?popUpNotificationCode=AU1
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	PHP error
Other Info	
Instances	1
Solution	Disable debugging messages before pushing to production.
Reference	
CWE Id	200
WASC Id	13
Plugin Id	<u>10023</u>
Low	Server Leaks Information via "X-Powered-By" HTTP Response Header Field(s)
Description	The web/application server is leaking information via one or more "X-Powered-By" HTTP response headers. Access to such information may facilitate attackers identifying other frameworks/components your web application is reliant upon and the vulnerabilities such components may be subject to.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	X-Powered-By: PHP/8.2.12
Other Info	
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?popUpNotificationCode=AU1
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	X-Powered-By: PHP/8.2.12
Other Info	
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	X-Powered-By: PHP/8.2.12
Other Info	
Instances	3
Solution	Ensure that your web server, application server, load balancer, etc. is configured to suppress "X-Powered-By" headers.
Reference	https://owasp.org/www-project-web-security-testing-guide/v42/4- Web Application Security Testing/01-Information Gathering/08- Fingerprint Web Application Framework

	https://www.trovhunt.com/2012/02/shhh-dont-let-your-response-headers.html
CWE Id	200
WASC Id	13
Plugin Id	10037
Low	Server Leaks Version Information via "Server" HTTP Response Header Field
LOW	The web/application server is leaking version information via the "Server" HTTP response
Description	header. Access to such information may facilitate attackers identifying other vulnerabilities your web/application server is subject to.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	Apache/2.4.58 (Win64) OpenSSL/3.1.3 PHP/8.2.12
Other Info	
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?popUpNotificationCode=AU1
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	Apache/2.4.58 (Win64) OpenSSL/3.1.3 PHP/8.2.12
Other Info	
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	Apache/2.4.58 (Win64) OpenSSL/3.1.3 PHP/8.2.12
Other Info	
Instances	3
Solution	Ensure that your web server, application server, load balancer, etc. is configured to suppress the "Server" header or provide generic details.
Reference	https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/core.html#servertokens https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/msp-n-p/ff648552(v=pandp.10) https://www.troyhunt.com/shhh-dont-let-your-response-headers/
CWE Id	200
WASC Id	13
Plugin Id	10036
Low	X-Content-Type-Options Header Missing
Description	The Anti-MIME-Sniffing header X-Content-Type-Options was not set to 'nosniff'. This allows older versions of Internet Explorer and Chrome to perform MIME-sniffing on the response body, potentially causing the response body to be interpreted and displayed as a content type other than the declared content type. Current (early 2014) and legacy versions of Firefox will use the declared content type (if one is set), rather than performing MIME-sniffing.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	

Other Info	This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?popUpNotificationCode=AU1
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.
Instances	3
Solution	Ensure that the application/web server sets the Content-Type header appropriately, and that it sets the X-Content-Type-Options header to 'nosniff' for all web pages.  If possible, ensure that the end user uses a standards-compliant and modern web browser that does not perform MIME-sniffing at all, or that can be directed by the web application /web server to not perform MIME-sniffing.
Reference	https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/windows/internet-explorer/ie-developer/compatibility/gg622941(v=vs.85) https://owasp.org/www-community/Security_Headers
CWE Id	<u>693</u>
WASC Id	15
Plugin Id	10021
Informational	Information Disclosure - Suspicious Comments
Illiormational	The response appears to contain suspicious comments which may help an attacker. Note:
Description	Matches made within script blocks or files are against the entire content not only comments.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	from
Other Info	The following pattern was used: \bFROM\b and was detected in the element starting with: " <script type="text/javascript"> try{ //if(!window.localStorage.length){ window.localStorage. setItem("SelfDestruct", see evidence field for the suspicious comment/snippet.</td></tr><tr><td>URL</td><td>http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?popUpNotificationCode=AU1</td></tr><tr><td>Method</td><td>GET</td></tr><tr><td>Attack</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Evidence</td><td>from</td></tr><tr><td>Other Info</td><td>The following pattern was used: \bFROM\b and was detected in the element starting with: "<script type="text/javascript"> try{ //if(!window.localStorage.length){ window.localStorage. setItem("SelfDestruct", see evidence field for the suspicious comment/snippet.</td></tr></tbody></table></script>

URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	from
Other Info	The following pattern was used: \bFROM\b and was detected in the element starting with: " <script type="text/javascript"> try{ //if(!window.localStorage.length){ window.localStorage. setItem("SelfDestruct", see evidence field for the suspicious comment/snippet.</td></tr><tr><td>URL</td><td>http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php</td></tr><tr><td>Method</td><td>GET</td></tr><tr><td>Attack</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Evidence</td><td>user</td></tr><tr><td>Other Info</td><td>The following pattern was used: \bUSER\b and was detected in the element starting with: "<! I think the database password is set to blank or perhaps samurai. It depends on whether you installed this web app from ", see evidence field for the suspicious comment/snippet.</td></tr><tr><td>URL</td><td>http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?popUpNotificationCode=AU1</td></tr><tr><td>Method</td><td>GET</td></tr><tr><td>Attack</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Evidence</td><td>user</td></tr><tr><td>Other Info</td><td>The following pattern was used: \bUSER\b and was detected 2 times, the first in the element starting with: "<! I think the database password is set to blank or perhaps samurai. It depends on whether you installed this web app from ", see evidence field for the suspicious comment/snippet.</td></tr><tr><td>URL</td><td>http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php</td></tr><tr><td>Method</td><td>POST</td></tr><tr><td>Attack</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Evidence</td><td>user</td></tr><tr><td>Other Info</td><td>The following pattern was used: \bUSER\b and was detected in the element starting with: "<! I think the database password is set to blank or perhaps samurai. It depends on whether you installed this web app from ", see evidence field for the suspicious comment/snippet.</td></tr><tr><td>Instances</td><td>6</td></tr><tr><td>Solution</td><td>Remove all comments that return information that may help an attacker and fix any underlying problems they refer to.</td></tr><tr><td>Reference</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CWE Id</td><td>200</td></tr><tr><td>WASC Id</td><td>13</td></tr><tr><td>Plugin Id</td><td>10027</td></tr><tr><td>Informational</td><td>Modern Web Application</td></tr><tr><td>Description</td><td>The application appears to be a modern web application. If you need to explore it automatically then the Ajax Spider may well be more effective than the standard one.</td></tr><tr><td>URL</td><td>http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php</td></tr><tr><td>Method</td><td>GET</td></tr><tr><td>Attack</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Evidence</td><td><a href="">OWASP 2017</a></td></tr><tr><td>Other Info</td><td>Links have been found that do not have traditional href attributes, which is an indication that this is a modern web application.</td></tr><tr><td>URL</td><td>http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?popUpNotificationCode=AU1</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script>

Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	<a href="">OWASP 2017</a>
Other Info	Links have been found that do not have traditional href attributes, which is an indication that this is a modern web application.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	<a href="">OWASP 2017</a>
Other Info	Links have been found that do not have traditional href attributes, which is an indication that this is a modern web application.
Instances	3
Solution	This is an informational alert and so no changes are required.
Reference	
CWE Id	
WASC Id	
Plugin Id	<u>10109</u>
Informational	User Controllable HTML Element Attribute (Potential XSS)
Informational  Description	User Controllable HTML Element Attribute (Potential XSS)  This check looks at user-supplied input in query string parameters and POST data to identify where certain HTML attribute values might be controlled. This provides hot-spot detection for XSS (cross-site scripting) that will require further review by a security analyst to determine exploitability.
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Description  URL  Method  Attack	This check looks at user-supplied input in query string parameters and POST data to identify where certain HTML attribute values might be controlled. This provides hot-spot detection for XSS (cross-site scripting) that will require further review by a security analyst to determine exploitability. <a href="http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php">http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php</a>
Description  URL  Method  Attack  Evidence  Other	This check looks at user-supplied input in query string parameters and POST data to identify where certain HTML attribute values might be controlled. This provides hot-spot detection for XSS (cross-site scripting) that will require further review by a security analyst to determine exploitability.  http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php  POST  User-controlled HTML attribute values were found. Try injecting special characters to see if XSS might be possible. The page at the following URL: http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index. php?page=repeater.php appears to include user input in: a(n) [input] tag [value] attribute The user input found was: repeater-php-submit-button=Repeat String The user-controlled
Description  URL  Method  Attack  Evidence  Other Info	This check looks at user-supplied input in query string parameters and POST data to identify where certain HTML attribute values might be controlled. This provides hot-spot detection for XSS (cross-site scripting) that will require further review by a security analyst to determine exploitability.  http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php  POST  User-controlled HTML attribute values were found. Try injecting special characters to see if XSS might be possible. The page at the following URL: http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php appears to include user input in: a(n) [input] tag [value] attribute The user input found was: repeater-php-submit-button=Repeat String The user-controlled value was: repeat string
Description  URL  Method  Attack  Evidence  Other Info	This check looks at user-supplied input in query string parameters and POST data to identify where certain HTML attribute values might be controlled. This provides hot-spot detection for XSS (cross-site scripting) that will require further review by a security analyst to determine exploitability.  http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php  POST  User-controlled HTML attribute values were found. Try injecting special characters to see if XSS might be possible. The page at the following URL: http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index. php?page=repeater.php appears to include user input in: a(n) [input] tag [value] attribute The user input found was: repeater-php-submit-button=Repeat String The user-controlled value was: repeat string
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Description  URL  Method  Attack  Evidence  Other Info  Instances  Solution  Reference	This check looks at user-supplied input in query string parameters and POST data to identify where certain HTML attribute values might be controlled. This provides hot-spot detection for XSS (cross-site scripting) that will require further review by a security analyst to determine exploitability.  http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php  POST  User-controlled HTML attribute values were found. Try injecting special characters to see if XSS might be possible. The page at the following URL: http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=repeater.php appears to include user input in: a(n) [input] tag [value] attribute The user input found was: repeater-php-submit-button=Repeat String The user-controlled value was: repeat string  1  Validate all input and sanitize output it before writing to any HTML attributes.  https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/cheatsheets/Input_Validation_Cheat_Sheet.html

Plugin Id

<u>10031</u>