

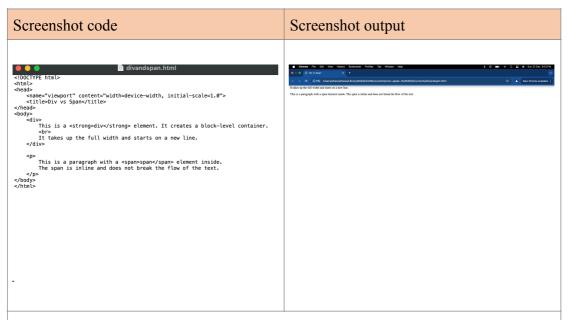
### **BCSE203E-Web Programming**

# **Activity -21.1.2.2024**

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Trace the output for the following elements and infer the similarities and differences

# 1. Div and span

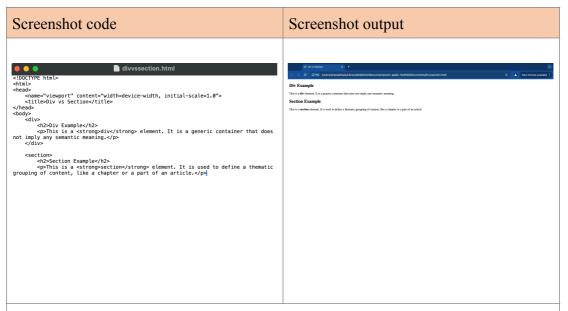


Div – Called as division tag. It is used for style purposes.

Span – inline container used to mark up a part of a text, or a part of a document Inference :

- Div is used for block level organization and styling of page elements.
- span element is used for inline organization and styling

### 2. Div and section

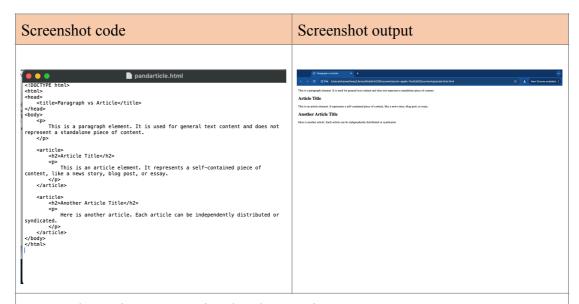


Div – Called as division tag. It is used for style purposes.

Section – Called as section tag. Used during requirements of header and footer. Inference :

- Div is used for block level organization and styling of page elements.
- Section is used during requirements of header and footer.

# 3. Paragraph and article



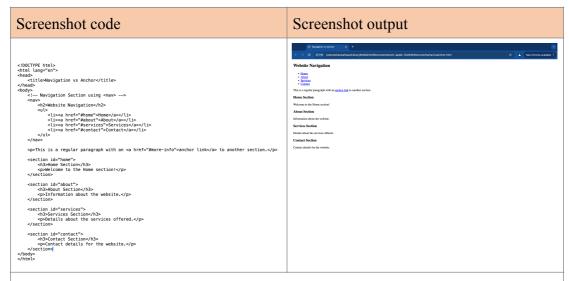
Paragraph – It is a presentational and semantic tag.

Article – It is a semantic tag

#### Inference:

- paragraph is used while adding multiple paragraphs in articles, stories,in formative blogs.
- article is used blog activities, newspapers / magazines articles and forum post.

### 4. Navigation and anchor



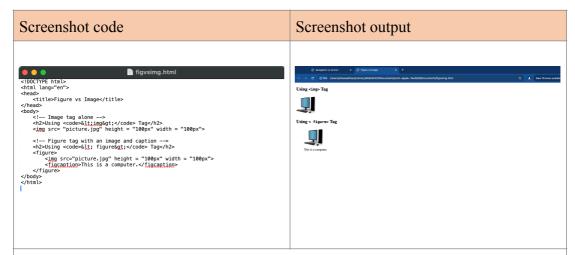
Navigation – Defines a section of a webpage that contains navigation.

Anchor – Creates a link to another page/file/email

#### Inference:

- Navigation is used for structuring and organizing links using elements like <nav> to allow users to move easily between pages or sections of a website.
- Anchor is used to create hyperlinks.

# 5. Figure and image

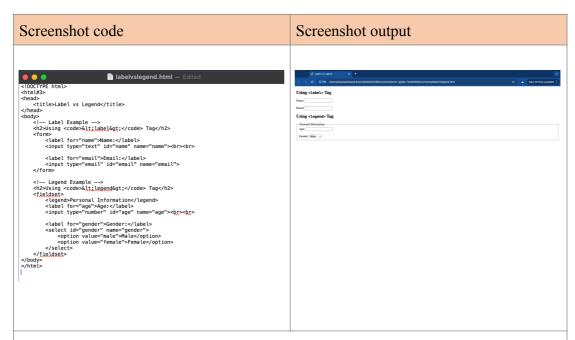


Figure—Used to add context and meaning with captions along with the image. Image—Used for displaying an image.

#### Inference:

- Image is used to embed and display images in a web page, requiring a <src> attribute for the image source and an <alt> attribute for accessibility.
- Figure is used to group self-contained media content, like images or illustrations, often accompanied by a <figcaption> for captions.

# 6. Label and legends

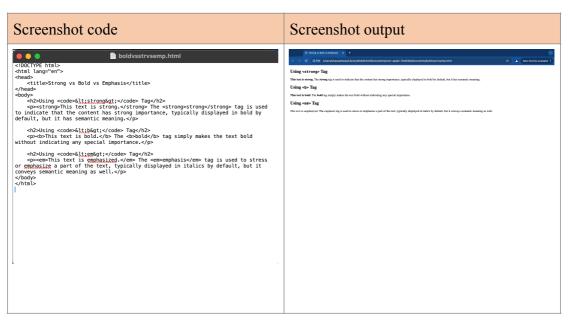


Label – Describes and links text to a single form control. Legends – Provides a title for a group of related controls.

### Inference:

- Label is used to associate descriptive text with a specific form control.
- Legend provides a caption or title for a group of related form controls enclosed within a <fieldset> , enhancing structure and context for the form group.

# 7. Strong vs bold vs emphasis tag



Strong – Adds semantic importance or seriousness.

Emphasis – Adds semantic emphasis or stress.

Bold - Adds visual boldness with no semantic meaning.

### Inference:

- Strong indicates strong importance or seriousness of text, often rendered as bold by default.
- Emphasis denotes emphasized text, indicating stress or importance in context. Often rendered as italic.
- Bold represents visually bold text without conveying any additional importance or emphasis.