```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount("/content/drive", force\_remount

```
from numpy import mean
from numpy import std
from matplotlib import pyplot
from sklearn.model_selection import KFold
from keras.datasets import mnist
from keras.utils import to_categorical
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.lavers import Conv2D
from keras.layers import MaxPooling2D
from keras.layers import Dense
from keras.layers import Flatten
from keras.optimizers import SGD
from keras.layers import Dropout
from keras.layers import BatchNormalization
import keras
from keras import backend as K
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import sklearn
path_normal = '/content/drive/MyDrive/Deep learning demo project/Normal/'
path_pneumonia = '/content/drive/MyDrive/Deep learning demo project/pneumonia/'
##Import necessary libraries
import numpy as np
import PIL
import cv2
import os
data1 = list()
data2 = list()
x = list()
##Class-1 images##
for image in os.walk(path_normal):
 data1.append(image[2])
for i in range(len(data1[0])):
 str_complete = path_normal + data1[0][i]
 img = cv2.imread(str_complete)
 img = cv2.resize(img, (224, 224))
 x.append(img)
 print(i)#Ensure all images are loaded
```

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print(img.shape)
     (224, 224, 3)
##Class-2 images##
for image in os.walk(path_pneumonia):
  data2.append(image[2])
for i in range(len(data2[0])):
  str_complete = path_pneumonia + data2[0][i]
  img = cv2.imread(str_complete)
  img = cv2.resize(img, (224, 224))
  x.append(img)#Ensure all images are loaded
  print(i)
```

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   data x = np.asarray(x)
   data_x.shape
        (1400, 224, 224, 3)
   x=data_x
   y = np.zeros(1400)
   y[:700] = 1
   y[700:1400]=2
   from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
   ##Dataset Split##
   from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
   from keras.utils import to_categorical
   \#y = to categorical(y)
   x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(data_x, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=1)
   x_train, x_val, y_train, y_val = train_test_split(x_train, y_train, test_size=1/8, random_state=1)
   y_tr_one_hot = np.zeros((np.array(y_train).shape[0],2))
   for i in range(np.array(y_train).shape[0]):
     label = y_train[i]-1
     y_tr_one_hot[i][int(label)] = 1
   y_val_one_hot = np.zeros((np.array(y_val).shape[0],2))
   for i in range(np.array(y_val).shape[0]):
     label = y_val[i]-1
     y_val_one_hot[i][int(label)] = 1
                                                                                                                             y te one hot = np.zeros((np.array(y test).shape[0],2))
   for i in range(np.array(y_test).shape[0]):
     label = y_test[i]-1
     y_te_one_hot[i][int(label)] = 1
   from keras.models import load_model
   from keras.layers import Lambda
   import tensorflow as tf
   from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
   from tensorflow.keras.layers import GlobalAveragePooling2D, Dense
   model = tf.keras.applications.MobileNet(include_top=False,input_shape=(224,224,3))
   # mark loaded layers as not trainable
   for layer in model.layers:
     layer.trainable = False
   # add new classifier layers
   flat1 = Flatten()(model.layers[-1].output)
   #x=Dense(1024,activation='relu')(flat1) # FC layer 1
   #x=Dense(64,activation='relu')(x) # FC layer 2
   output = Dense(2, activation='softmax')(flat1)
   model = Model(inputs=model.inputs, outputs=output)
   optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=0.01)
   model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
   \verb|model.fit(x_train, y_tr_one_hot, validation_data=(x_val, y_val_one_hot), epochs=5, batch_size=200, verbose=1)|
        Epoch 1/5
        5/5 [=========] - 77s 15s/step - loss: 7.2928 - accuracy: 0.6408 - val_loss: 5.2488 - val_accuracy:
```

```
Epoch 2/5
5/5 [=========== ] - 64s 13s/step - loss: 1.7307 - accuracy: 0.7990 - val loss: 0.2457 - val accuracy:
Epoch 3/5
5/5 [=========] - 62s 13s/step - loss: 0.3872 - accuracy: 0.9551 - val_loss: 0.6763 - val_accuracy:
Epoch 4/5
            ============== ] - 62s 13s/step - loss: 0.3934 - accuracy: 0.9592 - val loss: 0.2230 - val accuracy:
5/5 [=====
Epoch 5/5
5/5 [============= ] - 64s 13s/step - loss: 0.0822 - accuracy: 0.9908 - val loss: 0.4079 - val accuracy:
<keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f074705fd00>
```

```
import sklearn
```

from sklearn.metrics import confusion\_matrix

```
test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(np.array(x_test), np.array(y_te_one_hot), verbose=0)
print(test acc)
##Evaluating Sensitivity, Accuracy and Kappa scores
y prob = model.predict(x test)
Y_pred = y_prob.argmax(axis=-1)
    0.9892857074737549
    9/9 [======] - 14s 2s/step
cm1 = confusion matrix(y test-1,Y pred)
print("confusion matrix \n",cm1)
    confusion matrix
     [[137 0]
     [ 3 140]]
from sklearn.metrics import classification report
import pandas as pd
print(pd.DataFrame(classification_report(y_test-1,Y_pred,output_dict=True)).T)
Kappa=sklearn.metrics.cohen_kappa_score(y_test-1,Y_pred)
print('Kappa=',Kappa)
C
                 precision
                             recall f1-score
                                                  support
                  0.978571 1.000000 0.989170 137.000000
    0.0
    1.0
                  1.000000 0.979021 0.989399 143.000000
    accuracy
                  0.989286 0.989286 0.989286
                                                0.989286
    macro avg
                  0.989286 0.989510 0.989284 280.000000
    weighted avg
                 0.989515 0.989286 0.989287 280.000000
    Kappa= 0.9785714285714285
```