

# sensor1\_analysis

March 5, 2025

```
[4]: # imports

import json
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# let's import our file for the analysis:

json_file = './data/sensor1_sleep.json'
with open(json_file, 'r') as infile:
    json_data = json.load(infile)
```

```
[5]: # what is this file?
type(json_data)
```

```
[5]: dict
```

```
[6]: # let's see what elements do we have in the dictionary
for element in json_data:
    print(element)
```

```
readiness
restful_periods
sleep
```

```
[7]: # we are interested in sleep! let's focus on that element
# find out what do we have inside the 'sleep' element
type(json_data['sleep'])
```

```
[7]: list
```

```
[12]: # let's access the first element of this list

# -- write your code --

json_data["sleep"]
```

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[12]: [ {'awake': 2760,
  'bedtime_end': '2020-01-14T05:31:00-08:00',
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```

[13]: # let's find the element related to the day of interest! do we have one element per day?

```

# 1. let's find how many days are there

# -- write your code --

len(json_data["sleep"])

```

[13]: 5

[14]: # 2. let's find the index of the day of interest; for each day, let's print bedtime\_end , so we will know  
# which element to use (the night is between 15 and 16 of Jan 2020)

```

# -- write your code --

json_data['sleep'][1]

```

```
[14]: {'awake': 5370,
'bedtime_end': '2020-01-15T07:38:02-08:00',
'bedtime_end_delta': 27482,
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'timezone': -480,
'total': 23310}

```

[11]: # 3. let's find the time the participant went to bed, and when s/he woke up

```

night_index = 2
print('Night starts at: '+json_data['sleep'][night_index]['bedtime_start'])
print('Night end at: '+json_data['sleep'][night_index]['bedtime_end'])

```

Night starts at: 2020-01-15T22:54:04-08:00

Night end at: 2020-01-16T06:09:04-08:00

```
[16]: # 4. total time in bed: put the total time spent in bed by the participant
      ↵(calculate it manually)

# -- write your code --

min_slept = 24-22 + 6 - (.54-.09)
min_slept
```

[16]: 7.55

```
[17]: # 5. let's extract the hypnogram !
      # the code is written for you, but verify step by step what is happening (add
      ↵comments)!

#'1' = deep (N3) sleep - '2' = light (N1 or N2) sleep - '3' = REM sleep - '4' =
      ↵awake
dic_sleep = {'wake':4, 'deep':1, 'light':2, 'rem':3}

hypno_js = json_data['sleep'][night_index]['hypnogram_5min']

hypno = np.array(list(hypno_js))

# we have 1 value every 5 minutes; we need 1 value every 30 seconds (to compare
      ↵it with gold standard)
# let's have each element repeated 10 times (2 per minute)
hypno = np.repeat(hypno,10)
hypno = hypno.astype(int)
```

```
[18]: # 6. let's verify hypnogram is of the right length
len(hypno)
```

[18]: 870

```
[19]: # 7. let's write down the hypnogram to export,
      # we need to write the phase of sleep (from 1 to 4) from 11:00pm to 6:00am ,
      ↵with sleep phase for each 30 seconds
total_number_30sec_int = 7*60*2

df = pd.DataFrame(columns = ['IndexTime', 'SleepPhase'])
df['IndexTime'] = range(total_number_30sec_int)

# let's cut the first and last minutes of hypno (outside the range of interest)
minutes_before_11pm = 6
minutes_after_6am = 9
```

```
# I consider only hypno in the range of interest
df['SleepPhase'] = hypno[minutes_before_11pm*2:-minutes_after_6am*2]
```

```
[20]: # 8. let's save the final csv file
df.to_csv('sensor_1_output.csv', index=False)
```

```
[22]: # 9. let's calculate amount of sleep per phase
# in number of intervals
# in percentage over the 7 hours of analysis

# -- write your code --
```

```
sleep_counts = df['SleepPhase'].value_counts(normalize=True).sort_index()
summary_df = (sleep_counts * 100).reset_index()
summary_df.columns = ['SleepPhase', 'Percentage']
summary_df['Intervals'] = (summary_df['Percentage'] / 100) * len(df)
print(summary_df)
```

	SleepPhase	Percentage	Intervals
0	1	20.238095	170.0
1	2	40.476190	340.0
2	3	27.619048	232.0
3	4	11.666667	98.0

```
[21]: # 10. let's print the hypnogram!
```

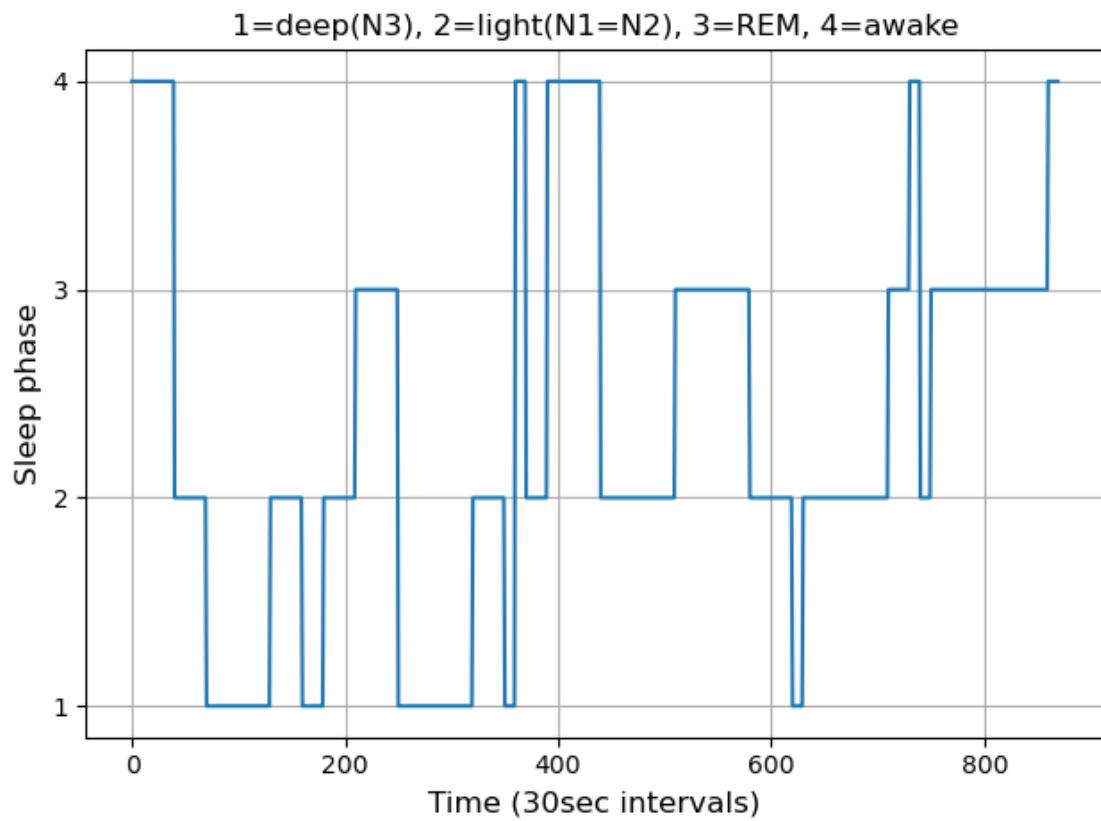
```
def plot_hypno(signal): #,color
    x = np.arange(len(signal))
    y = signal

    fontsizeV = 12
    mpl.plot(x,y) #color=color
    mpl.xlabel('Time (30sec intervals)',fontsize=fontsizeV)
    mpl.ylabel('Sleep phase',fontsize=fontsizeV)
    mpl.yticks([1,2,3,4])
    mpl.title('1=deep(N3), 2=light(N1=N2), 3=REM, 4=awake')
    mpl.grid(True)
    mpl.tight_layout()

    # -- write your code --

print(plot_hypno(hypno))
```

None



[ ]:

## sensor2\_analysis

March 5, 2025

```
[18]: import json
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# let's import our file for the analysis:
json_file = './data/sensor2_sleep.json'

with open(json_file, 'r') as infile:
    json_data = json.load(infile)
```

```
[19]: # what is this file?
json_data
```

```
[19]: {'sleep': [{}{'dateOfSleep': '2020-01-17',
'duration': 29460000,
'efficiency': 96,
'endTime': '2020-01-17T07:20:30.000',
'infoCode': 0,
'isMainSleep': True,
'levels': {}{'data': [{}{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T23:09:30.000',
'level': 'wake',
'seconds': 570},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T23:19:00.000',
'level': 'light',
'seconds': 1200},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T23:39:00.000', 'level': 'deep', 'seconds': 1650},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T00:06:30.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 360},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T00:12:30.000', 'level': 'rem', 'seconds': 300},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T00:17:30.000',
'level': 'light',
'seconds': 1320},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T00:39:30.000', 'level': 'deep', 'seconds': 1770},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T01:09:00.000',
'level': 'light',
'seconds': 1920},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T01:41:00.000', 'level': 'rem', 'seconds': 930},
```

```
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T01:56:30.000',
 'level': 'light',
 'seconds': 1440},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T02:20:30.000', 'level': 'deep', 'seconds': 2190},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T02:57:00.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 810},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T03:10:30.000', 'level': 'rem', 'seconds': 1320},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T03:32:30.000',
 'level': 'light',
 'seconds': 1110},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T03:51:00.000', 'level': 'deep', 'seconds': 420},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T03:58:00.000',
 'level': 'light',
 'seconds': 1740},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T04:27:00.000', 'level': 'rem', 'seconds': 3270},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T05:21:30.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 60},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T05:22:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 390},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T05:29:00.000',
 'level': 'light',
 'seconds': 3720},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T06:31:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 360},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T06:37:00.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 780},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T06:50:00.000',
 'level': 'wake',
 'seconds': 1830}],
'shortData': [{"dateTime': '2020-01-16T23:21:00.000',
 'level': 'wake',
 'seconds': 60},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T23:31:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T00:17:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T01:08:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T01:36:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T01:40:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 60},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T01:57:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 60},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T02:56:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 60},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T03:14:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T03:28:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T03:33:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T03:36:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T04:00:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T04:17:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T04:40:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T04:52:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T04:58:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T05:13:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T05:45:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T05:55:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 150},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T06:11:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 60},
```

```

{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T06:25:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 60},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T06:40:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 150},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-17T06:45:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 60}],
'summary': {'deep': {'count': 4, 'minutes': 99, 'thirtyDayAvgMinutes': 49},
'light': {'count': 25, 'minutes': 226, 'thirtyDayAvgMinutes': 280},
'rem': {'count': 10, 'minutes': 94, 'thirtyDayAvgMinutes': 66},
'wake': {'count': 28, 'minutes': 72, 'thirtyDayAvgMinutes': 78}}},  

'logId': 25487811377,  

'minutesAfterWakeups': 5,  

'minutesAsleep': 419,  

'minutesAwake': 72,  

'minutesToFallAsleep': 0,  

'startTime': '2020-01-16T23:09:30.000',  

'timeInBed': 491,  

'type': 'stages'},  

{'dateOfSleep': '2020-01-16',
'duration': 27720000,
'efficiency': 92,
'endTime': '2020-01-16T06:16:30.000',
'infoCode': 0,
'isMainSleep': True,
'levels': {'data': [{"dateTime": '2020-01-15T22:34:00.000',
'level': 'wake',
'seconds': 600},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T22:44:00.000', 'level': 'deep', 'seconds': 270},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T22:48:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 240},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T22:52:30.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 90},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T22:54:00.000', 'level': 'deep', 'seconds': 420},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T23:01:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 660},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T23:12:00.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 120},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T23:14:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 360},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T23:20:00.000',
'level': 'light',
'seconds': 1320},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T23:42:00.000', 'level': 'deep', 'seconds': 390},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T23:48:30.000',
'level': 'light',
'seconds': 7380},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T01:51:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 480},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T01:59:30.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 900},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T02:14:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 300},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T02:19:30.000', 'level': 'rem', 'seconds': 330},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T02:25:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 330},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T02:30:30.000',
'level': 'light',
'seconds': 2070},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T03:05:00.000', 'level': 'rem', 'seconds': 2640},
```

```

{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T03:49:00.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 630},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T03:59:30.000', 'level': 'deep', 'seconds': 1560},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T04:25:30.000',
 'level': 'light',
 'seconds': 3330},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T05:21:00.000', 'level': 'rem', 'seconds': 660},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T05:32:00.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 930},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T05:47:30.000', 'level': 'rem', 'seconds': 360},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T05:53:30.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 780},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T06:06:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 600}],
'shortData': [{['dateTime': '2020-01-15T23:58:30.000',
 'level': 'wake',
 'seconds': 90},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T00:24:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 90},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T01:31:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 120},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T04:29:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T04:44:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 90},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T04:58:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 120},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T05:03:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 60}],
'summary': {'deep': {'count': 4, 'minutes': 44, 'thirtyDayAvgMinutes': 54},
 'light': {'count': 17, 'minutes': 283, 'thirtyDayAvgMinutes': 276},
 'rem': {'count': 4, 'minutes': 66, 'thirtyDayAvgMinutes': 65},
 'wake': {'count': 15, 'minutes': 69, 'thirtyDayAvgMinutes': 87}}},
'logId': 25468095378,
'minutesAfterWakeups': 0,
'minutesAsleep': 393,
'minutesAwake': 69,
'minutesToFallAsleep': 0,
'startTime': '2020-01-15T22:34:00.000',
'timeInBed': 462,
'type': 'stages'},
{'dateOfSleep': '2020-01-15',
'duration': 28920000,
'efficiency': 88,
'endTime': '2020-01-15T07:53:30.000',
'infoCode': 0,
'isMainSleep': True,
'levels': {'data': [{['dateTime': '2020-01-14T23:51:00.000',
 'level': 'light',
 'seconds': 330},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-14T23:56:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 720},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T00:08:30.000',
 'level': 'light',
 'seconds': 1410},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T00:32:00.000', 'level': 'deep', 'seconds': 870},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T00:46:30.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 810},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T01:00:00.000', 'level': 'rem', 'seconds': 1200}]}]
```

```

{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T01:20:00.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 510},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T01:28:30.000', 'level': 'deep', 'seconds': 840},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T01:42:30.000',
 'level': 'light',
 'seconds': 2520},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T02:24:30.000', 'level': 'rem', 'seconds': 1080},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T02:42:30.000',
 'level': 'light',
 'seconds': 1620},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T03:09:30.000', 'level': 'deep', 'seconds': 930},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T03:25:00.000',
 'level': 'light',
 'seconds': 2400},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T04:05:00.000', 'level': 'rem', 'seconds': 990},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T04:21:30.000',
 'level': 'light',
 'seconds': 1170},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T04:41:00.000', 'level': 'deep', 'seconds': 270},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T04:45:30.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 210},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T04:49:00.000', 'level': 'deep', 'seconds': 330},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T04:54:30.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 990},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T05:11:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 2760},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T05:57:00.000',
 'level': 'light',
 'seconds': 4290},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T07:08:30.000', 'level': 'rem', 'seconds': 780},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T07:21:30.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 870},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T07:36:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 450},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T07:43:30.000',
 'level': 'light',
 'seconds': 600}],
'shortData': [ {'dateTime': '2020-01-14T23:53:00.000',
 'level': 'wake',
 'seconds': 120},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T01:05:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T01:55:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 60},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T02:22:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T02:42:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T03:25:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 60},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T04:01:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T04:22:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T04:56:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 150},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T06:04:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T06:06:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 60},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T06:23:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 120},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T06:36:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 60},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T06:39:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},

```

```

{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T06:42:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T06:46:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 60},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T07:20:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 90},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T07:30:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 180},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T07:48:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 90}],
'summary': {'deep': {'count': 5, 'minutes': 54, 'thirtyDayAvgMinutes': 0},
            'light': {'count': 28, 'minutes': 276, 'thirtyDayAvgMinutes': 0},
            'rem': {'count': 5, 'minutes': 65, 'thirtyDayAvgMinutes': 0},
            'wake': {'count': 22, 'minutes': 87, 'thirtyDayAvgMinutes': 0}}},
'logId': 25455855559,
'minutesAfterWakeups': 0,
'minutesAsleep': 395,
'minutesAwake': 87,
'minutesToFallAsleep': 0,
'startTime': '2020-01-14T23:51:00.000',
'timeInBed': 482,
'type': 'stages'}}]}

```

```
[20]: # let's see what elements do we have in the dictionary
for element in json_data:
    print(element)
```

sleep

```
[21]: # we are interested in sleep! let's focus on that
type(json_data['sleep'])
```

[21]: list

```
[22]: # let's find the element related to the day of interest! do we have one element
      ↪per day?

# 1. let's find how many days are there

sum([1 for day in json_data['sleep']])
```

[22]: 3

```
[23]: # 2. let's find the index of the day of interest; for each day, let's print
      ↪dateOfSleep , so we will know
      # which element to use (the night is between 15 and 16 of Jan 2020)

      # Hypnogram of 11pm to 6am

json_data['sleep'][1]
```

```
[23]: {'dateOfSleep': '2020-01-16',
'duration': 27720000,
'efficiency': 92,
'endTime': '2020-01-16T06:16:30.000',
'infoCode': 0,
'isMainSleep': True,
'levels': {'data': [{"dateTime": "2020-01-15T22:34:00.000",
'level': 'wake',
'seconds': 600},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T22:44:00.000', 'level': 'deep', 'seconds': 270},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T22:48:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 240},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T22:52:30.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 90},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T22:54:00.000', 'level': 'deep', 'seconds': 420},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T23:01:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 660},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T23:12:00.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 120},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T23:14:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 360},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T23:20:00.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 1320},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T23:42:00.000', 'level': 'deep', 'seconds': 390},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-15T23:48:30.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 7380},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T01:51:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 480},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T01:59:30.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 900},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T02:14:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 300},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T02:19:30.000', 'level': 'rem', 'seconds': 330},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T02:25:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 330},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T02:30:30.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 2070},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T03:05:00.000', 'level': 'rem', 'seconds': 2640},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T03:49:00.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 630},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T03:59:30.000', 'level': 'deep', 'seconds': 1560},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T04:25:30.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 3330},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T05:21:00.000', 'level': 'rem', 'seconds': 660},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T05:32:00.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 930},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T05:47:30.000', 'level': 'rem', 'seconds': 360},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T05:53:30.000', 'level': 'light', 'seconds': 780},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T06:06:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 600}],
'shortData': [{"dateTime": "2020-01-15T23:58:30.000",
'level': 'wake',
'seconds': 90},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T00:24:30.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 90},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T01:31:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 120},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T04:29:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 30},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T04:44:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 90},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T04:58:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 120},
{'dateTime': '2020-01-16T05:03:00.000', 'level': 'wake', 'seconds': 60}],
'summary': {'deep': {'count': 4, 'minutes': 44, 'thirtyDayAvgMinutes': 54},
'light': {'count': 17, 'minutes': 283, 'thirtyDayAvgMinutes': 276},
'rem': {'count': 4, 'minutes': 66, 'thirtyDayAvgMinutes': 65},
'wake': {'count': 15, 'minutes': 69, 'thirtyDayAvgMinutes': 87}}},
```

```
'logId': 25468095378,
'minutesAfterWakeups': 0,
'minutesAsleep': 393,
'minutesAwake': 69,
'minutesToFallAsleep': 0,
'startTime': '2020-01-15T22:34:00.000',
'timeInBed': 462,
'type': 'stages'}
```

[24]: # 3. let's find the time the participant went to bed  
night\_index = 1  
json\_data['sleep'][night\_index]['startTime']  
print('Night starts at: '+json\_data['sleep'][night\_index]['startTime'])  
print('Night end at: '+json\_data['sleep'][night\_index]['endTime'])

Night starts at: 2020-01-15T22:34:00.000  
Night end at: 2020-01-16T06:16:30.000

[25]: # 4. total time in bed: put the total time spent in bed by the participant  
↳(calculate it manually)

```
min_slept = 24-22 + 6 - (.34-.165)  

min_slept
```

[25]: 7.825

[26]: # 5. let's extract the hypnogram !  
# the code is written for you, but verify step by step what is happening (add  
↳comments)!

```
from datetime import datetime
import time

#'1' = deep (N3) sleep - '2' = light (N1 or N2) sleep - '3' = REM sleep - '4' =  

↳awake
dic_sleep = {'wake':4 , 'deep':1, 'light':2 , 'rem':3}

# Amount of data taken at a specific time period
n_sleep_logs = len(json_data['sleep'][night_index]['levels']['data'])

# total n of intervals (30 min each)
total_n_intervals = 7*60*2 + (26+16)*2 +1

# array of sleep status: from 11pm to 6am (420 minutes)
hypno = np.zeros(total_n_intervals)

# Converts the time he went to bed to a datetime object
```

```

time_start = datetime.strptime('2020-01-15T22:34:00.000', '%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%S.%f')

current_sample = 0 #Starting sample
for ind in range(n_sleep_logs): # Loops through the amount of samples
    n_samples_sleep_log = int(json_data['sleep'][night_index]['levels']['data'][ind]['seconds']/30) #Records the amount of sleep phases per night in an array
    sleep_recorded = json_data['sleep'][night_index]['levels']['data'][ind]['level'] # Records each level of sleep per night in an array
    hypno[current_sample:current_sample+n_samples_sleep_log] = dic_sleep[sleep_recorded] # Switches each indice of hypno with the corresponding indice in sleep
    # to be an array of each sleep level as defined in dic_sleep
    current_sample = current_sample+n_samples_sleep_log #Becomes the amount of sleep logs

```

[27]: # 6. let's verify hypnogram is the right length  
`len(hypno)`

[27]: 925

[28]: # 7. let's write down the hypnogram to export,  
# we need to write the phase of sleep (from 1 to 4) from 11:00pm to 6:00am , with sleep phase for each 30 seconds  
total\_number\_30sec\_int = 7\*60\*2  
  
#7 hours of sleep, 60 minutes per hour, 60 seconds per minute, thus 2 sleep phases of 30 seconds per minute  
  
df = pd.DataFrame(columns = ['IndexTime', 'SleepPhase'])  
df['IndexTime'] = range(total\_number\_30sec\_int)  
  
# let's cut the first and last 30-sec-intervals of hypno (outside the range of interest)  
intervals\_before\_11pm = int((60 - 34) \* 2)  
# -- calculate it manually (how many 30 sec intervals should we cut?)  
intervals\_after\_6am = int(((16 + 0.5) \* 2))  
# -- calculate it manually (how many 30 sec intervals should we cut?)  
  
# let's cut the first and last values of hypno (outside the range of interest)  
df['SleepPhase'] = hypno[intervals\_before\_11pm:-(intervals\_after\_6am)]  
df

```
[28]:    IndexTime  SleepPhase
0          0        1.0
1          1        1.0
2          2        4.0
3          3        4.0
4          4        4.0
..
835      ...      ...
836      836        2.0
837      837        2.0
838      838        2.0
839      839        2.0
```

[840 rows x 2 columns]

```
[29]: # 8. let's save the final csv file
df.to_csv('sensor_2_output.csv', index=False)
```

```
[30]: # 9. let's calculate amount of sleep per phase
# in number of intervals
# in percentage over the 7 hours of analysis

# -- write your code --
sleep_counts = df['SleepPhase'].value_counts(normalize=True).sort_index()
summary_df = (sleep_counts * 100).reset_index()
summary_df.columns = ['SleepPhase', 'Percentage']
summary_df['Intervals'] = (summary_df['Percentage'] / 100) * len(df)

print(summary_df)
```

	SleepPhase	Percentage	Intervals
0	1.0	7.976190	67.0
1	2.0	67.738095	569.0
2	3.0	15.833333	133.0
3	4.0	8.452381	71.0

```
[31]: # 10. let's print the hypnogram!

# df = pd.read_csv('sensor_2_output.csv')

def plot_hypno(signal): #,color
    x = np.arange(len(signal))
    y = signal

    fontsizeV = 12
    mpl.plot(x,y) #color=color
    mpl.xlabel('Time (30sec intervals)', fontsize=fontsizeV)
```

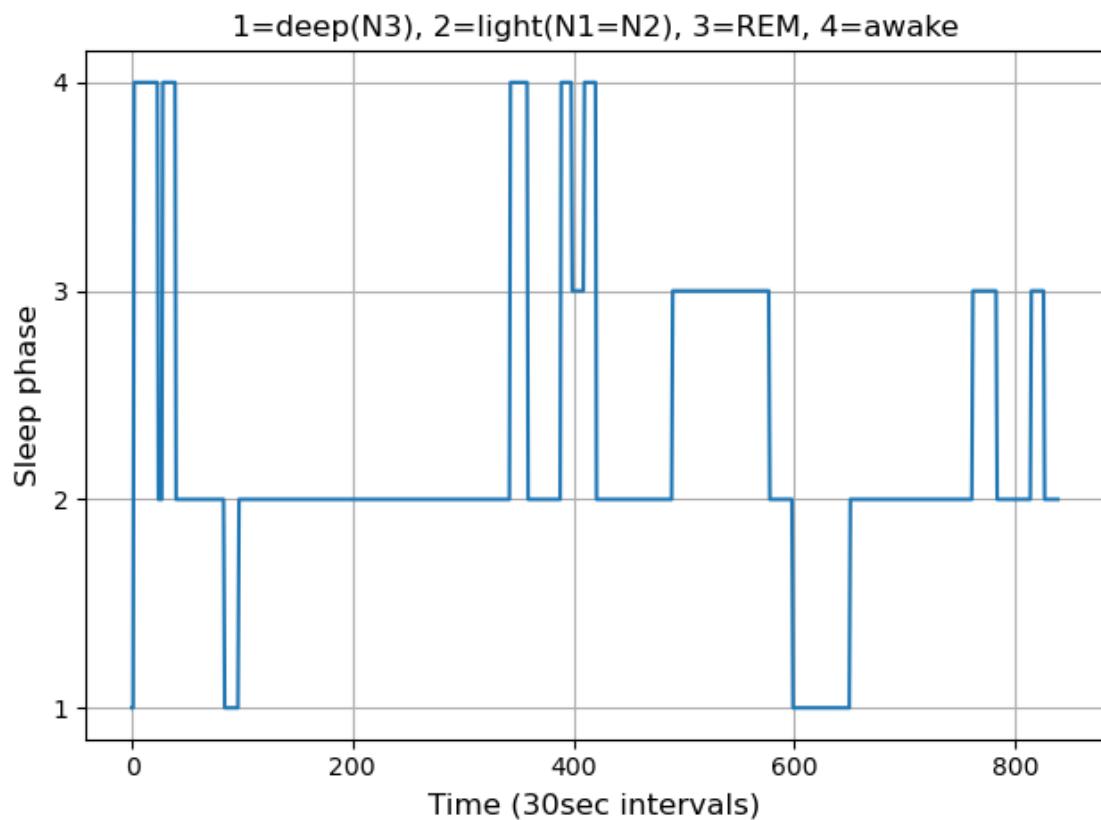
```

mpl.ylabel('Sleep phase', fontsize=fontsizeV)
mpl.yticks([1,2,3,4])
mpl.title('1=deep(N3) , 2=light(N1=N2) , 3=REM, 4=awake')
mpl.grid(True)
mpl.tight_layout()

# -- write your code --
# summary_df.sort_values(by='').plot(kind='line', x='Age', y='Weight')

plot_hypno(df.get(["SleepPhase"]))

```



[ ]:

[ ]:

# psg

March 5, 2025

```
[167]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

[168]: # let's look at the GOLD STANDARD, the polysomnography!
# you can find it in report_simplified.html

# Open it in your browser (click on it) and see how it looks like, you will need it!

[169]: #let's access this report; we will import all as pandas dataframes (this may take up to 1 minute)
dfs = pd.read_html('report_simplified.html', header=0)

# NOTE: dfs is a list of pandas dataframes
type(dfs)

[169]: list

[170]: # 1. how many dataframes were collected?
n_dfs = len(dfs)
n_dfs

[170]: 24

[171]: # 2. get a quick look at dataframes 0-3: do we need them?

# YOUR CODE HERE .

for i in range(4):
    print(f"DataFrame {i}:")
    print(dfs[i].head())
    print("\n")
```

DataFrame 0:

	General Information	General Information.1	General Information.2	\
0	Name:	NaN	PSXXX	
1	ID:	NaN	DDD	

```
2          Sex:           NaN          XXX
3          Age:           NaN      XX [1/1/19XX ]
```

```
General Information.3
0            NaN
1            NaN
2            NaN
3    Scorer: zzzzz
```

DataFrame 1:

```
  Unnamed: 0  Epochs
0      Awake     102
1    Stage 1      86
2    Stage 2     340
3    Stage 3     153
4    Stage 4       0
```

DataFrame 2:

```
  Lights Out: 1/15/2020 22:41:22
0  Lights On: 1/16/2020 06:12:50
```

DataFrame 3:

```
Empty DataFrame
Columns: [Unnamed: 0, 16 lights-on epochs. 0 no-data epochs scored as wake.]
Index: []
```

```
[172]: # 3. we have identified the dataframes we need; they are all of the same type, ↵
      ↵let's create one dataframe
      ↵# with all the data we need!

      ↵# here I create a df with dfs[4] and dfs[5]
      ↵df_new = pd.concat([dfs[4], dfs[5]], ignore_index=True)

      ↵# let's create one datadrame with all the data we need!
      ↵# Epoch Number: from 1 to 919

      ↵# YOUR CODE HERE ...
```

```
df_new = pd.concat(dfs[4:], ignore_index=True)
df_new
```

```
[172]: # Epoch Number Stg  MicAr  {#}Any  Apnea  {#}Apnea  Obstructive \
0          1   L    0        0        0        0        0
1          2   L    0        0        0        0        0
2          3   L    0        0        0        0        0
3          4   L    0        0        0        0        0
4          5   L    0        0        0        0        0
...
914       915 N2   1        0        0        0        0
915       916 N1   0        0        0        0        0
916       917 N2   1        0        0        0        0
917       918 N2   1        0        0        0        0
918       919 L    0        0        0        0        0

{#} Apnea  Mixed  {#}Apnea  Central  {#}Hypopnea Total \
0          0        0        0        0        0
1          0        0        0        0        0
2          0        0        0        0        0
3          0        0        0        0        0
4          0        0        0        0        0
...
914       0        0        0        0        0
915       0        0        0        0        0
916       0        0        0        0        0
917       0        0        0        0        0
918       0        0        0        0        0

SUM(#DESAT_100_Rem, {#}) Desaturation  {#}Leg Movement  #
0                      0        0        1
1                      0        0        2
2                      0        0        3
3                      0        0        4
4                      0        0        5
...
914                  0        0        915
915                  0        0        916
916                  0        0        917
917                  0        0        918
918                  0        0        919
```

[919 rows x 11 columns]

```
[173]: # 4. Create a new column in the dataframe with the same notation for the hypnogram
# we defined: #'1' = deep (N3) sleep - '2' = light (N1 or N2) sleep - '3' = REM
# sleep - '4' = awake
# create a new column and initialize it to value 0
```

```

df_new['hypno'] = 0

# what are the different values of sleep here?
print(set(np.array(df_new['Stg'])))
# ask if you do not know how to interpret one value!

# define a dictionary as we did last week

dic_sleep = {'L': 2, 'N1': 2, 'N2': 2, 'N3': 1, 'W': 4, 'R': 3}

# write the corresponding value in df_new['hypno']
# for j in range(len(df_new['hypno'])): df_new['hypno'][j] = dic_sleep[df_new['Stg'][j]] #This way led to many errors, so I used .loc

for j in range(len(df_new['hypno'])):
    df_new.loc[j, 'hypno'] = dic_sleep[df_new['Stg'][j]]
```

{'L', 'N1', 'N2', 'N3', 'W', 'R'}

[174]: # 5. PROBLEM: we have 919 30-sec intervals, we need 840 (from 11pm to 6am)

```

# from the report, they turned off the lights (and turned on again) at:
# Lights Out: 1/15/2020 22:41:22
# Lights On: 1/16/2020 06:12:50

# first, we need to remove intervals when the lights were still on:
print('Initial length hypno = '+str(len(df_new['hypno'])))

# first, we have data with lights on... we need to remove them (15 at the beginning, 1 at the end)
hypno = np.array(df_new['hypno'])[15:-1]

print('Length excluding light on = '+str(len(hypno)))
```

Initial length hypno = 919  
Length excluding light on = 903

[175]: # 6. let's write down the hypnogram to export,  
# we need to write the phase of sleep (from 1 to 4) from 11:00pm to 6:00am , with sleep phase for each 30 seconds  
total\_number\_30sec\_int = 7\*60\*2

```

df = pd.DataFrame(columns = ['IndexTime','SleepPhase'])
df['IndexTime'] = range(total_number_30sec_int)

# let's cut the first and last 30-sec-intervals of hypno (outside the range of interest)
```

```

# from the report, they turned off the lights (and turned on again) at:
# Lights Out: 1/15/2020 22:41:22
# Lights On: 1/16/2020 06:12:50
intervals_before_11pm = int(((18 * 60 + 38) / 30))
# -- calculate it manually (how many 30 sec intervals should we cut?)
intervals_after_6am = int(((12 * 61 + 51) / 30))
# -- calculate it manually (how many 30 sec intervals should we cut?)

# let's cut the first and last values of hypno (outside the range of interest)
df['SleepPhase'] = hypno[intervals_before_11pm:-(intervals_after_6am)]

```

[176]: # 7. let's save the final csv file as sensor\_GS\_output.csv

```
df.to_csv('sensor_GS_output.csv', index=False)
```

[177]: # 8. let's calculate amount of sleep per phase  
# in number of intervals  
# in percentage over the 7 hours of analysis

# -- write your code --

```

phase_counts = df['SleepPhase'].value_counts().sort_index()
total_intervals = 840 # 7 hours

for phase in range(1, 5):
    count = phase_counts.get(phase, 0)
    percentage = (count / total_intervals) * 100
    print(f"Phase {phase}: {count} intervals, {percentage:.2f}%")

```

Phase 1: 153 intervals, 18.21%  
Phase 2: 400 intervals, 47.62%  
Phase 3: 153 intervals, 18.21%  
Phase 4: 134 intervals, 15.95%

[178]: # 9. let's print the hypnogram!

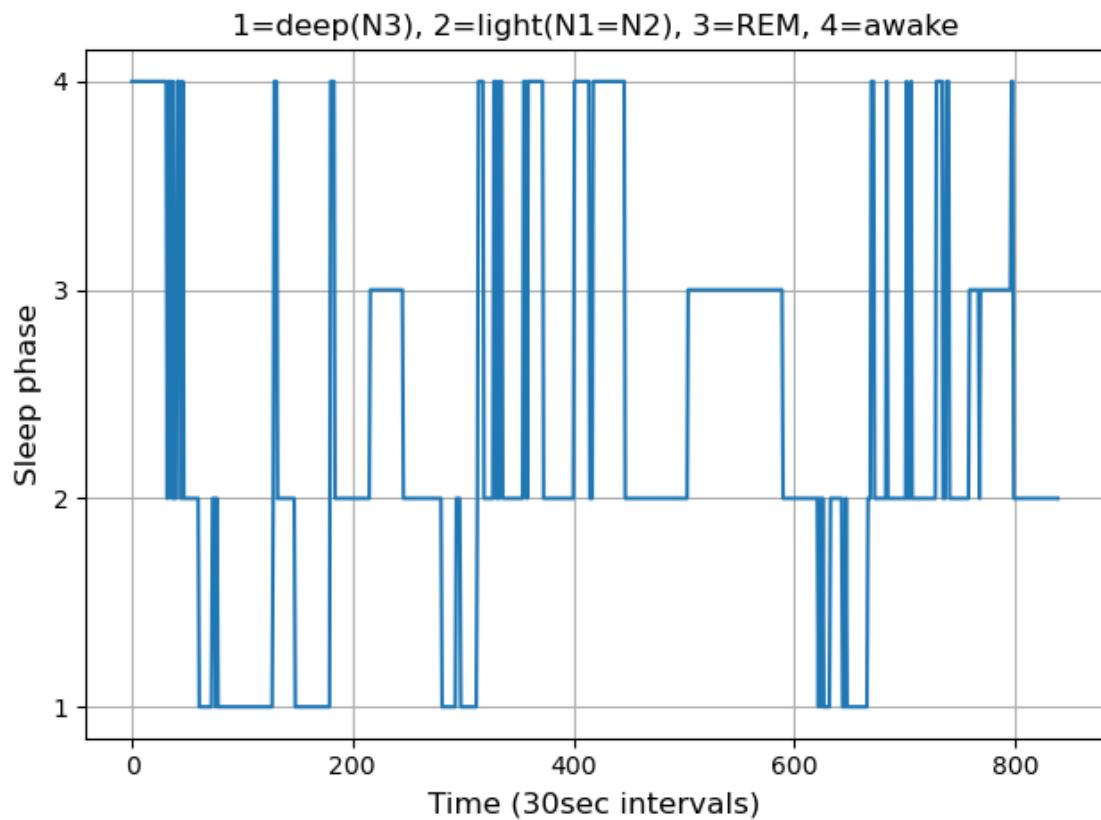
```

def plot_hypno(signal): #,color
    x = np.arange(len(signal))
    y = signal

    fontsizeV = 12
    plt.plot(x,y) #color=color
    plt.xlabel('Time (30sec intervals)', fontsize=fontsizeV)
    plt.ylabel('Sleep phase', fontsize=fontsizeV)
    plt.yticks([1,2,3,4])
    plt.title('1=deep(N3), 2=light(N1=N2), 3=REM, 4=awake')
    plt.grid(True)

```

```
mpl.tight_layout()  
  
# -- write your code --  
  
plot_hypno(df['SleepPhase'])  
mpl.show()
```



[ ]:

# A04\_Health\_teams

March 5, 2025

## 1 Assignment 04

Submission by: see Canvas.

```
[5]: # import packages
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import re
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

## 2 STEP 0

0: Write the scope of the project, what are you trying to achieve (1 point) we are trying to achieve a comparison between two sensors based on hypnograms plots and the varying accuracy of sensor data based on the type and measurement kind of the sensors. we will do this through putting the sleep data in a dataframe and then manipulating it to be put into a hynogram for both sensors adn then compare it to the gold standard corresponding and analyze these results on assignment 4

### 2.1 Assignment 04: how to

**Your Group:** Noah Baesa (Canvas Master), Shaun Israni (Inter-Group Facilitator),  
Tyler Valdez (Screen Master)

#### Your sensor (2)

- 1) put all the code you developed to extract data from json
  - 2) follow point by point that .ipynb
  - 3) add proper comments through your work; share your result with your complementary team  
(e.g., Team B:sensor 1 and Team B:sensor 2 should share their results)
- 

#### Comparison

- 4) show statistical comparison:
  - n of points that are different between Sensor 1 and 2, and between your sensor and the gold standard

- 5) plot hypnogram from each sensor and from the gold standard
- 6) plot interesting comparisons between the datasets (try it out)
  - considering only deep sleep, which sensor is more accurate? and if we consider only REM?
- 7) prepare a pdf with your results (including the work to obtain your sensor data, and to compare it with the gold standard)

[6]: # your code

```

import json
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# let's import our file for the analysis:
json_file = 'sensor2/data/sensor2_sleep.json'

with open(json_file, 'r') as infile:
    json_data = json.load(infile)

# let's find the element related to the day of interest! do we have one element ↴ per day?

# 1. let's find how many days are there

sum([1 for day in json_data['sleep']])

# 2. let's find the index of the day of interest; for each day, let's print ↴ dateOfSleep , so we will know
# which element to use (the night is between 15 and 16 of Jan 2020)

# Hypnogram of 11pm to 6am

json_data['sleep'][1]

# 3. let's find the time the participant went to bed
night_index = 1
json_data['sleep'][night_index]['startTime']
print('Night starts at: '+json_data['sleep'][night_index]['startTime'])
print('Night end at: '+json_data['sleep'][night_index]['endTime'])

# 4. total time in bed: put the total time spent in bed by the participant ↴ (calculate it manually)

min_slept = 24-22 + 6 - (.34-.165)
min_slept

```

```

# 5. let's extract the hypnogram !
# the code is written for you, but verify step by step what is happening (add
↪comments) !

from datetime import datetime
import time

#'1' = deep (N3) sleep - '2' = light (N1 or N2) sleep - '3' = REM sleep - '4' = ↩
↪awake
dic_sleep = {'wake':4 , 'deep':1, 'light':2 , 'rem':3}

# Amount of data taken at a specific time period
n_sleep_logs = len(json_data['sleep'][night_index]['levels']['data'])

# total n of intervals (30 min each)
total_n_intervals = 7*60*2 + (26+16)*2 +1

# array of sleep status: from 11pm to 6am (420 minutes)
hypno = np.zeros(total_n_intervals)

# Converts the time he went to bed to a datetime object
time_start = datetime.strptime('2020-01-15T22:34:00.000', '%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%S.
↪%f')

current_sample = 0 #Starting sample
for ind in range(n_sleep_logs): # Loops through the amount of samples
    n_samples_sleep_log = ↩
    ↪int(json_data['sleep'][night_index]['levels']['data'][ind]['seconds']/30) # ↩
    ↪Records the amount of sleep phases per night in an array
    sleep_recorded = ↩
    ↪json_data['sleep'][night_index]['levels']['data'][ind]['level'] # Records ↩
    ↪each level of sleep per night in an array
    hypno[current_sample:current_sample+n_samples_sleep_log] = ↩
    ↪dic_sleep[sleep_recorded] # Switches each indice of hypno with the ↩
    ↪corresponding indice in sleep
    # to be an array of each sleep level as defined in dic_sleep
    current_sample = current_sample+n_samples_sleep_log #Becomes the amount of ↩
    ↪sleep logs

# 6. let's verify hypnogram is the right length
len(hypno)

# 7. let's write down the hypnogram to export,
# we need to write the phase of sleep (from 1 to 4) from 11:00pm to 6:00am , ↩
↪with sleep phase for each 30 seconds

```

```

total_number_30sec_int = 7*60*2

#7 hours of sleep, 60 minutes per hour, 60 seconds per minute, thus 2 sleep
# phases of 30 seconds per minute

df = pd.DataFrame(columns = ['IndexTime','SleepPhase'])
df['IndexTime'] = range(total_number_30sec_int)

# let's cut the first and last 30-sec-intervals of hypno (outside the range of
# interest)
intervals_before_11pm = int((60 - 34) * 2)
# -- calculate it manually (how many 30 sec intervals should we cut?)
intervals_after_6am = int(((16 + 0.5) * 2))
# -- calculate it manually (how many 30 sec intervals should we cut?)

# let's cut the first and last values of hypno (outside the range of interest)
df['SleepPhase'] = hypno[intervals_before_11pm:-(intervals_after_6am)]
df

# 8. let's save the final csv file
df.to_csv('sensor_2_output.csv', index=False)

# 9. let's calculate amount of sleep per phase
# in number of intervals
# in percentage over the 7 hours of analysis

# -- write your code --
sleep_counts = df['SleepPhase'].value_counts(normalize=True).sort_index()
summary_df = (sleep_counts * 100).reset_index()
summary_df.columns = ['SleepPhase', 'Percentage']
summary_df['Intervals'] = (summary_df['Percentage'] / 100) * len(df)

print(summary_df)

# 10. let's print the hypnogram!

# df = pd.read_csv('sensor_2_output.csv')

def plot_hypno(signal): #,color
    x = np.arange(len(signal))
    y = signal

    fontsizeV = 12
    mpl.plot(x,y) #color=color
    mpl.xlabel('Time (30sec intervals)',fontsize=fontsizeV)
    mpl.ylabel('Sleep phase',fontsize=fontsizeV)

```

```

mpl.yticks([1,2,3,4])
mpl.title('1=deep(N3), 2=light(N1=N2), 3=REM, 4=awake')
mpl.grid(True)
mpl.tight_layout()

# -- write your code --
# summary_df.sort_values(by='').plot(kind='line', x='Age', y='Weight')

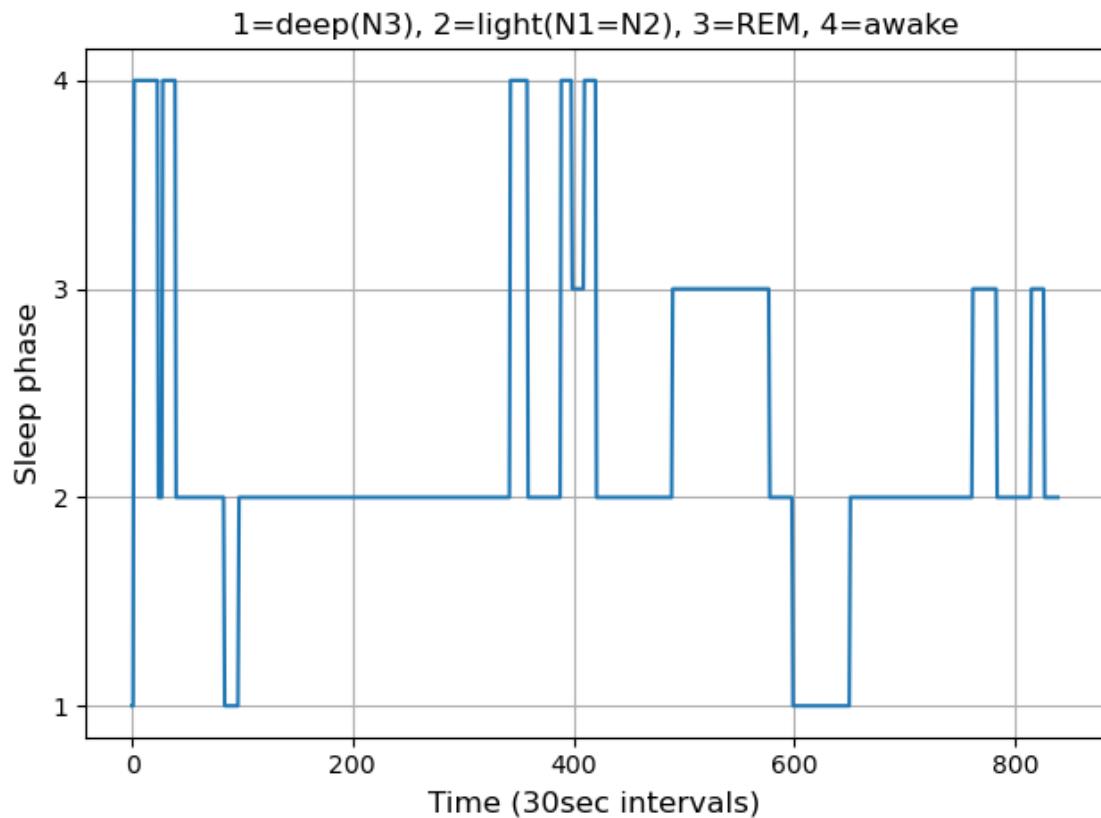
plot_hypno(df.get(["SleepPhase"]))

```

Night starts at: 2020-01-15T22:34:00.000

Night end at: 2020-01-16T06:16:30.000

SleepPhase	Percentage	Intervals
0	1.0	7.976190
1	2.0	67.738095
2	3.0	15.833333
3	4.0	8.452381



[8]: # 1. import all hypnograms saved: hypno\_sensor1 hypno\_sensor2 hypno\_GS

# my suggestion:

```

# - read the csv file
# - transform the SleepPhase column into numpy

# you can also create some random hypnogram (made of random number 1 2 3 4), ↴
# they will be useful to check the differences: hypno_RAND hypno_RAND2

# YOUR CODE HERE ...

# imports

import json
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# let's import our file for the analysis:

json_file = 'sensor1/data/sensor1_sleep.json'

with open(json_file, 'r') as infile:
    json_data = json.load(infile)

# index of interest
night_index = 2

# let's extract the hypnogram !

#'1' = deep (N3) sleep - '2' = light (N1 or N2) sleep - '3' = REM sleep - '4' = ↴
#awake
dic_sleep = {'wake':4, 'deep':1, 'light':2, 'rem':3}

# accesses values from json_data dictionary's key 'sleep'
# accesses values from night_index dictionary's key 'hypnogram_5min'
hypno_js = json_data['sleep'][night_index]['hypnogram_5min']

# the data in array form for plotting
hypno = np.array(list(hypno_js))

# we have 1 value every 5 minutes; we need 1 value every 30 seconds (to compare ↴
#it with gold standard)
# let's have each element repeated 10 times (2 per minute)
hypno = np.repeat(hypno,10)
hypno = hypno.astype(int)

# let's write down the hypnogram to export,
# we need to write the phase of sleep (from 1 to 4) from 11:00pm to 6:00am , ↴
#with sleep phase for each 30 seconds

```

```

total_number_30sec_int = 7*60*2

# building the dataframe
df = pd.DataFrame(columns = ['IndexTime','SleepPhase'])
df['IndexTime'] = range(total_number_30sec_int)

# let's cut the first and last minutes of hypno (outside the range of interest)
minutes_before_11pm = 6
minutes_after_6am = 9

# consider only hypno in the range of interest
df['SleepPhase'] = hypno[minutes_before_11pm*2:-minutes_after_6am*2]

# let's save the final csv file
df.to_csv('sensor_1_output.csv', index=False)

# let's print the hypnogram!

def plot_hypno(signal): #color
    x = np.arange(len(signal))
    y = signal

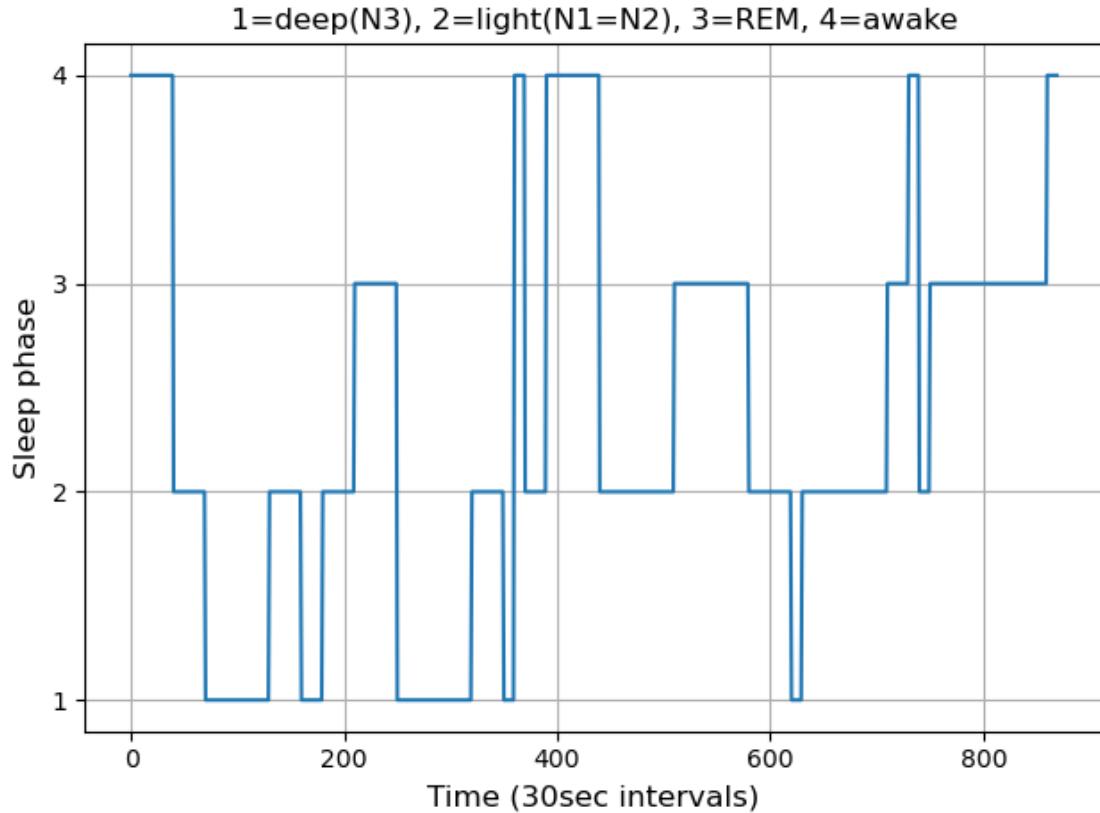
    fontsizeV = 12
    mpl.plot(x,y) #color=color
    mpl.xlabel('Time (30sec intervals)',fontsize=fontsizeV)
    mpl.ylabel('Sleep phase',fontsize=fontsizeV)
    mpl.yticks([1,2,3,4])
    mpl.title('1=deep(N3), 2=light(N1=N2), 3=REM, 4=awake')
    mpl.grid(True)
    mpl.tight_layout()

print(plot_hypno(hypno))

# let's import our file for t

```

None



```
[18]: # 7. let's save the final csv file as sensor_GS_output.csv

df.to_csv('sensor_GS_output.csv', index=False)

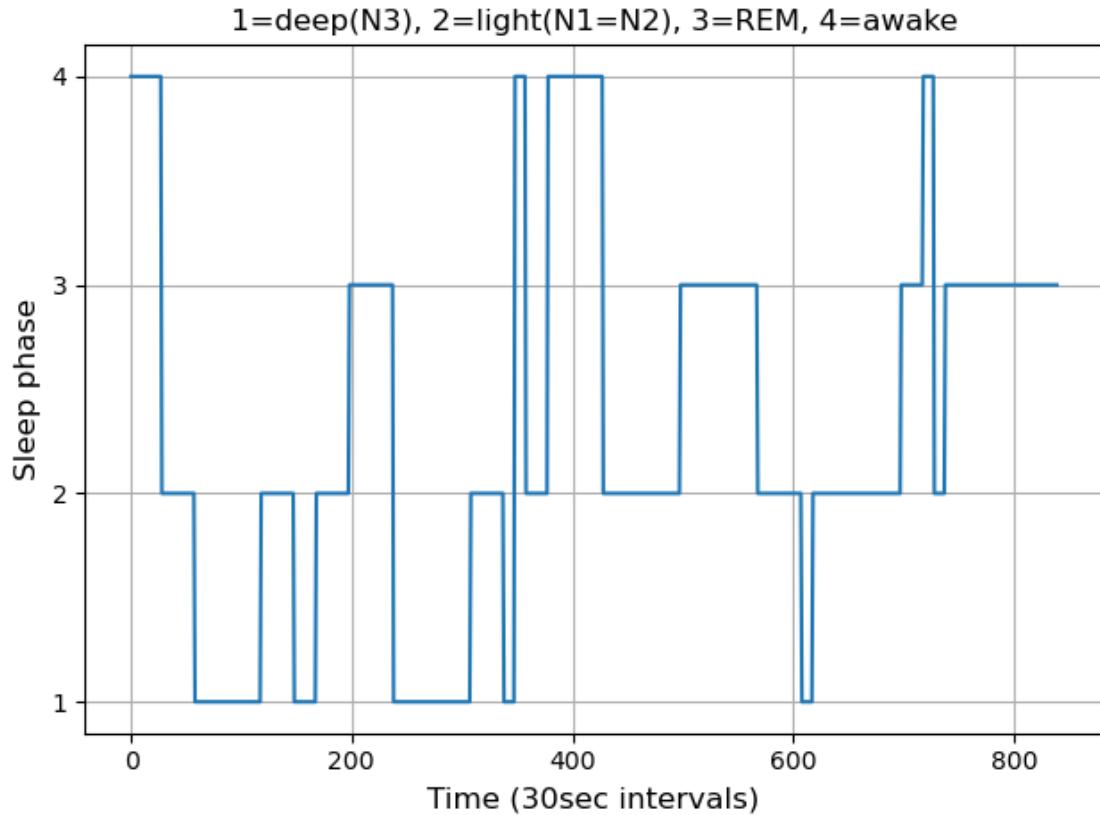
# 9. let's print the hypnogram!

def plot_hypno(signal): #,color
    x = np.arange(len(signal))
    y = signal

    fontsizeV = 12
    mpl.plot(x,y) #color=color
    mpl.xlabel('Time (30sec intervals)',fontsize=fontsizeV)
    mpl.ylabel('Sleep phase',fontsize=fontsizeV)
    mpl.yticks([1,2,3,4])
    mpl.title('1=deep(N3), 2=light(N1=N2), 3=REM, 4=awake')
    mpl.grid(True)
    mpl.tight_layout()

# -- write your code --
```

```
plot_hypno(df['SleepPhase'])
mpl.show()
```



```
[20]: sensor_1_csv = 'sensor_1_output.csv'
sensor_1_read = pd.read_csv(sensor_1_csv)
hypno_sensor1 = sensor_1_read.get('SleepPhase')

sensor_2_csv = 'sensor_2_output.csv'
sensor_2_read = pd.read_csv(sensor_2_csv)
hypno_sensor2 = sensor_2_read.get('SleepPhase')

psg_csv = 'gold_standard/sensor_GS_output.csv'
psg_read = pd.read_csv(psg_csv)
hypno_psg = psg_read.get('SleepPhase')

random_hypno = np.random.randint(1, 5, size=840)
```

```
[22]: # 2. let's calculate the norm 0 distance between these hypnograms
# if you want to learn more about norms: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Norm\_\(mathematics\)
```

```

# example of norm 0 distance between two hypnograms (fraction of intervals that ↴
# are the same)
distance_1_2 = np.linalg.norm(hypno_sensor1 - hypno_sensor2,0)/
    ↴len(hypno_sensor1)

# # YOUR CODE HERE ... for all other differences!
distance_1_psg = np.linalg.norm(hypno_sensor1 - hypno_psg,0)/len(hypno_sensor1)
distance_2_psg = np.linalg.norm(hypno_sensor2 - hypno_psg,0)/len(hypno_sensor2)
distance_1_random = np.linalg.norm(hypno_sensor1 - random_hypno,0)/
    ↴len(hypno_sensor1)
distance_2_random = np.linalg.norm(hypno_sensor2 - random_hypno,0)/
    ↴len(hypno_sensor2)
distance_psg_random = np.linalg.norm(hypno_psg - random_hypno,0)/
    ↴len(random_hypno)

# are the two sensors different?
print(f"Difference between Sensor 1 and Sensor 2 is {distance_1_2}")

# which one is more accurate? is it significantly more accurate?
print(f"Difference between Sensor 1 and the psg is {distance_1_psg}")
print(f"Difference between Sensor 2 and the psg is {distance_2_psg}")

# what is the distance to a random signal? do we expect it to be this value?
print(f"Difference between Sensor 1 and a random is {distance_1_random}")

```

Difference between Sensor 1 and Sensor 2 is 0.46785714285714286

Difference between Sensor 1 and the psg is 0.4488095238095238

Difference between Sensor 2 and the psg is 0.4452380952380952

Difference between Sensor 1 and a random is 0.7273809523809524

[27]: # 3. let's also print the signals  
# print the three signals,  
# and try to print two signals in the same figure so we can check the ↴  
differences!

```

def plot_hypno(signal,color):
    # signal is a numpy array
    # color is e.g., 'b', check here for your color: https://matplotlib.org/3.1.0/
    ↴gallery/color/named_colors.html
    x = np.arange(len(signal))
    y = signal

    fontsizeV = 12
    mpl.plot(x,y,color=color)
    mpl.xlabel('Time (30sec intervals)',fontsize=fontsizeV)
    mpl.ylabel('Sleep phase',fontsize=fontsizeV)
    mpl.yticks([1,2,3,4])

```

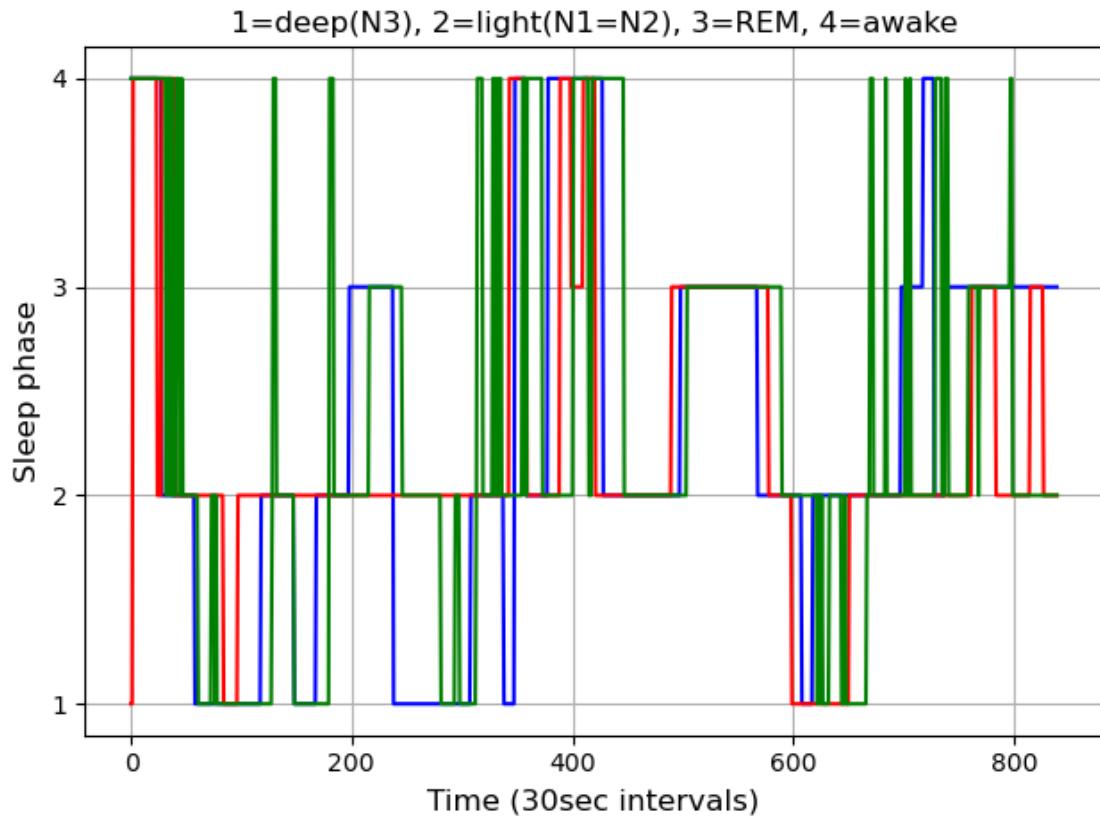
```

mpl.title('1=deep(N3), 2=light(N1=N2), 3=REM, 4=awake')
mpl.grid(True)
mpl.tight_layout()

# YOUR CODE HERE ... (print all 3 hypnograms!!!)

plot_hypno(hypno_sensor1, "b")
plot_hypno(hypno_sensor2, "r")
plot_hypno(hypno_psg, "g")

```



[ ]: # Conclusion

```

#clarify which sensor is better (1 point)
# the sensor 2 is better because we see less red than blue on the plotted
# hynograms on the plot for the three hynograms. SINce the psg (gold standard)
# hynogram is plotted last, that means that the green overtraces the red and
# blue and with this we can see the time period in which each was accurate
# and we see more blue than red, and because the red is sensor 2 color of the
# data and blue is sensor 1 that means that sensor 2 is more accurate than
# sensor 1
# remember to comment your results, and

```

```
# write a conclusion of your work with what you discovered (1 point)
# with this, we discovered that sensor 2 is better and more accurate than
# sensor 1 and that the type of sensor2 is more effective than that of sensor
# 1 because it matches the gold standard at a higher percentage
```

```
[ ]: # Bonus point:
# 4. Can you design a confusion matrix to better highlight the differences
# between the sensors?
```