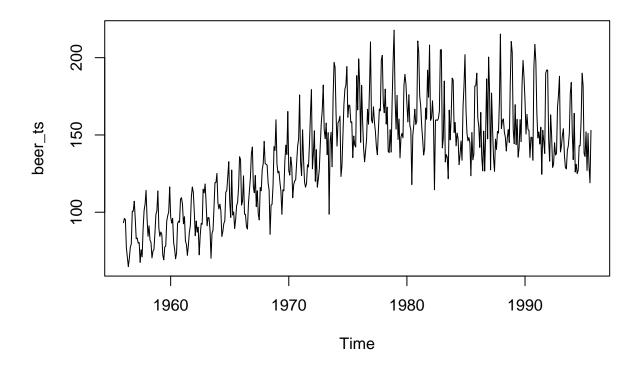
ica21

Shuangyu Zhao

2023-04-04

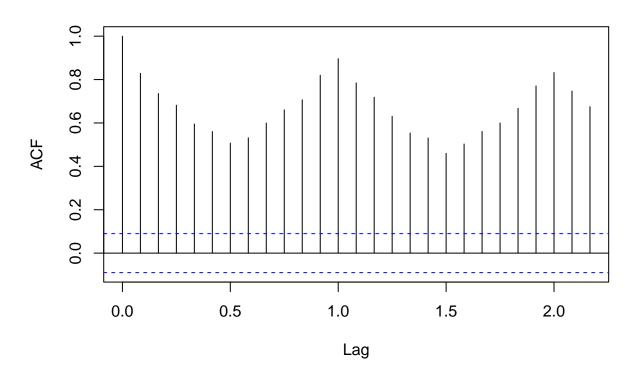
```
library(forecast)
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'quantmod':
     method
##
     as.zoo.data.frame zoo
  1. For the beer dataset
beer <- read.csv("/Users/apple/Desktop/STT811_appl_stat_model/data/beer.csv")</pre>
tail(beer)
##
         Month Monthly.beer.production
## 471 1995-03
## 472 1995-04
                                     127
## 473 1995-05
                                     151
## 474 1995-06
                                     130
## 475 1995-07
                                     119
## 476 1995-08
                                     153
beer_ts <- ts(beer$Monthly.beer.production, start = c(1956, 1), end = c(1995, 8), frequency =12)
  a. Graph the time series. Does it appear that there is seasonality? appear
plot(beer_ts)
```



b. Plot the acf and pacf functions.

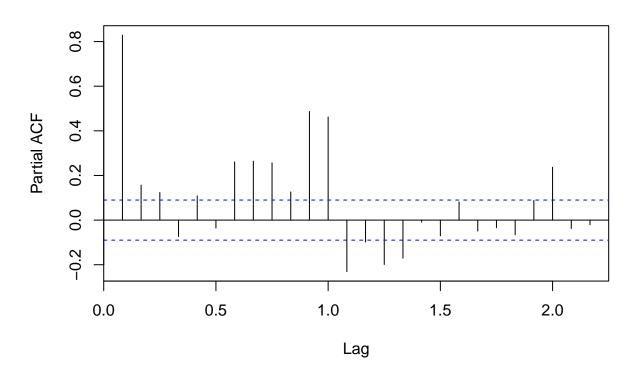
acf(beer_ts)

Series beer_ts



pacf(beer_ts)

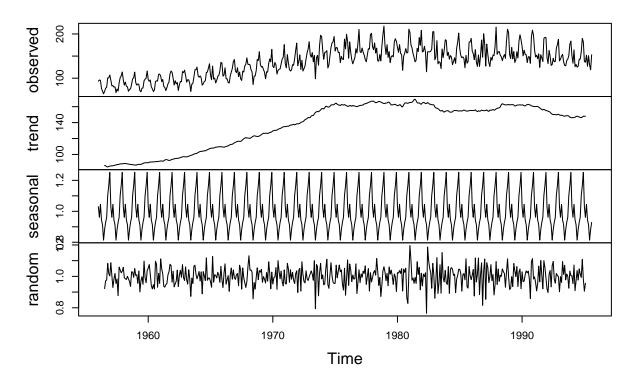
Series beer_ts



c. Create an ARIMA forecasts auto.arima. Does the forecast have seasonality?

```
beer_dec <- decompose(beer_ts, type = 'multiplicative')
plot(beer_dec)</pre>
```

Decomposition of multiplicative time series



```
rand_beer <- ts(beer_dec$random[7:470], start = c(1956,7), frequency = 12)
beer_aa <- auto.arima(rand_beer)</pre>
```

d. Compute the MAPE. How does the MAPE compare to the H-W model from last time?

```
mean(abs(na.omit(beer_aa$residuals))/rand_beer)
```

[1] 0.03916942