

Replacing NULL values with Average

```
SELECT year , city , country , COALESCE (avg_temp , 26.5308737864077670)
FROM city_data WHERE country='India' AND city='Ahmadabad'
```

Output	218 results		Download CSV
1801	Ahmadabad	India	25.73
1802	Ahmadabad	India	27.01
1803	Ahmadabad	India	26.77
1804	Ahmadabad	India	27.09
1805	Ahmadabad	India	26.67
1806	Ahmadabad	India	26.57
1807	Ahmadabad	India	26.10
1808	Ahmadabad	India	26.5308737864077670
1809	Ahmadabad	India	26.5308737864077670

Checking For Any Skipped Years[None Found]

```
WITH diff AS (SELECT year , CASE WHEN (LAG(year) OVER (ORDER BY year))
IS NULL THEN 1749 ELSE (LAG(year) OVER (ORDER BY year)) END AS lag
FROM global_data ORDER BY year)
```

```
SELECT * FROM diff WHERE year - lag = 1
```

Output	266 results	Download CSV
year	avg_temp	lag
1750	8.72	1749
1751	7.98	1750
1752	5.78	1751
1753	8.39	1752
1754	8.47	1753
1755	8.36	1754
1756	8.85	1755
1757	9.02	1756

Finding Average Temperature[1796-2013]

```
SELECT AVG(avg_temp) FROM city_data WHERE country='India' AND city='Ahmadabad'
```

Output	1 results	Download CSV
avg	26.5308737864077670	

Local Running Average Interval Yearly

```
WITH main AS (SELECT year , city , country , COALESCE (avg_temp , 26.5308737864077670) AS year_avg_temp FROM city_data WHERE country='India' AND city='Ahmadabad')
```

```
SELECT year , city , country , AVG (year_avg_temp) OVER (PARTITION BY (year) ORDER BY year) AS running_avg FROM main
```

Output	218 results			Download CSV
year	city	country	running_avg	
1796	Ahmadabad	India	26.3500000000000000	
1797	Ahmadabad	India	27.4500000000000000	
1798	Ahmadabad	India	25.8200000000000000	
1799	Ahmadabad	India	26.6200000000000000	
1800	Ahmadabad	India	26.5600000000000000	
1801	Ahmadabad	India	25.7300000000000000	
1802	Ahmadabad	India	27.0100000000000000	
1803	Ahmadabad	India	26.7700000000000000	

GLOBAL DATA CSV DOWNLOAD

SELECT year , AVG (avg_temp) OVER (ORDER BY year) AS running_avg FROM global_data

Output	266 results	Download CSV
year	running_avg	
1750	8.720000000000000	
1751	8.350000000000000	
1752	7.493333333333333	
1753	7.717500000000000	
1754	7.868000000000000	
1755	7.950000000000000	
1756	8.0785714285714286	
1757	8.196250000000000	

LOCAL AHMEDABAD - INDIA DATA CSV DOWNLOAD

WITH main AS (SELECT year , city , country , COALESCE (avg_temp , 26.5308737864077670) AS year_avg_temp FROM city_data WHERE country='India' AND city='Ahmadabad')

SELECT year , AVG (year_avg_temp) OVER (PARTITION BY (year) ORDER BY year) AS running_avg FROM main

Output	218 results	Download CSV
year	running_avg	
1796	26.350000000000000	
1797	27.450000000000000	
1798	25.820000000000000	
1799	26.620000000000000	
1800	26.560000000000000	
1801	25.730000000000000	
1802	27.010000000000000	
1803	26.770000000000000	

Upper and Lower Limits of Years in Global and Local Data

```
SELECT MAX(year) , MIN(year) FROM global_data
```

Output 1 results

[Download CSV](#)

max	min
2015	1750

```
SELECT MAX(year) , MIN(year) FROM city_data WHERE country='India'  
AND city='Ahmadabad'
```

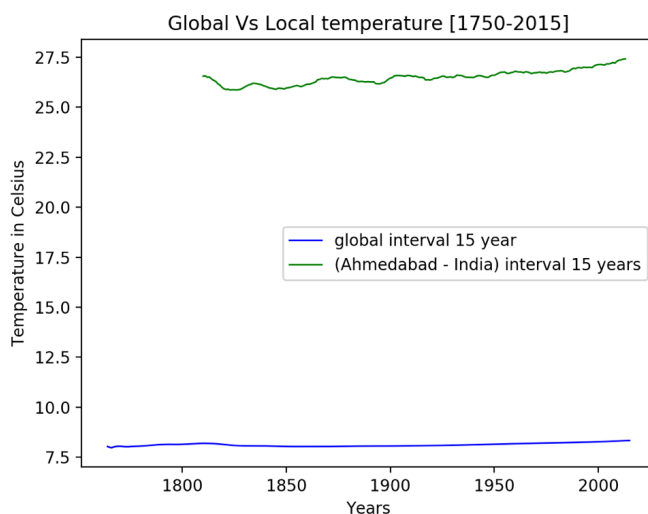
Output 1 results

[Download CSV](#)

max	min
2013	1796

Global and Local Temperature moving average over 15 years plot

```
In [8]: plt.plot(x, z, '-b', linewidth=1, markersize=0, label = "global interval 15 year")  
plt.plot(xa, za, '-g', linewidth=1, label = "(Ahmedabad - India) interval 15 years")  
plt.xlabel('Years')  
plt.ylabel('Temperature in Celsius')  
plt.title('Global Vs Local temperature [1750-2015]')  
plt.legend()  
plt.show()
```



GLOBAL Dataset

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from datetime import datetime
%matplotlib notebook
```

```
In [2]: dataframe = pd.read_csv('global.csv')
dataframe.head(10)
```

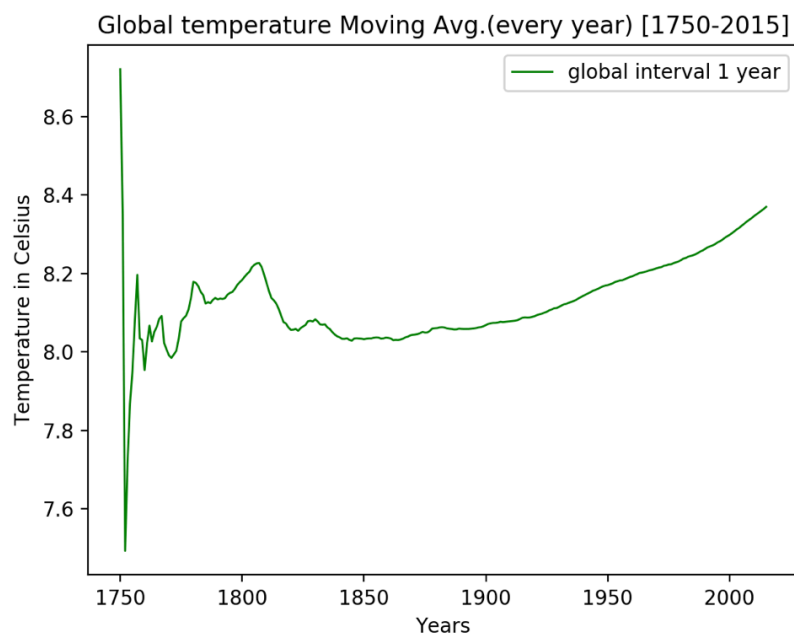
Out[2]:

	year	running_avg
0	1750	8.720000
1	1751	8.350000
2	1752	7.493333
3	1753	7.717500
4	1754	7.868000
5	1755	7.950000
6	1756	8.078571
7	1757	8.196250
8	1758	8.034444
9	1759	8.030000

Running Average Plotted [GLOBAL]

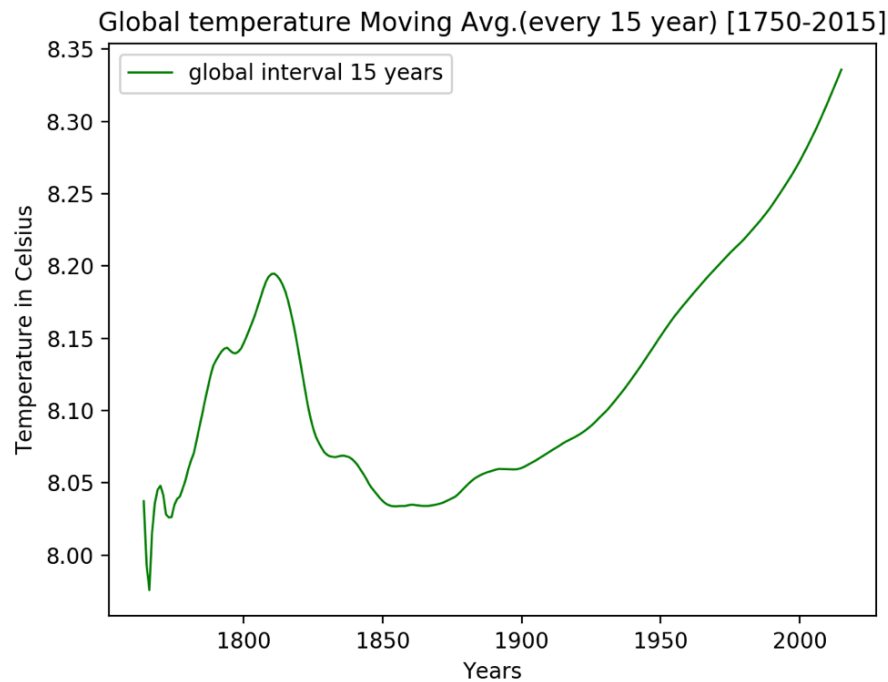
```
In [13]: y = dataframe['running_avg']
x = dataframe['year']
dataframe['avg'] = dataframe.iloc[:,1].rolling(window=15).mean()
z = dataframe['avg']

plt.plot(x, y, '-g', linewidth=1, markersize=0, label = "global interval 1 year")
plt.xlabel('Years')
plt.ylabel('Temperature in Celsius')
plt.title('Global temperature Moving Avg.(every year) [1750-2015]')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



Moving Average Interval 15 years Plotted [Global]

```
In [15]: plt.plot(x, z, '-g', linewidth=1, markersize=0, label = "global interval 15 years")
plt.xlabel('Years')
plt.ylabel('Temperature in Celsius')
plt.title('Global temperature Moving Avg.(every 15 year) [1750-2015]')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



LOCAL [Ahmedabad - India] Dataset

```
In [6]: data = pd.read_csv('amd_ind.csv')
data.head(10)
```

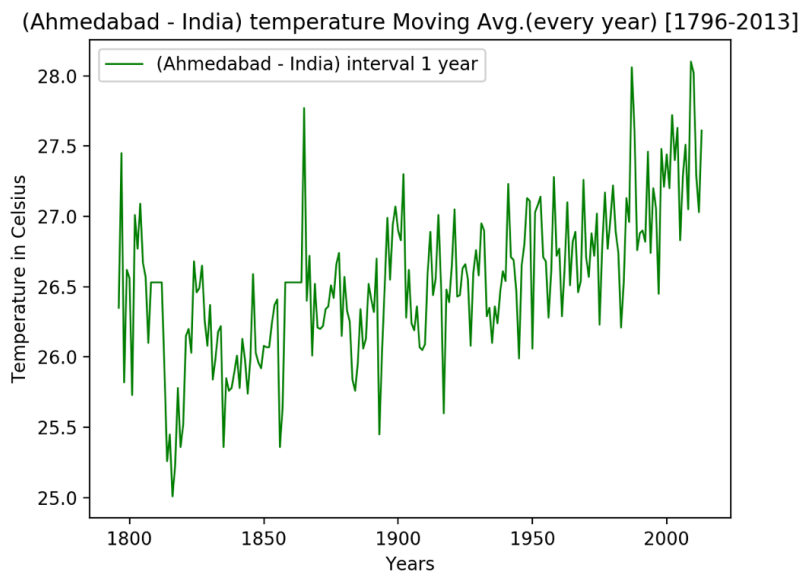
Out[6]:

	year	running_avg
0	1796	26.35
1	1797	27.45
2	1798	25.82
3	1799	26.62
4	1800	26.56
5	1801	25.73
6	1802	27.01
7	1803	26.77
8	1804	27.09
9	1805	26.67

Running Average Plotted [LOCAL Ahmedabad - India]

```
In [22]: ya = data['running_avg']
xa = data['year']
data['avg'] = data.iloc[:,1].rolling(window=15).mean()
za = data['avg']

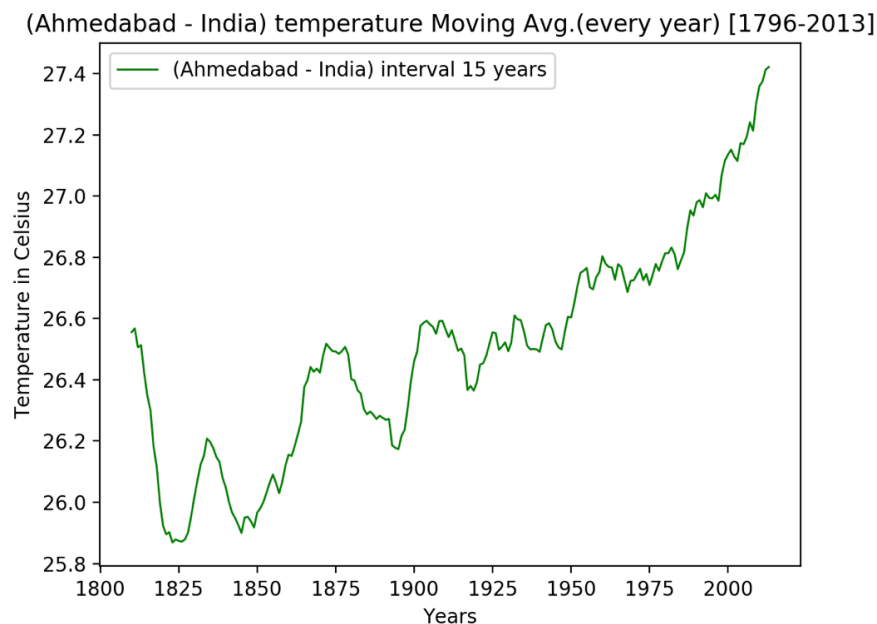
plt.plot(xa, ya, '-g', linewidth=1, markersize=0, label = "(Ahmedabad - India) interval 1 year")
plt.xlabel('Years')
plt.ylabel('Temperature in Celsius')
plt.title('(Ahmedabad - India) temperature Moving Avg.(every year) [1796-2013]')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



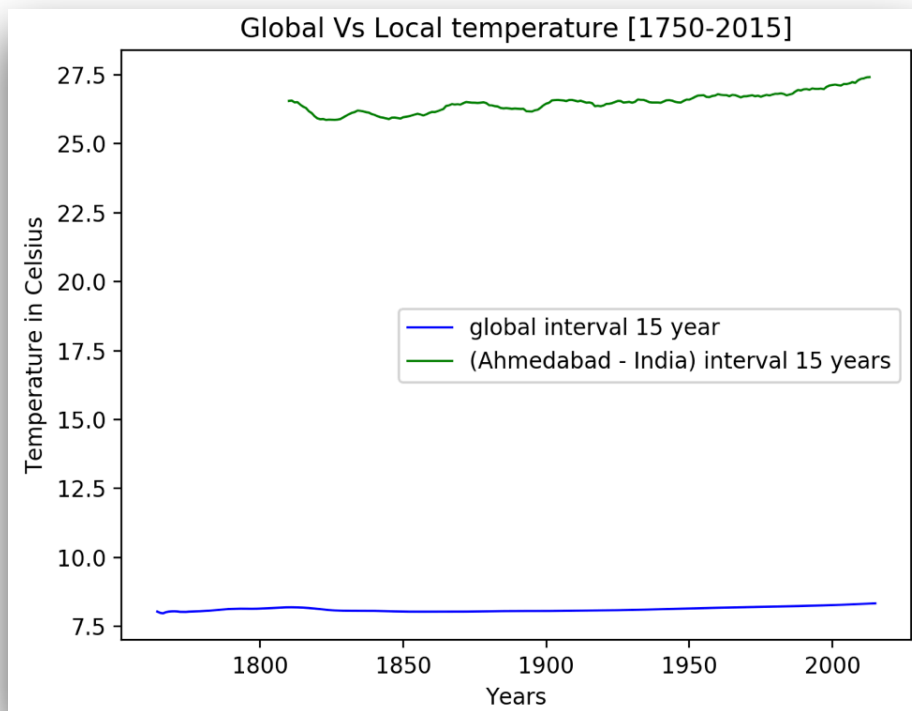
Moving Average Interval 15 years Plotted [LOCAL]

Type to enter text

```
In [23]: plt.plot(xa, za, '-g', linewidth=1, label = "(Ahmedabad - India) interval 15 years")
plt.xlabel('Years')
plt.ylabel('Temperature in Celsius')
plt.title('(Ahmedabad - India) temperature Moving Avg.(every year) [1796-2013]')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



Comparison Between Global and Local Temperature trends



1 -> IS YOUR CITY HOTTER OR COOLER ON AVERAGE COMPARED TO THE GLOBAL AVERAGE? HAS THE DIFFERENCE BEEN CONSISTENT OVER TIME?

```
WITH c AS (SELECT year , avg_temp
            FROM city_data
            WHERE country='India' AND city='Ahmadabad')
```

```
SELECT c.year , AVG(c.avg_temp - g.avg_temp) OVER (ORDER BY c.year) AS running_diff
FROM c
JOIN global_data AS g
ON c.year = g.year
```

Output 218 results

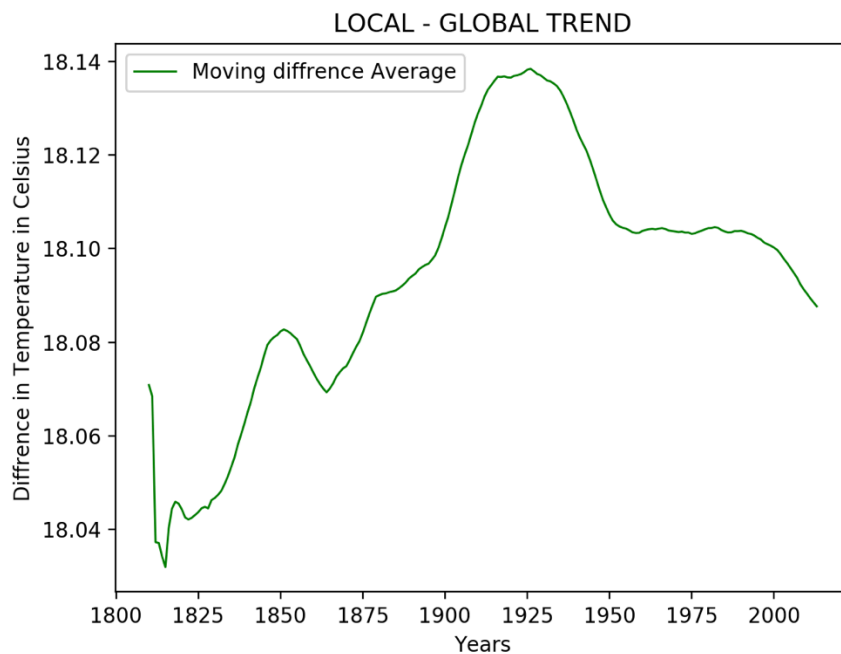
[Download CSV](#)

year	running_diff
1796	18.080000000000000
1797	18.510000000000000
1798	18.056666666666667
1799	18.070000000000000
1800	18.072000000000000
1801	17.916666666666667
1802	17.990000000000000
1803	18.025000000000000

- The Difference between the Global temperature and temperature in my Locality has increased over time with the difference reaching almost 0.12 Celsius over a span of almost 200 years.
- My Locality is on an average 18.07 Celsius hotter than the Global temperate which was obtained from the graph below.

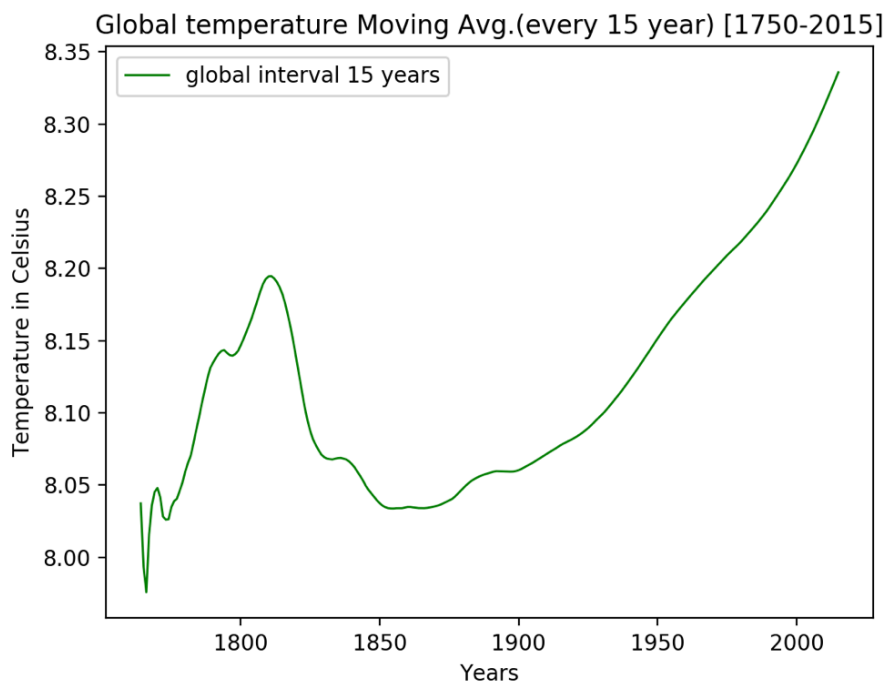
```
In [30]: ya = df1['running_diff']
xa = df1['year']
df1['avg'] = df1.iloc[:,1].rolling(window=15).mean()
za = df1['avg']

plt.plot(xa, za, '-g', linewidth=1, markersize=0, label = "Moving difference Average")
plt.xlabel('Years')
plt.ylabel('Difference in Temperature in Celsius')
plt.title('LOCAL - GLOBAL TREND')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



2 -> WHAT DOES THE OVERALL TREND LOOK LIKE? IS THE WORLD GETTING HOTTER OR COOLER? HAS THE TREND BEEN CONSISTENT OVER THE LAST FEW HUNDRED YEARS?

```
In [15]: plt.plot(x, z, '-g', linewidth=1, markersize=0, label = "global interval 15 years")
plt.xlabel('Years')
plt.ylabel('Temperature in Celsius')
plt.title('Global temperature Moving Avg.(every 15 year) [1750-2015]')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



- The overall trend from the graph shows that the earth is getting hotter and for the past 100 years this trend has been consistent with the temperature rising exponentially.

3 -> HOW DO THE CHANGES IN YOUR CITY'S TEMPERATURES OVER TIME COMPARE TO THE CHANGES IN THE GLOBAL AVERAGE?

- Ahmedabad's [India] temperature has risen by 1.6 celsius in the past 200 years while the Global temperature has risen by 0.35 celsius in the same time period.
- This tells us that the rise in temperature is similar trend in both the cases but the local temperature has risen almost 4-5 times over the past 200 years which is a Red indication for us.

4 -> WHAT HAPPENS IF THIS TREND CONTINUES?

- If a similar trend is continued then the temperature will keep on increasing exponentially and will make living conditions miserable on earth we need to learn from this analysis the importance to maintain and control the temperature of our locality.

— ANALYSIS DONE BY SHAURYA SINHA
USING - PYTHON & SQL

