Timesheet Management Application

Overview

The Timesheet Management Application is a web-based system for tracking employee work hours. It allows users to **register**, **login**, **submit timesheets**, and **view records for today or any specific day**. The application is built with:

• **Backend:** Spring Boot 2 and Java 8

• **Frontend:** Angular 20

• **Database:** MySQL (or any JPA-supported DB)

• **Authentication:** JWT (JSON Web Token)

• Security: Spring Security for authentication and authorization

Features

- User Management
 - o Registration
 - o Login
 - o Logout
- Timesheet Management
 - o Submit login and logout times
 - Fetch timesheet for today
 - o Fetch timesheet for a specific date
- Security
 - o JWT-based authentication
 - o Angular route guards to restrict access to authenticated users

Prerequisites

- Java JDK 8+
- Maven 3+
- Node.js 22+
- Angular CLI 20
- MySQL database (or any JPA-supported database)
- Optional: Postman for testing APIs

Backend Setup (Spring Boot)

1 - Configure database

Update application.properties or application.yml:

```
spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/timesheet_db
spring.datasource.username=root
spring.datasource.password=root
spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto=update
spring.jpa.show-sql=true
```

2 Build and run backend

```
mvn clean install
mvn spring-boot:run
```

3 API Endpoints

Endpoint	Method	Description
/api/auth/register	POST	Register a new user
/api/auth/login	POST	Login user and get JWT token
/api/auth/logout	POST	Logout user
/api/timesheet/submit	POST	Submit timesheet
/api/timesheet/today	GET	Fetch today's timesheet
/api/timesheet/day	GET	Fetch timesheet for specific date

Frontend Setup (Angular 20)

1. Navigate to frontend folder

cd timesheet-web

2. Install dependencies

npm install

3. Run Angular application

```
ng serve --open
```

The app should now be running at http://localhost:4200.

4. Environment Configuration

Update environment.ts with backend URL:

```
export const environment = {
  production: false,
  apiUrl: 'http://localhost:8080/api'
};
```

JWT & Authentication

- After login, the backend returns a **JWT token**.
- The frontend stores the token in localStorage (jwt token).
- Angular AuthGuard ensures only authenticated users can access protected routes (like Dashboard).
- To logout, the token is removed from localStorage.

Notes

- Validation: Backend DTOs have validation annotations to ensure correct input.
- **Security:** Spring Security + JWT protects API endpoints.
- **Testing:** Backend includes unit tests using JUnit and Mockito.
- **SSR Warning:** Ensure localStorage is accessed only on the client side (not during SSR).

Author

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