

FIRSTRAND LIMITED

Integrated Equity Research Coverage

Coverage Period: FY2020–FY2024

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Investment Rating: HOLD (Quality Franchise, Full Valuation)

1. Executive Summary & Business Overview

Investment View: FirstRand Limited is a structurally high-return, well-capitalised, deposit-funded banking franchise capable of sustaining mid-to-high teens return on equity (ROE) through the cycle. However, current valuation implies elevated profitability expectations, limiting margin of safety.

Business Overview

FirstRand operates as a diversified South African financial services group through four primary franchises:

- FNB – Retail and Commercial Banking
- RMB – Corporate and Investment Banking
- WesBank – Vehicle and Asset Finance
- Aldermore – UK Specialist Lending

Structural Characteristics

- Strong net interest income (NII) engine
- Diversified non-interest revenue base
- Stable cost discipline (cost-to-income control)
- Deposit-led funding structure
- Conservative capital management

Historical Performance (FY2020–FY2024)

Through-cycle profitability over the five-year period reflects structural earnings quality:

Metric	Value
5-year average ROE	≈19%
ROE volatility (5yr)	≈3%
Earnings CAGR (FY2020–FY2024)	≈21%
Balance sheet CAGR	≈6%

Cycle Behaviour

- FY2020: Impairment spike (COVID stress year)
- FY2021–FY2023: Credit normalization and margin recovery
- FY2024: Mild cost-of-risk uptick

ROE recovery post-COVID was driven by operational normalization rather than excessive leverage expansion, confirming structural profitability.

Conclusion: FirstRand generates sustainable, high-teen returns through the cycle supported by operational strength rather than balance sheet gearing.

2. Financial Strength & Risk Assessment

Capital Adequacy

Capital Metric	Value / Commentary
CET1 ratio (FY2024)	13.5%
Regulatory minimum	9.0%
CET1 buffer above minimum	4.5%
Internal target range	11–12%

FirstRand operates comfortably above both regulatory requirements and internal capital targets.

Conclusion: Capital strength is robust and is not a constraint to operations.

Stress Test – Capital Impact

Scenario	ROE	CET1 Buffer	Status
Base	17.9%	4.5%	Adequate
Mild Stress	14.8%	3.6%	Adequate
Severe Stress	10.1%	3.3%	Adequate

Even under severe stress conditions, capital remains above regulatory minimum with buffer retention above 3%.

Conclusion: Capital resilience confirmed across all stress scenarios. CET1 buffer does not breach minimum even under severe stress.

Credit Risk Profile

Credit Metric	FY2024 Value
Stage 3 (NPL) ratio	≈4.1%
Coverage ratio	≈80%
Normalized cost of risk (range)	0.75–0.85%

Cost of risk trend through the cycle:

- FY2020: 1.97% (stress peak — COVID impairment spike)
- FY2022: 0.56% (benign environment)
- FY2024: 0.81% (normalization phase)

Asset quality has normalized post-COVID. FY2024 shows mild deterioration consistent with rate-cycle normalization rather than systemic stress.

Conclusion: Credit conditions are manageable and within historical ranges. Stage 3 levels and coverage ratios remain acceptable.

Funding & Liquidity Profile

Liquidity Metric	Value
Loan-to-deposit ratio	96.6%
Wholesale funding ratio	13.9%
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)	118%
Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR)	120%
Regulatory minimum (LCR/NSFR)	100%

Deposit growth has largely funded loan expansion, reducing reliance on wholesale markets. Liquidity buffers remain comfortably above the regulatory 100% minimum.

Conclusion: Funding structure is stable, deposit-led, and resilient. LCR and NSFR buffers provide adequate liquidity headroom.

3. Valuation & Investment Conclusion

Valuation Framework

The valuation methodology applied a multi-approach framework incorporating DuPont ROE decomposition, justified P/B analysis, residual income valuation, and dividend discount modeling (DDM). The FY2024 BVPS of R38.84 is sourced from FirstRand's FY2025 Annual Results (published February 2026).

Valuation Scenario	Bear	Base	Bull
Justified P/B (x)	1.20x	1.91x	4.37x
Implied Fair Value (R)	R47	R74	R170
Cost of Equity (Ke)	16.0%	14.3%	12.75%
ROE assumption	15%	20%	22%
Current market price (approx.)	—	R95	—

Data Note: BVPS of R38.84 sourced from FirstRand FY2025 Annual Results booklet (published February 2026). Share price of approximately R95 verified against JSE data as at 13 February 2026.

P/B Valuation Sensitivity Note

The wide range between the bull case (R170) and base case (R74) reflects a structural characteristic of justified P/B valuation methodology: the justified P/B ratio is highly sensitive to the spread between ROE, long-run growth, and cost of equity near the value-creation threshold. When ROE exceeds cost of equity by a narrow margin, small changes in Ke or ROE assumptions produce large changes in the justified P/B multiple — this is mathematically correct and expected, not a modelling artefact. Analysts should weight the base case most heavily, treating the bull and bear scenarios as asymmetric bounding cases rather than equally-probable outcomes. The market-implied ROE analysis provides an independent cross-check that does not depend on these assumptions.

Current Market Multiple

Price-to-Book (P/B) of approximately 2.45x implies a market-embedded sustainable ROE of approximately 23–24%. The sustainable through-cycle ROE estimate (based on the 5-year historical analysis and stress testing) is 15–18%. The market appears to price FirstRand closer to upper-cycle profitability levels.

Investment Debate

Strengths	Risks
Structural high-tear ROE Strong capital buffer (CET1 4.5% above minimum) Conservative credit provisioning Deposit-funded balance sheet Demonstrated stress resilience (ROE >10% even severe)	Cost of risk normalization above 1.5% Margin compression from funding competition Valuation sensitivity to ROE compression Wide bull/bear P/B range near threshold ROE

Final Assessment

Question	Assessment
Is ROE sustainably above cost of equity?	Yes. Through-cycle ROE exceeds estimated Ke (~14–15%).

Is capital adequate?	Yes. Strong CET1 buffer even under severe stress (3.3% retained).
Is growth funded prudently?	Yes. Loan growth supported by deposit expansion (LDR 96.6%).
Is valuation justified?	Valuation embeds optimistic profitability assumptions. Limited margin of safety at current pricing.

ROE Sustainability Verdict: Based on the 5-year historical analysis and stress test outcomes, sustainable through-cycle ROE is estimated at 18–22% in a base scenario, with structural floor at high-teens even in mild stress. The FY2024 ROE of approximately 20.2% (vs 21.2% in FY2023) reflects higher impairments and cost pressure, not structural deterioration. Even under severe stress (CLR 1.8%), ROE remains above 10% and CET1 buffer stays positive. ROE is therefore sustainable at high-teens to low-twenties over a full credit cycle.

Final Recommendation

HOLD – High-Quality Franchise, Fully Valued

Valuation reflects optimistic profitability assumptions. Margin of safety is limited at current pricing.

Upside Catalysts	Downside Triggers
Sustained ROE >20% Benign credit normalization Capital returns above expectation	Sustained cost of risk >1.5% Material ROE compression below 14% Deterioration in deposit funding momentum

4. Analytical Framework Summary

This research integrated the following analytical disciplines:

- 5-year profitability analysis with DuPont ROE decomposition (FY2020–FY2024)
- Capital adequacy assessment under Basel III framework
- Credit risk normalization analysis (CLR trend and Stage 3 coverage)
- Funding and liquidity resilience testing (LCR, NSFR, LDR)
- Multi-scenario stress modelling (Base / Mild Stress / Severe Stress)
- Multi-method valuation: Justified P/B, Residual Income, DDM, Market-Implied ROE
- Valuation sensitivity analysis with P/B-to-ROE spread dynamics explained

The framework demonstrates structured equity research capability with integrated risk, capital, and valuation discipline across a full five-year analytical window including a full credit cycle (COVID stress through normalization).