# **Workshop 1: Hello Python**

In this workshop, you'll be learning the basics of programming and Python! This document is essentially a reference sheet for you, and will also contain the activities and descriptions.

### **Important Topics**

- The Big Picture Idea
- Logic
- Conditionals
- Loops
- Functions

### **Logic Activity**

(There is nothing here because this is done as a class.)

### **Conditionals Activity**

- 1. As a group, think of 3 everyday examples of conditionals and express them in pseudocode.
  - Example: "If the temperature is greater than 90 degrees, then I'll take my jacket off."

```
if temperature > 90:
    I'll take my jacket off
```

- 2. As a group, write and run your first real Python conditional: let X = 20. If X is an even number, print out, "X is even." Else, print out, "X is odd."
  - Solve the problem as a group, but try to run it on your own individual devices! That way, everyone in the group will know how to run Python on their personal devices.

#### **Loops Activity**

- 1. As a group, think of an everyday example of a while loop, for x in y loop, and for x in range(N) loop, and express them in pseudocode.
  - Example: "While I am hungry, I will eat. For every item in my shopping list, I will search
    for that item and then buy it. For every year my friend has been alive, I will give them a
    birthday punch."

```
while I am hungry:
    I will eat

for item in shoppingList:
    search for item
    buy item

for year in range(friendAge):
    birthday punch friend
```

- 2. As a group, write and run your first real set of Python loops that print out all the even numbers from 0 to 10, but not including 10. You're basically solving the same problem in 3 different ways.
  - For "for x in y" loops, you may find the following line of code useful: numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
  - Solve the problem as a group, but try to run it on your own individual devices!

### **Functions Activity**

- 1. As a group, create a real Python function that just says "Good morning!" Then, call it.
  - Solve the problem as a group, but try to run it on your own individual devices!

#### **Puzzles**

- 1. Let's suppose that you have a list of unsorted numbers: [1, 8, 2, 6, 3, 9, 0, 1, 4, 2, 8]. How can you sort these numbers so that we have [0, 1, 1, ...]?
  - You don't need to write any code -- just think about the problem and try to use words like **if** and **for.** You can try writing pseudocode.
  - If you do want to write real Python code, feel free!
- 2. Let's suppose that we have the list of numbers: [1, 5, 2, 3, 0, 0, 1]. How can we turn this list into the number 1523001?
  - You don't need to write any code -- just think about the problem and try to use words like **if** and **for.** You can try writing pseudocode.
  - If you do want to write real Python code, feel free!
  - Hint: multiplying any number by 10 adds a rightmost zero.

## **Python Reference Sheet**

```
# Comments look like this. They start with a '#' sign.
# Conditionals look like this.
if condition:
    instructions
# Here are a few examples.
if x < 5:
   print("x is less than 5.")
if x < 5 and x % 2 == 0:
    print("x is less than 5, and x is also an even number.")
if passwordEntered == actualPassword:
    print("You entered the right password!")
    print("Hello user.")
# There are 3 kinds of loops:
# - while loops do something while a condition is true.
\# - for x in y loops do something for every item x in a collection of items y.
# - for x in range(N) will do something N many times.
# Here are a few examples.
```

```
letter = input("Enter a letter: ")
while letter != 'a':
    print("You didn't enter letter the letter 'a'")
    letter = input("Enter a letter: ")

people = ["John", "Jane", "Jack", "Jill"]
for person in people:
    print("Hello", person)

for i in range(10):
    print("Hi!")

# Functions look like this.
def greet():
    print("Hello!")

# That's just the definition. It doesn't actually run the function. In order to do that, you need to call it.
greet()
```

#### **Tello Reference Sheet**

Remember to install the libraries first before you proceed! In order to install the libraries, run the following commands:

```
pip install easytello
pip install opencv-python
```

This reference sheet only contains items relevant to workshop 1. You can check out the full documentation at: <a href="https://github.com/Virodroid/easyTello">https://github.com/Virodroid/easyTello</a>

```
# Remember to import the libraries that you need.
# We'll talk more about libraries in the future.
import easytello

# This is how you make drone objects.
# We'll talk more about objects in the future.
drone = easytello.tello.Tello()

# This is how you turn the camera on and view the feed.
drone.streamon()

# This is how you turn the camera off and stop viewing the feed.
drone.streamoff()
```

**Important note:** your program will try to finish as fast as possible. This means that it'll turn the camera on, *but then it immediately turns it off.* You might find this code useful:

```
# Import the time library.
import time

# Sleep for 5 minutes. 5 minutes * 60 seconds/minute = 300 seconds.
time.sleep(300)
```