System z Expo

October 13 – 17, 2008 – Las Vegas, Nevada



Managing your Red Hat Enterprise Linux Guests With RHN Satellite

Session ID: zLP07

Speaker Names: Brad Hinson,

Shawn Wells







Agenda

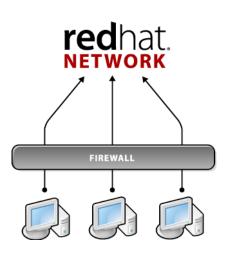
- What is Red Hat Network?
 - What are the modules?
 - What are the deployment architectures?
 - How's it run on System z?
- Live Demo

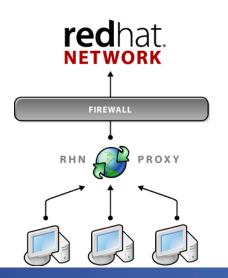


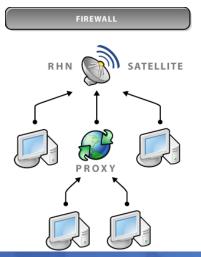


Red Hat Network

- Red Hat's modular, Web-based Linux management platform
 - Highly scalable solution
 - Integrates with existing platforms
- Modular approach
 - Updates Management Provisioning Monitoring











What Is Red Hat Network?

A systems management platform designed to provide complete lifecycle management of the operating system and applications.

- A single solution for lifecycle management of compute resources
 - Installing and provisioning new system
 - Updating systems
 - Managing configuration files
 - Monitoring performance
 - Redeploying for a new purpose







Benefits of Red Hat Network

Lower system administration costs

- Management tools let you maximize your hardware investment
- Complete installation takes only minutes (Hosted) to 1-2 days (Satellite)

Increase productivity

- 4-10X system admin productivity, easily allowing 150+ systems/system admin
- Flexible architecture allows use of GUI, API, or CLI (scripted) interface
- All tasks automated allowing you to move beyond "guru bottleneck"

Improve security

- Content stream comes directly & immediately from Red Hat
- Complete audit trail and various predefined reports
- Policies and permissions provide centrally managed role-based administration





Example Usage

Many enterprises want to use hardware more efficiently

- Demand for externally-facing services often shifts. In order to adapt to changing demand conditions, administrators need flexible systems
- It can take hours to manually re-deploy a single system

Detect when demand increases

- Red Hat Network can alert you when systems or applications reach defined levels of performance
- Allows you to take action before customers notice performance degradation

Re-deploy systems quickly

- Red Hat Network stores profiles that can include packages, custom applications, configuration files, and more
- Use the profiles to change under-utilized systems to the type of system needed to meet current business needs
- In 20-30 minutes, you can have hundreds of systems re-deployed





Red Hat Network Components

Service Modules

- Update
- Management
- Provisioning
- Monitoring

Architectures

- Hosted
- Satellite





Update Module



Easily obtain security updates, patches, and new OS versions





Remove undesired packages through the simple RHN web interface

Automatically update systems with the latest security fixes





Management Module





Manage groups of systems as easily as a single system

Assign permissions to administrators for managing different groups or roles





Schedule updates to occur during maintenance windows



Provisioning Module



Provision existing or bare metal systems using predetermined profiles or system cloning





Improve consistency by using RHN to manage and deploy configuration files Undo problematic changes with snapshots and rollback





Monitoring Module





Dozens of lowimpact probes can be set for each system Group probes into suites for fast deployment





Receive email or pager notices when a probe reaches a predefined warning or critical threshold





What Can Be Monitored?

System Probes

Linux: CPU Usage, Disk I/O Throughput, Disk Usage, Interface Traffic, Load, Memory Usage, Process Health, ...

Network: FTP, HTTPS, IMAP, Ping, POP, RPCService, SSH, SMTP, ...

Log Agent: Log Size, Pattern Matching, ...

Application Probes

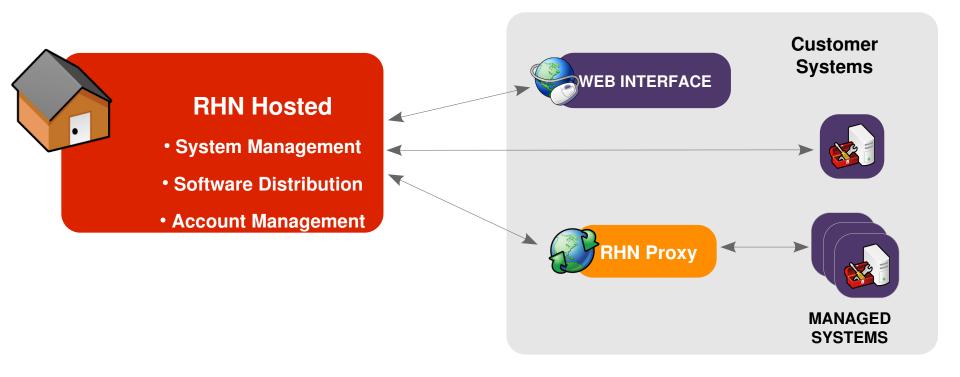
- Oracle 8i/9i: Availability, Client Connectivity, Disk Sort Ratio, Index Extents, Locks, Sessions, Tablespace Usage, TNS Ping, ...
- BEA Weblogic: Heap Free, JDBC Connection Pool, Server State, ...
- Apache: Processes, Traffic, Uptime
- MySQL: Database Accessibility, Opened Tables, Query Rate, Threads Running

You can also create your own probes using tools provided through Red Hat Network.





Hosted Deployment Model

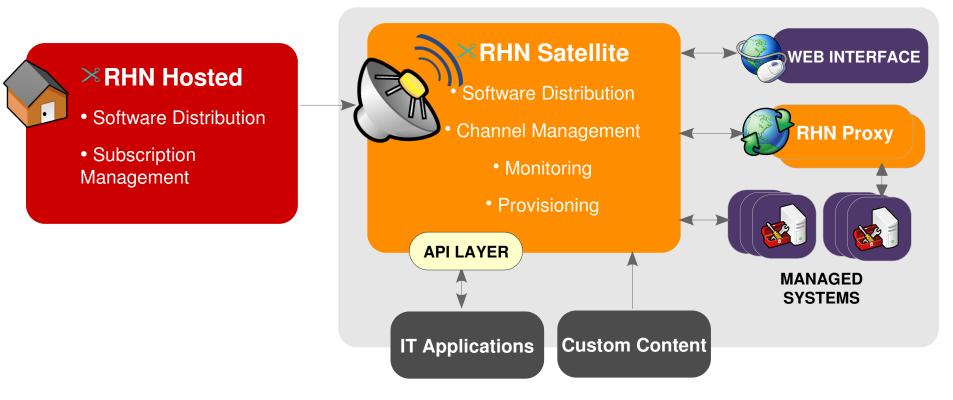


- Quick setup is designed to enable management for small deployments
- All system information, profiles, and packages are stored in Red Hat's servers
- Each managed system connects across the Internet for all managed actions
- RHN Proxy can be added to lower bandwidth use by caching packages locally





Satellite Deployment Module



- Local database stores all packages, profiles, and system information
- Syncs content from RHN Hosted, can run disconnected from the internet
- Custom content distribution

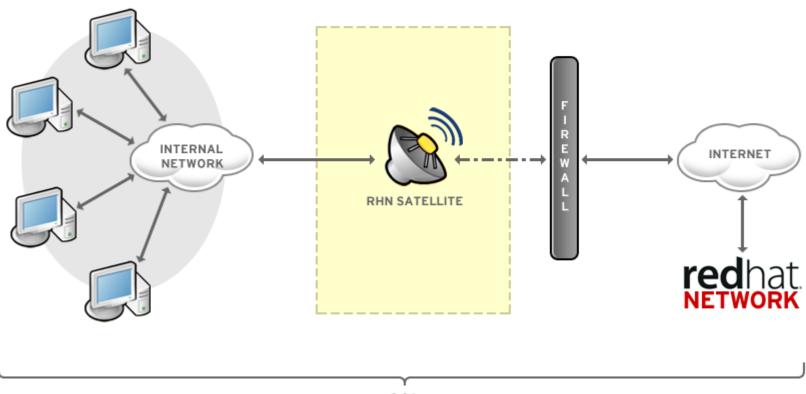




Example – Single Satellite

RHN SATELLITE

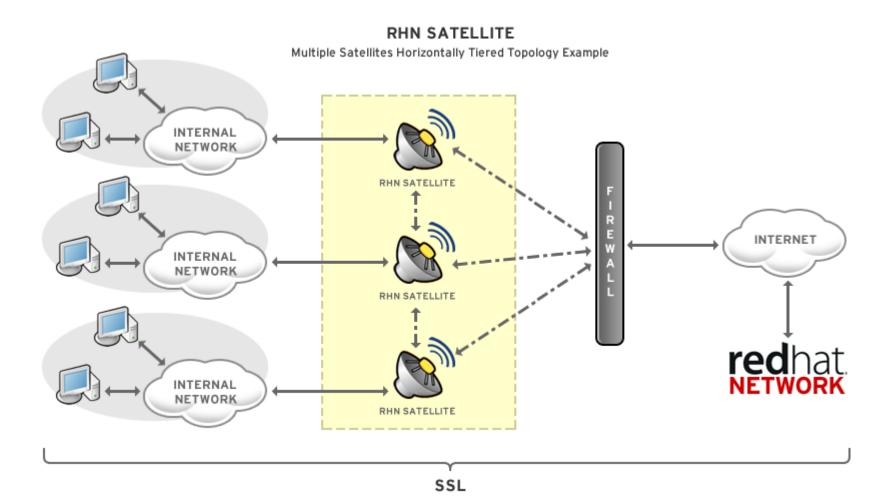
Single Satellite Topology Example







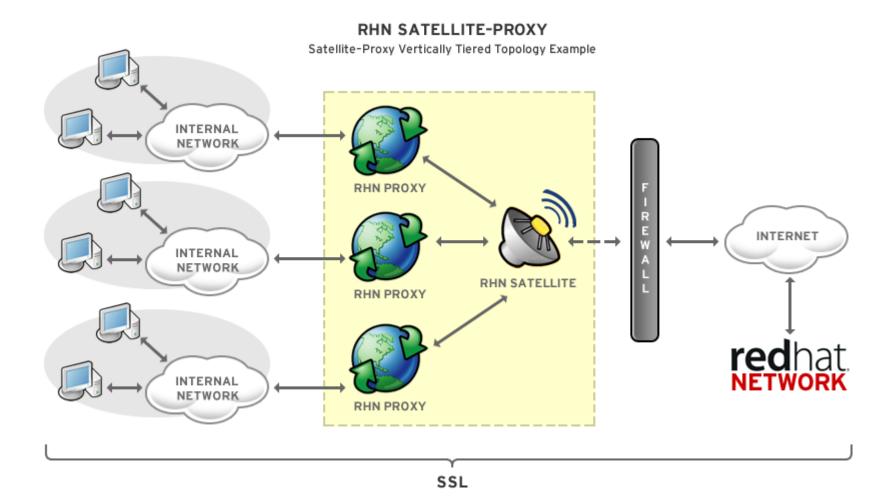
Example – Multi Tiered Satellite







Example – Proxy Vertically Tiered Satellite



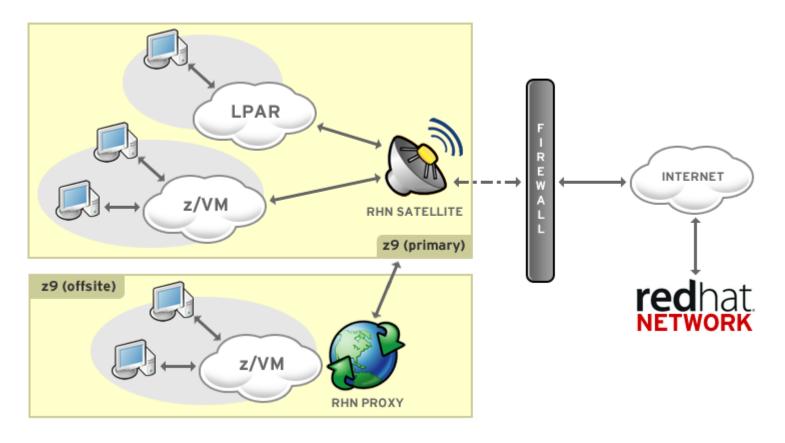




Example – System z

RHN SATELLITE-PROXY

Satellite-Proxy System z Topology Example







How It Works

Database

Your existing database (standalone) or bundled (embedded Oracle 9i R2)

RHN Satellite Server

- Entry point for Red Hat Update Agent running on clients
- Apache HTTP server serving XML-RPC requests)

RHN Satellite Web Interface

Advanced system, system group, user, and channel management interface

RPM Repository

 Package repository for Red Hat RPM packages as well as middleware/custom RPM packages.





How It Works

Management Tools

- Database and file system syncrhonization tools
- RPM importing tools
- Channel maintenance tools (Web based)
- Errata management tools (Web based)
- User management tools (Web based)
- Client system and system grouping tools (Web based)
- Red Hat Update Agent on the client systems





Installation Requirements

Software

- RHEL 4 (31-bit or 64-bit)
- @Base install

Hardware

- 1 to 2 (virtual) IFLs
- 2 to 4 GB storage (memory)
- 1 GB swap (combination VDISK, disk)
- 1 x mod3 for OS install
- Estimated 12 GB disk space for embedded database
- 6 GB per channel (disk)





Infrastructure Requirements

Network Ports

- (80, 443) outbound, unless running in disconnected mode
- (80, 443) inbound, for WebUI and client requests
- (4545) outbound, if monitoring is configured and probes are active on clients
- (5222) inbound, to push actions to client systems
- (5269) inbound, to push actions to RHN Proxy Server

Other Requirements

- Red Hat Network account
- Entitlement Certificate





Example RHN Certificate (XML)

```
<rhn-cert version="0.1">
   <rhn-cert-field name="product">RHN-SATELLITE-001/rhn-cert-field>
  <rhn-cert-field name="owner">Clay's Precious Satellite</rhn-cert-field>
  <rhn-cert-field name="issued">2005-01-11 00:00:00/rhn-cert-field>
  <rhn-cert-field name="expires">2005-03-11 00:00:00</rhn-cert-field>
  <rhn-cert-field name="slots">30</rhn-cert-field>
  <rhn-cert-field name="provisioning-slots">30</rhn-cert-field>
  <rhn-cert-field name="nonlinux-slots">30</rhn-cert-field>
  <rhn-cert-field name="channel-families" quantity="10" family="rhel-cluster"/>
  <rhn-cert-field name="channel-families" quantity="30" family="rhel-ws-extras"/>
  <rhn-cert-field name="channel-families" quantity="10" family="rhel-es-extras"/>
   <rhn-cert-field name="channel-families" quantity="40" family="rhel-as"/>
   <rhn-cert-field name="channel-families" quantity="30" family="rhn-tools"/>
   <rhn-cert-field name="satellite-version">3.6</rhn-cert-field>
   <rhn-cert-field name="generation">2</rhn-cert-field>
   <rhn-cert-signature>
            ----BEGIN PGP SIGNATURE-----
            Version: Crypt::OpenPGP 1.03
  iQBGBAARAwAGBQJCAG7yAAoJEJ5yna8GlHkysOkAn07qmlUrkGKs7/5yb8H/nboGmhHkAJ9wdmqOeKfcBa3lUDL5
  oNMEBP/dg===0Kv7
            ----END PGP SIGNATURE-----
            </rhn-cert-signature>
</rhn-cert>
```





Installing RHN Satellite

- mount -o loop iso_filename /media/
- cd /media; ./install.pl
 - ./install.pl --help
 - ./install.pl --disconnected
- Installer steps
 - Create database
 - Import Satellite certificate
 - Register/Activate Satellite
 - Generate CA certificate for SSL traffic





Importing Packages (satellite-sync)

- Synchronize metadata/packages with RHN
 - Satellite connected to RHN

Internal steps

- channel-families Import/sync channel family (architecture)
 data
- channels Import/sync channel data
- rpms Import/sync RPMs
- packages Import/sync full package data for RPMs retrieved successfully
- errata Import/sync Errata information







Synchronize metadata/packages from Channel Content ISO

Released shortly after each RHEL update on RHN, then in regular increments

Use channel data from another Satellite

- rhn-satellite-exporter exports channel families, architectures, channel metadata, blacklists, RPMs, RPM metadata, errata, and kickstarts
- rhn-satellite-exporter --dir=/var/sat-backup/
- scp -r storage.example.com:/var/sat-backup/* /var/rhn-sat-import
- satellite-sync --list-channels --mount-point /var/rhn-sat-import
- satellite-sync -c rhel-s390x-as-4 --mount-point /var/rhn-satimport
- Can specify multiple channels in one command. Estimate ~2 hours per channel.





Further Information

- Problem
 - Where can I find further information on RHN Satellite?
- Solution
 - Red Hat Knowledgebase
 - http://kbase.redhat.com/faq/
 - RHN Documentation
 - https://rhn.redhat.com/help/
 - RHN Satellite Users mailing list
 - https://www.redhat.com/mailman/listinfo/rhn-satellite-users
 - RHN Satellite comes with 24/7 support
 - https://www.redhat.com/apps/support/





Contacting Red Hat Support

- Problem
 - My Satellite is not working, what should I do?
- Solution
 - 1) Gather data, include
 - RHN Satellite Debug

/usr/bin/satellite-debug

System Report

/usr/sbin/sysreport

RHN Proxy Debug (if needed)

/usr/bin/rhn-proxy-debug

- 2) Contact Red Hat Support with data



RED HAT NETWORK

:: Enterprise Systems Management

QUESTIONS?



System z Expo





APPENDIX







Tech Data

- RHN Satellite Components
- Apache
- Java & RHN Push
- Monitoring
- Database & Taskomatic
- Misc data





RHN Satellite Components

- Web Server Apache
 - Satellite Web UI
 - /XMLRPC
 - /API
- Java Tomcat (new)
- RHN Push Jabber
 - osa-dispatcher (server side)
 - osad (client side)
- Monitoring Technology (new)
 - Monitoring Backend
 - Monitoring Scout
- Database Server Oracle 9i





RED HAT NETWORK :: Enterprise Systems Management

RHN Satellite: Apache

- Apache processes within RHN Satellite handle multiple types of requests
 - Satellite Web UI with perl and java components
 - /XMLRPC, /API & /APPLET via python
- Main configuration files
 - /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
 - /etc/httpd/conf/rhn/
 - /etc/rhn/rhn.conf
- Runs with standard httpd daemon on ports 80 and 443

- Apache writes to various log files in the follow locations
 - /var/log/rhn/
 - /var/log/httpd/
- Misc files of note
 - SSL Certificates used by Apache
 - /etc/httpd/conf/ssl.key/server.key
 - /etc/httpd/conf/ssl.crt/server.crt





RHN Satellite: Java & RHN Push

- Tomcat is communicated to via Apache for portions of the Java Web UI within RHN Satellite 4.0
- Main configuration file
 - /etc/tomcat5/tomcat5.conf
- Main log directory
 - /var/log/tomcat5/
- Tomcat daemon listens to ports
 - 8005
 - 8009
 - 8080

- The jabber protocol is used by RHN to push scheduled actions to systems.
 - Satellite connects to jabber (osa-dispatcher)
 - Clients connect to jabber (osad)
- Main configuration files for push technology
 - /etc/jabberd/jabberd.cfg
 - /etc/rhn/rhn.conf
- Main log files are
 - /var/log/messages
 - /var/log/rhn/osa-dispatcher.log





- Monitoring Backend
- Monitoring Scout
- Some of the monitoring configuration files
 - /etc/rhn/rhn.conf
 - /etc/rhn/cluster.ini
 - /etc/NOCpulse.ini
 - /
 etc/httpd/conf/rhn/rhn_monitoring.
 conf
- Specific to Scout
 - /home/nocpulse/etc/SatCluster.ini



- Monitoring has one main nanny script which is gogo.pl
- Nearly all Monitoring logging is done within
 - /home/nocpulse/var/
 - /opt/notification/var/





- RHN Satellite needs communication to an Oracle 9i Database Server
 - Embedded or External Oracle
- Main configuration files for database
 - /etc/tnsnames.ora
 - /etc/rhn/rhn.conf
 - /
 opt/apps/oracle/config/9.2.0/spfilerhns
 at.ora



- Listener daemon (tnslsnr) runs localhost only on port 1290
- Main log files for Oracle
 - /var/log/rhn/rhn_database.log
 - /
 rhnsat/admin/rhnsat/bdump/alert_rhns at.log





Anything Else To Know?

- The most important configuration file
 - /etc/rhn/rhn.conf
- Two common general options of interest that can be changed
 - traceback_mail change the default email address alerts go to. Check this email address for traceback emails if something goes wrong
 - debug default is 1, setting to 5 or 6 is enough for troubleshooting
- Restart RHN Satellite services using command
 - service rhn-satellite restart
 - This will run the following service scripts
 - jabberd rhn-database osa-dispatcher taskomatic
 - tomcat5 httpd Monitoring MonitoringScout



Trademarks

The following are trademarks of the International Business Machines Corporation in the United States, other countries, or both.

Not all common law marks used by IBM are listed on this page. Failure of a mark to appear does not mean that IBM does not use the mark nor does it mean that the product is not actively marketed or is not significant within its relevant market.

Those trademarks followed by ® are registered trademarks of IBM in the United States; all others are trademarks or common law marks of IBM in the United States.

For a complete list of IBM Trademarks, see www.ibm.com/legal/copytrade.shtml:

*, AS/400®, e business(logo)®, DBE, ESCO, eServer, FICON, IBM®, IBM (logo)®, iSeries®, MVS, OS/390®, pSeries®, RS/6000®, S/30, VM/ESA®, VSE/ESA, WebSphere®, xSeries®, z/OS®, zSeries®, z/VM®, System i, System p, System p, System p, System z, Syste

The following are trademarks or registered trademarks of other companies.

Adobe, the Adobe logo, PostScript, and the PostScript logo are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Adobe Systems Incorporated in the United States, and/or other countries. Cell Broadband Engine is a trademark of Sony Computer Entertainment, Inc. in the United States, other countries, or both and is used under license therefrom.

Java and all Java-based trademarks are trademarks of Sun Microsystems, Inc. in the United States, other countries, or both.

Microsoft, Windows, Windows NT, and the Windows logo are trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States, other countries, or both.

Intel, Intel logo, Intel Inside, Intel Inside logo, Intel Centrino, Intel Centrino logo, Celeron, Intel Xeon, Intel SpeedStep, Itanium, and Pentium are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intel Corporation or its subsidiaries in the United States and other countries.

UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group in the United States and other countries.

Linux is a registered trademark of Linus Torvalds in the United States, other countries, or both.

ITIL is a registered trademark, and a registered community trademark of the Office of Government Commerce, and is registered in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

IT Infrastructure Library is a registered trademark of the Central Computer and Telecommunications Agency, which is now part of the Office of Government Commerce.

Notes:

Performance is in Internal Throughput Rate (ITR) ratio based on measurements and projections using standard IBM benchmarks in a controlled environment. The actual throughput that any user will experience will vary depending upon considerations such as the amount of multiprogramming in the user's job stream, the I/O configuration, the storage configuration, and the workload processed. Therefore, no assurance can be given that an individual user will achieve throughput improvements equivalent to the performance ratios stated here.

IBM hardware products are manufactured from new parts, or new and serviceable used parts. Regardless, our warranty terms apply.

All customer examples cited or described in this presentation are presented as illustrations of the manner in which some customers have used IBM products and the results they may have achieved. Actual environmental costs and performance characteristics will vary depending on individual customer configurations and conditions.

This publication was produced in the United States. IBM may not offer the products, services or features discussed in this document in other countries, and the information may be subject to change without notice. Consult your local IBM business contact for information on the product or services available in your area.

All statements regarding IBM's future direction and intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice, and represent goals and objectives only.

Information about non-IBM products is obtained from the manufacturers of those products or their published announcements. IBM has not tested those products and cannot confirm the performance, compatibility, or any other claims related to non-IBM products. Questions on the capabilities of non-IBM products should be addressed to the suppliers of those products.

Prices subject to change without notice. Contact your IBM representative or Business Partner for the most current pricing in your geography.

38

^{*} All other products may be trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective companies.