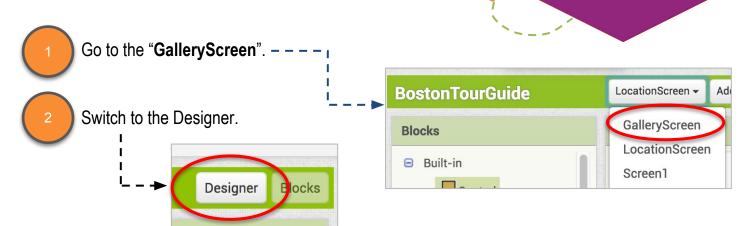
You'll add the functionality for more than one picture in the

Gallery!

# TOUR GUIDE: MULTIPLE PICTURES

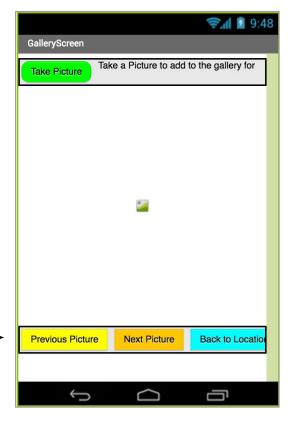
**UPDATE GALLERY SCREEN** 



The template contains two invisible buttons, **PreviousButton** and **NextButton**. Find them in the Components panel and check their Visible property.



The two buttons appear next to the **BackButton**. - -▶





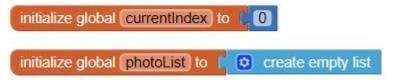
# **AFTER PICTURE**

Make your app more versatile, by allowing users to take many pictures instead of just one! You'll use a List called **photoList** to store the images in the app, and **TinyDB** to store the list so it can be retrieved each time the user runs the app.



Initialize two new variables. Name them and set them as seen below.

- currentIndex points to the index of the current picture in photoList.
- o photoList is the list of photos.





When a picture is taken:

- Add the image to the photoList.
- Save photolist to TinyDB with the tag "photolist". (replace the current TinyDB1.StoreValue block with new tag/value)
- Set currentIndex to point to the end of the list (HINT: use length of list block)

Use the following blocks.

```
when Camera1 .AfterPicture
                                                     length of list list
  image
        Image1 - . Picture - to
                             get image
     call TinyDB1 .StoreValue
                                                 ‡
                                                     add items to list
                                                                          list
                              photo
                                                                        item
                              get image
                 valueToStore
                                       photoList
      get image
                                                get global photoList
set global currentIndex - to
```



# **INITIALIZE SCREEN**

Because you are swtiching from a single photo to a list, you need to update the **GalleryScreen.Initialize** event.

Remove the **set Image1.Picture** block, and set it aside. Don't delete it because you can reuse the blocks.

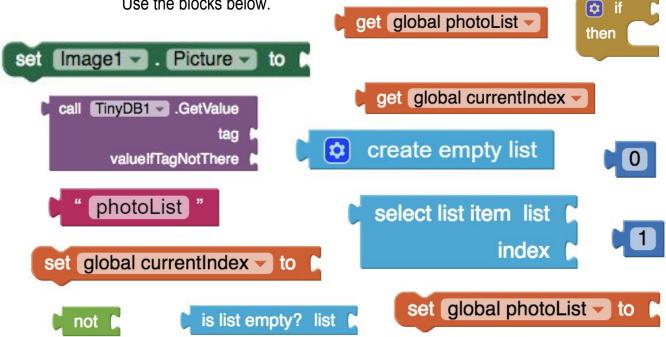
```
when GalleryScreen .Initialize

do set Image1 . Picture to call TinyDB1 .GetValue

tag "photo"

valueIfTagNotThere """
```

- Here are the following steps needed in GalleryScreen.Initialize:
  - Set variable currentIndex to 0.
  - Set variable photoList to an empty list.
  - Get the "photoList" tag from TinyDB1 and store it in the photoList variable.
  - If the list is not empty, there are pictures to see, so
    - o set Image1.Plcture to the first item in the list
    - set currentIndex to 1, since it points to the first item in the list Use the blocks below.





# PREVIOUS AND NEXT BUTTONS

Now code the **PreviousButton** and **NextButton**s to allow the user to scroll through the images in the gallery. You will need to update **currentIndex**, by either adding or subtracting to go back or forward in our list of photos.



Use the blocks below to code the logic for PreviousButton and NextButton.

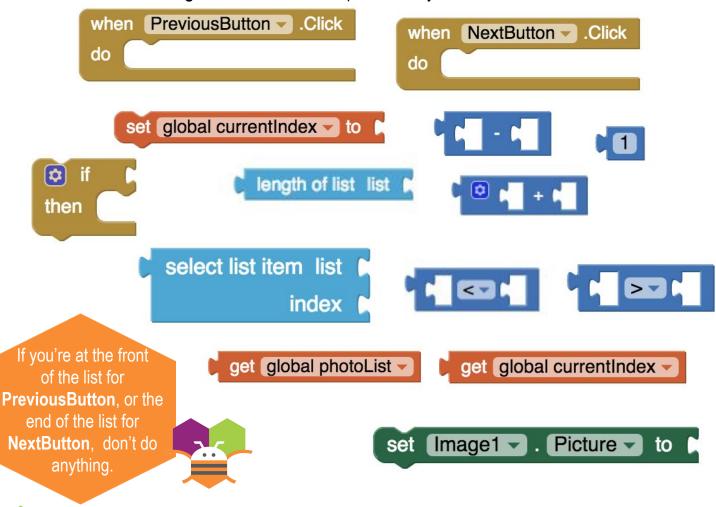
#### The algorithm for **PreviousButton** is:

- If currentIndex is not pointing to the beginning of the list
  - Subtract 1 from currentIndex.
  - Set Image1.Picture to the item pointed to by the new currentIndex value.

#### The algorithm for **NextButton** is:

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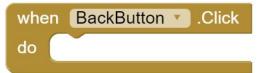
- If currentIndex is not pointing to the end of the list
  - Add 1 to currentIndex.
  - Set Image1.Picture to the item pointed to by the new currentIndex value.



# **BACKBUTTON AND TESTING**



The **BackButton** works the same as it did in the **LocationScreen**.



close screen

- Here you go! Test out your app with the MIT Al2 Companion.
  - ➤ Go to the GalleryScreen.
  - Take some pictures.
  - Scroll through your pictures with the Previous and Next buttons.
  - Close the app and reopen it.
    The pictures should still be there!





# COMPUTATIONAL THINKING CONCEPTS

The following are the Computational Thinking Concepts used in Multiple Pictures.

