

### Coloring Problem:

the problem is that we must color the vertices of a  $G$  (vertex, edge) graph such that no two adjacent vertices share the same color.

#Each color represents by integer.

this problem can be custom to a lot of others such as:

- \* If graph is bipartite - color = 2.
- \* Scheduling meeting - every vertex is a meeting, and the edge means there is a common person in the meeting  
color will be the minimum number of days between meeting for each person
- \* Frequencies - frequencies assign to towers in the same location must be different because of interference  
edge means they in range (same location)  
every tower is vertex.  
color means minimum number of different frequencies.