

# Assignment 4, Two Dots game Specification

SFWR ENG 2AA4

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This Module Interface Specification (MIS) document contains interfaces, ADT's and methods for implementing a game of Two Dots

# Color Module

## Module

Color

## Uses

N/A

## Syntax

### Exported Constants

None

### Exported Types

Color = {R, G, B, P, Y}

*//R stands for Red, G for green, B for blue, P for Purple, Y for yellow*

### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
randomColor		Color	

## Semantics

### State Variables

colors: color

### State Invariant

None

### Access Routine Semantics

randomColor():

- transition: none

- output:  $out := \text{randomVal}()$
- exception: none

## Local Functions

$\text{randomVal}()$ : Color

$\text{randomVal}() \equiv (i = 0 \implies \text{R} \mid i = 1 \implies \text{G} \mid i = 2 \implies \text{B} \mid i = 3 \implies \text{P} \mid i = 4 \implies \text{Y})$

Where  $i$  is a uniformly-distributed random number in the range  $0 \leq i \leq 4$

# Point ADT Module

## Template Module

PointT

## Uses

N/A

## Syntax

### Exported Types

PointT = ?

### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
PointT	$\mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Z}$	PointT	
row		$\mathbb{Z}$	
col		$\mathbb{Z}$	
translate	$\mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Z}$	PointT	

## Semantics

### State Variables

$r$ :  $\mathbb{Z}$

$c$ :  $\mathbb{Z}$

### State Invariant

None

### Assumptions

The constructor PointT is called for each object instance before any other access routine is called for that object. The constructor cannot be called on an existing object.

## Access Routine Semantics

PointT(*row*, *col*):

- transition:  $r := \textit{row}, c := \textit{col}$
- output:  $\textit{out} := \textit{self}$
- exception: None

row():

- output:  $\textit{out} := r$
- exception: None

col():

- output:  $\textit{out} := c$
- exception: None

# Generic Board Module

## Generic Template Module

Board(T)

### Uses

PointT

### Syntax

#### Exported Types

Board(T) = ?

#### Exported Constants

None

#### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
Board	$\mathbb{N}, \mathbb{N}$	Board	IllegalArgumentException
set	PointT, T		IndexOutOfBoundsException
get	PointT	T	IndexOutOfBoundsException
getNumRow		$\mathbb{N}$	
getNumCol		$\mathbb{N}$	

### Semantics

#### State Variables

$s$ : seq of (seq of T)

nRow:  $\mathbb{N}$

nCol:  $\mathbb{N}$

#### State Invariant

None

## Assumptions

- The Board(T) constructor is called for each object instance before any other access routine is called for that object. The constructor can only be called once.
- $s[i][j]$  means the  $i$ th row and the  $j$ th column. The 0th row is at the top of the grid and the 0th column is at the leftmost side of the grid.

## Access Routine Semantics

Board( $row, col$ ):

- transition (note that the list does not enforce an *order* in which the transitions occur, only the transitions that must occur):
  1.  $nRow := row$
  2.  $nCol := col$
- output:  $out := self$
- exception:  
 $exc := (row \leq 0) \vee (col \leq 0) \implies IllegalArgumentException$

set( $p, v$ ):

- transition:  $s[p.row()][p.col()] = v$
- exception:  
 $\neg \text{validPoint}(p) \implies IndexOutOfBoundsException$

get( $p$ ):

- output:  $out := s[p.row()][p.col()]$
- exception:  
 $\neg \text{validPoint}(p) \implies IndexOutOfBoundsException$

getNumRow():

- output:  $out := nRow$
- exception: None

getNumCol():

- output:  $out := nCol$
- exception: None

## Local Functions

validRow:  $\mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{B}$

$\text{validRow}(r) \equiv r \geq 0 \wedge (r < \text{nRow})$

validCol:  $\mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{B}$

$\text{validCol}(c) \equiv (c \geq 0) \wedge (c < \text{nCol})$

validPoint:  $\text{PointT} \rightarrow \mathbb{B}$

$\text{validPoint}(p) \equiv \text{validCol}(p.\text{col}()) \wedge \text{validRow}(p.\text{row}())$



## BoardMoves Module

### Template Module

BoardMoves is seq of PointT

### Considerations

When using in Java. Use ArrayList parameterized by PointT

# TwoDotsBoard Module

## Template Module

TwoDotsBoard is Board(Color)

## Syntax

### Exported Constants

None

### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
validateMoves	BoardMoves	$\mathbb{B}$	
updateBoard	BoardMoves		

## Semantics

### Access Routine Semantics

validateMoves(b):

- $\text{output} : \text{out} := |b| > 1 \wedge \forall(p : \text{PointT} | p \in b : \text{validPoint}(p)) \wedge \text{validPath}(b) \wedge \text{isDistinct}(b)$
- exception: None

updateBoard(b):

- $\text{output} : \text{out} := \text{None}$
- $\text{transition} : s := \forall(p : \text{PointT} | p \in b \forall(i : \mathbb{N} | i \in [p.\text{row()}..1]))$
- exception: None

## Local Functions

validRow:  $\mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{B}$

$\text{validRow}(r) \equiv r \geq 0 \wedge (r < \text{nRow})$

validCol:  $\mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{B}$

$\text{validCol}(c) \equiv (c \geq 0) \wedge (c < \text{nCol})$

validPoint:  $\text{PointT} \rightarrow \mathbb{B}$

$\text{validPoint}(p) \equiv \text{validCol}(p.\text{col}()) \wedge \text{validRow}(p.\text{row}())$

isDistinct:  $\text{BoardMoves} \rightarrow \mathbb{B}$

$\text{isDistinct}(b) \equiv \forall(i : \mathbb{N} | i \in [0..|b| - 1] : \forall(j : \mathbb{N} | j \in [(i + 1)..|b| - 1]) : \neg(b[i].\text{row}() = b[j].\text{row}()) \wedge (b[i].\text{col}() = b[j].\text{col}()))$

validPath:  $\text{BoardMoves} \rightarrow \mathbb{B}$

$\text{validPath}(b) \equiv \forall(i : \mathbb{N} | i \in [0..|b| - 2] : \text{isAdjacent}(b, i, i + 1) \wedge \text{sameColor}(b, i, i + 1))$

sameColor :  $\text{BoardMoves} \times \mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{B}$

$\text{sameColor}(b, i, j) \equiv s[b[i].\text{row}()][b[i].\text{col}()] = s[b[j].\text{row}()][b[j].\text{col}()]$

isAdjacent:  $\text{BoardMoves} \times \mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{B}$

$\text{isAdjacent}(b, i, j) \equiv b[i].\text{row}() = b[j].\text{row}() \wedge b[i].\text{col}() = b[j].\text{col}() + 1$

$\vee b[i].\text{row}() = b[j].\text{row}() \wedge b[i].\text{col}() = b[j].\text{col}() - 1$

$\vee b[i].\text{row}() = b[j].\text{row}() - 1 \wedge b[i].\text{col}() = b[j].\text{col}()$

$\vee b[i].\text{row}() = b[j].\text{row}() + 1 \wedge b[i].\text{col}() = b[j].\text{col}()$

# Strategy Interface Module

## Interface Module

Strategy

## Syntax

### Exported Constants

None

### Exported types

None

### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
play	TwoDotsBoard		

# BoardView Module

## Template Module

BoardView

## Syntax

### Exported Constants

None

### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
printBoard	TwoDotsBoard	$\mathbb{B}$	
modePrompt		Strategy	
getInput		BoardMoves	
closeStream			
printMsg	<i>msg : string</i>		

## Semantics

### Environment variables

*s* : 2D sequence of pixels displayed on a standard Unix Shell/console

*r* : an object to write text out on a standard Unix Shell/console

### Access Routine Semantics

printBoard(*b*):

- transition *s* := Modify the Console so that the TwoDotsBoard *b* is printed in a tabular manner. The contents of each row from *b* should be on individual line. Their should be horizontal and vertical numbering indicating each row and column from one upto and including the row and column size of the board
- exception: None

modePrompt():

- transition :

- $s :=$  Modify the console to print a message asking the user to enter “T” for the timed version of the game and “M” for the mode of the game with a set number of moves
- $r :=$  read a single line of text from the standard input. Store this value in memory and then determine what to output as follows:  
 If the line read in is “T” or “t” output :  $out := \text{new TimedStrategy}()$   
 If the line read in is “M” or “m” output:  $out := \text{new MovesStrategy}()$   
 Otherwise keep reading a line from the standard input until one of the above two conditions are met

- exception: None

`getInput():`

- transition :
  - $r :=$  read a single line of text from the standard input to determine the coordinates of the dots the user would like to eliminate. Note that the desired input format is  $u,v \ w,x \ y,z \ \dots$ . These are pairs of natural numbers with a comma between them and each pair is separated by a space. Store this value in memory and then determine what to output as follows:  
 If the line read in is in the correct format then *output* :  $out := \text{new Board-Moves}()$  containing the pairs of integers  
 Otherwise keep reading a line from the standard input until one of the above conditions are met

`closeStream():`

- transition :  $s :=$  close the input stream

`printMsg(msg : string):`

- transition :  $s :=$  Modify the output console to print out text contain in the string *msg*

## Considerations

In java, closing the input stream corresponds to closing the `System.in` object

# BoardController Module

## Template Module

BoardController

## Uses

TwoDotsBoard, BoardView, Color, PointT, BoardMoves

## Syntax

### Exported Constants

None

### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
BoardController	TwoDotsBoard, BoardView	BoardController	
get	PointT	Color	
set	PointT, Color		
validateMoves	BoardMoves	$\mathbb{B}$	
updateBoard	BoardMoves		
updateView			
printMsg	<i>msg : string</i>		
modePrompt		Strategy	
closeViewStream			
getInput		BoardMoves	

## Semantics

### State variables

$m$  : TwoDotsBoard  $v$  : BoardView

### State invariant

None

## Access Routine Semantics

BoardController(*model,view*)

- output: *out* := self
- transition: *m* := model, *v* := view
- exceptions: none

get(*p*)

- output : *out* := m.get(*p*)
- transition: none
- exceptions: none

set(*p,c*)

- transition: m.set(*p,c*)
- exception : none

validateMoves(*b*)

- output : *out* := m.validateMoves(*b*)

updateBoard(*b*)

- transition: m.updateBoard(*b*)

updateView()

- transition: v.printBoard(*m*)

printMsg(*msg* : *string*):

- transition view.printMsg(*msg*)

modePrompt():

- output: *out* := v.modePrompt()

closeViewStream():

- transition :v.closeStream()

getInput():

- output: if (m.validateMoves(v.getInput())) then *out* := else *out* := getInput()



# StrategyGameMode Module

## Template Module inherits Strategy

StrategyGameMode

## Uses

Strategy, BoardView, BoardController, BoardMoves, TwoDotsBoard

## Syntax

### Exported Constants

None

### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
play	TwoDotsBoard		
startUp	TwoDotsBoard		
checkWin			
canContinue			
updateData			
introMsg			

## Semantics

### State variables

$c$  : BoardController

$v$  : BoardView

$moves$  : BoardMoves

### State invariant

None

## Access Routine Semantics

play(b)

- transition:
  - startUp(b)
  - introMsg()
  - if canContinue() then:
    - \* c.updateView()
    - \* c.updateBoard(c.getInput())
    - \* checkWin()
    - \* updateData()
    - \* if canContinue() then repeat these steps labeled with \*

## Consideration

In Java, this module would be implemented as an abstract class that implements the Strategy interface. Unimplemented methods are ones that are abstract methods and will be overridden by its children

This is the best that could be done to convey the idea of a “abstract class” given that MIS does not have the notion of an abstract class, following Dr Smith’s advice to use Inheritance and leave a note for reader. Source: [Here \(will have to login to avenue\)](#)

# MovesStrategy Module

## Template Module inherits StrategyGameMode

MovesStrategy

### Uses

StrategyGameMode, BoardView, BoardController, BoardMoves, TwoDotsBoard

### Syntax

#### Exported Constants

None

#### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
play	TwoDotsBoard		
startUp	TwoDotsBoard		
checkWin			
canContinue			
updateData			
introMsg			

### Semantics

#### Environment variables

#### State variables

*moveCount* :  $\mathbb{N}$

*TARGET* :  $\mathbb{N}$

#### State invariant

None

## Access Routine Semantics

startUp(b)

- transition:  $v, c, moveCount, TARGET := \text{new BoardView}(), \text{new BoardController}(b, v), 15, 5$

checkWin()

- transition: if  $|moves| \geq TARGET$  then  $c.\text{exit}()$   
else  $moves := moves - 1$

canContinue()

- output:  $out := moveCount > 0$

updateData()

- transition: if  $(moveCount) = 0$  then  $c.\text{exit}()$   
else  $c := \text{modify the screen to print out how many moves are left using } c.\text{printMsg}()$

introMsg(b)

- transition:  $c := \text{use the printMsg}() \text{ method defined for state variable } c \text{ to modify the screen to print an interact intro message to the game and state the rules (including instruction for how to enter input and how to win)}$

# DEM Module

## Template Module

DemT is Seq2D( $\mathbb{Z}$ )

## Syntax

### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
total		$\mathbb{Z}$	
max		$\mathbb{Z}$	
ascendingRows		$\mathbb{B}$	

## Semantics

### Access Routine Semantics

total():

- output :  $\text{out} := +(x, y : \mathbb{N} \mid \text{validRow}(x) \wedge \text{validCol}(y) : s[x][y])$
- exception: None

max():

- output:  $\text{out} := M$  such that  $\forall(x : \text{Seq of } \mathbb{Z} \mid x \in s : \forall(y : \mathbb{Z} \mid y \in x : M \geq y)) \wedge (\exists i : \mathbb{N} \mid \text{validRow}(i) : M \in s[i])$
- exception: None

ascendingRows():

- output:  $\text{out} := \forall(i : \mathbb{N} \mid i \in [0..|s| - 2] : \text{sum}(s[i]) < \text{sum}(s[i + 1]))$
- exception: None

## Local Functions

validRow:  $\mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{B}$

$\text{validRow}(n) \equiv (n \geq 0) \wedge (n < \text{nRow})$

validCol:  $\mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{B}$

$\text{validCol}(c) \equiv (c \geq 0) \wedge (c < \text{nCol})$

sum: Seq of  $\mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$

$\text{sum}(s) \equiv (+x : \mathbb{Z} \mid x \in s : x)$