COMPILER DESIGN LAB

SYMBOL TABLE REPORT

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Description:

Symbol table is an important data structure created and maintained by compilers in order to store information about the occurrence of various identifiers such as variable names, function names, objects, classes, interfaces, etc. Symbol table is used by both the analysis and the synthesis parts of a compiler. Symbol table can be implemented in one of the following ways:

- Linear (sorted or unsorted) list
- Binary Search Tree
- Hash table
- And other ways.

In this lab session, you are required to analyse the various implementations. You need to write code for at least two ways of implementation. Test your code with different test cases. Submit a report of your analysis and executable code by the end of the session.

```
Binary Search Tree implementation:
class TreeNode {
  String key;
  int value;
  TreeNode left;
  TreeNode right;
  public TreeNode(String key, int value) {
    this.key = key;
    this.value = value;
    this.left = null;
    this.right = null;
  }
}
class BinarySearchTree {
  TreeNode root;
  public void insert(String key, int value) {
    root = insertRecursive(root, key, value);
  }
  private TreeNode insertRecursive(TreeNode current, String key, int value) {
    if (current == null) {
       return new TreeNode(key, value);
    if (key.compareTo(current.key) < 0) {
      current.left = insertRecursive(current.left, key, value);
    } else if (key.compareTo(current.key) > 0) {
       current.right = insertRecursive(current.right, key, value);
    }
    return current;
```

```
}
  public Integer search(String key) {
    return searchRecursive(root, key);
  }
  private Integer searchRecursive(TreeNode current, String key) {
    if (current == null || current.key.equals(key)) {
       return current != null ? current.value : null;
    if (key.compareTo(current.key) < 0) {
      return searchRecursive(current.left, key);
    return searchRecursive(current.right, key);
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    BinarySearchTree symbolTable = new BinarySearchTree();
    symbolTable.insert("variable1", 42);
    System.out.println(symbolTable.search("variable1")); // Output: 42
  }
}
Output:
       27
       8
Symbol Table record:
Symbol
                   Value
                                Type
                                              Token
                     8
                                  int
                                               keyword
Х
                    27
                                 int
                                               keyword
У
Hash Table implementation:
import java.util.Objects;
class HashTable {
  private final int size;
  private final Object[] table;
  public HashTable(int size) {
    this.size = size;
    this.table = new Object[size];
  }
  private int hashFunction(String key) {
    return Objects.hash(key) % size;
  }
  public void insert(String key, int value) {
```

```
int index = hashFunction(key);
    table[index] = value;
  }
  public Integer get(String key) {
    int index = hashFunction(key);
    if (table[index] != null) {
      return (Integer) table[index];
    }
    return null;
  }
  public void delete(String key) {
    int index = hashFunction(key);
    table[index] = null;
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    HashTable symbolTable = new HashTable(100);
    symbolTable.insert("variable1", 42);
    System.out.println(symbolTable.get("variable1")); // Output: 42
  }
}
Output:
```

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Conclusion:

Symbol tables are essential data structures used in programming to efficiently manage and retrieve information about symbols like variables and functions, aiding scoping, conflict resolution, and accurate compilation or interpretation.