```
In [1]: # Configure matplotlib.
        %matplotlib inline
In [2]: # Import our package.
        import sys, importlib
        sys.path.append("/home/ubuntu/cell counting")
        from src import dataset, visualization, preprocess, metric
        from src.model import model
        from src.model import neural net
        from src.model.segment counting.convnet2 import convnet2
        /home/ubuntu/anaconda3/envs/tensorflow_p36/lib/python3.6/importlib/_bootstrap.py
        :219: RuntimeWarning: compiletime version 3.5 of module 'tensorflow.python.frame
        work.fast tensor util' does not match runtime version 3.6
          return f(*args, **kwds)
In [3]: # (if changes are made) Re-import our package.
        for module in (dataset, visualization, preprocess, metric, model, neural net, conv
        net2):
            importlib.reload(module)
In [4]: # Load the microbia segments dataset.
        def image path getter(example metadata):
            return "/home/ubuntu/cell counting/data/microbia segments/raw/" + example meta
        data["Segment Relative Path"]
        def mask path getter(example metadata):
            return "/home/ubuntu/cell counting/data/microbia segments/raw/" + example meta
        data["Binary Segment Relative Path"]
        def label getter(example metadata):
            return example metadata["data"]["segment type"]["data"]
        microbia segments = dataset.Dataset(256)
        microbia segments.load images masks labels from json(
            "/home/ubuntu/cell counting/data/microbia segments/raw/enumeration segments.js
        on", image path getter,
            mask path getter, label getter, (128, 128))
```

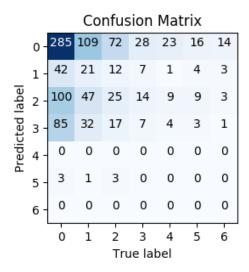
```
In [5]: # Plot a few batches.
                                 for batch in range(3):
                                               inputs, outputs = microbia_segments.get_batch(8)
                                               visualization.show_image_grid(inputs, 1, 8, 2.5, 16, "Batch #{0} Images".forma
                                                              ["cell count: {0}".format(count + 1 if count != 7 else "<OUTLIER>") for co
                                 unt in outputs])
                                                                                                                                                         Batch #0 Images
                                         cell count: 5
                                                                             cell count: 1
                                                                                                                 cell count: 2
                                                                                                                                                     cell count: 1
                                                                                                                                                                                        cell count: 1cell count: <OUTLIER>cell count: 1
                                                                                                                                                         Batch #1 Images
                                                                                                                                                                                        cell count: 5cell count: <OUTLIER>cell count: 3
                                         cell count: 1
                                                                             cell count: 2
                                                                                                                 cell count: 6
                                                                                                                                                     cell count: 1
                                                                                                                                                         Batch #2 Images
                                         cell count: 5cell count: Count: 4cell count: 4cell count: 4cell count: 4cell count: 4cell count: 1cell count: 4cell cou
   In [6]:
                                # Make the labels one-hot.
                                 def to one hot(examples):
                                               inputs, outputs = examples
                                               outputs = preprocess.one hot encode(outputs, 7)
                                               return inputs, outputs
                                 microbia segments.map batch(to one hot)
   In [7]: # Split the dataset.
                                 train, test = microbia_segments.split(0.1)
In [22]: # Create the net.
                                 import tensorflow as tf
```

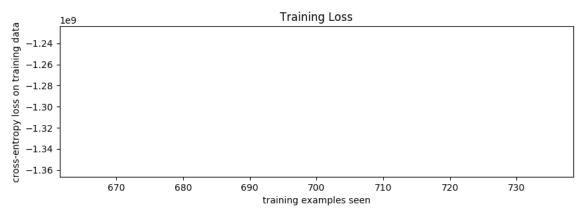
net = convnet2.ConvNet2("saves/17-11-27-AM-09-43", 120)

```
In [23]: # Create some metrics.
         from src import losses
         train data = train.get batch(1000)
         test data = test.get batch(1000)
         def loss_fn(actual, pred):
             with tf.Session() as sess:
                 actual = tf.constant(actual)
                 pred = tf.constant(pred)
                 loss = tf.losses.softmax_cross_entropy(actual, pred, reduction=tf.losses.R
         eduction.SUM)
                 loss = sess.run(loss)
             return loss
         metrics = {
             "conf mtx": metric.ConfusionMatrixMetric(test data, 7),
             "train_loss": metric.LossMetric(train_data, loss_fn),
             "test_loss": metric.LossMetric(test_data, loss_fn),
             "off by counts": metric.OffByCountMetric(test_data, 7),
             "pred thpt": metric.PredictionThroughputMetric(test data)
In [24]: # Make a function for plotting the metrics.
         def plot metrics():
             mtx = metrics["conf mtx"].get results()[1][-1]
             visualization.plot confusion matrix(mtx, "Confusion Matrix", 3, 10)
```

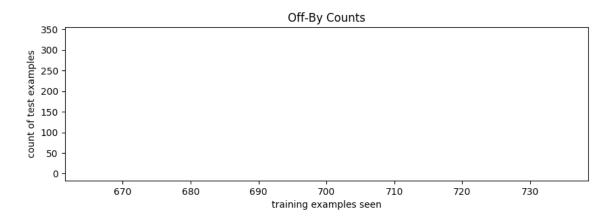
```
xs, ys = metrics["train_loss"].get_results()
    visualization.plot line(xs, ys, "Training Loss", "training examples seen", "cr
oss-entropy loss on training data",
                            3, 10)
    xs, ys = metrics["test_loss"].get_results()
    visualization.plot line(xs, ys, "Test Loss", "training examples seen", "cross-
entropy loss on test data", 3, 10)
    xs, sets_of_ys = metrics["off_by_counts"].get_results()
    visualization.plot_lines(xs, sets_of_ys, "Off-By Counts", "training examples s
een", "count of test examples",
                            ["off by \{0\}".format(x) for x in range(-7, 7 + 1)], 3,
10)
    xs, ys = metrics["pred_thpt"].get_results()
    visualization.plot line(xs, ys, "Training Throughput", "training examples seen
", "speed of training in examples/s",
                            3, 10)
```

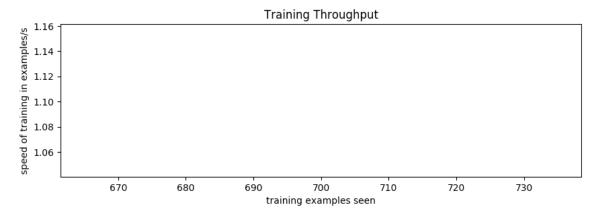
```
In [ ]: # Alternately train and evaluate the net for 30 minutes.
for _ in range(30//3):
    net.train(train, 3*60)
    net.evaluate(metrics)
    plot_metrics()
```

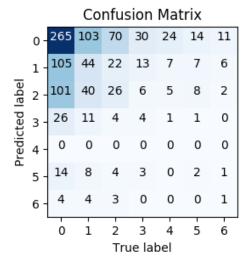


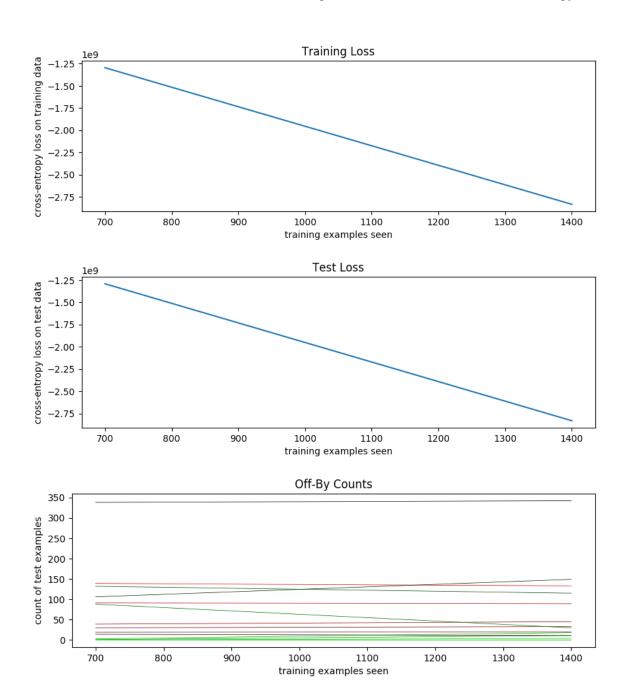


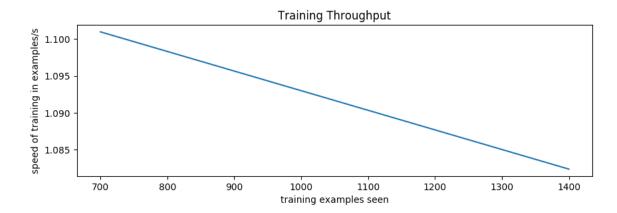


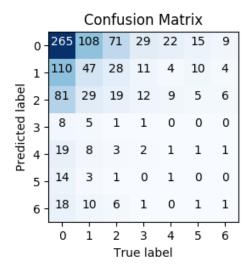


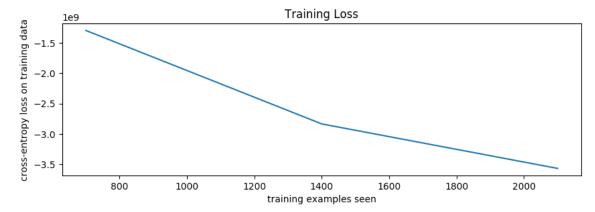


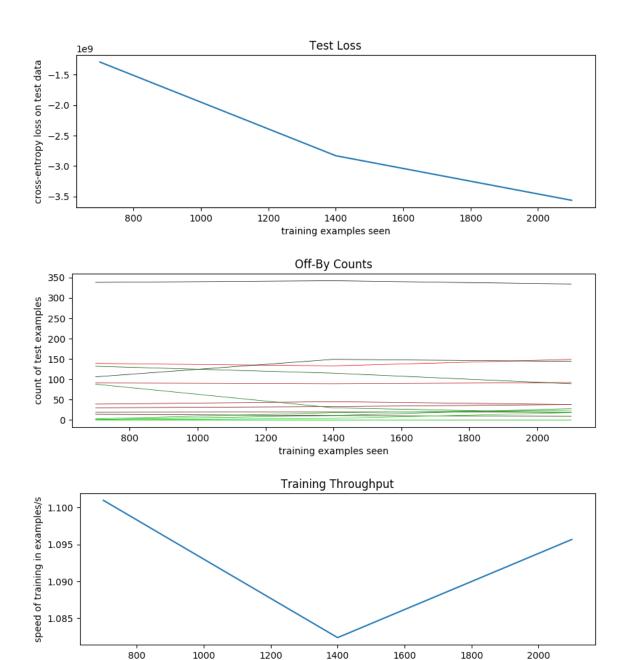




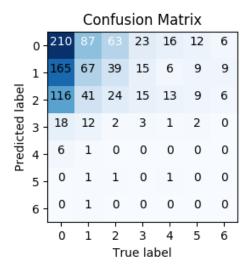




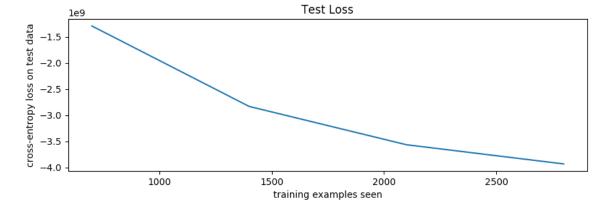


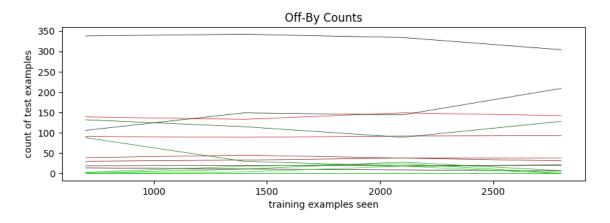


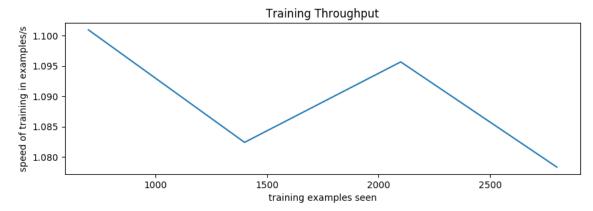
training examples seen

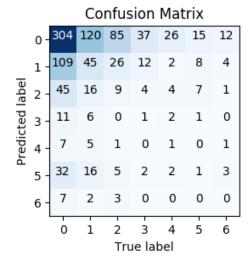


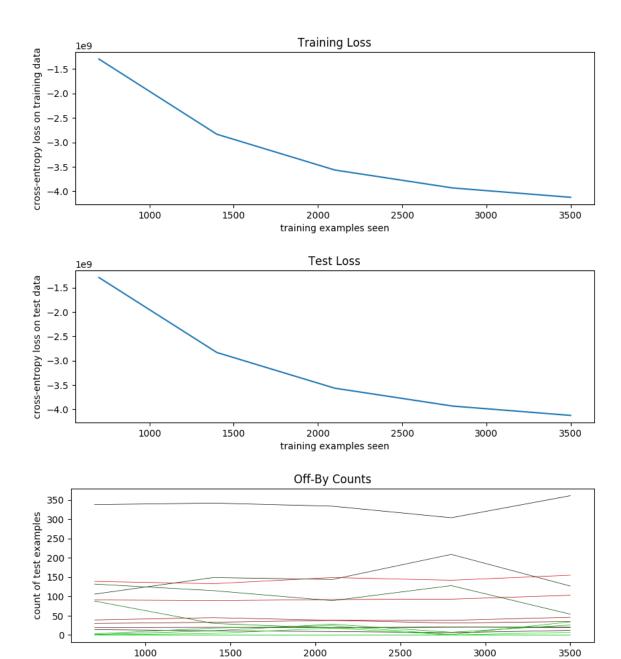






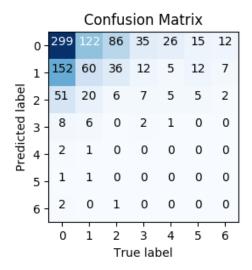




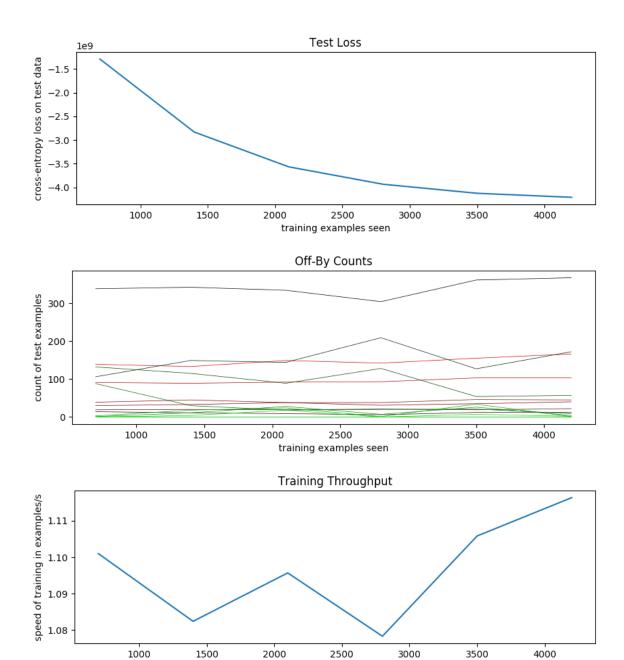


training examples seen

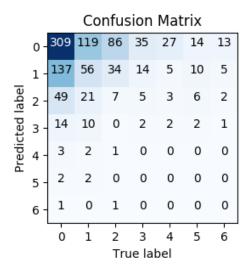


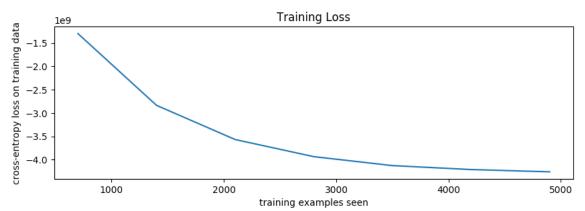




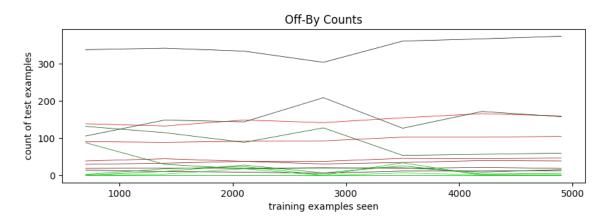


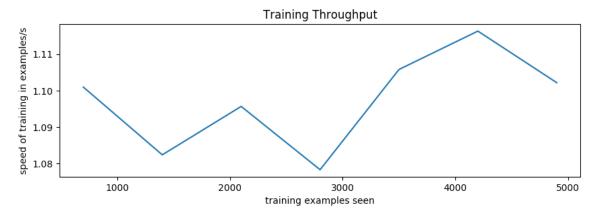
training examples seen

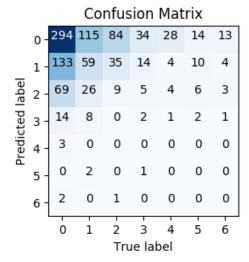


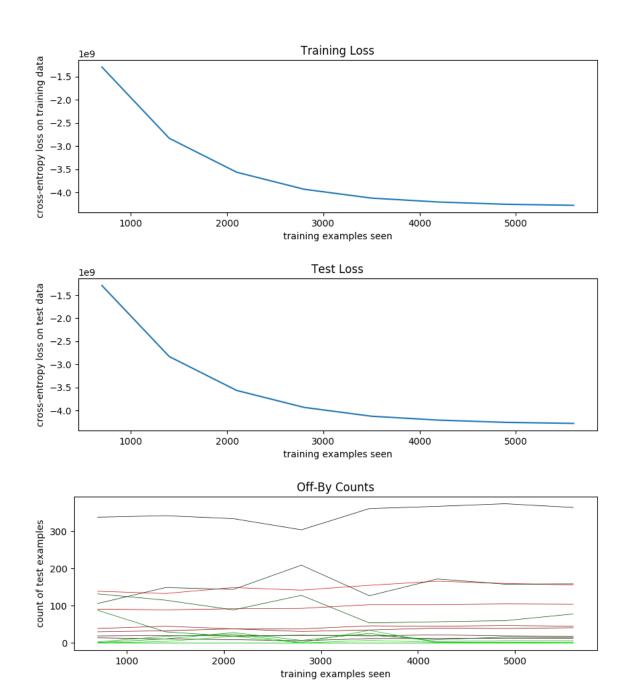


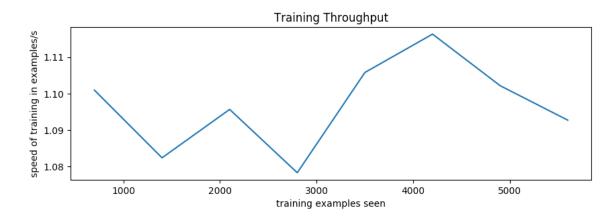












```
In [ ]: # Alternately train and evaluate the net for 30 minutes.
    for _ in range(30//3):
        net.train(train, 3*60)
        net.evaluate(metrics)
        plot_metrics()
```

```
In [ ]: # Close the dataset.
    microbia_segments.close()
```