This diagram (on the following page) shows the interaction of the Marlin prover and verifier. It is similar to the diagrams in the paper (Figure 5 in Section 5 and Figure 7 in Appendix E, in the latest ePrint version), but with two changes: it shows not just the AHP but also the use of the polynomial commitments (the cryptography layer); and it aims to be fully up-to-date with the recent optimizations to the codebase. This diagram, together with the diagrams in the paper, can act as a "bridge" between the codebase and the theory that the paper describes.

1 Glossary of notation

\mathbb{F}	the finite field over which the R1CS instance is defined
\overline{x}	public input
$\phantom{aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa$	secret witness
\overline{H}	variable domain
\overline{K}	matrix domain
X	domain sized for input (not including witness)
$v_D(X)$	vanishing polynomial over domain D
$u_D(X,Y)$	bivariate derivative of vanishing polynomials over domain D
A,B,C	R1CS instance matrices
A^*, B^*, C^*	shifted transpose of A, B, C matries given by $M_{a,b}^* := M_{b,a} \cdot u_H(b,b) \ \forall a,b \in H$
	(optimization from Fractal, explained in Claim 6.7 of that paper)
$\{\widehat{val}, \widehat{row}, \widehat{col}\}_{\{A^*, B^*, C^*\}}$	preprocessed polynomials from A^*, B^*, C^* matrices containing LDEs of (respectively)
	row positions, column positions, and values of non-zero matrix elements
$\widehat{rowcol}_{\{A^*,B^*,C^*\}}$	the product polynomial of \widehat{row} and \widehat{col} , given separately for efficiency (namely
	to allow this product to be part of a <i>linear</i> combination)
\mathcal{P}	prover
$\overline{}$	verifier
\mathcal{V}^p	\mathcal{V} with "oracle" access to polynomial p (via commitments provided
	by the indexer, later opened as necessary by \mathcal{P})
b	bound on the number of queries
$r_M(X,Y)$	an intermediate polynomial defined by $r_M(X,Y) = M^*(Y,X)$

```
z:=(x,w), z_A:=Az, z_B:=Bz sample \hat{w}(X)\in \mathbb{F}^{<|w|+\mathsf{b}}[X] and \hat{z}_A(X), \hat{z}_B(X)\in \mathbb{F}^{<|H|+\mathsf{b}}[X] sample mask poly \hat{s}(X)\in \mathbb{F}^{<3|H|+2\mathsf{b}-2}[X] such that \sum_{\kappa\in H}\hat{s}(\kappa)=0
                                                                                      — commitments \mathsf{cm}_{\hat{w}}, \mathsf{cm}_{\hat{z}_A}, \mathsf{cm}_{\hat{z}_B}, \mathsf{cm}_{\hat{s}} —
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  \eta_A, \eta_B, \eta_C \leftarrow \mathbb{F}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          \alpha \leftarrow \mathbb{F} \setminus H
                                                                                                           compute t(X) := \sum_{M} \eta_{M} r_{M}(\alpha, X)
                                                     sumcheck for \hat{s}(X) + u_H(\alpha, X) \left( \sum_M \eta_M \hat{z}_M(X) \right) - t(X) \hat{z}(X) over H
             let \hat{z}_C(X) := \hat{z}_A(X) \cdot \hat{z}_B(X) find g_1(X) \in \mathbb{F}^{|H|-1}[X] and h_1(X) such that
             s(X) + u_H(\alpha, X)(\sum_M \eta_M \hat{z}_M(X)) - t(X)\hat{z}(X) = h_1(X)v_H(X) + Xg_1(X) (*)
                                                                                                - commitments \mathsf{cm}_t, \mathsf{cm}_{g_1}, \mathsf{cm}_{h_1} -
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             \beta \leftarrow \mathbb{F} \setminus H
                                                             sumcheck for \sum_{M \in \{A,B,C\}} \eta_M \frac{v_H(\beta)v_H(\alpha)\widehat{\mathsf{val}}_{M^*}(X)}{(\beta - \widehat{\mathsf{row}}_{M^*}(X))(\alpha - \widehat{\mathsf{col}}_{M^*}(X))} \ \ \text{over} \ \ K
                                       for M \in \{A, B, C\}, let M_{\mathsf{denom}}(X) := (\beta - \widehat{\mathsf{row}}_{M^*}(X))(\alpha - \widehat{\mathsf{col}}_{M^*}(X))
                                                                                                                 = \alpha \beta - \alpha \widehat{\mathsf{row}}_{M^*}(X) - \beta \widehat{\mathsf{col}}_{M^*}(X) + \widehat{\mathsf{rowcol}}_{M^*}(X)
                                                           let a(X) := \sum_{M \in \{A,B,C\}} \eta_M v_H(\beta) v_H(\alpha) \widehat{\mathsf{val}}_{M^*}(X) \prod_{N \neq M} N_{\mathsf{denom}}(X)
                                                                                             let b(X) := \prod_{M \in \{A,B,C\}} M_{\mathsf{denom}}(X)
                                find g_2(X) \in \mathbb{F}^{|K|-1}[X] and h_2(X) s.t.
                                h_2(X)v_K(X) = a(X) - b(X)(Xg_2(X) + t(\beta)/|K|) (**)
                                                                                                    — commitments \mathsf{cm}_{g_2}, \mathsf{cm}_{h_2} -
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     \gamma \leftarrow \mathbb{F}
                                                                             To verify (**), \mathcal V will need to check the following:
                                                                               a(\gamma) - b(\gamma)(\gamma g_2(\gamma) + t(\beta)/|K|) - v_K(\gamma)h_2(\gamma) \stackrel{?}{=} 0
                                                                                                                 \mathsf{sumcheck}_{\mathsf{inner}}(\gamma)
                                                                                                                                                                      Compute \hat{x}(X) \in \mathbb{F}^{<|x|}[X] from input x
                                                                               To verify (*), \mathcal{V} will need to check the following:
            s(\beta) + v_H(\alpha, \beta)(\eta_A \hat{z}_A(\beta) + \eta_C \hat{z}_B(\beta) \hat{z}_A(\beta) + \eta_B \hat{z}_B(\beta)) - t(\beta)v_X(\beta) \hat{w}(\beta) - t(\beta)\hat{x}(\beta) - v_H(\beta)h_1(\beta) - \beta g_1(\beta) \stackrel{?}{=} 0
v_{g_2} := g_2(\gamma), v_{A_{\mathsf{denom}}} := A_{\mathsf{denom}}(\gamma), v_{B_{\mathsf{denom}}} := B_{\mathsf{denom}}(\gamma), v_{C_{\mathsf{denom}}} := C_{\mathsf{denom}}(\gamma)
v_{g_1} := g_1(\beta), v_{\hat{z}_B} := \hat{z}_B(\beta), v_t := t(\beta)
                                                                                            v_{g_2}, v_{A_{\text{denom}}}, v_{B_{\text{denom}}}, v_{C_{\text{denom}}}, v_{g_1}, v_{\hat{z}_B}, v_t =
                            use index commitments \widehat{\mathsf{row}}, \widehat{\mathsf{col}}, \widehat{\mathsf{rowcol}} to construct virtual commitments \mathsf{vcm}_{\{A_{\mathsf{denom}},B_{\mathsf{denom}},C_{\mathsf{denom}}\}}
                  use index commitments val, commitments \mathsf{vcm}_{A_{\mathsf{denom}}}, \mathsf{vcm}_{B_{\mathsf{denom}}}, \mathsf{cm}_{h_2}, and evaluations g_2(\gamma), t(\beta)
                                                                                to construct virtual commitment vcm<sub>sumcheckinne</sub>
                                                    use commitments \mathsf{cm}_{\hat{\pmb{s}}}, \mathsf{cm}_{\hat{\pmb{z}}_{\pmb{A}}}, \mathsf{cm}_{\hat{\pmb{w}}}, \mathsf{cm}_{\pmb{h}_1} and evaluations \hat{z}_B(\beta), t(\beta), g_1(\beta)
                                                                                to construct virtual commitment vcm<sub>sumcheckouter</sub>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  \xi_1,\ldots,\xi_5\leftarrow\mathbb{F}
                                                                                                                    -\xi_1,\ldots,\xi_5 —
use PC.Prove with randomness \xi_1, \ldots, \xi_5 to
construct a batch opening proof \pi of the following:
 (\mathsf{cm}_{g_2}, \mathsf{cm}_{A_{\mathsf{denom}}}, \mathsf{cm}_{B_{\mathsf{denom}}}, \mathsf{cm}_{C_{\mathsf{denom}}}, \mathsf{vcm}_{\mathsf{sumcheck}_{\mathsf{inner}}}) \text{ at } \gamma \text{ evaluate to } (v_{g_2}, v_{A_{\mathsf{denom}}}, v_{B_{\mathsf{denom}}}, v_{C_{\mathsf{denom}}}, 0) \\ (\mathsf{cm}_{g_1}, \mathsf{cm}_{\hat{z}_B}, \mathsf{cm}_t, \mathsf{vcm}_{\mathsf{sumcheck}_{\mathsf{outer}}}) \text{ at } \beta \text{ evaluate to } (v_{g_1}, v_{\hat{z}_B}, v_t, 0) 
                                                                                                                                                     verify \pi with PC. Verify, using randomness \xi_1, \ldots, \xi_5,
                                                                                                                                                     evaluations v_{g_2}, v_{A_{\mathsf{denom}}}, v_{B_{\mathsf{denom}}}, v_{C_{\mathsf{denom}}}, v_{g_1}, v_{\hat{z}_B}, v_t, and
                                                                                                                                                                   \text{commitments } \mathsf{cm}_{g_2}, \mathsf{cm}_{A_{\mathsf{denom}}}, \mathsf{cm}_{B_{\mathsf{denom}}}, \mathsf{cm}_{C_{\mathsf{denom}}},
                                                                                                                                                                      \mathsf{vcm}_{\mathsf{sumcheck}_{\mathsf{inner}}}, \mathsf{cm}_{g_1}, \mathsf{cm}_{\hat{z}_B}, \mathsf{cm}_t, \mathsf{vcm}_{\mathsf{sumcheck}_{\mathsf{inner}}}
```