

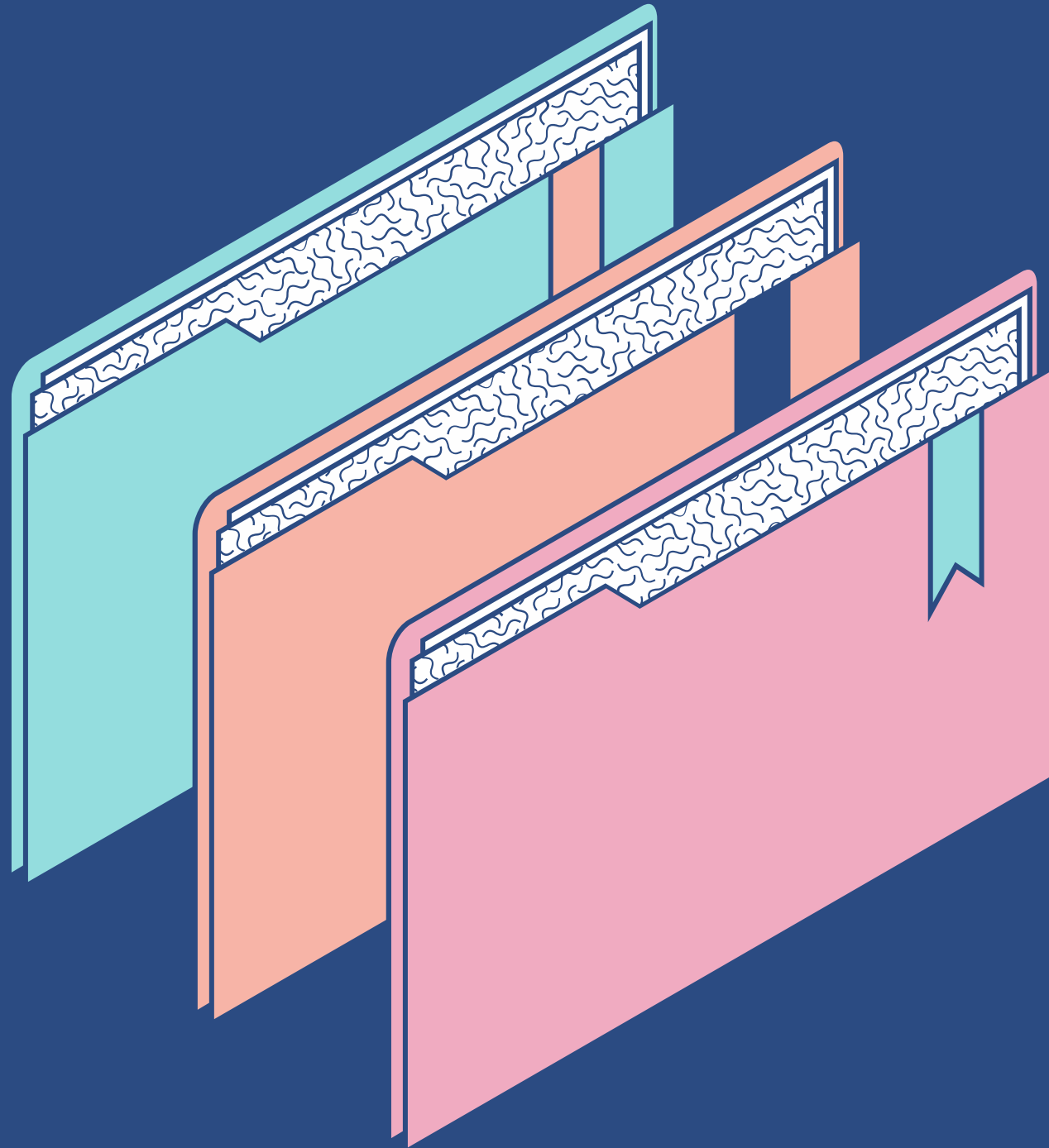


# Software As A Service(SAAS)

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# Agenda



1. Introduction
2. Characteristics of SaaS
3. Types of SaaS
4. Architecture of SaaS
5. Software as a service Providers
6. Advantages
7. Disadvantages
8. Conclusion

# History Of A SaaS

- The term "SaaS" or Software-as-a-service was first mentioned in an internal document called "Software as a Service: Strategic Backgrounder" by the software & Information Industry Association in 2000.

# Introduction to SaaS

- Software as a Service(SaaS), on-demand software, is a software delivery model in which software and its associated data are hosted centrally and accessed using a thin-client, usually a web browser over the internet.

# Characteristics of SaaS

- Easy Customization
- Better Access
- Multitenant Architecture
  - single software instance can serve multiple, distinct user groups.
- Integration
- Operational Performance

# Types of SaaS

There are two types of SaaS:

## 1. The Ups of SaaS

- No Need to buy applications, deploy them and ,maintain them.
- No need to maintain the equipment and infrastructure.
- Lower Costs

## 2. The Downs of SaaS

- Dependency on the SaaS provider.
- Security issues.
- Limited Applications.

# SaaS Providers

- Salesforce
- LinkedIn
- Workday
- NetSuite
- ServiceNow
- Concur Technologies

# Advantages of SaaS

- Easy to use
- Scalability
- Vendor accountability



# Disadvantages of SaaS

- Robustness
- Privacy
- Security
- Reliability
- Compliance
- Performance

# Conclusion

- Use of SaaS services is pervasive in the development and deployment of modern Applications.
- In conclusion, the SaaS methodology is very mature and would play central to the future of computing.



*Thank  
You*

