

TUTORIAL 1

Exercises

1. A complex polynomial of degree n has exactly n roots. (Assuming fundamental theorem of algebra)

2. Show that a real polynomial that is irreducible has degree at most two. i.e., if

$$f(x) = a_0 + a_1x + \dots + a_nx^n, \quad a_i \in \mathbb{R},$$

then there are non-constant real polynomials g and h such that $f(x) = g(x)h(x)$ if $n \geq 3$.

3. Show that if U is a path connected open set in \mathbb{C} , so is U minus finite set. (Try to prove it as rigorously as you can)

4. Check for real differentiability and holomorphicity:

1. $f(z) = c$

2. $f(z) = z$

3. $f(z) = z^n, n \in \mathbb{Z}$

4. $f(z) = \operatorname{Re}(z)$

5. $f(z) = |z|$

6. $f(z) = |z|^2$

7. $f(z) = \bar{z}$

8. $f(z) = \begin{cases} \frac{z}{\bar{z}} & \text{if } z \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } z = 0. \end{cases}$

5. Show that the CR equations take the form

$$u_r = \frac{1}{r}v_\theta \quad \& \quad v_r = -\frac{1}{r}u_\theta$$

in polar coordinates.